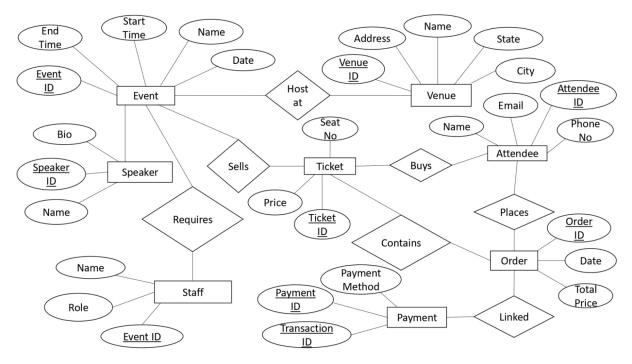
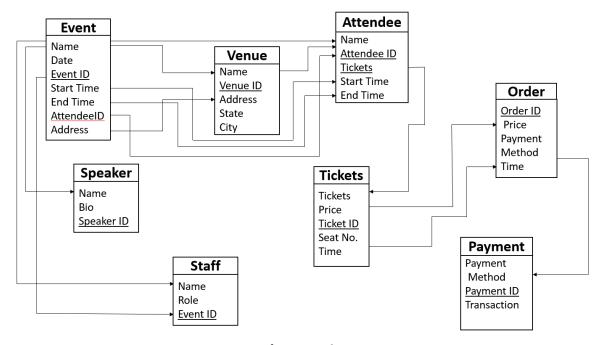
1.Draw an ER diagram and EER diagram and convert it into relational database and draw schema diagram.



Entity-Relationship Model



Schema Diagram

2. Write and execute basic SQL query- create, alter, insert, update and delete. (instructor should frame appropriate problem definition).

INSERT INTO statements add dummy data.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Venue (
         Venue_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
         Name VARCHAR2(255),
         Address VARCHAR2(255),
         State VARCHAR2(100),
         City VARCHAR2(100)
Table created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Venue VALUES (1, 'Lotus Convention Center', 'MG Road, Sector 14', 'Maharashtra', 'Pune');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Venue VALUES (2, 'Nehru Indoor Stadium', 'Mount Road, Egmore', 'Tamil Nadu', 'Chennai');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Venue VALUES (3, 'Birla Auditorium', 'Statue Circle, C-Scheme', 'Rajasthan', 'Jaipur');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Venue VALUES (4, 'Indira Gandhi Arena', 'IP Estate', 'Delhi', 'New Delhi');
1 row created.
SQL>
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Event (
2 Event_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
3 Name VARCHAR2(255),
                   Event_Date DATE,
Start_Time TIMESTAMP,
End_Time TIMESTAMP,
    5
                    Address VARCHAR2(255),
                    Venue_ID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (Venue_ID) REFERENCES Venue(Venue_ID)
    8
    9
  10
          );
Table created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Event VALUES (
2   101, 'Tech Expo 2025',
3   TO_DATE('2025-05-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
4   TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-05-10 10:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
5   TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-05-10 17:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
                'MG Road, Sector 14', 1
1 row created.
SOL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Event VALUES (
2    102, 'Startup Summit',
3    TO_DATE('2025-06-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
4    TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-06-15 09:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
5    TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-06-15 18:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
                'Mount Road, Egmore', 2
           );
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO Event VALUES (
             102, 'Startup Summit',
TO_DATE('2025-06-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-06-15 09:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-06-15 18:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
   2
    5
    6
              'Mount Road, Egmore', 2
         );
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Event VALUES (
             103, 'Cultural Fest',
TO_DATE('2025-07-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-07-20 14:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-07-20 22:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
'Statue Circle, C-Scheme', 3
    6
         );
1 row created.
SOL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Event VALUES (
             104, 'AI Symposium',
TO_DATE('2025-08-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-08-10 11:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-08-10 16:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
    2
              'IP Estate', 4
    6
         );
    7
1 row created.
SQL>
```

```
SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Attendee VALUES (
    2    203, 'Sneha Iyer',
    3    TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-07-20 14:10:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
    4    TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-07-20 21:50:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS')
    5  );

1 row created.

SQL>
SQL> INSERT INTO Attendee VALUES (
    2    204, 'Rahul Mehta',
    3    TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-08-10 11:20:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'),
    4    TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-08-10 15:50:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS')
    5  );

1 row created.

