

# Week 1 Quiz

Quiz, 20 questions

20/20 points (100.00%)



**Congratulations! You passed!**

Next Item



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point

1.

R was developed by statisticians working at

- ☐ Insightful
- ☐ Johns Hopkins University
- ☐ StatSci
- ☒ The University of Auckland

**Correct**

The R language was developed by Ross Ihaka and Robert Gentleman who were statisticians at the University of Auckland in New Zealand.



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2.

The definition of free software consists of four freedoms (freedoms 0 through 3). Which of the following is NOT one of the freedoms that are part of the definition? Select all that apply.

- ☐ The freedom to run the program, for any purpose.

**Un-selected is correct**

- ☐ The freedom to improve the program, and release your improvements to the public, so that the whole community benefits.

**Un-selected is correct**

- ☐ The freedom to prevent users from using the software for undesirable purposes.

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This is not part of the free software definition. Freedom 0 requires that the users of free software be free to use the software for any purpose.

☐ The freedom to sell the software for any price.

**Correct**

This is not part of the free software definition. The free software definition does not mention anything about selling software (although it does not disallow it).

☐ The freedom to redistribute copies so you can help your neighbor.

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ The freedom to study how the program works, and adapt it to your needs.

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ The freedom to restrict access to the source code for the software.

**Correct**

This is not part of the free software definition. Freedoms 1 and 3 require access to the source code.



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3.

In R the following are all atomic data types EXCEPT: (Select all that apply)

☐ array

**Correct**

'array' is not an atomic data type in R.

☐ integer

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ numeric

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complex



Un-selected is correct



matrix



Correct

'matrix' is not an atomic data type in R.



logical



Un-selected is correct



data frame



Correct

'data frame' is not an atomic data type in R.



list



Correct

'list' is not an atomic data type in R.



table



Correct

'table' is not an atomic data type in R.



character



Un-selected is correct



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If I execute the expression `x <- 4` in R, what is the class of the object `x` as determined by the `class()` function?

☒ numeric



**Correct**

- ☐ list
- ☐ matrix
- ☐ integer
- ☐ complex
- ☐ real
- ☐ vector



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5.

What is the class of the object defined by the expression `x <- c(4, "a", TRUE)`?

☒ character



**Correct**

The character class is the "lowest common denominator" here and so all elements will be coerced into that class.

- ☐ logical
- ☐ numeric
- ☐ integer
- ☐ mixed



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6.

If I have two vectors `x <- c(1,3, 5)` and `y <- c(3, 2, 10)`, what is produced by the expression `rbind(x, y)`?

☐ a vector of length 3

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a matrix with two rows and three columns

**Correct**

The 'rbind' function treats vectors as if they were rows of a matrix. It then takes those vectors and binds them together row-wise to create a matrix.



a vector of length 2



a 3 by 3 matrix



a 3 by 2 matrix



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7.

A key property of vectors in R is that



elements of a vector all must be of the same class

**Correct**



a vector cannot have have attributes like dimensions



elements of a vector can be of different classes



elements of a vector can only be character or numeric



the length of a vector must be less than 32,768



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8.

Suppose I have a list defined as `x <- list(2, "a", "b", TRUE)`. What does `x[[2]]` give me? Select all that apply.



a character vector containing the letter "a".

**Correct**



a list containing character vector with the letter "a".

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a character vector with the elements "a" and "b".

Un-selected is correct



a list containing a character vector with the elements "a" and "b".

Un-selected is correct



a character vector of length 1.

Correct



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9.

Suppose I have a vector `x <- 1:4` and a vector `y <- 2`. What is produced by the expression `x + y`?



an integer vector with elements 3, 2, 3, 4.



a numeric vector with elements 3, 2, 3, 6.



an integer vector with elements 3, 2, 3, 6.



a numeric vector with elements 3, 2, 3, 4.



a numeric vector with elements 3, 4, 5, 6.

Correct



a numeric vector with elements 1, 2, 3, 6.



