```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2 import tensorflow as tf
3 import numpy as np
4 from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
2 mnist = tf.keras.datasets.cifar10
1 print(x_train.shape)
→ (50000, 32, 32, 3)
1 (train_images, train_labels), (test_images, test_labels) = datasets.cifar10.load_data()
2 train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
3 train_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(train_labels, 10)
4 test_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(test_labels, 10)
1 test_labels[0]
array([0., 0., 0., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.], dtype=float32)
1 from tensorflow.keras import models, layers
2 def build_lenet():
      model = models.Sequential()
3
4
      model.add(layers.Conv2D(6, (5, 5), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
      model.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2)))
      model.add(layers.Conv2D(16, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2)))
7
      model.add(layers.Flatten())
8
9
      model.add(layers.Dense(120, activation='relu'))
10
      model.add(layers.Dense(84, activation='relu'))
      model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
11
12
13
      return model
1
2 # Compile the model
3 model = build_lenet()
4 model.compile(optimizer='adam',
               loss='categorical_crossentropy',
5
               metrics=['accuracy'])
7 model.summary()

→ Model: "sequential_2"

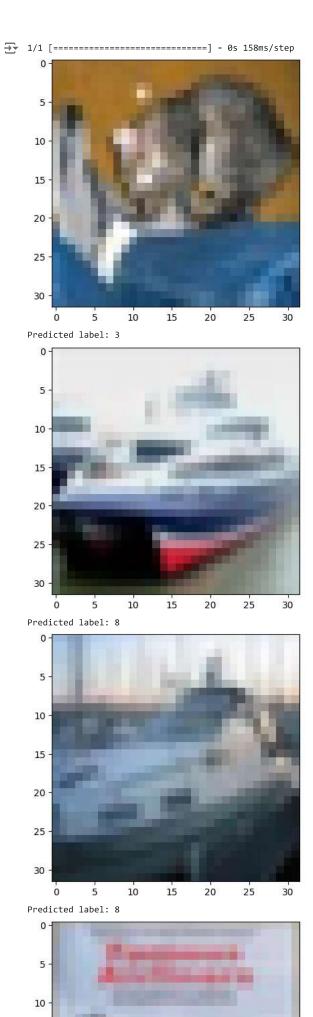
     Layer (type)
                               Output Shape
                                                        Param #
    _____
     conv2d_4 (Conv2D)
                               (None, 28, 28, 6)
                                                        456
     average_pooling2d_4 (Avera (None, 14, 14, 6)
     gePooling2D)
     conv2d_5 (Conv2D)
                               (None, 10, 10, 16)
                                                        2416
     average_pooling2d_5 (Avera (None, 5, 5, 16)
     gePooling2D)
     flatten_2 (Flatten)
                                (None, 400)
     dense_6 (Dense)
                                (None, 120)
                                                        48120
     dense_7 (Dense)
                                (None, 84)
                                                        10164
     dense_8 (Dense)
                                (None, 10)
                                                        850
    _____
```

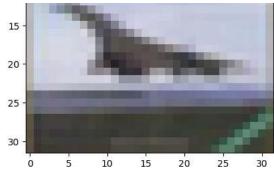
Total manage, 62006 (242 21 MD)

Total params: 62006 (242.21 KB) Trainable params: 62006 (242.21 KB) Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

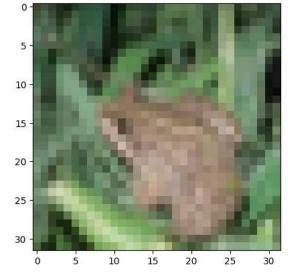
```
1 history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=20,
        validation data=(test images, test labels))
2
3

→ Epoch 1/20
 Epoch 2/20
 Epoch 3/20
 Epoch 4/20
 1563/1563 [============] - 8s 5ms/step - loss: 1.1383 - accuracy: 0.5950 - val_loss: 1.1864 - val_accuracy: 0.5784
 Epoch 5/20
 Epoch 6/20
 Epoch 7/20
 Epoch 8/20
 Epoch 9/20
 Epoch 10/20
 Epoch 11/20
 Epoch 12/20
 1563/1563 [============] - 8s 5ms/step - loss: 0.8603 - accuracy: 0.6945 - val_loss: 1.1776 - val_accuracy: 0.5976
 Epoch 13/20
 Epoch 14/20
 Epoch 15/20
 Epoch 16/20
 1563/1563 [============] - 8s 5ms/step - loss: 0.7603 - accuracy: 0.7284 - val_loss: 1.2341 - val_accuracy: 0.6005
 Epoch 17/20
 1563/1563 [============] - 8s 5ms/step - loss: 0.7405 - accuracy: 0.7374 - val_loss: 1.2414 - val_accuracy: 0.5986
 Epoch 18/20
 Epoch 19/20
 Epoch 20/20
 1 test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2)
2 print(f"Test accuracy: {test acc}")
→ 313/313 - 1s - loss: 1.3213 - accuracy: 0.5957 - 1s/epoch - 4ms/step
 Test accuracy: 0.5957000255584717
1 predictions = model.predict(test_images[:5])
2
3 # Display the first 5 test images and their predicted labels
4 for i in range(5):
5
  plt.imshow(test_images[i])
6
  plt.show()
  print(f"Predicted label: {np.argmax(predictions[i])}")
7
```





