

```

# Importing libraries for our purpose.
#print(pd.__version__)
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Reading the netflix csv file
netflix_data = pd.read_csv('netflix.csv')
netflix_data.head()

{"summary":{"\n  \"name\": \"netflix_data\",\n  \"rows\": 8807,\n  \"fields\": [\n    {\n      \"column\": \"show_id\",\n      \"properties\": {\n        \"dtype\": \"string\",\n        \"num_unique_values\": 8807,\n        \"samples\": [\n          \"s4971\",\n          \"s3363\",\n          \"s5495\",\n          ],\n        \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n        \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"type\",\n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"category\",\n          \"num_unique_values\": 2,\n          \"samples\": [\n            \"TV Show\",\n            \"Movie\",\n            ],\n          \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n          \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"title\",\n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"string\",\n          \"num_unique_values\": 8807,\n          \"samples\": [\n            \"Game Over, Man!\",\n            \"Arsenio Hall: Smart & Classy\",\n            ],\n          \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n          \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"director\",\n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"string\",\n          \"num_unique_values\": 4528,\n          \"samples\": [\n            \"Kanwal Sethi\",\n            \"R\u00e9my Four, Julien War\",\n            ],\n          \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n          \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"cast\",\n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"string\",\n          \"num_unique_values\": 7692,\n          \"samples\": [\n            \"Tzi Ma, Christine Ko, Hong-Chi Lee, Hayden Szeto, Kunjue Li, Fiona Fu, James Saito, Joan Chen\",\n            \"Priyanshu Painyuli, Chandrachoor Rai, Shadab Kamal, Rajeev Siddhartha, Sheetal Thakur, Ninad Kamat, Swati Semwal, Eijaz Khan\",\n            ],\n          \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n          \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"country\",\n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"category\",\n          \"num_unique_values\": 748,\n          \"samples\": [\n            \"United States, United Kingdom, Denmark, Sweden\",\n            \"United Kingdom, Hong Kong\",\n            ],\n          \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n          \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"date_added\",\n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"category\",\n          \"num_unique_values\": 1767,\n          \"samples\": [\n            \"October 22, 2018\",\n            \"January 29, 2021\",\n            ],\n          \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n          \"description\": \"\",\n        },\n      {\n        \"column\": \"release_year\",

```

```

{"properties": {"dtype": "number", "std": 8, "min": 1925, "max": 2021, "num_unique_values": 74, "samples": [1996, 1969], "semantic_type": "", "description": ""}, {"rating": 1, "properties": {"dtype": "category", "num_unique_values": 17, "samples": ["PG-13", "TV-MA"], "semantic_type": "", "description": ""}, {"column": "duration", "properties": {"dtype": "category", "num_unique_values": 220, "samples": ["37 min", "177 min"], "semantic_type": "", "description": ""}, {"column": "listed_in", "properties": {"dtype": "category", "num_unique_values": 514, "samples": ["Crime TV Shows, International TV Shows, TV Mysteries", "Children & Family Movies, Classic Movies, Dramas"], "semantic_type": "", "description": ""}, {"description": "A heedless teen drifter who falls for a small-town waitress makes the mistake of robbing a drug lord, putting his life and newfound love in jeopardy.", "column": "duration", "properties": {"dtype": "category", "num_unique_values": 8775, "samples": ["Twelve-year-old Calvin manages to join the navy and serves in the battle of Guadalcanal. But when his age is revealed, the boy is sent to the brig."], "semantic_type": "", "description": ""}]}, {"type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "netflix_data"}

```

```
# Checking Null values in all the columns.
```

```
netflix.data.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```
director      2634
country       831
cast          825
date_added    10
rating         4
duration       3
show_id        0
type           0
title          0
release_year   0
listed_in      0
description     0
dtype: int64
```

```
# Checking data type of all the columns.
```

```
netflix data.dtypes
```

```
show_id      object
type         object
title        object
director     object
cast         object
country      object
date_added   object
release_year  int64
rating       object
duration     object
listed_in    object
description   object
dtype: object
```

*# Checking unique values in all the columns.*

```
for i in netflix_data.columns:
    print(i, ': ', netflix_data[i].nunique())
```

```
show_id : 8807
type : 2
title : 8807
director : 4528
cast : 7692
country : 748
date_added : 1767
release_year : 74
rating : 17
duration : 220
listed_in : 514
description : 8775
```

*# Percentage of null values in our Dataset*

```
null_percentage = (netflix_data.isna().sum()/len(netflix_data)*100) \
    .sort_values(ascending=False)
formatted_percentage = null_percentage.apply(lambda x: f"{x:.2f}%")
formatted_percentage
```

```
director      29.91%
country       9.44%
cast          9.37%
date_added    0.11%
rating        0.05%
duration      0.03%
show_id       0.00%
type          0.00%
title         0.00%
release_year  0.00%
listed_in     0.00%
description    0.00%
dtype: object
```

```

# Un nesting the columns # df.loc[:,col] --> Not to get confused
SettingWithCopyWarning

def un_nest_col(df, col):
    df = df.dropna(subset=[col])
    df.loc[:, col] = df[col].str.split(', ')
    return df.explode(col).reset_index(drop=True)

# These 4 columns have multiple values in a column,so we need to
explode and make it to one.
categorical_columns = ['director','cast','country','listed_in']

# taking copy of netflix data(Deep Copy)
netflix_data_copy = netflix_data.copy()

for col in categorical_columns:
    netflix_data = un_nest_col(netflix_data, col)

# Checking number of rows after exploding
netflix_data.shape, netflix_data_copy.shape

((143102, 12), (8807, 12))

# Displaying first 10 rows after exploding
netflix_data.head(10)

{"type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "netflix_data"}

netflix_data.isna().sum().sort_values(ascending=False)

rating          7
duration         3
show_id         0
type            0
title           0
director        0
cast            0
country         0
date_added      0
release_year    0
listed_in       0
description     0
dtype: int64

filtered_data = ['74 min','66 min','84 min']

# Here if we observe we have duration values present in rating column.
netflix_data[netflix_data['rating'].isin(filtered_data)]

{"repr_error": "0", "type": "dataframe"}

```

```
# Taking a copy and assign it to mask.
# COPY()-> Pandas not to get confused with whether to update to
# original DF or to mask.
mask = netflix_data[netflix_data['rating'].isin(filtered_data)].copy()
```

```
mask
```

```
{"repr_error": "0", "type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "mask"}
```

```
mask['rating']
```

```
80168    74 min
```

```
83632    84 min
```

```
83661    66 min
```

```
Name: rating, dtype: object
```

```
mask['duration'] = mask['rating']
```

```
mask
```

```
{"repr_error": "0", "type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "mask"}
```

```
mask['rating'] = 'NR'
```

```
mask
```

```
{"repr_error": "0", "type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "mask"}
```

```
netflix_data.update(mask)
```

```
netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['rating'] == 'NR']
```

```
{"repr_error": "0", "type": "dataframe"}
```

```
# Filling null values in Rating column with NR--> 'No rating'
```

```
netflix_data['rating'].fillna('NR', inplace=True)
```