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10.

Suppose I have a vector `x <- c(17, 14, 4, 5, 13, 12, 10)` and I want to set all elements of this vector that are greater than 10 to be equal to 4. What R code achieves this? Select all that apply.



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☒ `x[x > 10] <- 4`

**Correct**

You can create a logical vector with the expression `x > 10` and then use the `[]` operator to subset the original vector `x`.

☐ `x[x >= 10] <- 4`

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ `x[x > 4] <- 10`

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ `x[x > 10] == 4`

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ `x[x >= 11] <- 4`

**Correct**

You can create a logical vector with the expression `x >= 11` and then use the `[]` operator to subset the original vector `x`.

☐ `x[x == 10] <- 4`

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ `x[x < 10] <- 4`

**Un-selected is correct**

☐ `x[x == 4] > 10`

**Un-selected is correct**



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## 11. Week 1 Quiz

Use the Week 1 Quiz Data Set to answer questions 11-20.

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In the dataset provided for this Quiz, what are the column names of the dataset?

☒ Ozone, Solar.R, Wind, Temp, Month, Day

**Correct**

You can get the column names of a data frame with the ``names()'` function.

☐ Month, Day, Temp, Wind

☐ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

☐ Ozone, Solar.R, Wind



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12.

Extract the first 2 rows of the data frame and print them to the console. What does the output look like?

☐

	1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	1	7	NA	6.9	74	5	11
3	2	35	274	10.3	82	7	17

☐

	1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	1	18	224	13.8	67	9	17
3	2	NA	258	9.7	81	7	22

☒

	1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	1	41	190	7.4	67	5	1
3	2	36	118	8.0	72	5	2

**Correct**

You can extract the first two rows using the `[]` operator and an integer sequence to index the rows.

☐

	1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	1	9	24	10.9	71	9	14
3	2	18	131	8.0	76	9	29



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## 13. Week 1 Quiz

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☐ 45

☒ 153

**Correct**

You can use the ``nrows()`` function to compute the number of rows in a data frame.

☐ 160

☐ 129



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14.

Extract the *last 2* rows of the data frame and print them to the console. What does the output look like?

☐

1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	152	34	307	12.0	66	5 17
3	153	13	27	10.3	76	9 18

☒

1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	152	18	131	8.0	76	9 29
3	153	20	223	11.5	68	9 30

**Correct**

The ``tail()`` function is an easy way to extract the last few elements of an R object.

☐

1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	152	11	44	9.7	62	5 20
3	153	108	223	8.0	85	7 25

☐

1	Ozone	Solar.R	Wind	Temp	Month	Day
2	152	31	244	10.9	78	8 19
3	153	29	127	9.7	82	6 7



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15.

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What is the value of Ozone in the 47th row?

Question 15

☒ 21



**Correct**

The single bracket [ operator can be used to extract individual rows of a data frame.

☐ 34

☐ 18



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16.

How many missing values are in the Ozone column of this data frame?

☐ 9

☒ 37



**Correct**

The `is.na` function can be used to test for missing values.

☐ 43

☐ 78



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17.

What is the mean of the Ozone column in this dataset? Exclude missing values (coded as NA) from this calculation.

☒ 42.1



**Correct**

The `mean` function can be used to calculate the mean.

☐ 53.2

☐ 18.0

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18.

Extract the subset of rows of the data frame where Ozone values are above 31 and Temp values are above 90. What is the mean of Solar.R in this subset?

☐ 334.0

☐ 185.9

☒ 212.8



**Correct**

You need to construct a logical vector in R to match the question's requirements. Then use that logical vector to subset the data frame.

☐ 205.0



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19.

What is the mean of "Temp" when "Month" is equal to 6?

☐ 90.2

☐ 75.3

☐ 85.6

☒ 79.1



**Correct**



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20.

What was the maximum ozone value in the month of May (i.e. Month is equal to 5)?



18

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115

Correct

100