EXP 7: Unification and Resolution

Unification

Aim:

Implementation of unification for real world problems.

Algorithm:

- Step 1: If Ψ 1 or Ψ 2 is a variable or constant, then:
 - a, If Ψ1 or Ψ2 are identical, then return NULL.
 - b, Else if Ψ1 is a variable:
 - then if Ψ1 occurs in Ψ2, then return False
 - Else return (Ψ2 / Ψ1)
 - c, Else if Ψ2 is a variable:
 - then if Ψ2 occurs in Ψ1, then return False
 - Else return (Ψ1 / Ψ2)
 - d, Else return False
- Step 2: If the initial Predicate symbol in $\Psi 1$ and $\Psi 2$ are not same, then return False.
- Step 3: IF Ψ 1 and Ψ 2 have a different number of arguments, then return False.
 - Step 4: Create Substitution list.
 - Step 5: For i=1 to the number of elements in Ψ 1.
- a, Call Unify function with the ith element of $\Psi 1$ and ith element of $\Psi 2$, and put the result into S.
 - b, If S = False then returns False

c, If S ≠ Null then append to Substitution list

Step 6: Return Substitution list.

Code:

```
def get_index_comma(string):
  Return index of commas in string
  index_list = list()
  # Count open parentheses
  par_count = 0
  for i in range(len(string)):
    if string[i] == ',' and par_count == 0:
       index_list.append(i)
    elif string[i] == '(':
       par_count += 1
    elif string[i] == ')':
       par_count -= 1
  return index_list
def is_variable(expr):
  111111
  Check if expression is variable
  .....
```

```
for i in expr:
    if i == '(':
       return False
  return True
def process_expression(expr):
  111111
  input: - expression:
       'Q(a, g(x, b), f(y))'
  return: - predicate symbol:
       Q
       - list of arguments
       ['a', 'g(x, b)', 'f(y)']
  111111
  # Remove space in expression
  expr = expr.replace(' ', ")
  # Find the first index == '('
  index = None
  for i in range(len(expr)):
    if expr[i] == '(':
       index = i
       break
  # Return predicate symbol and remove predicate symbol in expression
  predicate_symbol = expr[:index]
```

```
expr = expr.replace(predicate_symbol, ")
  # Remove '(' in the first index and ')' in the last index
  expr = expr[1:len(expr) - 1]
  # List of arguments
  arg_list = list()
  # Split string with commas, return list of arguments
  indices = get index comma(expr)
  if len(indices) == 0:
    arg_list.append(expr)
  else:
    arg_list.append(expr[:indices[0]])
    for i, j in zip(indices, indices[1:]):
       arg_list.append(expr[i + 1:j])
    arg_list.append(expr[indices[len(indices) - 1] + 1:])
  return predicate_symbol, arg_list
def get_arg_list(expr):
  111111
  input: expression:
       'Q(a, g(x, b), f(y))'
  return: full list of arguments:
       ['a', 'x', 'b', 'y']
  111111
```

```
_, arg_list = process_expression(expr)
  flag = True
  while flag:
    flag = False
    for i in arg_list:
       if not is_variable(i):
         flag = True
         _, tmp = process_expression(i)
         for j in tmp:
           if j not in arg_list:
              arg_list.append(j)
         arg_list.remove(i)
  return arg_list
def check_occurs(var, expr):
  .....
  Check if var occurs in expr
  .....
  arg_list = get_arg_list(expr)
  if var in arg_list:
    return True
  return False
```

```
def unify(expr1, expr2):
  # Step 1:
  if is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2):
    if expr1 == expr2:
      return 'Null'
    else:
      return False
  elif is_variable(expr1) and not is_variable(expr2):
    if check_occurs(expr1, expr2):
      return False
    else:
      tmp = str(expr2) + '/' + str(expr1)
      return tmp
  elif not is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2):
    if check_occurs(expr2, expr1):
      return False
    else:
      tmp = str(expr1) + '/' + str(expr2)
      return tmp
  else:
    predicate_symbol_1, arg_list_1 = process_expression(expr1)
    predicate_symbol_2, arg_list_2 = process_expression(expr2)
    # Step 2
    if predicate_symbol_1 != predicate_symbol_2:
      return False
    # Step 3
```