<ipython-input-138-2eeb7bad725b>:2: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.  
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on which we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)' or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

```
netflix_data['rating'].fillna('NR', inplace=True)
```

```

# checking for null values.
netflix_data.isna().sum().sum()

0

# Removing 'min' from duration column, left with only number
netflix_data['duration'] = netflix_data['duration'].str.replace('
min', '')

netflix_data

{"type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "netflix_data"}

netflix_data['duration'] = netflix_data['duration']. \
str.split(' ').str[0]

# netflix_data.to_csv('netflix_updated.csv', index=False)

# from google.colab import files
# files.download('netflix_updated.csv')

netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['duration'].str.contains('Season',
case=False, \
na=False), 'duration'] = netflix_data['duration']. \
apply(lambda x: x.split(' ')[0] if 'Season' in x else x)

```

## Univariate Analysis

```

# Frequency of movies/series for different duration ranges.
sns.distplot(netflix_data['duration'], kde=True, hist=True)
plt.show()

```

<ipython-input-146-158f7ef5ab10>:2: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

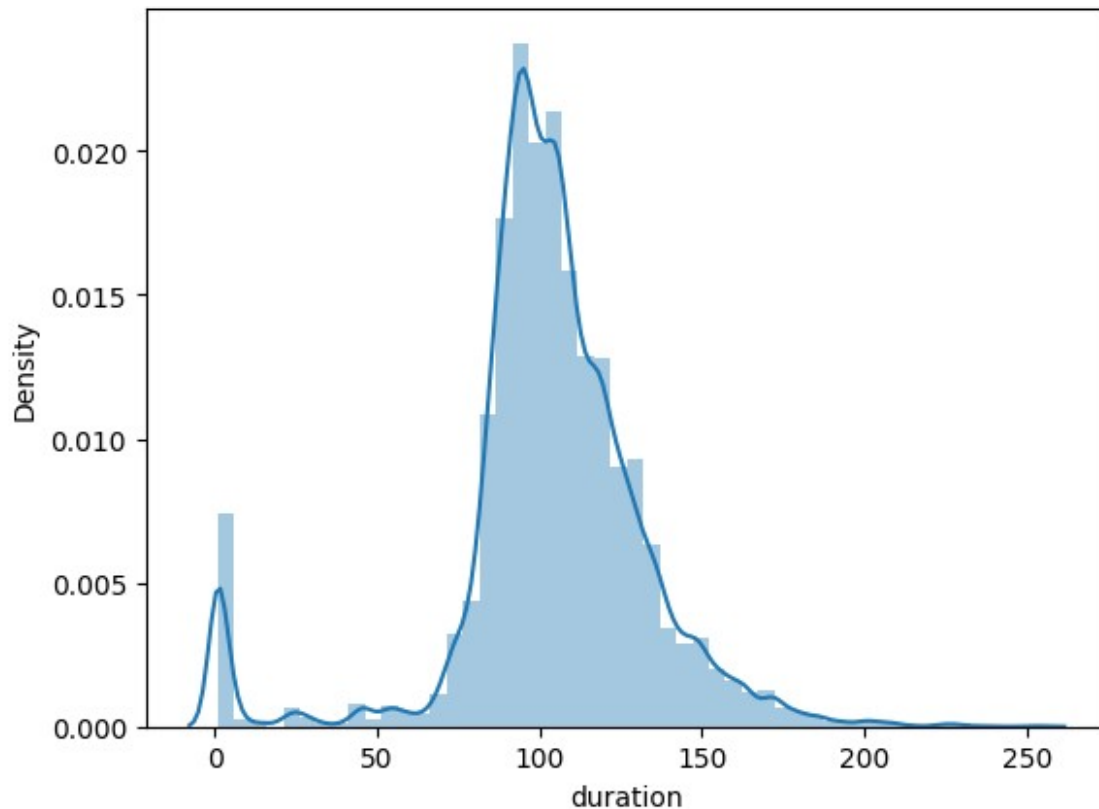
Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```

sns.distplot(netflix_data['duration'], kde=True, hist=True)

```



```
# Number of distinct titles on the basis of genre(Listed_in)
netflix_data.groupby('listed_in')['title'].nunique(). \
sort_values(ascending=False)
```

listed_in	
International Movies	2369
Dramas	2294
Comedies	1553
Action & Adventure	806
Independent Movies	740
Romantic Movies	579
Thrillers	547
Children & Family Movies	503
Documentaries	391
Horror Movies	336
Stand-Up Comedy	294
Music & Musicals	292
Sci-Fi & Fantasy	236
Sports Movies	156
Classic Movies	108
International TV Shows	87
LGBTQ Movies	80
Cult Movies	69
Anime Features	61

Faith & Spirituality	58
TV Dramas	52
Crime TV Shows	38
TV Comedies	30
Movies	23
British TV Shows	21
Romantic TV Shows	21
Docuseries	14
Kids' TV	13
TV Action & Adventure	13
Stand-Up Comedy & Talk Shows	11
Anime Series	10
Korean TV Shows	10
Spanish-Language TV Shows	10
TV Mysteries	8
TV Horror	7
TV Shows	5
TV Sci-Fi & Fantasy	4
TV Thrillers	3
Teen TV Shows	3
Reality TV	3
Classic & Cult TV	3
Science & Nature TV	1

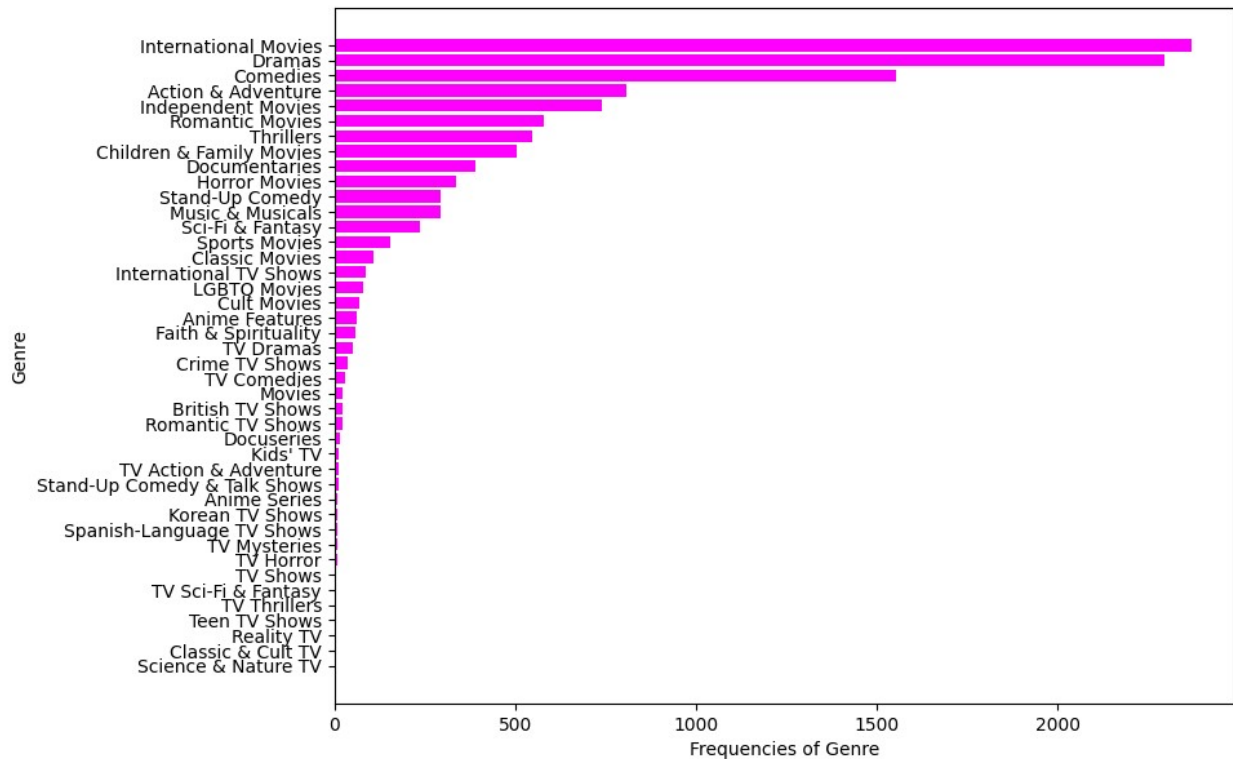
Name: title, dtype: int64

