

# OS LAB ASSIGN 5 (Group 42)

Anurat Bhattacharya (19CS10071)

Srijan Das (19CS30046)

## Discussions

- Structure of Internal Page Table : Page Table
- Additional Data Structures and functions:
  - Free Segment List
  - Loaded Segment List
  - mark\_and\_sweep()
  - compact()
- Impact of mark\_and\_sweep in demo1 and demo2: With GC: Avg :62031.5, SD:15060.13842  
Without GC: Avg :170313, SD: 85172.15104  
Time for running GC : 7231 microsecs
- Logic for running compact
- Use of Locks : Locks have been used in the garbage collector to lock till the current iteration of garbage collection is over. This is done to prevent errors in case someone is accessing the memory during this process. Also during compact function locks have been used for the same reason.

## Globals ,Data structures and functions used:

**class Mem:**

```
int ind:starting logical address
int size:number of 4 byte blocks
```

**class Node:**

```
int beg:Begin Logical address block index
int seq:Sequence number of the variable
int symind:Symbol table index
int end:End logical address block index
Node* nxt:Pointer to the next free block
Node* prev:Pointer to the previous free block
```

**class Stack:**

int \*arr :Memory allocated dynamically  
int top : top index  
int sz : Current size of the stack

void push\_back(int x) : For adding elements  
int pop\_back() : For deleting elements  
int& back() : The last element pushed  
int& operator[](int ind) :Random access Operator

**class Variable:**

int val: Value of the variable  
int type : Type of the variable  
int sz: Size in bits

**struct sym entry:**

int offset: index in memory segment(that is the block index)  
int flag:Initilized to 0 Used in state rotation while doing mark and sweep  
int isEmpty: 1 for empty  
Variable v:The variable contained in this symbol table  
int isArr:Indicate if current entry is for an array  
int seq:indicattes the sequence number of the variable generated

**Mem getFirstFit(size\_t sz,int sym\_ind,int seq):**

Params:

sz:size of free segment required in bytes  
sym\_ind:  
seq:

Brief:

To find a free segment of size sz using the first fit method  
return: returns start mem block index

**void createMem(size\_t totalSpace)**

Params:

totalSpace: Total space in bytes  
Brief: Create a memory using malloc

**int createVar(int type)**

Params:

type: type of data ( i.e. int / char / medium int / boolean )

Brief: Create a Var object. Each var object is stored in ablock( 4 bytes ).

return: The symbol table index

**void assignVar(int memfd1, int val)**

Params:

memfd1: The input pointer to logical address space

val: The value to be assigned

Brief: Assign variable at position memfd1 with val

**void assignVar(int memfd1, int offset, int val)**

Params:

memfd1: start address of array

val: The value to be assigned

offset: index of array

Brief: Assign to array index

**int createArr(int type, int size)**

Params:

type: Type of array elem

size: Number of elements

Brief:

Create a Arr object. The elements of the array are stored contiguously in the blocks. e.g if there are two elements of medium int type in the array, then the first element occupies first 3 bytes of a block and the second element covers the fourth byte and the first two bytes of some other ( need not be contiguous ) 4-byte block.

return: The memory value location

**int freeElem(int memfd)**

Params:

memfd: symbol Table Index

Brief: Lazily just Remove from Symbol table rest managed by the garbage collector

return: 1 if success 0 if failure

**void pop\_\_last()**

Brief: Pops last element created from scope stack

**int get(int memfd,int i):**

Param:

memfd : Symbol Table index  
i : Index (For use in array)

**int get(int memfd):**

Param:

memfd : Symbol Table Index

**void printList(Node\* head):**

Helper Function print a list

**void clear()**

Brief: For clearing

**void end\_\_session()**

Brief: For ending the program (Joins the threads)

**void gc\_\_initialize()**

Brief: For initialization of garbage collector

**void merge(Node\* a, Node\* b)**

Params:

Brief: For merging 2 nodes if they can be merged

**void mark and sweep()**

Brief: implementation of mark and sweep algorithm

Algorithm: It first scans the stacks and marks in the symbol table. Then it scans the symbol table and calls freeelem for those which are not marked and also unmarks those which have been marked

**void gc\_\_run()**

Brief: Starts the garbage collector

**void compact()**

Brief: For compaction for all the holes present in  $O(n)$  time

Algorithm Used : A 2 pointers method have been used. We have 2 lists a free Segment list and a loaded Segment List .So we scan over the loaded Segment list and also maintain an index  $j$  initially set to 0. For each loaded segment list we copy all its blocks and keep on incrementing  $j$ . This ensures the loaded segments become contiguous. Then we update the relevant bookkeeping data for each loaded segment ( $O(1)$ ) and continue.

**void\* gc\_runner(void\* arg)**

Params:

Brief: The thread function for garbage collection. It periodically does garbage collection. ( $O(n)$ ) (every 2 sec ) or on Asynchronous calls

Algorithm Used: We use a 2 pointers approach.

That is we have 2 pointers one starting at the beginning of the free segment list and one for the loaded segment list. Then we scan over the loaded segment list and also keep incrementing the free pointer as we move the loaded pointer till its before the location of the loaded pointer. On encountering segments which are to be freed (Current sequence number do not match symbol table sequence number or the symbol table entry is empty we do list pointer manipulations and add the loaded list to the free list)

### Global Data

int varSz[4] : Variable type sizes

sym\_entry \*symbolTable: Symbol Table Array dynamically allocated in createmem

Stack stk: stack of symbol table indices

int \*basep: starting address of dynamically allocated memory

Node\* listPool: Memory segment from which lists are allocated

Node\* memcnt: Memory Counter for Lists

int nvar: Number of variables declared so far (used for assigning sequence numbers)

Node\* root: for storing free segments

Node\* root2: for storing filled segments

int n : Number of blocks required

pthread\_mutex\_t mutex\_lock : Global mutex lock

Stack freeSym: stack of free symbol table indices (For getting free symbol table index in  $O(1)$ )

pthread\_t gc\_collector: