

```
13521869
Sample Output 1
555889
For example:
Input
                    Result
                    5 5 5 8 8 9
1 3 5 2 1 8 6 9
                    77599985
3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
      #include<stdio.h>
      int main()
   2
   3 ₹ {
          int n,k;
scanf("%d",&n);
   4
   5
           int arr[n];
   6
```

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>

```
8 🔻
             scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
 9
        }
10
11
        scanf("%d",&k);
        for(int a=0;a<=n-k;a++)</pre>
12
13 🔻
14
             int max=arr[a];
             for(int b=a;b<a+k;b++)</pre>
15
16 🔻
17
                 if(arr[b]>max)
18 v
                 {
                     max=arr[b];
19
20
21
             printf("%d ",max);
22
23
24 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	8 1 3 5 2 1 8 6 9 3	5 5 5 8 8 9	5 5 5 8 8 9	~
~	10 3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2	7 7 5 9 9 9 8 5	7 7 5 9 9 9 8 5	~

3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2 3

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 1.00

Flag question

Given an array and a threshold value find the output.

Input: {5,8,10,13,6,2}

Threshold = 3

Output count = 17

Explanation:

Number	Parts	Counts
5	{3,2}	2
8	{3,3,2}	3
10	{3,3,3,1}	4
13	{3,3,3,3,1}	5
6	{3,3}	2
2	{2}	1
Input Format		

```
N - no of elements in an array
Array of elements
Threshold value
Output Format
Display the count
Sample Input 1
6
5 8 10 13 6 2
3
Sample Output 1
17
```

For example:

Input	Result
6 5 8 10 13 6 2 3	17
7 20 35 57 30 56 87 30	33

```
Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)
   1 #include<stdio.h>
   2 int main()
   3 ₹ {
           int n,t,count=0;
scanf("%d",&n);
   4
   5
   6
           int arr[n];
           for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
   7
   8 v
               scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
   9
   10
           scanf("%d",&t);
   11
           for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
   12
   13 v
   14
                while(arr[j]>0)
   15 ₹
  16
                    arr[j]-=t;
                    count++;
   17
   18
   19
           printf("%d",count);
   20
   21 }
```

Input Expected Got
✓ 6 5 8 10 13 6 2 3
7 20 35 57 30 56 87 30 10 33 33 ✓

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 1.00
Flag question

Output is a merged array without duplicates.

Input Format

N1 - no of elements in array 1

Array elements for array 1

N2 - no of elements in array 2

Array elements for array2

Output Format

Display the merged array

Sample Input 1

5

12369

4

2 4 5 10

Sample Output 1

1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10

For example:

Input	Result				
5	1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10				
1 2 3 6 9					
4					
2 4 5 10					

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 * {
```

```
3 ₹ {
 4
         int a,b;
         scanf("%d",&a);
 5
 6
         int arr1[a];
 7
         for(int i=0;i<a;i++)</pre>
         scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
scanf("%d",&b);
 8
9
         int arr2[b];
10
11
         for (int i=0;i<b;i++)</pre>
         scanf("%d",&arr2[i]);
12
13
         int p=0,q=0;
14
         while((p<a)&&(q<b))</pre>
15 v
16
             if(arr1[p]<arr2[q])</pre>
17 v
                  printf("%d ",arr1[p]);
18
19
                 p++;
20
             }
21
             else if(arr1[p]>arr2[q])
22 🔻
             {
23
                 printf("%d ",arr2[q]);
24
                 q++;
25
             }
26
             else
27 ▼
             {
                 printf("%d ",arr2[q]);
28
29
                 p++;
30
                 q++;
31
             }
32
```

```
33 | for(int j=p;j<a;j++)
34 v | {
35 | printf("%d ",arr1[j]);
36 | }
37 | for (int j=q;j<b;j++)
38 v | {
39 | printf("%d ",arr2[j]);
40 | }
41 | }
```

Finish review