### **Pharmacy Management System**

A Project Report Submitted

to

#### MANIPAL ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION

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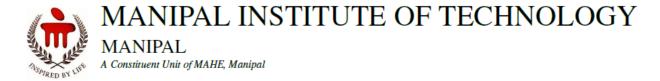
**Computer and Communication Engineering** 

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### **ABSTRACT**

The pharmacy management system designed by us is almost an exact replica of those we see on a day-to-day basis, only in terms of functionalities and automation. Essentially, a pharmacy management system is a software program that provides to customers, managers, and pharmacists alike, a consolidated platform to streamline all three sets of business operations.

Associated with the pharmacy management system are all the tasks normally performed at a tangible pharmacy- like customer billing, filling of prescriptions, and inventory management. Using this platform, all users benefit, in way of saving time, reduction of errors, and overall increase in the quality of patient and customer care.

Additionally, such platforms in general find it easier to comply with regulatory requirements, such as the Information Technology (Reasonable Security Practices and Sensitive Personal Data or Information) Rules, 2011 (establishing rules for the collection, usage, and disclosure of sensitive personal data, such as health information), and drug safety protocols.

Overall, a pharmacy management system is a powerful tool that helps pharmacies all over the globe operate in an efficient manner, under the umbrella of a consolidated medical dispensary system. One other benefit this has had on pharmacists and their supervisors alike is that it has freed them up to focus on providing personalized care to their customers, without having the profitability and success of the business taking a back seat.

#### [SDG]:

- 1. Industry, Innovation, and Infrastructure
- 2. Sustainable Cities and Communities
- 3. Responsible Consumption and Production

# **Table of Contents**

1.	List of Tables	1
	List of Figures	
	Introduction	
	Chapter 1: The Overview	
	Chapter 2: The Background	
	Chapter 3: The Problem Statement	
	Chapter 4: Data Design	
	Chapter 5: Methodology	
	Chapter 6: Results	
	References	

### **List of Tables**

Supplier (S ID, SName, SPhone, Scity)

Product (PName, <u>PCode</u>, S\_ID, Type, Unit, Price per unit, brand, expiry, dosage)

Pharmacist (P\_ID, PhName, PhPassword)

Customer (<u>C\_ID</u>, Cname, Cphone, CAddress, CDOB, Cpassword)

Stock (<u>Pcode</u>, <u>Shelf no</u>, P\_units) Purchase(<u>Pcode</u>, <u>S\_ID</u>, <u>P\_ID</u>, no of units, total price)

Sale (<u>SDate, C\_ID, P\_ID, PCode</u>, units\_num, Selling price)

Complaint (<u>P\_ID, Comp\_ID</u>, complaint)

Supervisor (Sup\_ID, SupName, SupPassword, EmployDate, SupDuration)

Purchase (<u>PCode, S\_ID, P\_ID</u>, No\_of\_units, Total\_price)

# **List of Figures**

- 1. Three-tier architecture
- 2. ER Diagram
- 3. Relational Schema

### The Introduction

The pharmacy management system is a consolidated platform consisting of pharmacists, their managers along with their end users, i.e., the customers.

Associated with the pharmacy management system are all the tasks normally performed at a tangible pharmacy- like customer billing, filling of prescriptions, and inventory management. Using this platform, all users benefit, in way of saving time, reduction of errors, and overall increase in the quality of patient and customer care.

### The Background

#### 2.1 The Role, Functionalities and Utility of the Pharmacy Management System

The Pharmacy Management system helps the organization streamline their end users into a particular format, under the umbrella organization of an online pharmacy.

- For their pharmacists, customer order, and stock access is given, so that they can place the necessary orders if the supply is running low, or fulfill outstanding orders placed by the customers via the same platform, but different interface.
- For supervisors, they can update the stocks, along with keep an eye on the pharmacists working under them. For the proper functioning of a large online pharmacy, multiple supervisors are required, to take care of stocks, pharmacists, and all complaints that are addressed to them regarding any aspect of the pharmacy.
- For the customers, they are the very basis of the pharmacy management system, without whom the system wouldn't operate. They can place orders for medicines as per their prescriptions, and shop for additional products, such as beauty, skin care and hair care products.