SQL> |
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Order_Details (
2    Order_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
3    Price DECIMAL(10,2),
4    Payment_Method VARCHAR2(100),
5    Order_Time TIMESTAMP
6 );

Table created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Order_Details VALUES (401, 500.00, 'UPI', TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-05-09 15:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'));
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Order_Details VALUES (402, 900.00, 'Credit Card', TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-06-14 11:45:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'));
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Order_Details VALUES (403, 700.00, 'Net Banking', TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-07-18 17:20:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'));
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Order_Details VALUES (404, 650.00, 'Debit Card', TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-08-09 13:10:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'));
1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO Order_Details VALUES (404, 650.00, 'Debit Card', TO_TIMESTAMP('2025-08-09 13:10:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS'));
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Payment (
         Payment_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
Payment_Method VARCHAR2(100),
  2
3
          Transaction VARCHAR2(255),
  Д
         Order_ID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (Order_ID) REFERENCES Order_Details(Order_ID)
  5
     );
Table created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (501, 'UPI', 'TXN123456UPI', 401);
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (502, 'Credit Card', 'TXN789101CC', 402);
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (503, 'Net Banking', 'TXN654321NB', 403);
SQL> INSERT INTO Payment VALUES (504, 'Debit Card', 'TXN098765DC', 404);
1 row created.
SQL>
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE Staff (
         Staff_ID INT PRIMARY KEY,
  2
         Name VARCHAR2(255),
  3
         Role VARCHAR2(100),
 4
         Event_ID INT,
FOREIGN KEY (Event_ID) REFERENCES Event(Event_ID)
  7);
Table created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Staff VALUES (701, 'Priya Deshmukh', 'Coordinator', 101);
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Staff VALUES (702, 'Sahil Joshi', 'Technician', 102);
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Staff VALUES (703, 'Neha Bansal', 'Event Manager', 103);
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO Staff VALUES (704, 'Aditya Kapoor', 'Logistics Head', 104);
1 row created.
SQL>
```

SQL> SELECT * FROM Venue;
VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
1 Lotus Convention Center MG Road, Sector 14
VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
Maharashtra Pune
VENUE_ID

VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
Nehru Indoor Stadium Mount Road, Egmore
VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
Tamil Nadu Chennai
VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
3 Birla Auditorium Statue Circle, C-Scheme
VENUE_ID

```
3
Birla Auditorium
Statue Circle, C-Scheme
 VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
Rajasthan
Jaipur
 VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
          4
4
Indira Gandhi Arena
IP Estate
 VENUE_ID
NAME
ADDRESS
STATE
CITY
Delhi
New Delhi
```

Table 1: Venue

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Event;
 EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
     101
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
Tech Expo 2025
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
10-MAY-25
```

EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
10-MAY-25 10.00.00.000000 AM
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
10-MAY-25 05.00.00.000000 PM
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
MG Road, Sector 14

EVENT_ID	
NAME	
EVENT_DAT	
START_TIME	
END_TIME	
ADDRESS	
VENUE_ID	
1	
EVENT_ID	
NAME	
EVENT_DAT	
START_TIME	
END_TIME	
ADDRESS	
VENUE_ID	
EVENT_ID	
NAME	
EVENT_DAT	
START_TIME	
END_TIME	
ADDRESS	
VENUE_ID	
192	

EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
20-JUL-25 02.00.00.00000 PM
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
20-JUL-25 10.00.00.000000 PM
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
Statue Circle, C-Scheme
EVENT_ID

```
10-AUG-25 04.00.00.000000 PM
 EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
 VENUE_ID
IP Estate
 EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
VENUE_ID
EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
 VENUE_ID
```

Table 2: Event

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Attendee;
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
START_TIME
END_TIME
Riya Sharma
10-MAY-25 10.15.00.000000 AM
10-MAY-25 04.45.00.000000 PM
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
START_TIME
END_TIME
Aman Verma
15-JUN-25 09.30.00.000000 AM
15-JUN-25 05.30.00.0000000 PM
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
START_TIME
END_TIME
203
Sneha Iyer
```

```
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
START_TIME
END_TIME
        203
Sneha Iyer
20-JUL-25 02.10.00.000000 PM
20-JUL-25 09.50.00.000000 PM
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
START_TIME
END_TIME
       204
Rahul Mehta
10-AUG-25 11.20.00.000000 AM
10-AUG-25 03.50.00.000000 PM
SQL>
```

Table 3: Attendee

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Tickets;
TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT
                       PRICE
SEAT_NO
EVENT_TIME
ATTENDEE_ID
      301
                      1
                               500
A12
10-MAY-25 10.15.00.000000 AM
201
TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT
                            PRICE
SEAT_NO
EVENT_TIME
ATTENDEE_ID
   302
                               900
B7
15-JUN-25 09.30.00.000000 AM
        202
TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT PRICE
SEAT_NO
EVENT_TIME
ATTENDEE_ID
      303
                             700
```

```
302
                      2
                                900
B7
15-JUN-25 09.30.00.000000 AM
        202
 TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT
                             PRICE
SEAT_NO
EVENT_TIME
ATTENDEE_ID
       303
                                700
                      1
C3
20-JUL-25 02.10.00.000000 PM
        203
TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT
                             PRICE
SEAT_NO
EVENT_TIME
ATTENDEE_ID
       304
                                650
                      1
D4
10-AUG-25 11.20.00.000000 AM
        204
SQL>
```

Table 4: Tickets

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Order_Details;
 ORDER_ID PRICE
PAYMENT_METHOD
ORDER_TIME
      401
                 500
UPT
09-MAY-25 03.30.00.000000 PM
402 900
Credit Card
14-JUN-25 11.45.00.000000 AM
                  900
 ORDER_ID
               PRICE
PAYMENT_METHOD
ORDER_TIME
       403
                  700
Net Banking
18-JUL-25 05.20.00.000000 PM
       404
                  650
Debit Card
 ORDER_ID
               PRICE
PAYMENT_METHOD
ORDER_TIME
```

```
502
Credit Card
TXN789101CC
       402
PAYMENT_ID
PAYMENT_METHOD
TRANSACTION
 ORDER_ID
       503
Net Banking
TXN654321NB
       403
PAYMENT_ID
PAYMENT_METHOD
TRANSACTION
  ORDER_ID
       504
Debit Card
TXN098765DC
       404
SQL>
```

Table 5: Order_Details

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Payment;
PAYMENT_ID
PAYMENT_METHOD
TRANSACTION
 ORDER_ID
      501
UPI
TXN123456UPI
401
PAYMENT_ID
PAYMENT_METHOD
TRANSACTION
 ORDER_ID
      502
Credit Card
TXN789101CC
      402
PAYMENT_ID
```

```
PAYMENT_ID
PAYMENT_METHOD
TRANSACTION
  ORDER_ID
       503
Net Banking
TXN654321NB
       403
PAYMENT_ID
PAYMENT_METHOD
TRANSACTION
 ORDER_ID
       504
Debit Card
TXN098765DC
       404
SQL>
```

Table 6: Payment

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Speaker;
SPEAKER_ID
NAME
віо
Dr. Arjun Malhotra
Renowned tech speaker and co-founder of HCL.
602
Ms. Kavita Reddy
Entrepreneur and founder of a successful start-up ecosystem.
SPEAKER_ID
NAME
віо
        603
Mr. Raghav Nair
Classical dancer and culture promoter.
        604
Dr. Meera Joshi
SPEAKER_ID
NAME
віо
```

Table 7: Speaker

SQL> SELECT * FROM Staff;
STAFF_ID
NAME
ROLE
EVENT_ID
701 Priya Deshmukh Coordinator 101
STAFF_ID
NAME
ROLE
EVENT_ID
TO2 Sahil Joshi Technician 102
STAFF_ID
NAME
ROLE

```
702
Sahil Joshi
Technician
102

STAFF_ID

NAME

ROLE

EVENT_ID

703
Neha Bansal
Event Manager
103

STAFF_ID

NAME

ROLE

EVENT_ID

704
Aditya Kapoor
Logistics Head
104
```

3.Write and execute SQL functions- aggregate, numeric, date, string, and conversion.

```
SQL> SELECT Event_ID, EXTRACT(YEAR FROM Event_Date) AS Event_Year FROM Event;

EVENT_ID EVENT_YEAR

1 2025

SQL> SELECT Order_ID, Order_Time, Order_Time + INTERVAL '10' DAY AS New_Order_Time FROM Order_Details;

ORDER_ID

ORDER_IME

NEW_ORDER_TIME

1 0-JUN-25 02.00.00.00000000 PM

SQL> SELECT e.Event_ID, e.Event_Date, o.Order_Time,
2 e.Event_Date - CAST(o.Order_Time AS DATE) AS Days_To_Event
3 FROM Event e, Order_Details o;

EVENT_ID EVENT_DAT

ORDER_TIME

DAYS_TO_EVENT

DAYS_TO_EVENT

1 15-JUN-25
```

```
DAYS_TO_EVENT

1 15-JUN-25

10-JUN-25 02.00.00.000000 PM

4.41666667

SQL> SELECT UPPER(Name) AS Uppercase_Name FROM Attendee;

UPPERCASE_NAME

JOHNATHAN DOE

SQL> SELECT LOWER(Name) AS Lowercase_Name FROM Speaker;

LOWERCASE_NAME

dr. alice smith

SQL> SELECT Name, LENGTH(Name) AS Name_Length FROM Attendee;

NAME

NAME

NAME_LENGTH

JOHNATHAN DOE
```

```
SQL> SELECT TO_CHAR(Price, '9999.99') AS Price_String FROM Tickets;

PRICE_ST
______
55.00

SQL> SELECT TO_DATE('2025-02-09', 'YYYY-MM-DD') AS Formatted_Date FROM dual;

FORMATTED
______
09-FEB-25

SQL> SELECT TO_NUMBER('12345') AS Converted_Number FROM dual;

CONVERTED_NUMBER
______
12345
```

4. Write and execute SQL queries- Operators (and, or, not, like, between, in)

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Attendee

2 WHERE Start_Time > TIMESTAMP '2025-06-15 09:00:00'

3 AND End_Time < TIMESTAMP '2025-06-15 17:00:00';

ATTENDEE_ID

------
NAME

-----START_TIME

END_TIME

1

Johnathan Doe
15-JUN-25 09.30.00.000000 AM
15-JUN-25 04.30.00.000000 PM
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Tickets
2 WHERE Price > 50
3 OR Discount > 5;
TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT
                            PRICE
SEAT_NO
EVENT_TIME
ATTENDEE_ID DISCOUNT
         1
                          55
                    1
Α1
15-JUN-25 09.30.00.000000 AM
SQL> SELECT * FROM Attendee
  2 WHERE Name NOT LIKE 'Johnathan Doe';
no rows selected
SQL> SELECT * FROM Event
  2 WHERE Name LIKE '%Summit%';
  EVENT_ID
NAME
EVENT_DAT
START_TIME
END_TIME
ADDRESS
  VENUE_ID
            1
```

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM Tickets
   2 WHERE Price BETWEEN 30 AND 100;
 TICKET_ID TICKET_COUNT PRICE
 SEAT_NO
 EVENT_TIME
 ATTENDEE_ID DISCOUNT
                                  55
 A1
 15-JUN-25 09.30.00.000000 AM
           1
SQL> SELECT * FROM Order_Details
 2 WHERE Payment_Method IN ('Credit Card', 'PayPal');
 ORDER_ID PRICE
PAYMENT_METHOD
ORDER_TIME
                 50
Credit Card
10-JUN-25 02.00.00.000000 PM
```

5. Write and execute SQL queries- subqueries, joins.

```
SQL> SELECT A.Attendee_ID, A.Name, T.Ticket_ID, T.Price, T.Seat_No
     FROM Attendee A
     JOIN Tickets T ON A.Attendee_ID = T.Attendee_ID;
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
 TICKET_ID
                  PRICE SEAT_NO
           1
John Doe
                     50 A1
           2
Jane Smith
                     75 B2
          2
ATTENDEE_ID
NAME
 TICKET_ID
                  PRICE SEAT_NO
SQL> SELECT Name FROM Attendee
 2 WHERE Attendee_ID IN (SELECT Attendee_ID FROM Tickets WHERE Price > 40.00);
NAME
John Doe
Jane Smith
SQL>
SQL> SELECT 0.Order_ID, 0.Price, 0.Payment_Method, 0.Order_Time, P.Transaction
  2 FROM Order_Details 0
  3 JOIN Payment P ON O.Order_ID = P.Order_ID;
  ORDER_ID
               PRICE
PAYMENT_METHOD
ORDER_TIME
TRANSACTION
        1
                  50
Credit Card
10-JUN-25 02.00.00.000000 PM
TXN123456
```

