21 When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, ..., x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?

Ans: Both and b

22) What indicates that you have a perfect fit in linear regression?

Ans: The value $R^2 > 0$, which corresponds to SSR = 1

23) In simple linear regression, the value of what shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the *y* axis?

Ans: Y

- 24) Check out these four linear regression plotsWhich one represents an underfitted model Ans : The bottom-right plot
- 25) There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression: a. Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory. b. Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations. c. Apply the model for predictions. d. Import the packages and classes that you need. e. Create a regression model and fit it with existing data. However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order? Ans: d, e, c, b, a
- 26) Which of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn? Ans : fit intercept
- 27) While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of inputs to include nonlinear terms such as x^2 ?

Ans: Polynomial regression

28) You should choose statsmodels over scikit-learn when:

Ans : You're working with nonlinear terms.	
comprehensi	is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers ve mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, forms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and
high-level int	is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a erface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to understand your data. It integrates closely with pandas data structures.