

Interpretation of Prediction Results (GAD_T - Generalized Anxiety Disorder Score)

Predicted GAD_T Values:

[7.76, 2.00, 5.16, 17.40, 0.00]

Meaning of GAD_T:

The Generalized Anxiety Disorder Score (GAD_T) is used to assess an individual's anxiety level, typically ranging from 0 to 21, where higher scores indicate more severe anxiety.

Results Analysis:

7.76 (Mild Anxiety): This suggests a tendency toward anxiety, but it may not significantly impact daily life.

2.00 (No or Minimal Anxiety): Indicates a very low level of anxiety, likely not affecting well-being.

5.16 (Mild Anxiety): Close to the normal range, though occasional anxious feelings may occur.

17.40 (Severe Anxiety): This score indicates significant anxiety, possibly requiring professional support.

0.00 (No Anxiety): Completely normal, suggesting no signs of anxiety.

Overall Interpretation:

Wide variation in anxiety levels among different users, ranging from no anxiety (0.00) to severe anxiety (17.40).

The predictions align with the GAD-7 scoring system:

0-4: Normal

5-9: Mild Anxiety

10-14: Moderate Anxiety

15-21: Severe Anxiety

The predicted values are continuous rather than whole numbers, indicating that the model has learned subtle variations in anxiety levels.

Key Findings:

GAD_T is primarily determined by the 7 items of the GAD-7 scale, which is expected.

Non-GAD-related variables (such as gaming hours or streaming habits) have minimal influence, meaning the model relies mainly on the GAD-7 responses for predictions.

Features with Minimal Impact:

Gaming hours ("Hours") – Extremely small effect (0.094%)

Whether the user streams games ("streams") – Minimal effect (0.079%)

Country of residence ("Residence_ISO3") – Almost no impact (0.065%)

The model effectively captures generalized anxiety levels based on the GAD-7 survey, with external factors like gaming time, streaming, and geography having little to no influence.