Cloud based IT Infra with Central Identity Phase II

Project Guide

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About us

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Outline

- Phase I Review
- 2 Web Single Sign-On
- Network Single SignOr
- 4 Additional Network Components
- 6 Additional Work

Phase I Review

- Central Identity
 - Single Sign-On with REST API
 - Identity Management
 - Dynamic Role Based Access Control
- Network Based Central Identity
 - LDAP Servers
 - NFS Servers

Phase I Review Cont.

- Cloud Computing
 - Cloud Characterstics
 - Service Models
 - Deployment Models
- Private Clouds
 - Introduction
 - Open Source Tools

Outline

- Phase I Review
- Web Single Sign-On
 - OAuth Provider
 - API Endpoints
 - Testing OAuth Provider
 - Testing OAuth Provider contd...
- Network Single SignOn
- 4 Additional Network Components
- 5 Additional Work

How well we implemented OAuth Provider?

Abstract Protocol Flow

- To implement OAuth provider we used python-django and oauth-tool-kit
- When user requests the protected resource, oauth-tool-kit will generate client_id and client_secret
- By using those two things user will get access_token to access protected resource

1. Authorization Request 2. Authorization Grant Application (Client) 3. Authorization Grant 4. Access Token 5. Access Token 6. Protected Resource Server Service API

Figure: OAuth Protocol Work Flow Diagram



REST API

- REST stands for REpresentational State Transfer
- A Collection of simple URIs, and HTTP calls to those URIs and some JSON resources
- We implemented REST API by using django-restframework

/api/contact_info/?access_token=<token>

```
1 {
2         "mobile": "9705896317",
3         "url": "https://github.com/0xc0d3r",
4         "email": "anesh.parvatha@gmail.com"
5 }
```

PHP Client Library

- We developed a Client Library for PHP Applications
- We used PHP-cURL to perform all the http calls and post requests to get protected data from API Server
- And We developed it in a modular way with Object-Oriented approach
- And all the function calls in the PHP library is self-explanatory

PHP Client Library

Initializing the Client Library

```
1 <?php
2 include("Class.RIDOAuth.php");
3 $oauth=new OAuth("<ClientID>","<ClientSecret>");
4 ?>
```

Get Authorization URL

```
$\text{url=$oauth->getAuthorizeURL("<RedirectURI>");}
```

Get Access Token

Initializing API with Access Token

```
1 $api=new API("<Access Token>");
```

Getting User Info from API

```
$ $user=$api->get("<API Endpoint>");
```

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- Web Single Sign-Or
- Network Single SignOn
 - Introduction
 - LDAP Server
 - phpLDAPadmin
 - LDAP Client:
 - NFS Server
 - NFS Client
- Additional Network Components
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Introduction

Single sign-on (SSO) is a session/user authentication process that permits a user to enter one name and password in order to access multiple applications.

The process authenticates the user for all the applications they have been given rights to and eliminates further prompts when they switch applications during a particular session.

Components Used:

- LDAP Server
- phpLdapAdmin
- LDAP Client
- NFS Server
- NFS Client



LDAP Server

- LDAP, or Lightweight Directory Access Protocol, is a protocol for managing related information from a centralized location through the use of a file and directory hierarchy.
- LDAP is commonly used for centralized authentication.

phpLDAPadmin

- Its a web-based LDAP client which provides easy, anywhere-accessible, multi-language administration for LDAP server.
- Since it is a web application, this LDAP browser works on many platforms, making your LDAP server easily manageable from any location.

After the installation is complete configuration will be done by making following changes in the config.php file of phpLDAPadmin.

```
$servers -> setValue('server','host','10.4.34.47');
$servers -> setValue('server','base',array('dc=reboot,dc=org'));
$servers -> setValue('login','bind_id','cn=admin,dc=reboot,dc=org');
$config -> custom -> appearance['hide_template_warning'] = true;
```

Listing 1: PHP Config file

LDAP Client

- LDAP-Clinet is a another droplet to act as the client machine.
- PAM(Pluggable Authentication Modules), is a system that connects applications that can provide authentication to applications that require authentication.
- session required pam_mkhomedir.so skel=/etc/skel umask=0022x
- We have to add above piece of code to these files common-session, login, lightdm in /etc/pam.d/ directory
- In order to connect to LDAP Client, we have to ssh into that particular machine.
 - ssh atangella@10.4.34.45