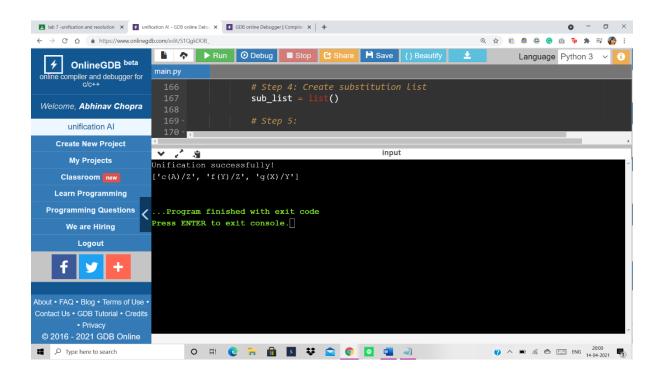
```
elif len(arg_list_1) != len(arg_list_2):
       return False
    else:
       # Step 4: Create substitution list
       sub_list = list()
       # Step 5:
       for i in range(len(arg_list_1)):
         tmp = unify(arg_list_1[i], arg_list_2[i])
         if not tmp:
            return False
         elif tmp == 'Null':
            pass
         else:
            if type(tmp) == list:
              for j in tmp:
                sub_list.append(j)
            else:
              sub_list.append(tmp)
       # Step 6
       return sub_list
if __name__ == '__main__':
  # Data 1
  f1 = 'p(c(A), Z, f(g(X)))'
  f2 = 'p(Z, f(Y), f(Y))'
```

```
result = unify(f1, f2)
if not result:
    print('Unification failed!')
else:
    print('Unification successfully!')
    print(result)
```

Output:

Unification successfully!

['c(A)/Z', 'f(Y)/Z', 'g(X)/Y']



Result:

Thus, the implementation of unification for real world problems is successfully executed using python.

Resolution:

Aim:

Implementation of resolution for real world problems.

Algorithm:

- Conversion of facts to first order logic
- Convert FOL statements to CNF
- Negate the statements which is to be proved (proof by contradiction)
- Draw resolution graph(unification)
- Exit

Code:

```
import copy
import time

class Parameter:
    variable_count = 1

def __init__(self, name=None):
    if name:
        self.type = "Constant"
        self.name = name
    else:
        self.type = "Variable"
        self.name = "v" + str(Parameter.variable_count)
        Parameter.variable_count += 1

def isConstant(self):
    return self.type == "Constant"
```

```
def unify(self, type_, name):
    self.type = type_
    self.name = name
  def __eq__(self, other):
    return self.name == other.name
  def __str__(self):
    return self.name
class Predicate:
  def __init__(self, name, params):
    self.name = name
    self.params = params
  def __eq__(self, other):
    return self.name == other.name and all(a == b for a, b in zip(self.params, other.params))
  def __str__(self):
    return self.name + "(" + ",".join(str(x) for x in self.params) + ")"
  def getNegatedPredicate(self):
    return Predicate(negatePredicate(self.name), self.params)
class Sentence:
  sentence_count = 0
```

```
def __init__(self, string):
  self.sentence index = Sentence.sentence count
  Sentence_count += 1
  self.predicates = []
  self.variable_map = {}
  local = \{\}
  for predicate in string.split("|"):
    name = predicate[:predicate.find("(")]
    params = []
    for param in predicate[predicate.find("(") + 1: predicate.find(")")].split(","):
      if param[0].islower():
        if param not in local: # Variable
           local[param] = Parameter()
           self.variable map[local[param].name] = local[param]
        new_param = local[param]
      else:
        new_param = Parameter(param)
        self.variable_map[param] = new_param
      params.append(new param)
    self.predicates.append(Predicate(name, params))
def getPredicates(self):
  return [predicate.name for predicate in self.predicates]
def findPredicates(self, name):
```

```
def removePredicate(self, predicate):
    self.predicates.remove(predicate)
    for key, val in self.variable_map.items():
      if not val:
         self.variable_map.pop(key)
  def containsVariable(self):
    return any(not param.isConstant() for param in self.variable map.values())
  def __eq__(self, other):
    if len(self.predicates) == 1 and self.predicates[0] == other:
      return True
    return False
  def __str__(self):
    return "".join([str(predicate) for predicate in self.predicates])
class KB:
  def __init__(self, inputSentences):
    self.inputSentences = [x.replace(" ", "") for x in inputSentences]
    self.sentences = []
    self.sentence map = {}
  def prepareKB(self):
    self.convertSentencesToCNF()
    for sentence_string in self.inputSentences:
      sentence = Sentence(sentence_string)
```