```
SQL> SELECT Name, Role
 2 FROM Staff
 3 WHERE Event_ID = (SELECT Event_ID FROM Event WHERE Name = 'Tech Summit');
NAME
ROLE
David Brown
Coordinator
SQL>
SQL> SELECT Price, Payment_Method, Order_Time
     FROM Order_Details
     WHERE Order_ID IN (
  4
          SELECT Order_ID
  5
         FROM Payment
         WHERE Order_ID IN (
  6
  7
              SELECT Ticket_ID
  8
              FROM Tickets
  9
              WHERE Attendee_ID = (
                   SELECT Attendee_ID
 10
                  FROM Attendee
 11
 12
                  WHERE Name = 'John Doe'
 13
 14
         )
 15
    );
     PRICE
PAYMENT_METHOD
ORDER_TIME
         50
Credit Card
10-JUN-25 02.00.00.000000 PM
```

6. Write and execute basic PI/SQL programs - simple program, condition statements and loops.

```
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> DECLARE
       grade CHAR(1);
  2
 3
     BEGIN
 4
       grade := 'B';
  5
  6
       IF grade = 'A' THEN
  7
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Excellent');
 8
       ELSIF grade = 'B' THEN
 9
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Very Good');
       ELSIF grade = 'C' THEN
10
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Good');
11
       ELSIF grade = 'D' THEN
 12
         DBMS_OUTPUT. PUT_LINE('Fair');
13
       ELSIF grade = 'F' THEN
14
15
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Poor');
16
       ELSE
17
         DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No such grade');
18
       END IF;
19
     END;
20
Very Good
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

7. Write and execute PI/SQL function to print /return binary equivalent of decimal number.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION decimal_to_binary (dec_num IN NUMBER) RETURN VARCHAR2 IS
           binary_result VARCHAR2(100) := '';
num NUMBER := dec_num;
  4
           remainder NUMBER;
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
      BEGIN
           IF num = 0 THEN
                 RETURN '0';
           END IF;
            WHILE num > 0 LOOP
                 remainder := MOD(num, 2);
binary_result := remainder || binary_result;
num := TRUNC(num / 2);
            END LOOP;
            RETURN binary_result;
      END;
Function created.
SQL> SELECT decimal_to_binary(10) FROM dual;
DECIMAL_TO_BINARY(10)
1010
SQL>
```

8. Write and execute PL/SQL procedure to transfer fund from one account to another.

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE bank_account (
2 account_no NUMBER PRIMARY MEY,
3 account_notabler VARCHAR2(180),
4 balance NUMBER CHECK (balance >= 0)
5 );

Table created.

SQL> INSERT INTO bank_account VALUES (101, 'Alice', 5000);

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO bank_account VALUES (102, 'Bob', 3000);

1 row created.

SQL> COMNIT;

Commit complete.

SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE transfer_funds (
2 sender_acct IN NUMBER,
4 transfer_amount IN NUMBER,
5 a receiver_acct IN NUMBER,
5 years accedured to the sender account with the sender account in Number,
6 sender_balance NUMBER;
7 BEGIN
8 SELECT balance NUMBER;
9 SELECT balance < transfer_amount THEN
11 RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20001, 'Insufficient funds in sender account');
12 END IF;
13 UPDATE bank_account SET balance = balance - transfer_amount WHERE account_no = sender_acct;
10 COMNIT;
11 COMNIT;
12 COMNIT;
13 UPDATE bank_account SET balance = balance + transfer_amount WHERE account_no = receiver_acct;
16 COMNIT;
17 COMNIT;
18 UPDATE bank_account SET balance = balance + transfer_amount WHERE account_no = receiver_acct;
18 UPDATE bank_account SET balance = balance + transfer_amount WHERE account_no = receiver_acct;
19 COMNIT;
20 DBMS_OUTPUT_PUT_LINE('Transaction successful! '|| transfer_amount || 'transfer_amount || 'transfer_amount || 'transfer_acct|| 'to '|| receiver_acct);
21 END EXCEPTION
22 RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20002, 'One or both accounts do not exist');
23 WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN
24 ROLLBACK;
25 WHEN OTHERS THEN
```

```
EXCEPTION

WHEN NO_DATA_FOUND THEN

RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20002, 'One or both accounts do not exist');
 21
22
23
24
25
26
27
          WHEN OTHERS THEN
ROLLBACK;
RAISE_APPLICATION_ERROR(-20003, 'Transaction failed due to an unexpected error');
      END;
Procedure created.
SQL> SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
SQL> BEGIN
2 transfer_funds(1)
3 END;
           transfer_funds(101, 102, 1000);
Transaction successful! 1000 transferred from 101 to 102
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> SELECT * FROM bank_account;
ACCOUNT_NO
ACCOUNT_HOLDER
   BALANCE
       4000
        102
Bob
       4000
ACCOUNT_NO
ACCOUNT_HOLDER
   BALANCE
```