```
new_netflix_genre = netflix_data.groupby(['listed_in']) \
    .agg({'title': 'nunique'}).reset_index().sort_values(by='title', ascending=False)
```

*# Frequency of Movies or TV Shows across Genre*

```
plt.figure(figsize=(9,7))
plt.barh(new_netflix_genre[:: -1]['listed_in'], new_netflix_genre[:: -1]
\
['title'], color=['magenta'])
plt.xlabel('Frequencies of Genre', size=10)
plt.ylabel('Genre')
plt.show()
```





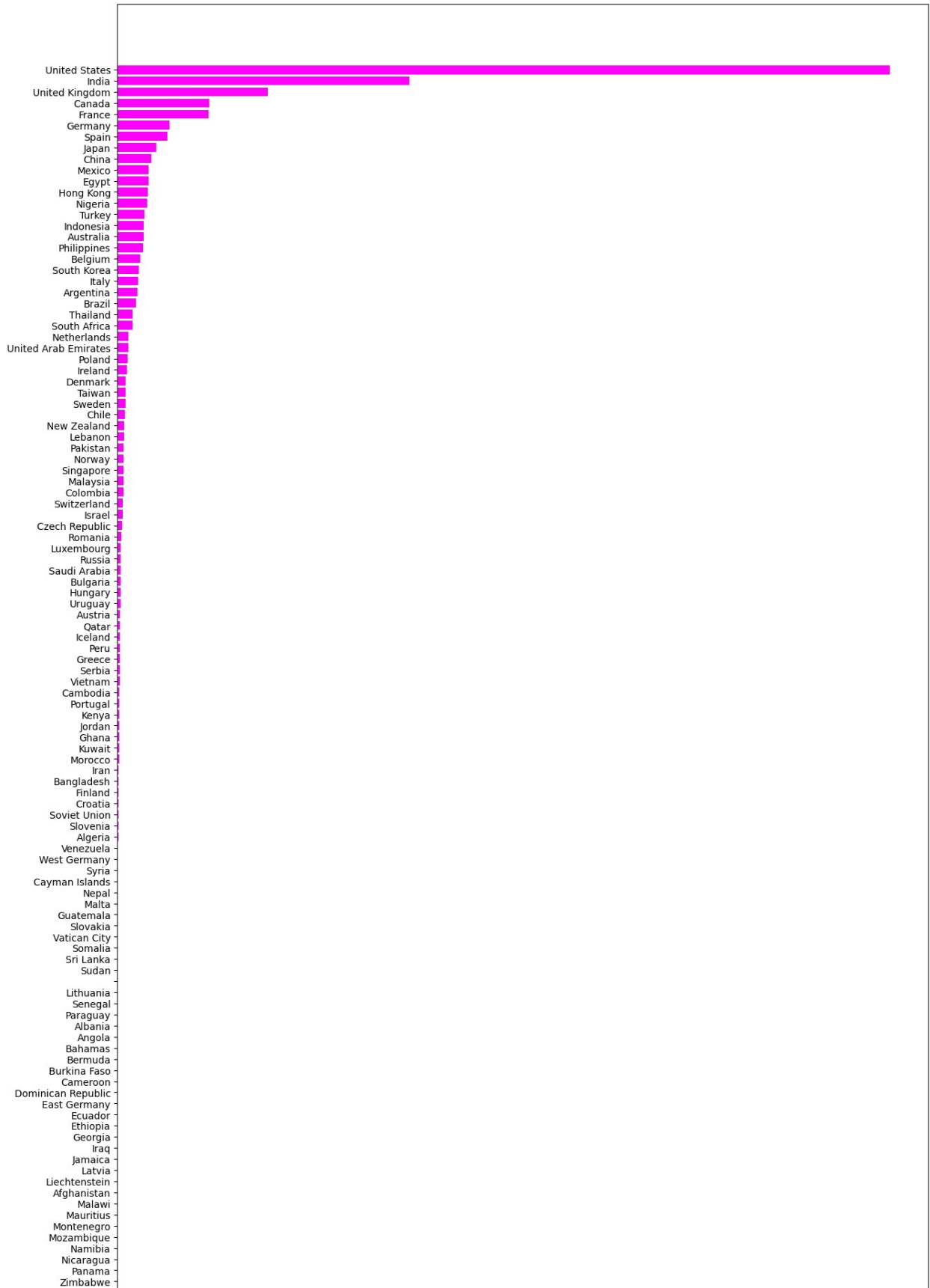
Insights: International movies, Dramas, Comedies are most popular.

```
netflix_data['country'] = netflix_data['country'].str.replace(',', '')

new_data_country =
netflix_data.groupby('country').agg({'title': 'nunique'}) \
.reset_index().sort_values(by='title', ascending=False)

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 25))
plt.barh(new_data_country[::-1]['country'], new_data_country[::-1] \
['title'], color='magenta')

