graph theory \rightarrow *network science*

introduction to network analysis in Python (NetPy)

Lovro Šubelj University of Ljubljana 10th Dec 2019

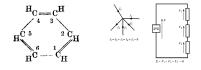
history graph theory

1736 seven *bridges of Königsberg* [Eul36] (Leonhard Euler) 1800s *travelling salesman* problem (William Hamilton)



1845 electrical circuit laws (Gustav Kirchhoff)

1857 *chemical structure* theory (August Kekulé)



history operations research

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1956 shortest paths (Edsger Dijkstra)
1956 minimum spanning tree (Joseph Kruskal)
1956 maximum flow/minimum cut (Ford & Fulkerson)
1956 signed graph theory [CH56] (Cartwright & Harary)
1959 random graph theory [ER59] (Erdős & Rényi)
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history sociometry

1934 children *sociograms* [Mor34] (Jacob Moreno)



1970 university karate club [Zac77] (Wayne Zachary)





1967 *small-world* experiment [Mil67] (Stanley Milgram)

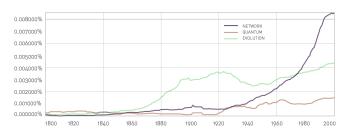
1973 strength of weak ties [Gra73] (Mark Granovetter)

1977 measures of *centrality* [Fre77] (Linton Freeman)

network data

- < 2000 small graphs 10^2 - 10^3 nodes
- \approx 2000 communication networks 10^5 - 10^8 nodes
- \approx 2005 online social networks 10⁸ nodes

today Facebook graph $> 10^9$ users today Web graph $> 10^{12}$ pages

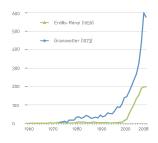


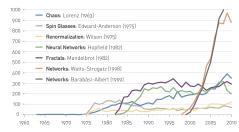
network *models*

1959 random graph theory [ER59] 1973 valued graphs theory [Gra73]

1998 *small-world network* structure [WS98]

1999 scale-free network structure [BA99]





network language

"A key discovery of network science is that the architecture of networks emerging in various domains of science, nature, and technology are similar to each other, a consequence of being governed by the same organizing principles. Consequently we can use a common set of tools to explore these systems."

Albert-László Barabási

"Networks are ideal structures to describe problems of organized complexity."

César A. Hidalgo

"I think the next century will be the century of complexity."

Stephen Hawking

network *science*

problem understanding real networks

means

study of network properties design of mathematical models implementation of efficient algorithms

goals

network structure and evolution nodes, fragments, clusters, layers, network network dynamics and processes spreading, diffusion, epidemics

network analysis







text mining



network analysis

history references



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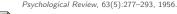
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