9. Write and execute triggers using PL/SQL.

```
SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.4.0 Production on Mon Apr 14 14:47:48 2025
Copyright (c) 1982, 2013, Oracle. All rights reserved.
Enter user-name: scott
Enter password:
Oracle Database 11g Enterprise Edition Release 11.2.0.4.0 — 64bit Production With the Partitioning, OLAP, Data Mining and Real Application Testing options
SQL> -- Step 1: Drop tables if they already exist (optional, safe for re-run)
SQL> BEGIN
          EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'DROP TABLE emp_audit';
     EXCEPTION
          WHEN OTHERS THEN NULL;
  4
     END:
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> BEGIN
          EXECUTE IMMEDIATE 'DROP TABLE employees';
  2
     EXCEPTION
WHEN OTHERS THEN NULL;
  4
     END;
  5
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> -- Step 2: Create main table
SQL> CREATE TABLE employees (
          emp_id NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
           emp_name VARCHAR2(100),
           emp_salary NUMBER
  4
     );
  5
Table created.
SOL>
SQL> -- Step 3: Create audit table
SQL> CREATE TABLE emp_audit (
           emp_id NUMBER,
           emp_name VARCHAR2(100),
           action_date DATE,
action_type VARCHAR2(20)
  4
  5
     );
  6
Table created.
SQL> -- Step 4: Create AFTER INSERT trigger
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_emp_after_insert
  2 AFTER INSERT ON employees
     FOR EACH ROW
     BEGIN
           INSERT INTO emp_audit (emp_id, emp_name, action_date, action_type)
VALUES (:NEW.emp_id, :NEW.emp_name, SYSDATE, 'INSERT');
  6
     END;
  7
  8
Trigger created.
```

```
SQL> -- Step 5: Create BEFORE UPDATE trigger
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_emp_before_update
2 BEFORE UPDATE ON employees
     FOR EACH ROW
     BEGIN
          INSERT INTO emp_audit (emp_id, emp_name, action_date, action_type)
VALUES (:OLD.emp_id, :OLD.emp_name, SYSDATE, 'UPDATE');
  6
     END;
  8
Trigger created.
SQL> -- Step 6: Create BEFORE DELETE trigger
SQL> CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_emp_before_delete
2 BEFORE DELETE ON employees
     FOR EACH ROW
          INSERT INTO emp_audit (emp_id, emp_name, action_date, action_type)
VALUES (:OLD.emp_id, :OLD.emp_name, SYSDATE, 'DELETE');
     END;
Trigger created.
SQL> -- Step 7: Insert a record
SQL> INSERT INTO employees (emp_id, emp_name, emp_salary)
2 VALUES (101, 'Aarav', 55000);
1 row created.
SQL> -- Step 8: Update the record
SQL> UPDATE employees
        SET emp_salary = 60000
WHERE emp_id = 101;
   3
1 row updated.
SQL>
SQL> -- Step 9: Delete the record
SQL> DELETE FROM employees
        WHERE emp_id = 101;
1 row deleted.
SOL>
SQL> -- Step 10: View the audit log
SQL> SELECT * FROM emp_audit;
       EMP_ID
EMP_NAME
ACTION_DA ACTION_TYPE
            101
Aarav
14-APR-25 INSERT
            101
Aarav
14-APR-25 UPDATE
```

```
SQL> -- Step 10: View the audit log
SQL> SELECT * FROM emp_audit;
    EMP_ID
EMP_NAME
ACTION_DA ACTION_TYPE
       101
Aarav
14-APR-25 INSERT
       101
Aarav
14-APR-25 UPDATE
    EMP_ID
EMP_NAME
ACTION_DA ACTION_TYPE
       101
Aarav
14-APR-25 DELETE
SQL>
```

10. Create and perform database operations using ODBC.

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22631.5039]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\LENOVO>cd C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\odbc codes

C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\odbc codes>python import.py
Table 'Candidates' created successfully.

Data in Candidates:
(Decimal('1'), 'Shiv', Decimal('25'))
(Decimal('2'), 'Ram', Decimal('30'))

Data updated successfully.

Record deleted successfully.

Connection closed successfully.

C:\Users\LENOVO\Desktop\odbc codes>
```