<BarContainer object of 110 artists>
```

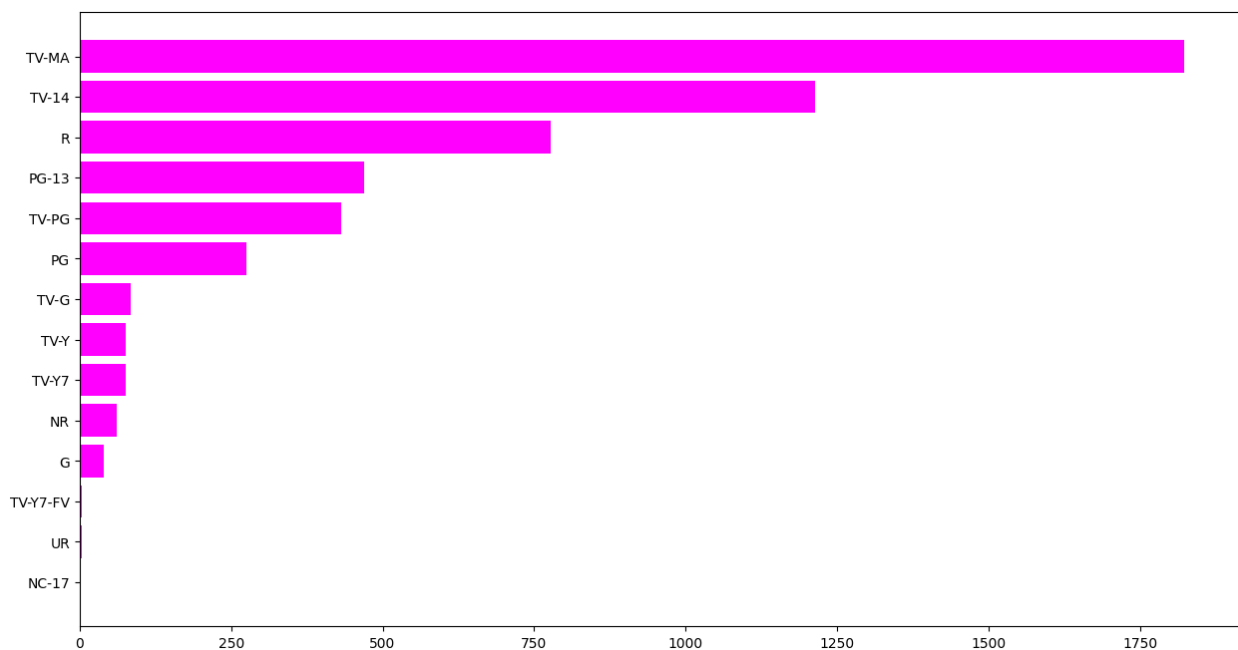


United States, India, United Kingdom, Canada and France are leading countries in content creation on Netflix

*#number of distinct titles on the basis of rating*

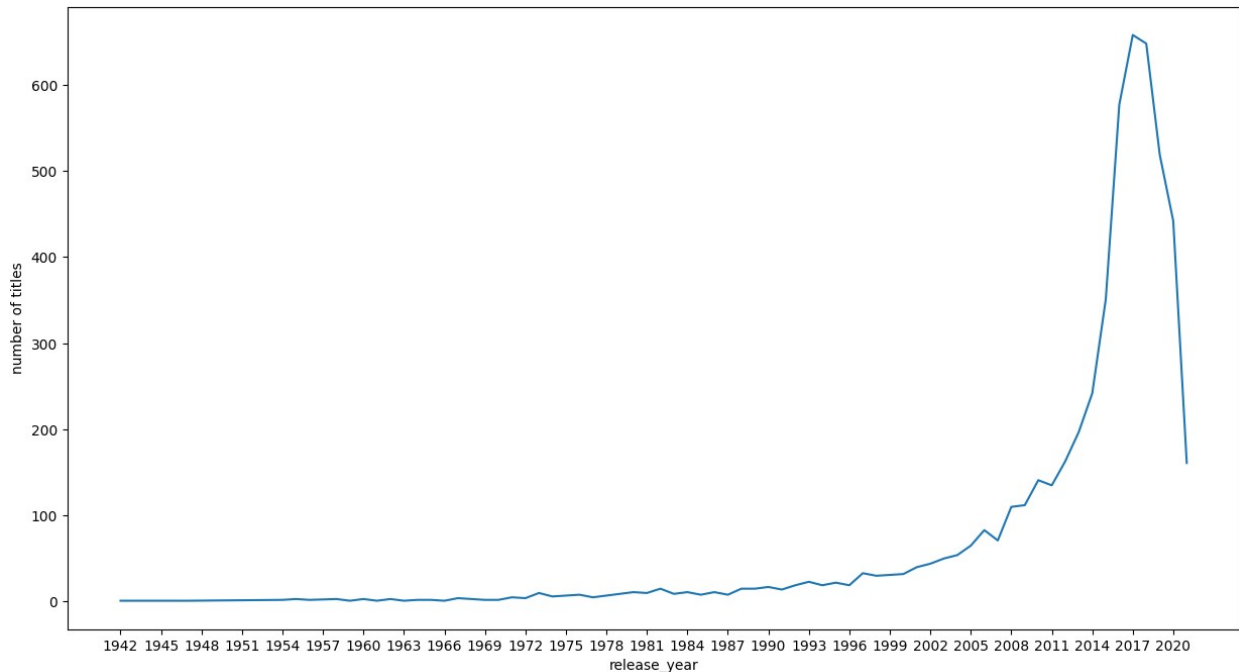
```
new_data_rating =  
netflix_data.groupby('rating').agg({'title': 'nunique'}) \  
.reset_index().sort_values(by='title', ascending=False)  
  
plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))  
plt.barh(new_data_rating[::1]['rating'], new_data_rating[::1] \  
['title'], color='magenta')
```

<BarContainer object of 14 artists>



*# number of distinct titles on the basis of year*

```
new_data_year =  
netflix_data.groupby('release_year').agg({'title': 'nunique'}) \  
.reset_index().sort_values(by='release_year', ascending=False)  
  
plt.figure(figsize=(15,8))  
sns.lineplot(data=new_data_year, x='release_year', y='title')  
plt.xticks(np.arange(new_data_year['release_year'].min(), \  
new_data_year['release_year'].max()+1, 3))  
plt.ylabel('number of titles')  
plt.show()
```



The amount of Content across Nteflix has increased from 1942 to 2020. Then started decreasing from 2017(may be due to Covid).

```
# counts of each categorical variable both using graphical and
# non-graphical analysis.
```

```
netflix_categorical =
['director', 'cast', 'country', 'listed_in', 'rating', 'type']
for col in netflix_categorical:
    print(f'\nvalue counts of column {col}')
    print(netflix_data[col].value_counts())
```

```
value counts of column director
```

```
director
Martin Scorsese      419
Youssef Chahine      409
Cathy Garcia-Molina  356
Steven Spielberg     355
Lars von Trier       336
...
Julián Gaviria       1
Greg Whiteley        1
Rachel Lears         1
Wyatt Cenac          1
Daniel McCabe        1
Name: count, Length: 4313, dtype: int64
```

