Binary Trees

1. Binary Tree is Univalued or Not

```
oublic class BTisUnivaluedorNot {
   static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
   static Node newNode(int data){
       Node temp = new Node();
       temp.data = data;
       temp.left = temp.right = null;
       return (temp);
   }
   static boolean isUnivalTree(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return true;
       if (root.left != null && root.data != root.left.data) {
           return false;
       if (root.right != null && root.data != root.right.data) {
           return false;
       return isUnivalTree(root.left) && isUnivalTree(root.right);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = newNode(1);
       root.left = newNode(1);
       root.right = newNode(1);
       root.left.left = newNode(1);
       root.left.right = newNode(1);
       root.right.left = newNode(1);
       root.right.right = newNode(1);
       if (isUnivalTree(root)) {
           System.out.println("YES, Given Tree is Univalued.");
       } else {
           System.out.println("NO, Given Tree is not Univalued.");
```

2. Build Tree Preorder

```
public class BuildTreePreorder {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   }
   public static class BinaryTree{
       static int idx = -1;
       public static Node buildTree(int nodes[]) {
           idx++;
           if (nodes[idx] == -1) {
               return null;
           Node newNode = new Node(nodes[idx]);
           newNode.left = buildTree(nodes);
           newNode.right = buildTree(nodes);
           return newNode;
       }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       int nodes[] = {1, 2, 4, -1, -1, 5, -1, -1, 3, -1, 6, -1, -1}; // -1 indicates null
       BinaryTree tree = new BinaryTree();
       Node root = tree.buildTree(nodes);
       System.out.println("Root of Binary Tree: " + root.data);
```

3. Count no. of Nodes

```
public class CountOfNodes {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   public static int count(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return 0;
       int leftCount = count(root.left);
       int rightCount = count(root.right);
       return leftCount + rightCount + 1;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
/ \
2     3
/\     /\     /\
4     5     6     7
*/
Node root = new Node(1);
root.left = new Node(2);
root.right = new Node(3);
root.left.left = new Node(4);
root.left.right = new Node(5);
root.right.left = new Node(6);
root.right.right = new Node(7);
System.out.println("Number of Total Nodes: " + count(root));
}
```

4. Delete Leaf with Values X

```
import java.util.*;
public class DeleteLeafWithValuesX {
    static class Node {
        int data;
        Node left, right;
    }
    // Method to create a new node
    static Node newNode(int data) {
        Node newNode = new Node();
        newNode.data = data;
        newNode.left = null;
        newNode.right = null;
        return newNode;
    }
    // In-order traversal of the tree
    static void inOrder(Node node) {
        if (node == null) {
            return;
        }
        inOrder(node.left);
        System.out.print(node.data + " ");
        inOrder(node.right);
    }
    // Method to delete leaves with value x
    static Node deleteLeaves(Node root, int x) {
        if (root == null) {
            return null;
        }
        // Recursively call for left and right subtree
        root.left = deleteLeaves(root.left, x);
        root.right = deleteLeaves(root.right, x);
        // If the current node is a leaf and its value is equal to {\sf x}
```

```
if (root.left == null && root.right == null && root.data == x) {
       return null; // delete the leaf
   return root;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Node root = newNode(10);
   root.left = newNode(3);
   root.right = newNode(10);
   root.left.left = newNode(3);
   root.left.right = newNode(1);
   root.right.right = newNode(3);
   root.right.right.left = newNode(3);
   root.right.right = newNode(3);
   System.out.println("In-order traversal before deleting leaves:");
   inOrder(root);
   int x = 3;
   root = deleteLeaves(root, x);
   System.out.println("\nIn-order traversal after deleting leaves with value " + x + ":");
    inOrder(root);
```

5. Diameter of Tree 1st Approach

```
oublic class DiameterOfTreeA1 {
   public static class Node{
                          // Approach 1: O(n^2) - We use two methods i.e. height and diameter.
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   public static int height(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return 0;
       }
       int lh = height(root.left);
       int rh = height(root.right);
       return Math.max(lh, rh) + 1;
   }
   public static int diameter(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return 0;
       int leftDiam = diameter(root.left);
       int leftHt = height(root.left);
       int rightDiam = diameter(root.right);
       int rightHt = height(root.right);
```

6. Diameter of Tree 2nd Approach

```
public class DiameterOfTreeA2 {
    public static class Node{
        int data;
        Node left;
        Node right;
        Node(int data){
            this.data = data;
            this.left = null;
            this.right = null;
        }
    public static class Info{
                                // Approach 2: O(n) - We will only one method for height and
        int diam;
diameter.
        int ht;
        public Info(int diam, int ht){
            this.diam = diam;
            this.ht = ht;
        }
   public static Info diameter(Node root){
        if (root == null) {
            return new Info(0, 0);
        Info leftInfo = diameter(root.left);
        Info rightInfo = diameter(root.right);
        int diam = Math.max(Math.max(leftInfo.diam, rightInfo.diam), leftInfo.ht + rightInfo.ht +
1);
        int ht = Math.max(leftInfo.ht, rightInfo.ht) + 1;
        return new Info(diam, ht);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
```

