ASSIGNMENT:3

1. Write a C program to determine if the least significant bit of a given integer is set (i.e., check if the number is odd).

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num;
    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);

if (num & 1) {
        printf("The number is odd.\n");
    } else {
        printf("The number is even\n");
    }

    return 0;
}

OUTPUT
——————
Enter an integer: 4
The number is even
```

2. Create a C program that retrieves the value of the nth bit from a given integer.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num, n;

    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    printf("Enter the bit position to ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int Value = (num >> n) & 1;
    printf("The value of bit %d is: %d\n", n, Value);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT

Enter an integer: 22
Enter the bit position to 2
The value of bit 2 is: 1

3. Develop a C program that sets the nth bit of a given integer to 1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, n;
  printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Enter the position : ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  num = num \mid (1 << n);
  printf("The result after setting bit %d is: %d\n", n, num);
  return 0;
}
4. Write a C program that clears (sets to 0) the nth bit of a given integer.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, n;
  printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Enter the position to be cleard ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int mask = \sim(1 << n);
  num = num & mask;
  printf("The result after clearing bit %d is: %d\n", n, num);
  return 0;
}
```

```
5. Create a C program that toggles the nth bit of a given integer.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, n;
  printf("Enter an integer: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Enter the bit position to toggle ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  int mask = 1 << n;
  num = num ^ mask;
  printf("The result after toggling bit %d is: %d\n", n, num);
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT
Enter an integer: 5
Enter the bit position to toggle 2
The result after toggling bit 2 is: 1
1. Write a C program that takes an integer input and multiplies it by
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, n, result;
  printf("Enter the number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Enter the value of n: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  result = num << n;
  printf("Result of %d multiplied by 2^%d is: %d\n", num, n, result);
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT
Enter the number: 5
Enter the value of n: 3
Result of 5 multiplied by 2<sup>3</sup> is: 40
```

2. Create a C program that counts how many times you can left shift a number before it overflows (exceeds the maximum value for an integer).

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num = 123;
    int shift_count = 0;
    while (num>0) {
        num = num << 1;
        shift_count++;
    }
    printf("The number of times overflow is: %d\n", shift_count);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT

#include <stdio.h>

The number of times overflow is: 25

3. Write a C program that creates a bitmask with the first n bits set to 1 using the left shift operator.

```
int main() {
  int n, bitmask;
  printf("Enter the value of n: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  bitmask = (1 << n) - 1;
  printf("Bitmask with the first %d bits set to 1 is: 0x%X\n", n, bitmask);
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT

Enter the value of n: 8

Bitmask with the first 8 bits set to 1 is: 0xFF

4. Develop a C program that reverses the bits of an integer using left shift and right shift operations.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  unsigned int num, reversed = 0;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%u", &num);
  for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
     if (num & 1) {
       reversed |= (1 << (31 - i));
     num >>= 1;
  }
  printf("Reversed bits: %u\n", reversed);
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT
_____
Enter a number: 13
Reversed bits: 2952790016
5. Create a C program that performs a circular left shift on an integer.
#include<stdio.h>
int circular_left(int, int);
int print_bits(int);
int main() {
  int num, n, ret;
  printf("Enter the num: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Enter n: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  ret = circular_left(num, n);
  printf("Result in Binary: ");
  print_bits(ret);
  return 0;
}
```

```
int circular_left(int num, int n) {
  return (((((1 << n) - 1) << (31 - n)) & num) >> (31 - n) | (num << n);
}
int print_bits(int ret) {
  for (int i = 31; i >= 0; i--) {
     if (ret & (1 << i)) {
        printf("1");
     } else {
        printf("0");
     }
  }
  printf("\n");
OUTPUT
Enter the num: 13
Enter n: 3
Result in Binary: 000000000000000000000001101000
1. Write a C program that takes an integer input and divides it by 2<sup>n</sup> n using the right shift
operator
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, n, result;
  printf("Enter the number: ");
  scanf("%d", &num);
  printf("Enter the value of n: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  result = num >> n;
  printf("Result of %d divided by 2^%d is: %d\n", num, n, result);
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT
1. Write a C program that takes an integer input and divides it by 2<sup>n</sup> n using the right shift
operator
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num, n, result;
```

```
printf("Enter the number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    printf("Enter the value of n: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    result = num >> n;
    printf("Result of %d divided by 2^%d is: %d\n", num, n, result);
    return 0;
}

output
-----
Enter the number: 32
Enter the value of n: 3
Result of 32 divided by 2^3 is: 4
```

2 Create a C program that counts how many times you can right shift a number before it becomes zero.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num;
  int count = 0;
  printf("Enter a number: ");
  scanf("%u", &num);
  while (num > 0) {
    num = num >> 1;
     count++;
  }
  printf("The number of count is: %d\n", count);
  return 0;
}
output
Enter a number: 123
The number of count is: 7
```

3. Write a C program that extracts the last n bits from a given integer using the right shift operator.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int num;
  int n;
  int mask;
  int result;
  printf("Enter the number: ");
  scanf("%u", &num);
  printf("Enter the number of bits to extract: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  mask = (1 << n) - 1;
  printf("The last %d bits of the number %d are: %d\n", n, num, result);
  return 0;
}
OUTPUT
Enter the number: 7
Enter the number of bits to extract: 1
The last 1 bits of the number 7 are: 0
```

4 .Develop a C program that uses the right shift operator to create a bitmask that checks if specific bits are set in an integer.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    unsigned int num;
    int bitPos;
    unsigned int bitmask;

printf("Enter the number: ");
    scanf("%u", &num);
```

```
printf("Enter the bit position to check: ");
  scanf("%d", &bitPos);
  bitmask = 1 << bitPos;
  unsigned int shiftedNum = num >> bitPos;
  if (shiftedNum & 1) {
     printf("The bit at position %d is set (1).\n", bitPos);
     printf("The bit at position %d is not set (0).\n", bitPos);
  }
  return 0;
}
CLASS WORK
#include<stdio.h>
void myfun (void);
int main()
{
myfun();
myfun();
myfun();
myfun();
void myfun(){
  static int count =0;
  count =count +1;
  printf("the function is executed %d times\n",count);
}
the function is executed 1 times
the function is executed 2 times
the function is executed 3 times
the function is executed 4 times
#include<stdio.h>
void TestFile myfun(void);
int mainPrivatedata;
int main(){
```

```
mainPrivatedata=100;
  printf("001 main private data %d",mainPrivatedata);
  TestFile_myfun();
  printf("002 main private data %d",mainPrivatedata);
  return 0;
}
extern int mainPrivatedata;
void TestFile_myfun(){
  mainPrivatedata =500;
}
Output
002 main private data 100
002 main private data 500
#include<stdio.h>
void TestFile_myfun(void);
int main(){
  TestFile_myfun();
  return 0;
static void change_clock(int system_clock)
  printf(" the system clock changed %d",system_clock);
extern void change_clock(int);
```

```
void TestFile_myfun(){
  change_clock(500);
}
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
  char A = 40;
  char B = 30;
  printf("the output after OR(|)%d \n",A|B);
  printf("the output after AND(&)%d\n ",A&B);
  printf("the output after XOR(^)%d\n ",A^B);
  printf("the output after NOT(~)%d\n ",~A);
}
output
the output after OR(|)62
the output after AND(&)8
the output after XOR(^)54
```

the output after NOT(~)-41