### The Problem Statement

#### 3.1 A Stepwise Analysis

- The software to be produced is for the Pharmacy Management System
- There are 3 modules:
  - 1. Customer
  - 2. Supervisor
  - 3. Pharmacist
- The first plan of action is to register new users and pharmacists if they don't already have an account on the online Pharmacy portal.
- The customer is at liberty to place orders for both OTC and prescribed drugs, along with any and all supplementary products, such as beauty, haircare, and skincare products.
- The task of the pharmacist is to fulfill all pending orders at the earliest. Additionally, their job is to keep an eye on the stocks, to make sure it doesn't dip below a certain level. If medicine stocks are low, they place an order for new supplies.
- The role of the supervisor is to manage all pharmacists. This means that he keeps an eye on their functioning and details. Additionally, they look at the lodged complaints and resolve them to the best of their ability.

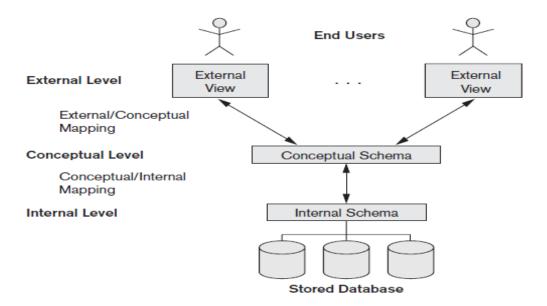
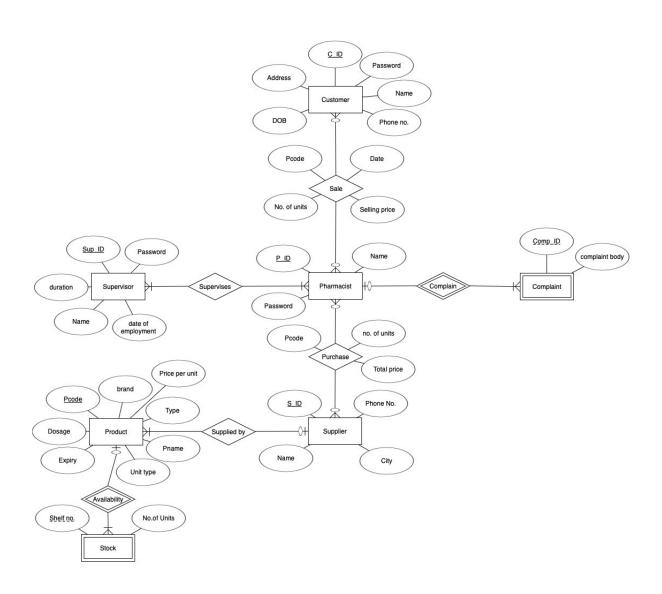


Figure 1.1: Three Tier Architecture

# **Data Design**

### **4.1 Entity-Relational Model:**



### 4.2 Relational Schema:

Supplier(S\_ID, SName, SPhone, Scity)

Product(PName, PCode, S\_ID, Type, Unit, Price per unit, brand, expiry, dosage)

Pharmacist(P\_ID, PhName, PhPassword)

Customer(C\_ID, Cname, Cphone, CAddress, CDOB, Cpassword)

Stock(<u>Pcode</u>, <u>Shelf no</u>, P\_units) Purchase(<u>Pcode</u>, <u>S ID</u>, <u>P ID</u>, no of units, total price)

Sale(SDate, C\_ID, P\_ID, PCode, units\_num, Selling price)

Complaint(P\_ID, Comp\_ID, complaint)

Supervisor(Sup\_ID, SupName, SupPassword, EmployDate, SupDuration)