```
value counts of column cast
```

```
cast
Liam Neeson          161
```

Alfred Molina	154
John Krasinski	138
Salma Hayek	130
Frank Langella	128
...	
Stephanie Honoré	1
Andrew Fiscella	1
Shantel VanSanten	1
Bobby Campo	1
Charlotte McKinney	1

Name: count, Length: 25465, dtype: int64

value counts of column country

country	
United States	45773
India	21762
United Kingdom	9010
France	6816
Canada	5793
...	
Vatican City	3
Sri Lanka	2
Afghanistan	2
Panama	2
Nicaragua	1

Name: count, Length: 110, dtype: int64

value counts of column listed\_in

listed_in	
Dramas	28698
International Movies	26191
Comedies	19834
Action & Adventure	11761
Independent Movies	9712
Children & Family Movies	8796
Thrillers	6857
Romantic Movies	6145
Horror Movies	4416
Sci-Fi & Fantasy	3980
Music & Musicals	2717
Documentaries	1492
International TV Shows	1450
Classic Movies	1407
Sports Movies	1389
Cult Movies	1071
TV Dramas	1023
Anime Features	934
LGBTQ Movies	769
Faith & Spirituality	699

Crime TV Shows	547
Stand-Up Comedy	443
TV Action & Adventure	308
TV Shows	286
TV Comedies	265
Kids' TV	236
Romantic TV Shows	232
Movies	231
British TV Shows	226
Spanish-Language TV Shows	174
Anime Series	128
TV Mysteries	123
TV Horror	119
Korean TV Shows	111
Docuseries	87
TV Thrillers	78
TV Sci-Fi & Fantasy	51
Teen TV Shows	48
Classic & Cult TV	29
Stand-Up Comedy & Talk Shows	25
Reality TV	7
Science & Nature TV	7

Name: count, dtype: int64

value counts of column rating  
rating

TV-MA	44931
TV-14	27720
R	25593
PG-13	16078
PG	10802
TV-PG	9870
TV-Y7	1926
TV-Y	1574
G	1528
TV-G	1441
NR	1360
NC-17	137
UR	86
TV-Y7-FV	56

Name: count, dtype: int64

value counts of column type  
type

Movie	137542
TV Show	5560

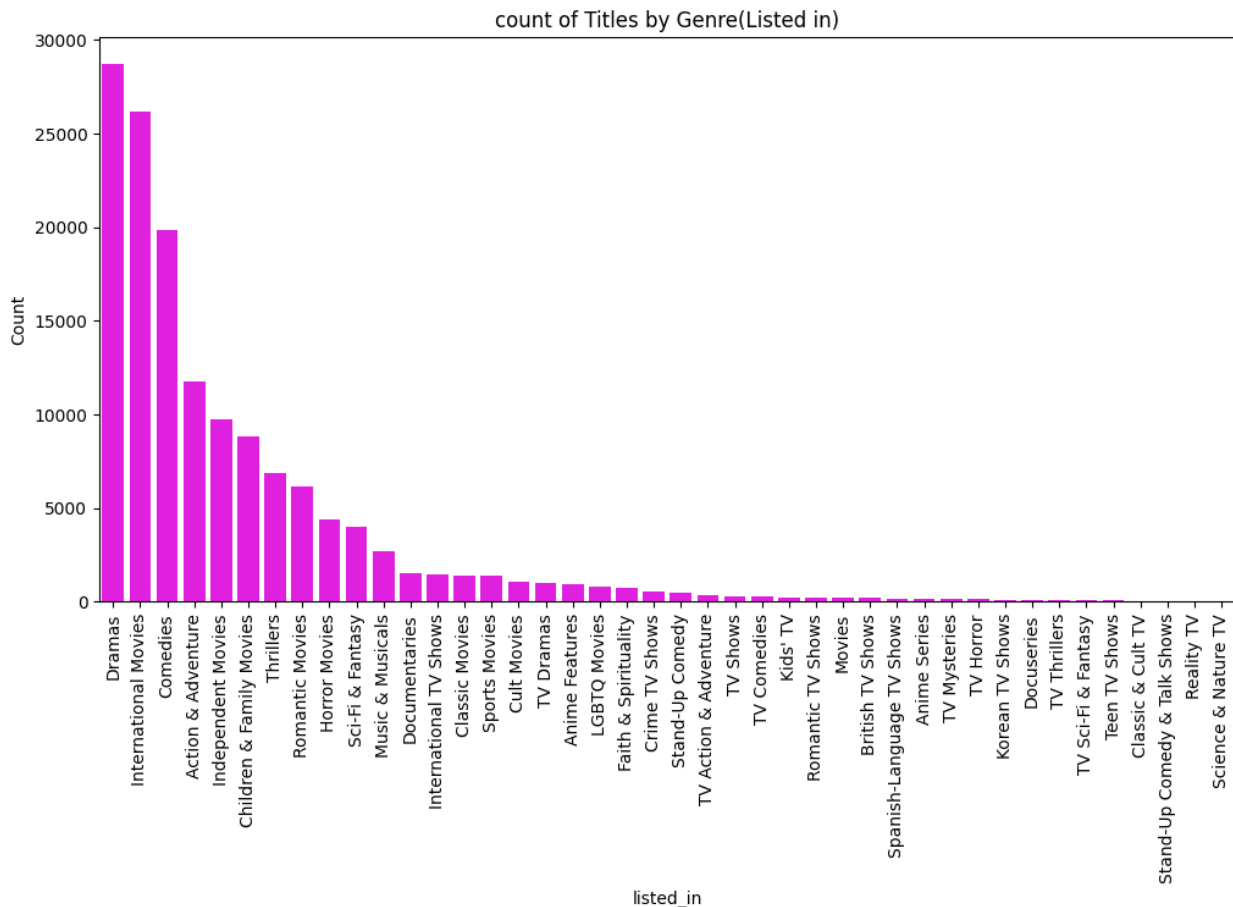
Name: count, dtype: int64

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.countplot(data=netflix_data, x='listed_in', \
```

```

order=netflix_data['listed_in'].value_counts().index,color='magenta')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.title('count of Titles by Genre(Listed in)')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()

```



Find the number of movies produced in each country and pick the top 10 countries.

```

netflix_movies = netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['type']=='Movie']

netflix_data.groupby('country').agg({'title':'count'}) \
.sort_values(by='title',ascending=False).head(10)

{"summary":{"\n  \"name\": \"netflix_data\",\n  \"rows\": 10,\n  \"fields\": [\n    {\n      \"column\": \"country\",\n      \"properties\": {\n        \"dtype\": \"string\",\n        \"num_unique_values\": 10,\n        \"samples\": [\n          \"China\",\n          \"India\",\n          \"Japan\"],\n        \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n        \"description\": \"\"\n      }\n    },\n    {\n      \"column\": \"title\",\n      \"properties\": {\n        \"dtype\": \"number\",\n        \"std\": 13663,\n        \"min\": 2341,\n        \"max\": 45773,\n

```

```
\\"num_unique_values\\": 10,\\n      \\"samples\\": [\\n          2399,\\n          21762,\\n          3818\\n      ],\\n      \\"semantic_type\\": \\"\\",\\n      \\"description\\": \\"\\",\\n  }\\n  }\\n  ]\\n}", "type": "dataframe"}
```

Find the number of Tv-Shows produced in each country and pick the top 10 countries.

```
netflix_tv_show = netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['type'] == 'TV Show']
netflix_tv_show.groupby(by='country')['title'].agg('count')\
.sort_values(ascending=False).head(10)
```

```
country
United States      894
United Kingdom     596
Taiwan             495
India              494
South Korea        358
Spain              357
Japan              307
Thailand           285
France             263
Canada            166
Name: title, dtype: int64
```

Find which is the best week to release the Tv-show or the movie. Do the analysis separately for Tv-shows and Movies

