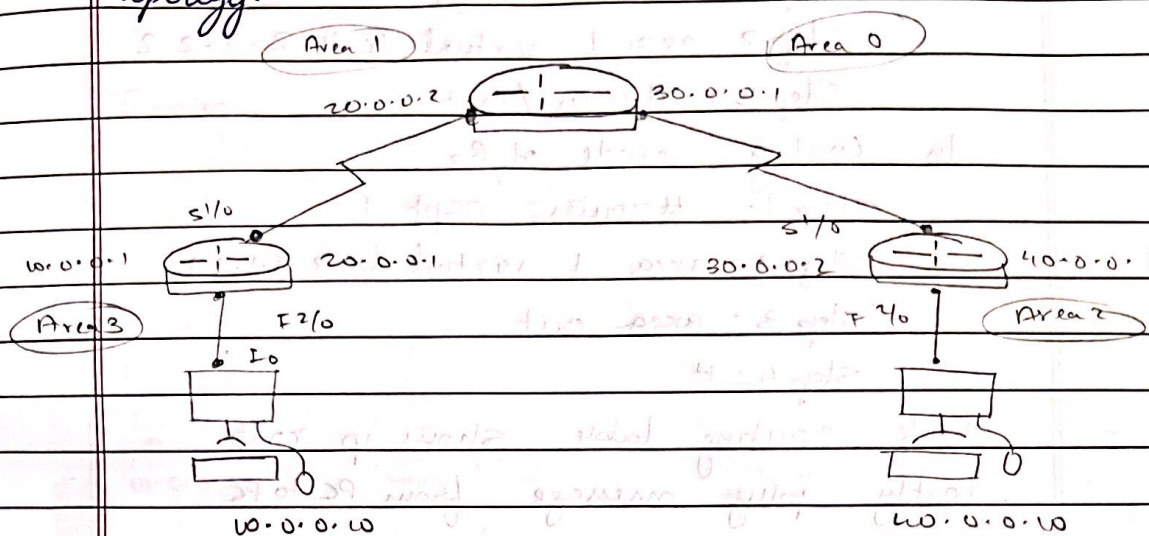


Program.-7

Aim - Configure OSPF routing protocol.

Topology:



Procedure :

- Create topology using 3 routers and 2 PC's
- Configure PC's with IP address and gateway
- Configure each other routers with IP addresses
- encapsulate ppp and clock rate should be set as in R1P config.

Router → CLI → Config mode.

Step 1: Router OS pt 1.

Step 2: router-id 1.1.1.1.

Step 3: network 10.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 0.

Step 4: network 20.0.0.0 0.255.255.255 area 1.

Step 5: exit

- repeat these commands
- type show ip router
- to set loop backs

Step 1: (in config. ip mode)

Step 2: ip address 172.16.1.252

Step 3: No shut down.

- Repeat for other 2 router.
- create a virtual link b/w R_1 , R_2
 in config mode of R_1
 Step 1: router ospf 1
 Step 2: area 1 virtual link 2.2.2.2
 Step 3: # enter / exit.
 In config mode of R_2
 Step 1: # router ospf 1
 Step 2: area 1 virtual link 1.1.1.1
 Step 3: area exit
 Step 4: #
- check routing table, show ip route
- lastly ping message from PC to PC.

Ping output:

Packet tracer PC command - line 1.0

PC > Ping 40.0.0.10

Pinging 40.0.0.10 with 32 byte data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 40.0.0.10 bytes = 32 time = 11ms TTL = 125

Reply from 40.0.0.10 bytes = 32 time = 11ms TTL = 125

Reply from 40.0.0.10 bytes = 32 time = 8ms TTL = 125

Statistics:

packets Sent = 4, received = 3, lost = 1

Approx round trip time

min = 8ms, max = 11ms, Avg = 10ms

observation:

- OSPF is used to find the best path
- network is divided into 4 areas
- message is pinged after a virtual link.