7. Find Duplicates Subtree

```
import java.util.HashMap;
public class FindDuplicatesSubtree {
    static HashMap<String, Integer> m;
    static class Node {
        int data;
        Node left;
        Node right;
        Node(int data) {
            this.data = data;
            left = null;
            right = null;
        }
    }
    static String inorder(Node node) {
        if (node == null) {
            return "";
        }
        String str = "(";
        str += inorder(node.left);
        str += Integer.toString(node.data);
        str += inorder(node.right);
        str += ")";
        if (m.get(str) != null && m.get(str) == 1) {
            System.out.print(node.data + " ");
        }
        if (m.containsKey(str)) {
            m.put(str, m.get(str) + 1);
        } else {
            m.put(str, 1);
```

```
return str;
}
static void printAllDuplicates(Node root) {
    m = new HashMap<>();
    inorder(root);
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Node root = new Node(1);
    root.left = new Node(2);
    root.right = new Node(3);
    root.left.left = new Node(4);
    root.right.left = new Node(2);
    root.right.left.left = new Node(4);
    root.right.right = new Node(4);
    System.out.print("Duplicates Nodes in BT are: ");
    printAllDuplicates(root);
```

8. Height of Binary Tree

```
public class HeightOfTree {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   public static int height(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return 0;
       int lh = height(root.left);
       int rh = height(root.right);
       return Math.max(lh, rh) + 1;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
```

```
root.left.left = new Node(4);
root.left.right = new Node(5);
root.right.left = new Node(6);
root.right.right = new Node(7);
System.out.println("Height of Tree: " + height(root));
}

}
```

9. Invert Binary Tree

```
class Node{
   int data;
   Node left, right;
   public Node(int item){
       data = item;
       left = right = null;
   }
public class InvertBT {
   Node root;
   void mirror(){
       root = mirror(root);
   Node mirror(Node node){
       if (node == null) {
           return node;
       Node left = mirror(node.left);
       Node right = mirror(node.right);
       node.left = right;
       node.right = left;
       return node;
   void inOrder(){
       inOrder(root);
   void inOrder(Node node){
       if (node == null) {
           return;
       inOrder(node.left);
       System.out.print(node.data + " ");
       inOrder(node.right);
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       InvertBT tree = new InvertBT();
       tree.root = new Node(1);
       tree.root.left = new Node(2);
       tree.root.right = new Node(3);
       tree.root.left.left = new Node(4);
       tree.root.left.right = new Node(5);
       System.out.println("Inorder Traversal: ");
       tree.inOrder();
       System.out.println();
       tree.mirror();
       System.out.println("Inverted Inorder Traversal: ");
```

```
tree.inOrder();
}
```

10. Kth Ancestor of Node

```
public class KthAncestorOfNode {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
   }
   public static int KAncestor(Node root, int k, int n){
       if (root == null) {
           return -1;
       if (root.data == n) {
           return 0;
       int leftDist = KAncestor(root.left, k, n);
       int rightDist = KAncestor(root.right, k, n);
       if (leftDist == -1 && rightDist == -1) {
           return -1;
       int max = Math.max(leftDist, rightDist);
       if (max+1 == k) {
           System.out.println(root.data);
       return max+1;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
       root.left.right = new Node(5);
       root.right.left = new Node(6);
       root.right.right = new Node(7);
       int n=5;
       int k=2;
       KAncestor(root, k, n);
```

```
public class KthLevelOfTree {
   public static class Node{
                                         //Time Complexity - O(n)
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   }
   public static void KLevel(Node root, int level, int k){
       if (root == null) {
           return;
       if (level == k) {
           System.out.print(root.data + " ");
           return;
       KLevel(root.left, level+1, k);
       KLevel(root.right, level+1, k);
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
       root.left.right = new Node(5);
       root.right.left = new Node(6);
       root.right.right = new Node(7);
       int k = 3;
       System.out.print("Kth Level Elements of Tree are: ");
       KLevel(root, 1, k);
```