NFS Server

Installation

```
# apt-get install nfs-kernel-server
# mkdir -p /var/nfs & mkdir -p /var/nfs-share
```

Edit /etc/exports

```
/home 10.4.34.202(rw,sync,no_root_squash,
no_subtree_check)
/var/nfs 10.4.34.203(rw,sync,no_subtree_check)
/var/nfs-share *(ro,sync,root_squash,no_subtree_check)
# here the ro - read only | rw - read and write
# ip and * means allowed hosts
```

Listing 2: /etc/exports

Exporting direcories & Restart Server

exportfs -a & # /etc/init.d/nfsserver restart

NFS Server

Installation

apt-get install nfs-client

Mounting NFS Shares

mount 10.4.34.201:/var/nfs-share /mnt

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- 2 Web Single Sign-On
- 3 Network Single SignOn
- Additional Network Components
 - Introduction
 - HAProxy
 - GlusterFS
 - XtreemFS
- Additional Work



Introduction

- Maintaining fault-tolerant file systems in distributed environment is always challenging
- We can achieve it through replication of data among systems
- But adding a load balancing on distributed systems improves response time
- GlusterFS provides clustered storage solution when all server systems available
- XtreemFS along with HAProxy helps us to achieve the goal

HAProxy

- HAProxy(High Availability Proxy) is an open source Reliable, High Performance TCP/HTTP Load Balancer
- HAProxy can be configured as a front-end to load balance two VPS through private network connectivity.
- Installing the HAProxy # apt-get install haproxy
- Configuring HAProxy

```
frontend sunny
bind 10.4.34.250:8080
default_backend sunny-backend
backend sunny-backend
balance roundrobin
mode tcp
server sunny 10.4.34.250:80 check
server ram 10.4.34.242:80 check
server knc 10.4.34.245:80 check
/etc/init.d/haproxy {start|stop|restart|status}
```

Load Balancing

Layer 7 Load Balancing

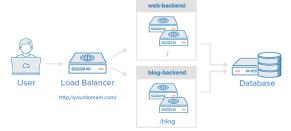


Figure: Load Balancing

GlusterFS

- GlusterFS is a clustered storage solution allows you to spread data in the context of a single application
- Other systems can operate on the file system level to ensure that data is copied to another location whenever it is written to disk
- Steps to be followed:
 - Configure DNS solution
 - Install server components
 - Create a storage volume
 - Install and configure client components
 - Restrict access to the volume
- This fails in a situation where all systems are available

XtreemFS

 Its a fault-tolerant distributed file system avails high-performance parallel access

Features:

- File Replication
- Elasticity & Scalability
- Cloud Storage
- Asynchronous MRC Backup
- Security
- Stripping

Packages required:

xtreemfs-server, xtreemfs-client and xtreemfs-utils We can add replica properties and permissions to the files using xtfutils command.



Figure: XtreemFS Features

XtreemFS Cont.

```
root@sunny-SVE15138YNB:/# cd datapoint/
root@sunny-SVE1513BYNB:/datapoint# echo "hello" > hello.txt
root@sunny-SVE1513BYNB:/datapoint# xtfsutil -r WoRg hello.txt
Changed replication policy to: WoRg
root@sunny-SVE1513BYNB:/datapoint# xtfsutil -a auto hello.txt
dded new replica on OSD: 282779e9-c1eb-414c-851e-448734d67f5d
root@sunny-SVE1513BYNB:/datapoint# xtfsutil hello.txt
Path (on volume)
                   /hello.txt
XtreemFS file Id
                   ad9fdd23-66ae-480a-86f1-e07d688bbc33:6
XtreemFS URL
                   pbrpc://osd1:32638/Data/hello.txt
                    file
Replication policy
                   WqRq
Vior version
Reolicas:
 Replica 1
   Striping policy
                       STRIPING POLICY RAIDS / 1 / 128kB
                       7f8e8a89-de67-4be8-9a68-a878eec28bb2 (osd1:32640)
 Replica 2
   Striping policy
                       STRIPING POLICY RAIDS / 1 / 128kB
                       282779e9-c1eb-414c-851e-448734d67f5d (osd2:32640)
```

Figure: XtreemFS Distrirbuted & Replicated Step

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- DOS Attacks on deployed Application
- Openstack Installation
- GlusterFS Replication

Additional Work

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- XtreemFS https://blog.headdesk.me/
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End

Thank you and Any Queries ?