

- Q1 Why do we use DML statements?
- Q2 What is the use of upsert statements? And how does it work?
- Q3 What is the usage of a merge statement?
- Q4 Merge statement is applicable on which objects? Contacts,lead and Account.
- Q5 Why do we use the Undelete statement?
- Q6.Give a difference between upsert and insert statement.
- Q7.Write a governor limit for using Dml statements.
- Q8.What is the purpose of External id when using Upsert statement.

Questions on Try

- Q1.Can we have a try block without a catch block?
- Q2.Can a try block have multiple catch blocks?
- Q3.Which class is there to handle DML related exceptions?
- Q4.How many types of exceptions in class?
- Q5.What is the return type of database.delete() method?
- Q6.What is the return type of database.insert() method?
- Q7.Explain GetMessage,getlinenumber,getfields and getstatusCode.
- Q8.What is the purpose of Finally block

Merge →Accounts ,lead and contact

Error:An error is a situation in which a program stops working or program is not giving you any desired results.

Types of Errors:

1)Compile type errors/syntax errors:

These errors arise or occur when the syntax of the program is wrong.Ex missing semicolon or missing braces.

2) Logical Errors:Logical errors are the errors which occur when the logic of a program is incorrect.Means we are not getting the desired output/result.

3)Runtime error:are the errors that occur at the execution time.Ex: required field missing ,list had more than 1 row for assignment.

To handle Exceptions:

Try Block

Catch Block

Finally Block

Try

{

// set of statements they may raise exception

Insert s1; // there is some error in this statement

}

Catch(DMLException e)// dmlexception [all handle dml specific handler]

```
{  
//statements to handle the exception  
// specific Exception Handler  
  
}  
Catch(Exception[Name of Exception] e)  
{  
//Generic Exception handler  
}
```

Finally

```
{  
  
// it executes every time irrespective of the error and it is optional for  
the user.  
}
```

Catch:-->

- 1)Dmlexception[Handle errors of all dmls]
- 2)General exception[Nullpointer Exception]

Error handle:

1. GETMESSAGE()

2. GETLINENUMBER();

Database Class

Database class methods **return the results of the data operation**. These result objects contain useful information about the data operation for each record, such as whether the operation was successful or not, and any error information.

Database class Methods:

All these methods are static

- 1)database.insert()-->saveresult
- 2)Database.update()-->saveresult
- 3)database.delete()-->deleteresult
- 4)database.undelete()
- 5)database.merge()
- 6)database.upsert()

Benefits of using database class method:

- 1)Partial processing of records is possible.
- 2)No exceptions are thrown hence,no need to try -->catch block.

database.insert(<recordset>,allornone='default/true'--- set a false to specify)

Database.saveresult is used for checking the functionality of a method.

i) isSuccess[Boolean Method returns true or false]

ii)getId[Return Me Id of Record]

Database.getError()

i) geterrors

ii)getStatusCode

iii)getfields

iv)getmessage

v)getlineNumber //USE in try only

Database.Insert-<saveresult

Database.delete-<DeleteResult