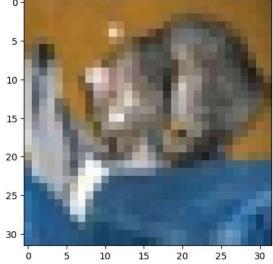
Predicted label: 0

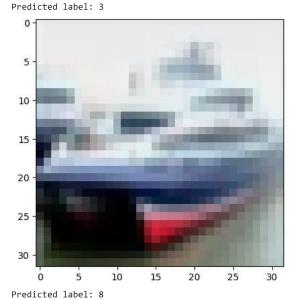


Predicted label: 6

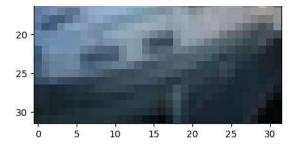
```
1 import tensorflow as tf
 2 from tensorflow.keras import datasets, layers, models
 3 import numpy as np
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
6 # Load and preprocess dataset
7 (train images, train labels), (test images, test labels) = datasets.cifar10.load data()
8 train_images, test_images = train_images / 255.0, test_images / 255.0
9 train_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(train_labels, 10)
10 test_labels = tf.keras.utils.to_categorical(test_labels, 10)
11
12 # Define the LeNet model
13 def create_lenet_model():
14
      model = models.Sequential()
      model.add(layers.Conv2D(6, (5, 5), activation='relu', input_shape=(32, 32, 3)))
15
16
      model.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2)))
17
      model.add(layers.Conv2D(16, (5, 5), activation='relu'))
18
      model.add(layers.AveragePooling2D((2, 2)))
      model.add(layers.Flatten())
19
20
      model.add(layers.Dense(120, activation='relu'))
21
      model.add(layers.Dense(84, activation='relu'))
22
      model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
23
      return model
24
25 # Compile the model
26 model = create_lenet_model()
27 model.compile(optimizer='adam';
28
                loss='categorical_crossentropy',
29
                metrics=['accuracy'])
30
31 # Train the model
32 history = model.fit(train images, train labels, epochs=10,
33
                       validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))
34
35 # Evaluate the model
36 test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2)
37 print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
38
39 # Predict the first 5 images in the test set
40 predictions = model.predict(test_images[:5])
41
42 # Display the first 5 test images and their predicted labels
43 for i in range(5):
44
      plt.imshow(test_images[i])
45
      plt.show()
      print(f"Predicted label: {np.argmax(predictions[i])}")
46
1
2 # Train the model
3 history = model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=10,
4
                       validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))
5
 6 # Evaluate the model
7 test_loss, test_acc = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2)
8 print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
10 # Predict the first 5 images in the test set
11 predictions = model.predict(test_images[:5])
12
13 # Display the first 5 test images and their predicted labels
14 for i in range(5):
15
      plt.imshow(test_images[i])
16
17
       print(f"Predicted label: {np.argmax(predictions[i])}")
18
```

```
→ Epoch 1/10
 Epoch 2/10
    1563/1563 [
 Epoch 3/10
 Epoch 4/10
 Epoch 5/10
 Epoch 6/10
 Epoch 7/10
 1563/1563 [
     Epoch 8/10
 1563/1563 [
      Epoch 9/10
 1563/1563 [=
    Epoch 10/10
 313/313 - 3s - loss: 1.1774 - accuracy: 0.5928 - 3s/epoch - 10ms/step
 Test accuracy: 0.5928000211715698
 1/1 [======] - 0s 113ms/step
 0
```