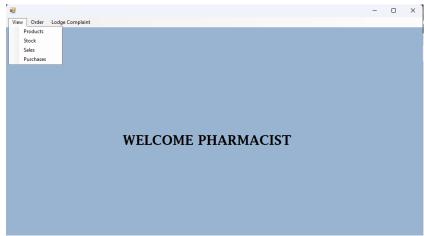
## The Methodology

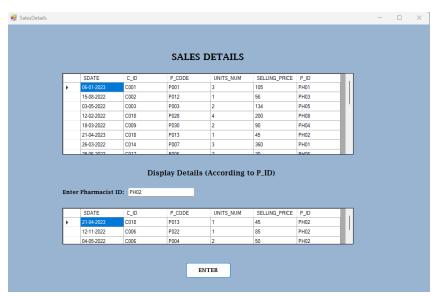
#### **5.1 Implementation Process**

- 1. The first step was to enable any of the three module's users to access their respective interfaces via logging into the portal, by using their viable credentials.
- 2. As a pharmacist, they have access to all their customers' orders, which they can fulfill in their orders section. Additionally, they can order a new shipment of their stocks if they see that its current level is low.
- 3. As a customer, they can place orders for drugs either prescribed to them, or if they have any common ailments, they can order over the counter (OTC) medicines. Additionally, if they have any cosmetic needs to fulfill, they can shop at the pharmacy's skincare, haircare and beauty section.
- 4. As a supervisor, their job is to overlook the activities of the pharmacists under them. Additionally, they can replenish their stocks and resolve any complaints sent by the pharmacists.

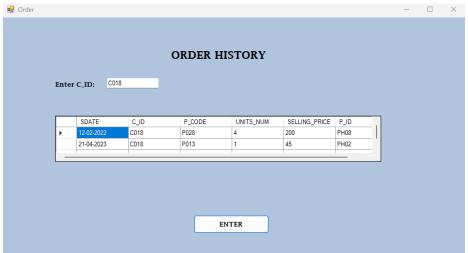
The following three pages consist of some screenshots of our User Interface of the Pharmacy Management System.

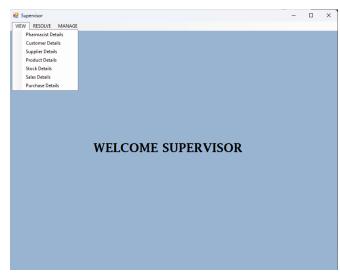


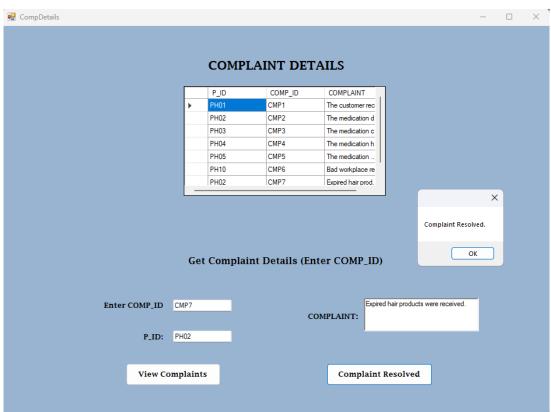












### **Result and Conclusion**

- -The project requires a manager/supervisor to keep track of all the happenings inside the online pharmacy management portal. This project fulfills just that.
- -Additionally, the customers can get a quality shopping experience, because not only does the portal provide medicines and other drugs, but also other supplementary care products. We have seen the implementation of this platform to do just that.
- -The pharmacists have a consolidated view of all their work inside the pharmacist interface, which allows them to carry out their job seamlessly. We have seen the platform do exactly that.

#### **CONCLUSION:**

The Pharmacy Management System simulation as created by the people mentioned on this project have fulfilled all requirements of such, barring actual financial transactions.

## References

- [1] Database Systems Lab Manual
- [2] Database Systems Concepts, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, A. Silberchatz, Henry F. Korth and Sudarshan
- [1] https://www.niti.gov.in/verticals/sustainable-dev-goals