

Name: Anvit Gupta  
Enrolment No.: 22114003

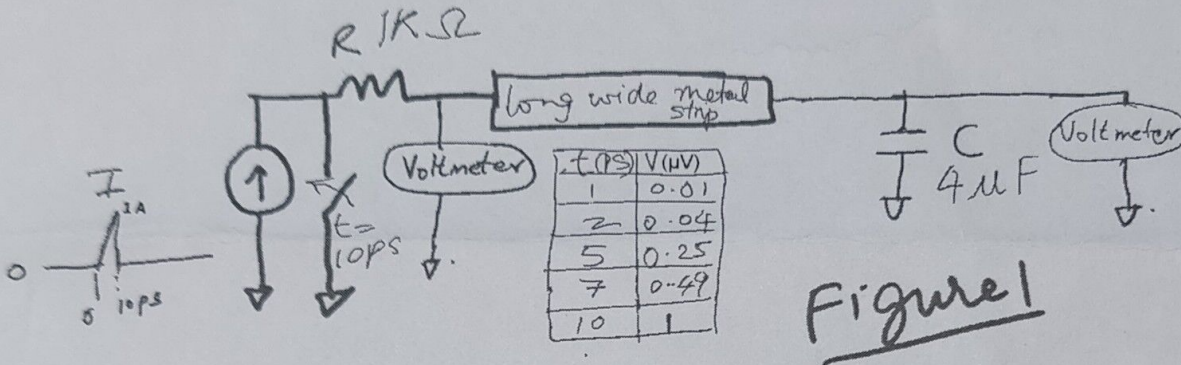
Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering  
Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee  
Mid-Term Examination (April 2023)  
EC 102: Fundamentals of Electronics

Maximum Marks: 52 (Weight: 30%)  
Time: 1.5 Hours  
(Closed book examination)

Note:

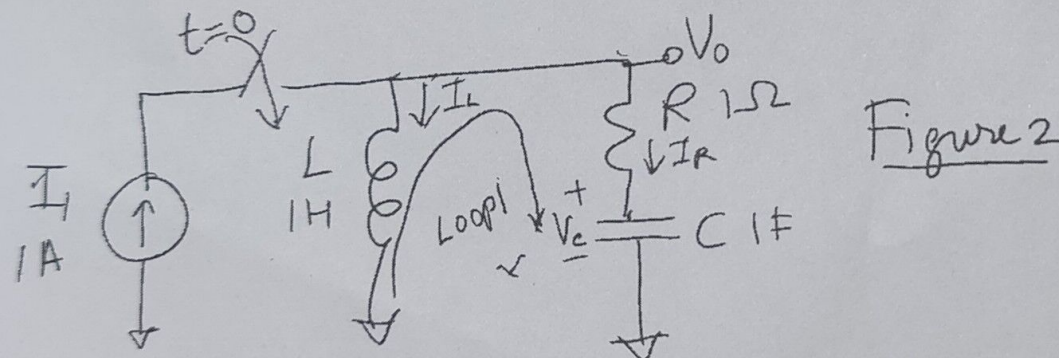
- Write your name and enrolment number on each page of the question paper in the earmarked space.
- Please write the names of all your nearest neighbours on the first page of the answer sheet.
- If necessary, make appropriate assumptions and approximations and state them.
- You must solve all the parts of a question in the serial order (else the question would not be evaluated).

1. The circuit in Figure 1 is realized with an unusually long and wide wire connecting the resistor and the capacitance. The readings of both the voltmeters turns out to be the same as written in the table.
- What is the missing circuit element which can explain the voltmeter readings? (4)
  - What is the value of the missing circuit element? (4)
  - What is the value of  $V_c$  at time  $t = 1\text{ms}$ ? (2)



2. Please see Figure 2:

- What are the values of  $V_c(0+)$ ,  $I_L(0+)$ ,  $I_R(0+)$  and  $\frac{dI_L}{dt}(0+)$ ? (5)
- The rate of change of  $I_L = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  times the rate of change in  $V_c$ . (2)
- If the current  $I_c$  increases/decreases with time, voltage  $V_o$  increases/decreases with time. (2)
- Write KVL across Loop1 to solve for  $V_c$ . (4)
- What is the value of  $V_c$  at time  $t = 0.25\text{ s}$  and  $1\text{ s}$ . (6)



3. If the temperature increases from 300 K to 600 K:

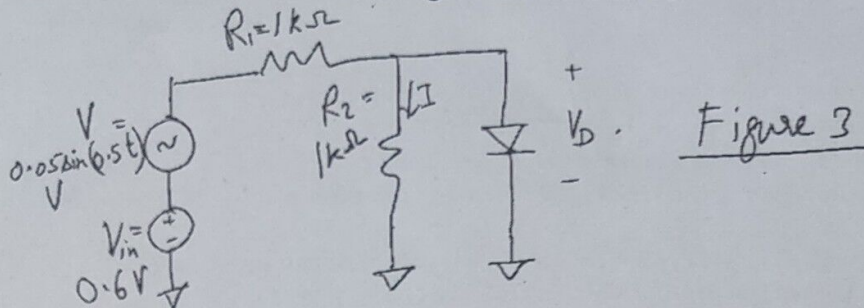
- The rate of generation increases/decreases by  $\exp(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$  times. (3)
- The value of intrinsic carrier density  $n_i$  increases/decreases by  $\exp(\underline{\hspace{1cm}})$  times. (2)



c) For a given forward bias in a PN junction diode, the excess minority hole charge on the N-side increases/decreases by  $\exp(\quad)$  times. (3)

4. In Figure 3:

- What is the value of the bias voltage  $V_D$  (DC)? (8)
- Draw a small signal equivalent diagram of the circuit with parameter values. (3)
- What is the value of the small signal current across  $R_2$ ? (4)



Given:

$$I_0 = 1 \text{ pA}$$

$$\eta \text{ (ideality factor)} = 1$$

$$I_d = I_0 \left( e^{\frac{V_d}{\eta V_T}} - 1 \right)$$

Name: Anvit Gupta  
Enrolment No.: 22114009