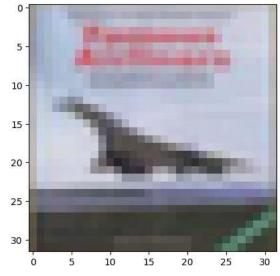




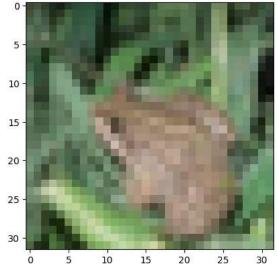




Predicted label: 8



Predicted label: 0

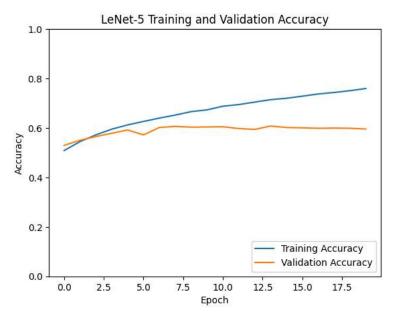


Predicted label: 3

```
1 def create_vgg16_model():
2
   vgg16_base = tf.keras.applications.VGG16(weights='imagenet', include_top=False, input_shape=(32, 32, 3))
3
   model = models.Sequential()
4
   model.add(vgg16 base)
5
   model.add(layers.Flatten())
   model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
6
   model.add(layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
7
8
9
   # Freeze the convolutional base
10
   vgg16 base.trainable = False
11
12
   return model
13
14 vgg16_model = create_vgg16_model()
15 vgg16_model.compile(optimizer='adam',
           loss='categorical_crossentropy',
16
17
           metrics=['accuracy'])
18
19
20
₹
  Downloading data from <a href="https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/vgg16/vgg16">https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/vgg16/vgg16</a> weights tf dim ordering tf kernels notop.
  1 vgg16_model.summary()
→ Model: "sequential_3"
  Layer (type)
                 Output Shape
                              Param #
                              14714688
   vgg16 (Functional)
                 (None, 1, 1, 512)
   flatten_3 (Flatten)
                 (None, 512)
   dense_9 (Dense)
                 (None, 512)
                              262656
   dense_10 (Dense)
                 (None, 10)
                               5130
  _____
  Total params: 14982474 (57.15 MB)
  Trainable params: 267786 (1.02 MB)
  Non-trainable params: 14714688 (56.13 MB)
1 vgg16_history = vgg16_model.fit(train_images, train_labels, epochs=20,
                  validation_data=(test_images, test_labels))
  Epoch 1/20
         ============================ ] - 17s 11ms/step - loss: 0.8470 - accuracy: 0.7009 - val_loss: 1.1105 - val_accuracy: 0.6215
  1563/1563 [=
  Epoch 2/20
  1563/1563 [=
        Epoch 3/20
  Epoch 4/20
  1563/1563 [=
        Epoch 5/20
  Epoch 6/20
  Epoch 7/20
  Epoch 8/20
  Epoch 9/20
  1563/1563 [==
         Epoch 10/20
  Epoch 11/20
  Epoch 12/20
  Epoch 13/20
  1563/1563 [==============] - 17s 11ms/step - loss: 0.4601 - accuracy: 0.8395 - val loss: 1.3743 - val accuracy: 0.6154
  Epoch 14/20
  Epoch 15/20
```

Epoch 16/20

```
Epoch 17/20
   Epoch 18/20
   1563/1563 [============] - 16s 11ms/step - loss: 0.3518 - accuracy: 0.8776 - val loss: 1.6029 - val accuracy: 0.6035
   Epoch 19/20
   1563/1563 [===========] - 17s 11ms/step - loss: 0.3338 - accuracy: 0.8869 - val_loss: 1.6592 - val_accuracy: 0.5965
    Epoch 20/20
   1 test_loss, vgg16_moddel = model.evaluate(test_images, test_labels, verbose=2)
2 print(f"Test accuracy: {test_acc}")
   313/313 - 1s - loss: 1.3213 - accuracy: 0.5957 - 704ms/epoch - 2ms/step
    Test accuracy: 0.5957000255584717
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
3 # Function to plot training history
4 def plot_history(history, model_name):
     plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
5
 6
     plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
7
     plt.xlabel('Epoch')
     plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
     plt.ylim([0, 1])
9
     plt.title(f'{model_name} Training and Validation Accuracy')
10
11
     plt.legend(loc='lower right')
12
     plt.show()
13
14 # Plot the training history for LeNet-5
15 plot_history(history, "LeNet-5")
17 # Plot the training history for VGG16
18 plot_history(vgg16_history, "VGG16")
19
```



## VGG16 Training and Validation Accuracy 1.0 0.8 0.6 Accuracy 0.4 0.2 Training Accuracy Validation Accuracy 0.0 2.5 7.5 0.0 5.0 10.0 12.5 15.0 17.5 Epoch

```
1 predictions = vgg16_model.predict(test_images[:5])
3 \# Display the first 5 test images and their predicted labels
4 for i in range(5):
5
     plt.imshow(test_images[i])
6
     plt.show()
     print(f"Predicted label: {np.argmax(predictions[i])}")
   AttributeError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
   <ipython-input-37-ca0b7faaae12> in <cell line: 1>()
    ----> 1 predictions = vgg16_model.predict(test_images[:5])
          3 \# Display the first 5 test images and their predicted labels
         4 for i in range(5):
               plt.imshow(test_images[i])
   AttributeError: 'float' object has no attribute 'predict'
```

```
Next steps: Explain error

1 predictions = model.predict(test_images[:5])
2
3 # Display the first 5 test images and their predicted labels
4 for i in range(5):
5    plt.imshow(test_images[i])
```