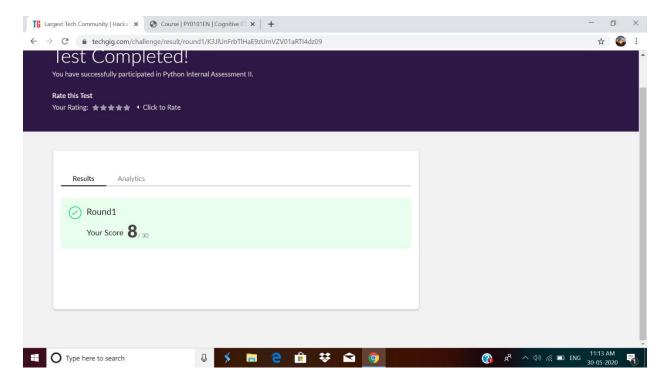
DAILY ONLINE ACTIVITIES SUMMARY

Date:	30-05-2020		Name:	Anvitha Poojary	
Sem & Sec	6A		USN:	4AL17CS008	
Online Test Summary					
Subject	PAP				
Max. Marks	. Marks 30		Score	8	
Certification Course Summary					
Course Python for data science					
Certificate Provider		COGNITIVE CLASS .ai	Duration		5hr
Coding Challenges					
Problem Statement:					
Python program to read a number and print the pattern					
2.write a java program to Count number of trailing zeros in product of array					
Status: completed					
Uploaded the report in Github			Yes		
If yes Repository name			https://github.com/anvithapo99/Daily-Report		
Uploaded the	slack	Yes			

Online test details:

Subject: OR

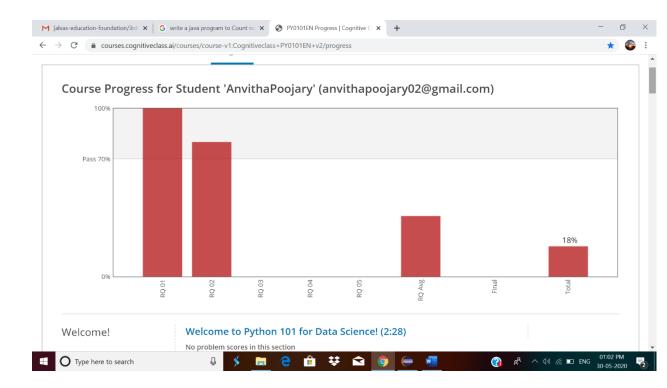


Certification course details:

Python for data science

Today I have studied following topics:

- ➤ List
- > Tuples
- Dictionary
- > Set

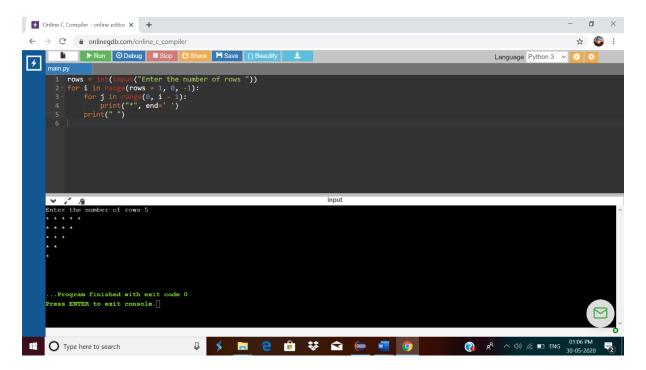


Coding Challenges Details:

1. Python program to read a number and print the pattern

```
rows = int(input("Enter the number of rows "))
for i in range(rows + 1, 0, -1):
    for j in range(0, i - 1):
        print("*", end=' ')
    print(" ")
```

output:



2. write a java program to Count number of trailing zeros in product of array

A simple solution is simply multiply and count trailing 0s in product. This solution may cause integer overflow. A better solution is based on the fact that zeros are formed by a combination of 2 and 5. Hence the number of zeros will depend on the number of pairs of 2's and 5's that can be formed.

```
Ex.: 8 * 3 * 5 * 23 * 17 * 25 * 4 * 11
23 * 31 * 51 * 231 * 171 * 52 * 22 * 111
```

In this example there are 5 twos and 3 fives. Hence, we shall be able to form only 3 pairs of (2*5). Hence will be 3 Zeros in the product.

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
public class Main
{
  public static int countZeroso(int[] a, int n)
  {
    int count2 = 0, count5 = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
```

```
while (a[i] \% 2 == 0)
     {
       a[i] = a[i] / 2;
       count2++;
     }
   while (a[i] \% 5 == 0)
     {
       a[i] = a[i] / 5;
       count5++;
     }
  return (count2 < count5) ? count2 : count5;</pre>
}
public static void main(String argc[])
{
  int[] a = new int[] \{ 10, 100, 20, 30,
               50, 91, 12, 80 };
  int n = 8;
  System.out.println(countZeroso(a, n));
}
```

}

Output:

