

**EXPERIMENT NO: 6**  
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**A N V SREEVISHNU**  
**RA1811003010333**

## **IMPLEMENTATION OF MINMAX ALGORITHM**

**Aim:** To implement Min Max Algorithm in AI using Python.

### **Procedure/Algorithm:**

- First, Create a tic tac te table of our choice.
- Check the empty spaces left and feed in data of O's move.
- A series of possibilities should be shown of the remaining game.
- The path with the most success rate is chosen.
- The output is therefore shown as to the move of the X that should be done at the point in the game.

### **Code:**

```
player, opponent = 'x', 'o'
```

```
# This function returns true if there are moves
```

```
# remaining on the board. It returns false if
```

```
# there are no moves left to play.
```

```
def isMovesLeft(board) :
```

```
for i in range(3) :
```

```
    for j in range(3) :
```

```
        if (board[i][j] == '_') :
```

```
            return True
```

```
    return False
```

```
# This is the evaluation function as discussed
```

```
def evaluate(b) :
```

```
    # Checking for Rows for X or O victory.
```

```
    for row in range(3) :
```

```
        if (b[row][0] == b[row][1] and b[row][1] == b[row][2]) :
```

```
            if (b[row][0] == player) :
```

```
return 10
```

```
elif (b[row][0] == opponent) :
```

```
return -10
```

```
# Checking for Columns for X or O victory.
```

```
for col in range(3) :
```

```
if (b[0][col] == b[1][col] and b[1][col] == b[2][col]) :
```

```
if (b[0][col] == player) :
```

```
return 10
```

```
elif (b[0][col] == opponent) :
```

```
return -10
```

```
# Checking for Diagonals for X or O victory.
```

```
if (b[0][0] == b[1][1] and b[1][1] == b[2][2]) :
```

```
    if (b[0][0] == player) :
```

```
        return 10
```

```
    elif (b[0][0] == opponent) :
```

```
        return -10
```

```
if (b[0][2] == b[1][1] and b[1][1] == b[2][0]) :
```

```
    if (b[0][2] == player) :
```

```
        return 10
```

```
elif (b[0][2] == opponent) :
```

```
    return -10
```

```
# Else if none of them have won then return 0
```

```
return 0
```

```
# This is the minimax function. It considers all
```

```
# the possible ways the game can go and returns
```

```
# the value of the board
```

```
def minimax(board, depth, isMax) :
```

```
    score = evaluate(board)
```

```
# If Maximizer has won the game return his/her
```

```
# evaluated score
```

```
if (score == 10) :
```

```
    return score
```

```
# If Minimizer has won the game return his/her
```

```
# evaluated score
```

```
if (score == -10) :
```

```
    return score
```

```
# If there are no more moves and no winner then
```

```
# it is a tie
```

```
if (isMovesLeft(board) == False) :
```

```
    return 0
```

```
# If this maximizer's move
```

```
if (isMax) :
```

```
    best = -1000
```

```
    # Traverse all cells
```

```
    for i in range(3) :
```

```
        for j in range(3) :
```

```
            # Check if cell is empty
```

```
                if (board[i][j]=='_') :
```

```
                    # Make the move
```

```
board[i][j] = player
```

```
# Call minimax recursively and choose
```

```
# the maximum value
```

```
best = max( best, minimax(board,
```

```
    depth + 1,
```

```
    not isMax) )
```

```
# Undo the move
```

```
board[i][j] = '_'
```

```
return best
```

```
# If this minimizer's move
```



else :

best = 1000

# Traverse all cells

for i in range(3) :

for j in range(3) :

# Check if cell is empty

if (board[i][j] == '\_') :

# Make the move

board[i][j] = opponent

```
# Call minimax recursively and choose
```

```
# the minimum value
```

```
best = min(best, minimax(board, depth + 1, not isMax))
```

```
# Undo the move
```

```
board[i][j] = '_'
```

```
return best
```

```
def findBestMove(board) :
```

```
    bestVal = -1000
```

```
    bestMove = (-1, -1)
```

```
# Traverse all cells, evaluate minimax function for
```

```
# all empty cells. And return the cell with optimal
```

```
# value.
```

```
for i in range(3) :
```

```
    for j in range(3) :
```

```
        # Check if cell is empty
```

```
        if (board[i][j] == '_') :
```

```
            # Make the move
```

```
            board[i][j] = player
```

```
            # compute evaluation function for this
```

```
# move.
```

```
moveVal = minimax(board, 0, False)
```

```
# Undo the move
```

```
board[i][j] = '_'
```

```
# If the value of the current move is
```

```
# more than the best value, then update
```

```
# best/
```

```
if (moveVal > bestVal) :
```

```
    bestMove = (i, j)
```

```
    bestVal = moveVal
```

```
print("The value of the best Move is :", bestVal)
```

```
print()
```

```
return bestMove
```

```
# Driver code
```

```
board = [
```

```
    ['o', 'o', 'x'],
```

```
    ['x', '_', 'o'],
```

```
    ['_', '_', 'x']
```