### For TV Shows

```
netflix_data.head(2)

{"type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "netflix_data"}

# Converted data type of Date_added column to date_time format
netflix_data['date_added'] = pd.to_datetime(netflix_data['date_added']
\
                                           ,errors='coerce')

netflix_tv_show.head(3)

{"summary": "{\n  \"name\": \"netflix_tv_show\", \n  \"rows\": 5560,\n  \"fields\": [\n    {\n      \"column\": \"show_id\", \n      \"properties\": {\n        \"dtype\": \"category\", \n        \"num_unique_values\": 147,\n        \"samples\": [\n          \"s6811\", \n          \"s2554\", \n          \"s7749\" ],\n        \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n        \"description\": \"\"\n      }\n    },\n    {\n      \"column\": \"type\", \n      \"properties\": {\n        \"dtype\": \"category\", \n        \"num_unique_values\": 1,\n        \"samples\": [\n          \"TV Show\" ],\n        \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n        \"description\": \"\"\n      }\n    }\n  ]\n}"}
```



```

n    },\n    {\n        \"column\": \"title\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 147, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"Frozen Planet\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"director\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 191, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"Olivier Jean-Marie\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"cast\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 1324, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"Kim Tae-hun\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"country\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 34, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"Brazil\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"date_added\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 134, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"April 22, 2015\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"release_year\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"number\", \n            \"std\": 3, \n            \"min\": 1990, \n            \"max\": 2021, \n            \"num_unique_values\": 15, \n            \"samples\": [\n                2016, \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"rating\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 6, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"TV-14\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"duration\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 10, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"8\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"listed_in\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 22, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"British TV Shows\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    }, \n    {\n        \"column\": \"description\", \n        \"properties\": {\n            \"dtype\": \"category\", \n            \"num_unique_values\": 147, \n            \"samples\": [\n                \"Go on a journey through the Arctic and Antarctic with this visually stunning program that explores these wildernesses and their inhabitants.\", \n            ], \n            \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n            \"description\": \"\" \n        } \n    } \n ] \n } \", \"type\": \"dataframe\", \"variable_name\": \"netflix_tv_show\"}

```

```

# Extracted the week of which this particular data is added
netflix_data['week'] =
netflix_data['date_added'].dt.isocalendar().week

netflix_TVshow = netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['type'] == 'TV Show']

tv_show_per_week = netflix_TVshow.groupby(by='week')['title'] \
.apply('count').reset_index()
tv_show_per_week.columns = ['week', 'No of TV shows']

tv_show_per_week.head(2)

{"summary": "{\n  \"name\": \"tv_show_per_week\", \n  \"rows\": 51, \n  \"fields\": [\n    {\n      \"column\": \"week\", \n      \"properties\": {\n        \"dtype\": \"UInt32\", \n        \"num_unique_values\": 51, \n        \"samples\": [\n          45, \n          42, \n          49\n        ], \n        \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n        \"description\": \"\", \n        \"column\": \"No of TV shows\", \n        \"properties\": {\n          \"dtype\": \"number\", \n          \"std\": 93, \n          \"min\": 3, \n          \"max\": 460, \n          \"num_unique_values\": 45, \n          \"samples\": [\n            65, \n            51, \n            3\n          ], \n          \"semantic_type\": \"\", \n          \"description\": \"\", \n        }\n      }\n    ]\n  }, \n  \"type\": \"dataframe\", \"variable_name\": \"tv_show_per_week\"}

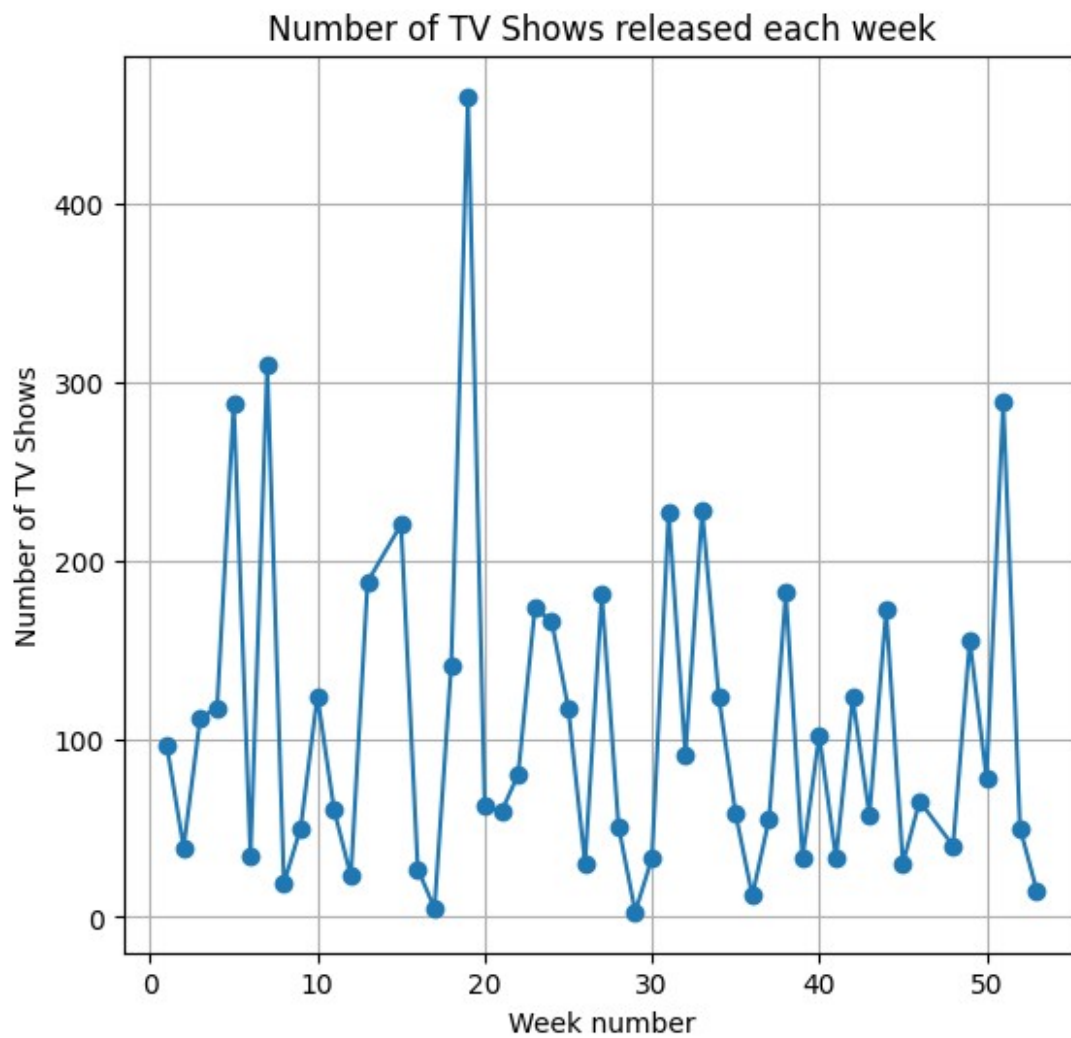
movies_per_week = netflix_data.groupby('week')['title'] \
.apply('count').reset_index()
movies_per_week.columns = ['week', 'No of Movies']

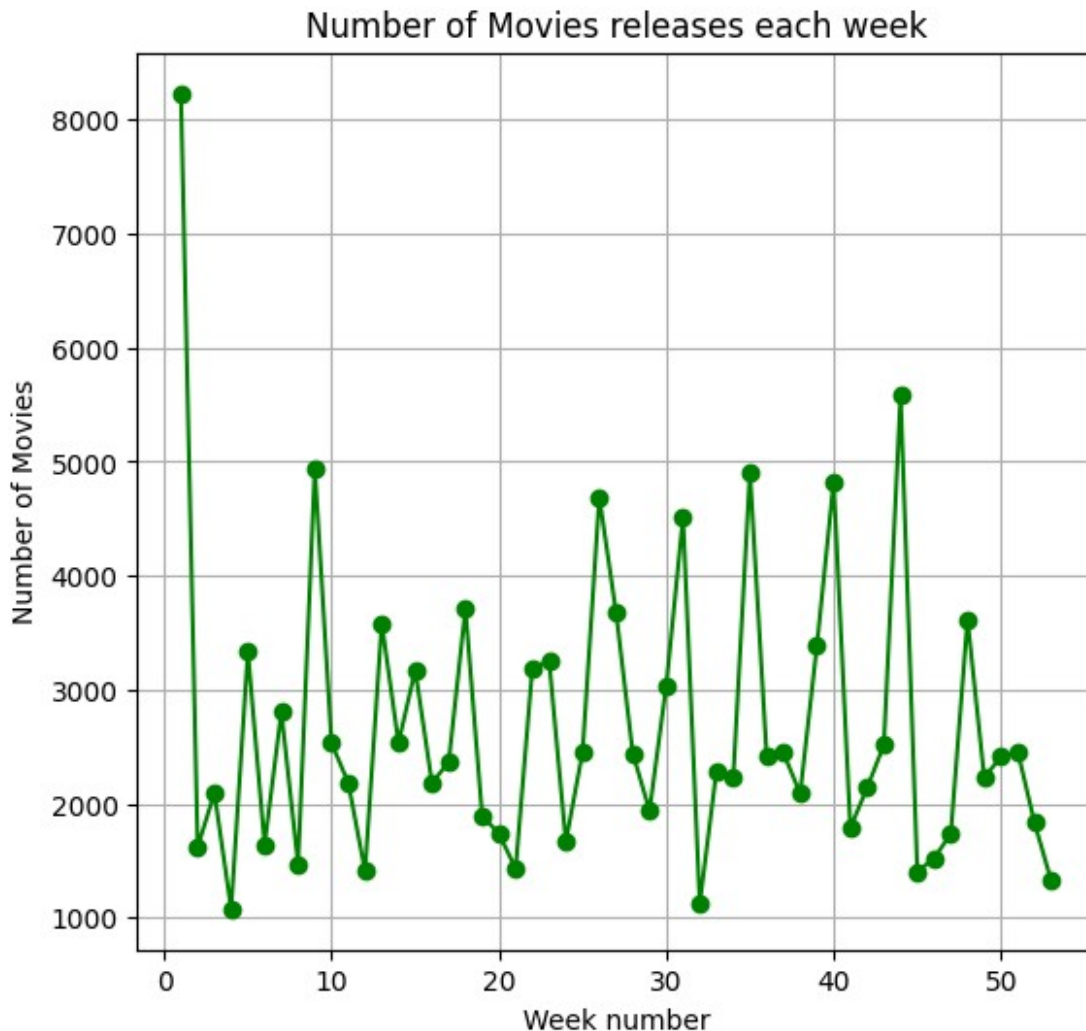
plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.plot(tv_show_per_week['week'],tv_show_per_week['No of TV shows'],marker='o')
plt.title('Number of TV Shows released each week')
plt.xlabel('Week number')
plt.ylabel('Number of TV Shows')
plt.grid(True)

plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.plot(movies_per_week['week'],movies_per_week['No of Movies'] \
,marker='o',color='green')
plt.title('Number of Movies releases each week')
plt.xlabel('Week number')
plt.ylabel('Number of Movies')
plt.grid(True)

```

```
#plt.tight_layout()  
plt.show()
```





Find which is the best month to release the Tv-show or the movie. Do the analysis separately for Tv-shows and Movies

```
netflix_data['month'] = netflix_data['date_added'].dt.month

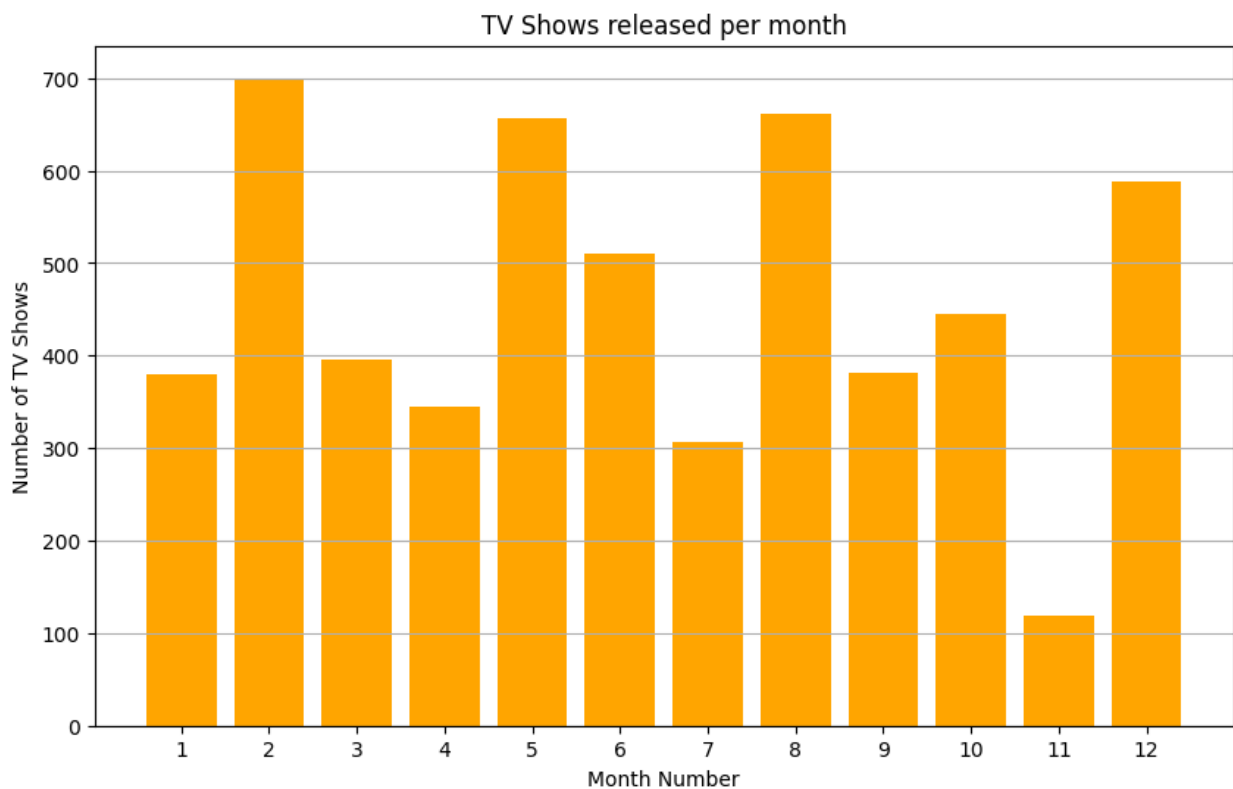
netflix_movies_month = netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['type'] ==
'Movie']

netflix_tv_show_month = netflix_data.loc[netflix_data['type'] == 'TV
Show']

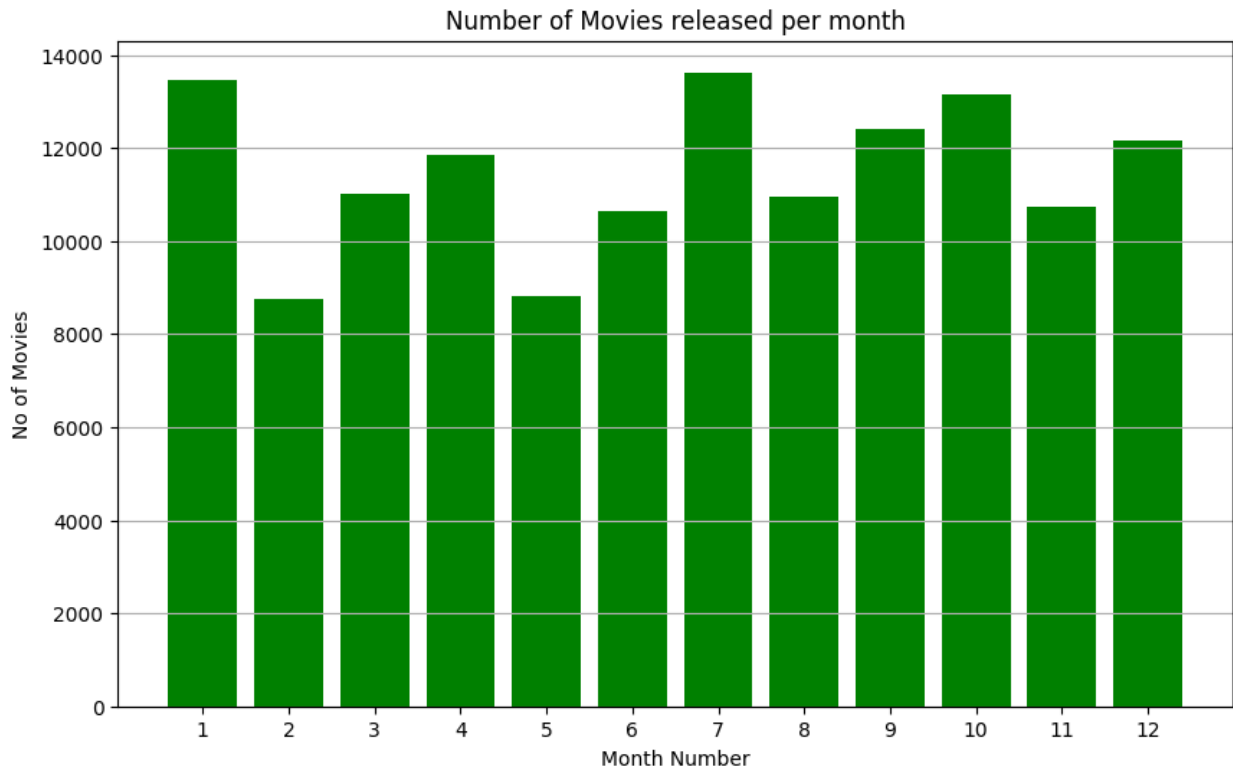
tv_shows_per_month = netflix_tv_show_month.groupby(by='month')
['title'] \
.apply('count').reset_index()
tv_shows_per_month.columns = ['month', 'No of TV Shows']

movies_per_month = netflix_movies_month.groupby('month')['title'] \
.apply('count').reset_index()
movies_per_month.columns = ['month', 'No of Movies']
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
plt.bar(tv_shows_per_month['month'],tv_shows_per_month['No of TV Shows'] \
        ,color='orange')
plt.title('TV Shows released per month')
plt.xlabel('Month Number')
plt.ylabel('Number of TV Shows')
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.xticks(range(1,13))
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
plt.bar(movies_per_month['month'],movies_per_month['No of Movies'], \
        color='green')
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.xlabel('Month Number')
plt.ylabel('No of Movies')
plt.title('Number of Movies released per month')
plt.xticks(range(1,13))
plt.show()
```



##Identify the top 10 directors who have appeared in most movies or TV shows.

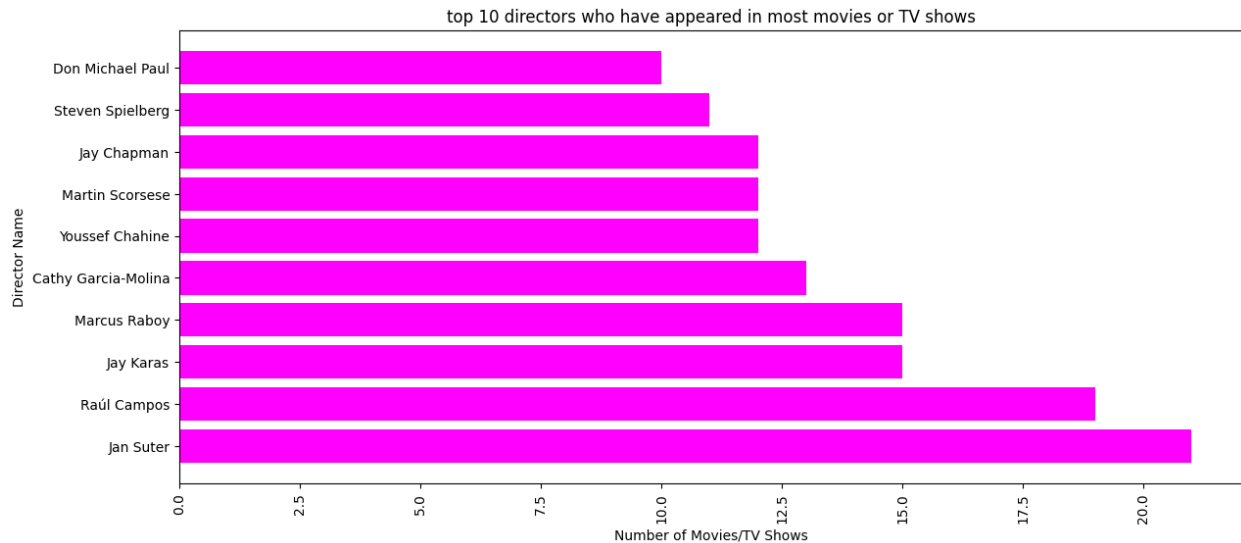
```
netflix_data.head(2)

{"type": "dataframe", "variable_name": "netflix_data"}

netflix_director = netflix_data.groupby(by='director')['title'] \
    .nunique().reset_index()
netflix_director.columns = ['director', 'No of Titles']

top_10_directors = netflix_director.sort_values(by='No of Titles', \
    ascending=False).head(10)

plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
plt.barh(top_10_directors['director'], top_10_directors['No of Titles'] \
    , color='magenta')
plt.xlabel('Number of Movies/TV Shows')
plt.ylabel('Director Name')
plt.title('top 10 directors who have appeared in most movies or TV \
    shows')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



##Identify the top 10 directors who have appeared in most movies or TV shows.

```
netflix_actors = netflix_data.groupby(by='cast')['title'] \
    .nunique().reset_index()
netflix_actors.columns = ['Actors', 'No_of_titles']

top_10_Actors = netflix_actors.sort_values(by='No_of_titles', \
                                           ascending=False).head(10)

plt.figure(figsize=(14,6))
plt.barh(top_10_Actors['Actors'][:-1],top_10_Actors['No_of_titles']
[:-1] \
        ,color='gold')
plt.title('Top 10 Actors who have appeared in most movies or TV
shows')
plt.xlabel('Number of Movies')
plt.ylabel('Actor Name')
plt.show()
```