12. Lowest Common Ancestor 1st Approach

```
public static boolean getPath(Node root, int n, ArrayList<Node>path){
    if (root == null) {
        return false;
    path.add(root);
    if (root.data == n) {
        return true;
    boolean foundLeft = getPath(root.left, n, path);
    boolean foundRight = getPath(root.right, n, path);
    if (foundLeft | foundRight) {
        return true;
    path.remove(path.size()-1);
    return false;
public static Node lca(Node root, int n1, int n2){
    ArrayList <Node> path1 = new ArrayList<>();
    ArrayList <Node> path2 = new ArrayList<>();
    getPath(root, n1, path1);
    getPath(root, n2, path2);
    // Last Common Ancestor
    int i=0;
    for(; i<path1.size() && i<path2.size(); i++) {</pre>
        if (path1.get(i) != path2.get(i)) {
            break;
        }
    }
    // Last Equal Node -> i-1th
    Node lca = path1.get(i-1);
    return lca;
public static void main(String[] args) {
               4 5 6 7
    Node root = new Node(1);
    root.left = new Node(2);
    root.right = new Node(3);
    root.left.left = new Node(4);
    root.left.right = new Node(5);
    root.right.left = new Node(6);
    root.right.right = new Node(7);
    int n1 = 6;
    int n2 = 5;
    System.out.println("Last Common Ancestor of Given Nodes is: " + lca(root, n1, n2).data);
```

```
public class LowestCommonAncestorA2 {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   }
   public static Node lca(Node root, int n1, int n2){
       if (root == null || root.data == n1 || root.data == n2) {
           return root;
       Node leftLca = lca(root.left, n1, n2);
       Node rigthLca = lca(root.right, n1, n2);
       if (rigthLca == null) {
           return leftLca;
       if (leftLca == null) {
           return rigthLca;
       return root;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
       root.left.right = new Node(5);
       root.right.left = new Node(6);
       root.right.right = new Node(7);
       int n1 = 6;
       int n2 = 5;
       System.out.println("Last Common Ancestor of Given Nodes is: " + lca(root, n1, n2).data);
```

14. Maximum Path Sum

```
class Node{
   int data;
   Node left, right;
   public Node(int item){
      data = item;
      left = right = null;
   }
```

```
class Res{
   public int val;
public class MaxPathSum {
   Node root;
   int findMaxUtil(Node node, Res res){
       if (node == null) {
           return 0;
       int 1 = findMaxUtil(node.left, res);
       int r = findMaxUtil(node.right, res);
       int max_single = Math.max(Math.max(1, r) + node.data, node.data);
       int max_top = Math.max(max_single, l + r + node.data);
       res.val = Math.max(res.val, max_top);
       return max_single;
   }
   int findmaxSum(){
       Res res = new Res();
       res.val = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
       findMaxUtil(root, res);
       return res.val;
   }
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       MaxPathSum tree = new MaxPathSum();
       tree.root = new Node(10);
       tree.root.left = new Node(2);
       tree.root.right = new Node(10);
       tree.root.left.left = new Node(20);
       tree.root.left.right = new Node(1);
       tree.root.right.right = new Node(25);
       tree.root.right.right.left = new Node(3);
       tree.root.right.right.right = new Node(4);
       System.out.println("Maximum Path Sum: " + tree.findmaxSum());
```

15. Minimum Distance Between N Nodes

```
public class MinDistanceBetweenNodes {
    public static class Node{
        int data;
        Node left;
        Node right;
        Node(int data){
            this.data = data;
            this.left = null;
            this.right = null;
        }
    }
    public static Node lca(Node root, int n1, int n2){
```

```
if (root == null || root.data == n1 || root.data == n2) {
        return root;
    Node leftLca = lca(root.left, n1, n2);
    Node rigthLca = lca(root.right, n1, n2);
    if (rigthLca == null) {
        return leftLca;
    if (leftLca == null) {
       return rigthLca;
    return root;
public static int lcaDist(Node root, int n){
    if (root == null) {
       return -1;
    if (root.data == n) {
        return 0;
    int leftDistance = lcaDist(root.left, n);
    int rightDistance = lcaDist(root.right, n);
    if (leftDistance == -1 && rightDistance == -1) {
        return -1;
    } else if(leftDistance == -1){
        return rightDistance + 1;
    } else {
        return leftDistance + 1;
}
public static int minDist(Node root, int n1, int n2){
    Node Lca = lca(root, n1, n2);
    int dist1 = lcaDist(Lca, n1);
    int dist2 = lcaDist(Lca, n2);
    return dist1 + dist2;
public static void main(String[] args) {
               4 5 6 7
    Node root = new Node(1);
    root.left = new Node(2);
    root.right = new Node(3);
    root.left.left = new Node(4);
    root.left.right = new Node(5);
    root.right.left = new Node(6);
    root.right.right = new Node(7);
    int n1 = 4;
    int n2 = 6;
    System.out.println("Min Distance Between "+n1+" & "+n2+" is: " + minDist(root, n1, n2));
```

```
public class SubtreeOfAnotherTree {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
   }
   public static boolean isIdentical(Node node, Node subRoot){
       if (node == null && subRoot == null) {
           return true;
       else if(node == null || subRoot == null || node.data != subRoot.data){
           return false;
       if (!isIdentical(node.left, subRoot.left)) {
           return false;
       if (!isIdentical(node.right, subRoot.right)) {
           return false;
       return true;
   public static boolean isSubtree(Node root, Node subRoot){
       if (root == null) {
           return true;
       if (root.data == subRoot.data) {
           if (isIdentical(root, subRoot)) {
               return true;
       return isSubtree(root.left, subRoot) || isSubtree(root.right, subRoot);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
       root.left.right = new Node(5);
       root.right.left = new Node(6);
       root.right.right = new Node(7);
```

```
* 4 5

*/
Node subRoot = new Node(2);
subRoot.left = new Node(4);
subRoot.right = new Node(5);
System.out.println(isSubtree(root, subRoot));
}
```

17. Sum of Nodes

```
public class SumOfNodes {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   }
   public static int sum(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return 0;
       }
       int leftSum = sum(root.left);
       int rightSum = sum(root.right);
       return leftSum + rightSum + root.data;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
       root.left.right = new Node(5);
       root.right.left = new Node(6);
       root.right.right = new Node(7);
       System.out.println("Sum of Nodes of a Binary Tree: " + sum(root));
```

18. Top View of Tree

```
import java.util.*;
public class TopViewOfTree {
    public static class Node{
        int data;
        Node left;
        Node right;
```

```
Node(int data){
        this.data = data;
        this.left = null;
        this.right = null;
static class Info{
    Node node;
    int hd;
    public Info(Node node, int hd){
        this.node = node;
        this.hd = hd;
}
public static void topView(Node root){
    // Level order traversal
    Queue<Info> q = new LinkedList<>();
    HashMap<Integer, Node> map = new HashMap<>();
    int min=0, max=0;
    q.add(new Info(root, 0));
    q.add(null);
    while (!q.isEmpty()) {
        Info curr = q.remove();
        if (curr == null) {
            if (q.isEmpty()) {
                break;
            } else {
                q.add(null);
        } else {
            if (!map.containsKey(curr.hd)) {
                map.put(curr.hd, curr.node);
            }
            if (curr.node.left != null) {
                q.add(new Info(curr.node.left, curr.hd-1));
                min = Math.min(min, curr.hd-1);
            if (curr.node.right != null) {
                q.add(new Info(curr.node.right, curr.hd+1));
                max = Math.max(max, curr.hd+1);
            }
        }
    for(int i=min; i <= max; i++){</pre>
        System.out.print(map.get(i).data + " ");
    System.out.println();
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Node root = new Node(1);
```

```
root.left = new Node(2);
root.right = new Node(3);
root.left.left = new Node(4);
root.left.right = new Node(5);
root.right.left = new Node(6);
root.right.right = new Node(7);
System.out.print("Top View of Given Tree is: ");
topView(root);
}
```

19. Transform Tree to Sum Tree

```
public class TransformToSumTree {
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   public static int transform(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return 0;
       int leftChild = transform(root.left);
       int rightChild = transform(root.right);
       int data = root.data;
       int newLeft = root.left == null ? 0 : root.left.data;
       int newRight = root.right == null ? 0 : root.right.data;
       root.data = newLeft + leftChild + newRight + rightChild;
       return data;
   }
   public static void preorder(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return;
       System.out.print(root.data + " ");
       preorder(root.left);
       preorder(root.right);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
                  4 5 6 7
       Node root = new Node(1);
       root.left = new Node(2);
       root.right = new Node(3);
       root.left.left = new Node(4);
```

```
root.left.right = new Node(5);
root.right.left = new Node(6);
root.right.right = new Node(7);
System.out.print("Original Tree: ");
preorder(root);
transform(root);
System.out.println();
System.out.print("Transformation to Sum Tree: ");
preorder(root);
}
preorder(root);
}
```

20. Binary Tree Traversals

```
public class TreeTraversals {
   // Nodes Declaration
   public static class Node{
       int data;
       Node left;
       Node right;
       Node(int data){
           this.data = data;
           this.left = null;
           this.right = null;
       }
   }
   // Pre0rder - 0(n)
   public static void preorder(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return;
       System.out.print(root.data + " ");
       preorder(root.left);
       preorder(root.right);
   // InOrder - O(n)
   public static void inorder(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return;
       }
       inorder(root.left);
       System.out.print(root.data + " ");
       inorder(root.right);
   }
   // PostOrder - O(n)
   public static void postorder(Node root){
       if (root == null) {
           return;
       postorder(root.left);
       postorder(root.right);
       System.out.print(root.data + " ");
   public static void main(String[] args) {
```