

85. How many guests on the two-day package had selected accommodation only?
- 5
 - 17
 - 21
 - Data Insufficient
86. Of the guests who had selected full board, how many were on the two-day package?
- 1
 - 8
 - 11
 - 19
87. In total, how many guests that evening had selected half board?
- 3
 - 5
 - 7
 - 9

Directions for Q88 - Q91:

Five fruits—Apple, Mango, Pineapple, Guava and Strawberry—saw an increase in their price per kg from 2011 to 2014.

- The price per kg of Apple in 2011 was 66.66% that of Pineapple.
- The price per kg of Guava in 2011 was 64% that of Strawberry.
- The price per kg of Mango in 2011 was 33.33% more than that of Pineapple.
- The price per kg of Strawberry in 2011 was 66.66% more than that of Apple.
- The price per kg of Mango in 2011 was 87.5% more than that of Guava.
- The percentage increase in the price of Apple over the previous year in 2012, 2013 and 2014 were 20%, 25% and 11.11% respectively.
- The percentage increase in the price of Mango over the previous year in 2012, 2013 and 2014 were 15%, 33.33% and 25% respectively.
- The percentage increase in the price of Pineapple over the previous year in 2012, 2013 and 2014 were 20%, 16.66% and 11.11% respectively.
- The percentage increase in the price of Guava over the previous year in 2012, 2013 and 2014 were 25%, 5% and 14.28% respectively.
- The percentage increase in the price of Strawberry over the previous year in 2012, 2013 and 2014 were 10%, 20% and 4.5454% respectively.
- It is known that the price per kg of Pineapple in 2014 was Rs.70.

88. What was the average price per kg of Guava between 2011 and 2014?
- Rs. 40
 - Rs. 40.5
 - Rs. 42.5
 - Rs. 44

89. What percentage of the price per kg of Apple in 2014 was its price in 2012?
- A. 60%
 - B. 64%
 - C. 72%
 - D. 80%
90. What was the maximum increase in the price per kg of Strawberry in a year over the previous year?
- A. Rs. 11
 - B. Rs. 8
 - C. Rs. 5
 - D. Rs. 3
91. Which fruit recorded the maximum percent increase in price per kg in 2014 over 2011?
- A. Apple
 - B. Strawberry
 - C. Pineapple
 - D. Mango

Directions for Q92 - Q94:

Four people A, B, C and D are playing a game. Each of them starts with a different number of points. At the end of each round, one winner is declared. Each of the other three players gives exactly half his points to the winner. After three rounds, the scores for A, B, C and D respectively are 42, 12, 4 and 24.

92. Who won the first round?
- A. A
 - B. B
 - C. C
 - D. D
93. Who won the second round?
- A. A
 - B. B
 - C. C
 - D. D
94. How many points did B have at the start of the game?
- A. 14
 - B. 12
 - C. 24
 - D. 96

Directions for Q95 - Q98:

Survey IT conducted a survey of employees with 2-3 years of work experience in the IT industry. Every one of the respondents was proficient in one or more of the languages Python, C++ and Java. The following data was noted:

- In all there were 80 respondents.
- 45 respondents were proficient in Python, 42 in C++ and 38 in Java.
- The average salary of all the respondents was Rs. 9.5 lakhs.
- Fewer than 10 people were proficient in all 3 languages.
- Among those proficient in exactly two languages, the number proficient in only C++ and Java was 25% less than the number proficient in only Python and C++, which in turn was 50% more than the number proficient in Python and Java.
- The average salary of the respondents who were proficient in exactly two languages was Rs. 10 lakhs while that of those who were proficient in all 3 was Rs 15.75 lakh.

95. How many respondents were proficient in only Python?
 96. How many respondents were proficient in Java but not C++?
 97. What was the average salary, in Rupees, of the respondents who were proficient in exactly 1 language? (In Lakhs)
 98. If the average salary of the respondents who were proficient in only Python and Java was Rs. 9.4 lakhs and that of the respondents who were proficient in only C++ and Java was Rs. 9.2 lakhs, what was the average salary, in lakhs of Rupees, of the respondents who were proficient in only Python and C++? (In Lakhs)
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