

# Spring 2024: CS5720

## Neural Networks and Deep Learning - ICP-5

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[github.com/anusreebelli/neuralnetwork-assignments.git](https://github.com/anusreebelli/neuralnetwork-assignments.git)

### Github Link:

#### 1. Naive Bayes

Implement Naive Bayes method using scikit-learn library. Use dataset available with name glass. Use train\_test\_split to create training and testing part. Evaluate the model on test part using score and classification\_report(y\_true, ypred)



The screenshot displays a Jupyter Notebook titled "NNDL\_Assignment5ipynb". The left sidebar shows a file explorer with a directory structure containing "sample\_data" and a file named "glass.csv". The main area contains a code cell with the following Python code:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report

# Load the glass dataset
glass_data = pd.read_csv(r"glass.csv")

# Split the data into features and target
X = glass_data.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = glass_data.iloc[:, -1].values


# Split the data into training and testing sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

# Train the GaussianNB model
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Make predictions on the test set
gnb_y_pred = gnb.predict(X_test)

gnb_acc = accuracy_score(y_test, gnb_y_pred)
print("GaussianNB Accuracy: {:.2f}%".format(gnb_acc * 100))
print("\nNaive Bayes Classification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, gnb_y_pred, zero_division=1))
```

At the bottom of the code cell, the output shows: "GaussianNB Accuracy: 55.81%". The top right of the interface includes options to "Comment", "Share", and a "RAM Disk" indicator.






NNDL\_Assignment5ipynb





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RAM Disk





Files







































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































































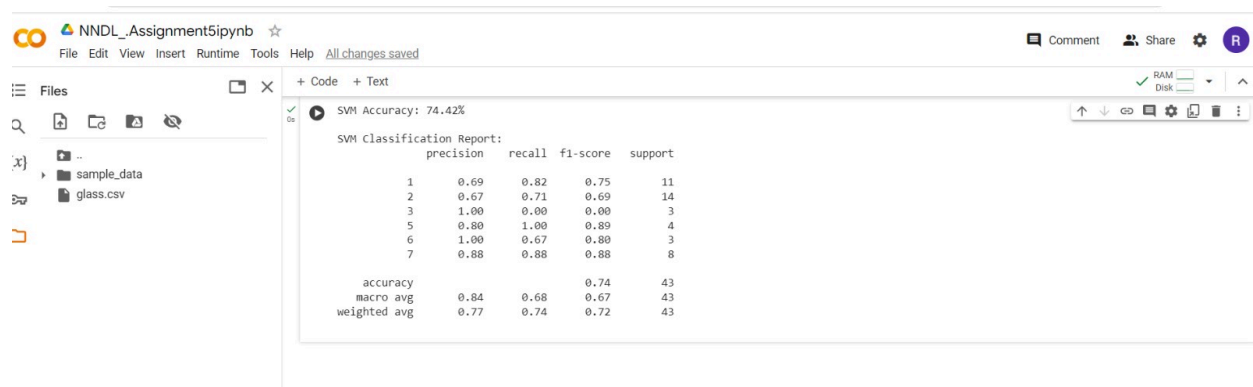












Which algorithm you got better accuracy? Can you justify why?

The findings indicate that the SVM approach produced an accuracy of 74.42% and the GaussianNB accuracy is 55.81%. This suggests that, given the same test size and random state, the SVM Algorithm performs admirably in this situation.

The following are some supporting factors for these:

GNB is a basic probabilistic classifier that is easy to learn and comprehend, and it is based on the Bayes theorem. It applies strong independence assumptions between the features, i.e., it assumes that the characteristics are conditionally independent given the class. This approach is most commonly used when the characteristics in a text classification problem are represented by words or n-grams. Given that GNB handles high-dimensional data well, it's a good option if you have a lot of features.

SVM, on the other hand, is a more sophisticated method that makes use of the concept of margins to identify the optimal decision border between classes. Because SVM can handle complex non-linear relationships between features, it is often used for image classification or classification problems with little data. SVM is also more resistant to overfitting than GNB when the number of features is high, so it might be a better choice when working with high-dimensional data.

To sum up, the model can only be trained using a relatively small set of data (215 rows) and multiple parameters, which makes prediction more difficult. The SVM algorithm is thus the most

suitable for this set of data due to the little amount of data and the previously mentioned characteristics.