

Alberto Andrés Valdés González.

Degree: Mathematical Engineer.

Work position: Data Scientist.

Mail: anvaldes@uc.cl/alberto.valdes.gonzalez.96@gmail.com

Location: Santiago, Chile.

SARIMAX

Auto Regressive $AR(q)$:

$$X_t = \phi_1 \cdot X_{(t-1)} + \phi_2 \cdot X_{(t-2)} + \dots + \phi_q \cdot X_{(t-q)} + Z_t$$

Moving Average $MA(p)$:

$$X_t = \theta_1 \cdot Z_{(t-1)} + \theta_2 \cdot Z_{(t-2)} + \dots + \theta_p \cdot Z_{(t-p)} + Z_t$$

ARMA(p, q):

$$X_t = [\theta_1 \cdot Z_{(t-1)} + \theta_2 \cdot Z_{(t-2)} + \dots + \theta_p \cdot Z_{(t-p)}] + [\phi_1 \cdot X_{(t-1)} + \phi_2 \cdot X_{(t-2)} + \dots + \phi_q \cdot X_{(t-q)}] + Z_t$$

ARIMA(p, d, q):

Its the same of ARMA but defining:

$$y_t^* = X_t - X_{(t-d)}$$

and then apply ARMA to y_t^* .

ARIMAX(p, d, q):

Its the same of ARIMA but first we do a regression in function of endogen and exogen variables and apply ARIMA to the residuals of this regression.

SARIMAX(p, d, q), (s, P, D, Q):

Its the same of ARIMAX but separating the stationary component.
