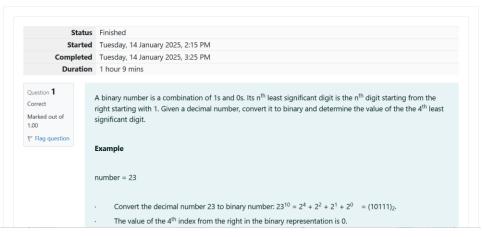
# GE23131-Programming Using C-2024





#### **Function Description**

Complete the function fourthBit in the editor below.

fourthBit has the following parameter(s):

int number: a decimal integer

Returns:

int: an integer 0 or 1 matching the 4th least significant digit in the binary representation of number.

#### **Constraints**

 $0 \le \text{number} < 2^{31}$ 

# **Input Format for Custom Testing**

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

# Sample Case 1

# Sample Input 1

```
STDIN Function
-----
77 → number = 77
```

# Sample Output 1

1

# **Explanation 1**

- · Convert the decimal number 77 to binary number:  $77_{10} = (1001101)_2$ .
- The value of the 4th index from the right in the binary representation is 1.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
Reset answer
 1 v
 2
        Complete the 'fourthBit' function below.
 3
     * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
 4
      * The function accepts INTEGER number as parameter.
 5
 6
 7
     int fourthBit(int number)
 8
 9 🔻
     {
10
         int binary[32];
         int i=0;
11
12
         while(number>0)
13 🔻
 14
             binary[i]=number%2;
15
             number/=2;
             i++;
16
17
         if(i>=4)
18
19 🔻
         {
20
             return binary[3];
21
22
         else
23
         return 0;
    }
 24
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
<b>~</b>	<pre>printf("%d", fourthBit(32))</pre>	0	0	~
~	<pre>printf("%d", fourthBit(77))</pre>	1	1	~

Determine the factors of a number (i.e., all positive integer values that evenly divide into a number) and then

return the  $p^{th}$  element of the list, sorted ascending. If there is no  $p^{th}$  element, return 0.

#### Correct Marked out of 1.00

Question  ${\bf 2}$ 

Example

Flag question

n = 20 p = 3

The factors of 20 in ascending order are  $\{1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20\}$ . Using 1-based indexing, if p = 3, then 4 is returned. If p > 6, 0 would be returned.

### **Function Description**

Complete the function pthFactor in the editor below.

pthFactor has the following parameter(s):

int n: the integer whose factors are to be found

int p: the index of the factor to be returned

#### Returns:

int: the long integer value of the  $p^{th}$  integer factor of n or, if there is no factor at that index, then 0 is returned

#### **Constraints**

$$1 \le n \le 10^{15}$$

$$1 \le p \le 10^9$$

Input Format for Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the function.

The first line contains an integer n, the number to factor.

The second line contains an integer p, the 1-based index of the factor to return.

# Sample Case 0

#### Sample Input 0

$$10 \rightarrow n = 10$$

$$3 \rightarrow p = 3$$

# Sample Output 0

5

#### **Explanation 0**

Factoring n = 10 results in  $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$ . Return the  $p = 3^{rd}$  factor, 5, as the answer.

# Sample Case 1

# Sample Input 1

```
STDIN Function

10 \rightarrow n = 10

\rightarrow p = 5
```

# Sample Output 1

0

# **Explanation 1**

Factoring n = 10 results in  $\{1, 2, 5, 10\}$ . There are only 4 factors and p = 5, therefore 0 is returned as the answer.

# Sample Case 2

# Sample Input 2

```
STDIN Function

1 \rightarrow n = 1

1 \rightarrow p = 1
```

# Sample Output 2

1

# **Explanation 2**

Factoring n = 1 results in {1}. The p = 1st factor of 1 is returned as the answer.

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
 Reset answer
  1 | /*
       * Complete the 'pthFactor' function below.
   2
   3
       * The function is expected to return a LONG_INTEGER.
   4
   5
       * The function accepts following parameters:
       * 1. LONG_INTEGER n
* 2. LONG_INTEGER p
   6
   7
   8
   9
  10 long pthFactor(long n, long p)
  11 🔻 {
  12
          int count=0;
  13
         for(long i=1;i<=n;++i)</pre>
  14 🔻
              if(n%i==0)
  15
  16 ▼
              {
  17
                   count++;
  18
                  if(count==p)
  19 🔻
  20
                      return i;
  21
  22
  23
  24
          return 0;
  25 }
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 3))</pre>	5	5	~
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(10, 5))</pre>	0	0	~
~	<pre>printf("%ld", pthFactor(1, 1))</pre>	1	1	~

Passed all tests! ✓

Finish review