Assignment -2

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Batch: 06

Course name: NLP (Natural Language Processing)

1. Take your own text or take text as "Hello there! How are you doing today? NLP is fascinating." Implement Tokenization in the text.

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| Solution | Solution
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2. Take your own words or take words = ["running", "ran", "runs", "easily", "fairly"]. Implement Stemming in the text.

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                                                                                                                 Notebook ☐ # Python 3 (ipykernel) ○ ■
              from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
             from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
             import pandas as pd
                  'Text': ["running", "ran", "runs", "easily", "fairly"]
             df = pd.DataFrame(data)
              def stem_words(text):
             return ps.stem(text) # Apply stemming directly to each word

df['Stemmed_Text'] = df['Text'].apply(stem_words)

print(df[['Text', 'Stemmed_Text']])

stemmed_file_path = 'stemmed_text_dataset.csv'
             df.to_csv(stemmed_file_path, index=False)
                    Text Stemmed Text
                 running run
ran ran
runs run
                            easili
fairli
                  easily
                 fairly
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	Text	Stemmed_Text
1	running	run
2	ran	ran
3	runs	run
4	easily	easili
5	fairly	fairli

3. Implement representation of word on any text or take text as "NLP is fun and interesting.", "NLP involves linguistics and computer science."

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                                                                                        Notebook ☐ # Python 3 (ipykernel) ○ ■
     [5]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
          count_vect = CountVectorizer()
count vector = count vect.fit transform(text)
          print("Count Vector Representation:\n", count_vector.toarray())
           print("Feature Names:", count_vect.get_feature_names_out())
          tfidf_vector = tfidf_vect.fit_transform(text)
          print("TF-IDF Vector Representation:\n", tfidf_vector.toarray())
print("Feature Names:", tfidf_vect.get_feature_names_out())
           Count Vector Representation:
            [1 1 0 0 1 0 1 1 1]]
           Feature Names: ['and'
                               'computer' 'fun' 'intresting' 'involves' 'is' 'linguistics' 'nlp'
            'science'l
           TF-IDF Vector Representation:
           0.49922133
           Feature Names: ['and' 'computer' 'fun' 'intresting' 'involves' 'is' 'linguistics' 'nlp'
            'science']
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4. Implement Representation of Sentences on following or take any other sentence,"NLP is an interesting field.", "It involves processing natural language."

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                                                                             Notebook ☐ # Python 3 (ipykernel) ○ ■
    [4]: from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
         import pandas as pd
         sentences = ["NLP is an interesting field.", "It involves processing natural language."]
         vectorizer = CountVectorizer()
         bow matrix = vectorizer.fit transform(sentences)
         bow_df = pd.DataFrame(bow_matrix.toarray(), columns=vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())
         print("Bag of Words Representation:")
         print(bow_df)
         Bag of Words Representation:
            an field interesting involves is it language natural nlp \
         processing
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    []:
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