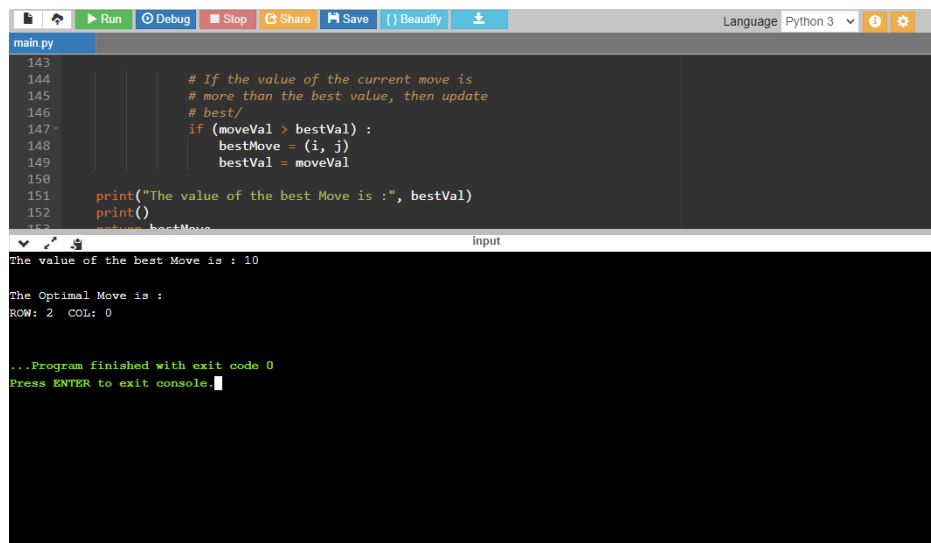
```
]
```

```
bestMove = findBestMove(board)
```

```
print("The Optimal Move is :")
```

```
print("ROW:", bestMove[0], " COL:", bestMove[1])
```

## Output:



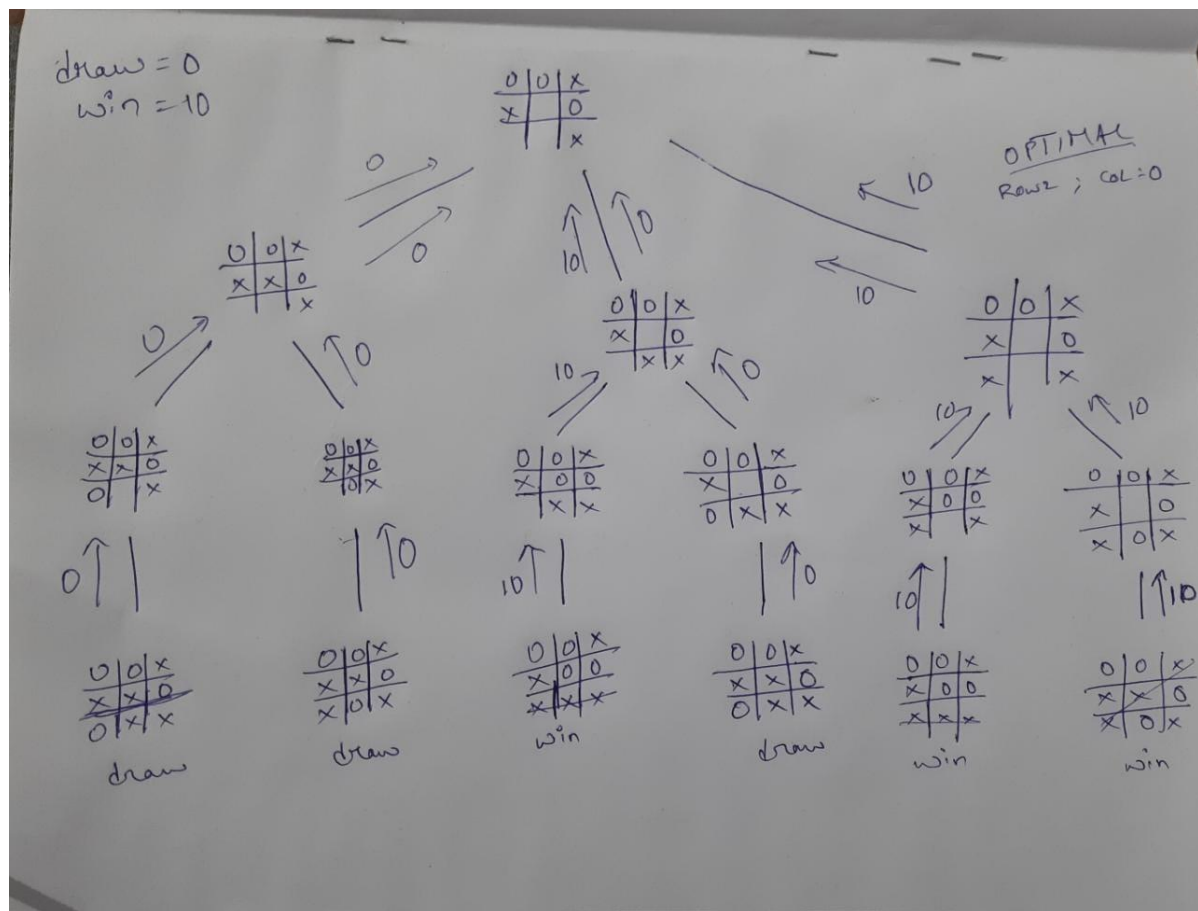
The image shows a screenshot of a code editor and a terminal window. The code editor is titled 'main.py' and contains Python code. The terminal window is titled 'input' and shows the output of the code.

```
143
144
145     # If the value of the current move is
146     # more than the best value, then update
147     # best/
148     if (moveVal > bestVal) :
149         bestMove = (i, j)
150         bestVal = moveVal
151
152     print("The value of the best Move is :", bestVal)
153     print()
154     return bestMove
```

The terminal output is as follows:

```
The value of the best Move is : 10
The Optimal Move is :
ROW: 2 COL: 0

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



**Result:** Thus, the implementation of Min Max algorithm in AI using Python has been successfully done.