return [predicate for predicate in self.predicates if predicate.name == name]

```
for predicate in sentence.getPredicates():
        self.sentence map[predicate] = self.sentence map.get(predicate, []) + [sentence]
  def convertSentencesToCNF(self):
    for sentenceIdx in range(len(self.inputSentences)):
      if "=>" in self.inputSentences[sentenceIdx]: # Do negation of the Premise and add
them as literal
        self.inputSentences[sentenceIdx] =
negateAntecedent(self.inputSentences[sentenceIdx])
  def askQueries(self, queryList):
    results = []
    for query in queryList:
      negatedQuery = Sentence(negatePredicate(query.replace(" ", "")))
      negatedPredicate = negatedQuery.predicates[0]
      prev_sentence_map = copy.deepcopy(self.sentence_map)
      self.sentence map[negatedPredicate.name] =
self.sentence_map.get(negatedPredicate.name, []) + [negatedQuery]
      self.timeLimit = time.time() + 40
      try:
        result = self.resolve([negatedPredicate], [False]*(len(self.inputSentences) + 1))
      except:
        result = False
      self.sentence_map = prev_sentence_map
      if result:
        results.append("TRUE")
```

```
else:
        results.append("FALSE")
    return results
  def resolve(self, queryStack, visited, depth=0):
    if time.time() > self.timeLimit:
      raise Exception
    if queryStack:
      query = queryStack.pop(-1)
      negatedQuery = query.getNegatedPredicate()
      queryPredicateName = negatedQuery.name
      if queryPredicateName not in self.sentence_map:
        return False
      else:
        queryPredicate = negatedQuery
        for kb_sentence in self.sentence_map[queryPredicateName]:
          if not visited[kb_sentence.sentence_index]:
            for kbPredicate in kb_sentence.findPredicates(queryPredicateName):
               canUnify, substitution = performUnification(copy.deepcopy(queryPredicate),
copy.deepcopy(kbPredicate))
               if canUnify:
                 newSentence = copy.deepcopy(kb_sentence)
                 newSentence.removePredicate(kbPredicate)
                 newQueryStack = copy.deepcopy(queryStack)
                 if substitution:
                   for old, new in substitution.items():
```

```
if old in newSentence.variable_map:
                       parameter = newSentence.variable map[old]
                       newSentence.variable_map.pop(old)
                       parameter.unify("Variable" if new[0].islower() else "Constant",
new)
                       newSentence.variable_map[new] = parameter
                   for predicate in newQueryStack:
                     for index, param in enumerate(predicate.params):
                       if param.name in substitution:
                         new = substitution[param.name]
                         predicate.params[index].unify("Variable" if new[0].islower() else
"Constant", new)
                 for predicate in newSentence.predicates:
                   newQueryStack.append(predicate)
                 new visited = copy.deepcopy(visited)
                 if kb_sentence.containsVariable() and len(kb_sentence.predicates) > 1:
                   new_visited[kb_sentence.sentence_index] = True
                 if self.resolve(newQueryStack, new visited, depth + 1):
                   return True
        return False
    return True
def performUnification(queryPredicate, kbPredicate):
  substitution = {}
  if queryPredicate == kbPredicate:
```

```
return True, {}
else:
  for query, kb in zip(queryPredicate.params, kbPredicate.params):
    if query == kb:
       continue
    if kb.isConstant():
       if not query.isConstant():
         if query.name not in substitution:
           substitution[query.name] = kb.name
         elif substitution[query.name] != kb.name:
           return False, {}
         query.unify("Constant", kb.name)
       else:
         return False, {}
    else:
       if not query.isConstant():
         if kb.name not in substitution:
           substitution[kb.name] = query.name
         elif substitution[kb.name] != query.name:
           return False, {}
         kb.unify("Variable", query.name)
       else:
         if kb.name not in substitution:
           substitution[kb.name] = query.name
         elif substitution[kb.name] != query.name:
           return False, {}
return True, substitution
```

```
def negatePredicate(predicate):
  return predicate[1:] if predicate[0] == "~" else "~" + predicate
def negateAntecedent(sentence):
  antecedent = sentence[:sentence.find("=>")]
  premise = []
  for predicate in antecedent.split("&"):
    premise.append(negatePredicate(predicate))
  premise.append(sentence[sentence.find("=>") + 2:])
  return "|".join(premise)
def getInput(filename):
  with open(filename, "r") as file:
    noOfQueries = int(file.readline().strip())
    inputQueries = [file.readline().strip() for _ in range(noOfQueries)]
    noOfSentences = int(file.readline().strip())
    inputSentences = [file.readline().strip() for _ in range(noOfSentences)]
    return inputQueries, inputSentences
def printOutput(filename, results):
  print(results)
  with open(filename, "w") as file:
    for line in results:
      file.write(line)
```

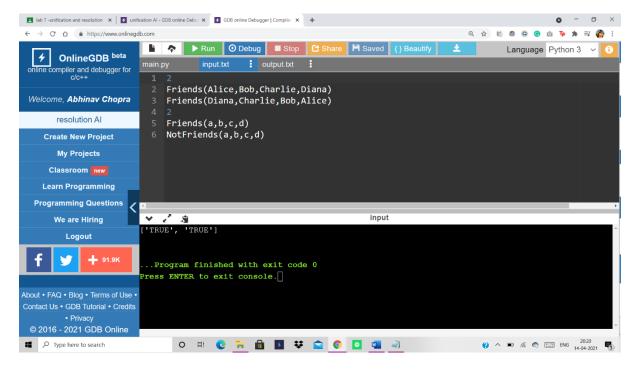
```
file.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    inputQueries_, inputSentences_ = getInput("input.txt")
    knowledgeBase = KB(inputSentences_)
    knowledgeBase.prepareKB()
    results_ = knowledgeBase.askQueries(inputQueries_)
    printOutput("output.txt", results_)
```

Output:

['TRUE', 'TRUE']

file.write("\n")



Result:

Thus, the implementation of resolution for real world problems is successfully executed using python.