Torch7: A Matlab-like Environment for Machine Learning

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As the official introduction paper ^[1] tells, "Torch7 is a versatile numeric computing framework and machine learning library that extends Lua". This short report will help you experience Torch7 and teach you how to use Torch7 in your Machine Learning projects, especially Deep Learning projects. In addition, it also provides guidelines to help you upgrade your project code from Torch5 to the latest Torch7.

Notes: Torch7 is still under active developing. The author used the latest Torch7 in the Github master branch when writing this report.

Features

- * Lua-based
 - -- Ease the development of numerical algorithms
 - -- Could be Easily extended
 - -- Fast
- * Parallelization capacity
 - -- OpenMP
 - -- CUDA
- * Performance overview [1][2]
 - -- CPU-MLP: Torch7 > Theano > Matlab > NumPy >> Torch5
 - -- CPU-CNN: Torch7 > Theano > EBLeam > Torch5 > SciPy
 - -- GPU-MLP: Torch7 > Theano >> Matlab
 - -- GPU-CNN: Torch7 > Theano

Conclusion:

- * Don't hesitate to upgrade to Torch7 if you are using Torch5.
- * Don't waste money on Matlab if you just want to construct and train neural networks.
- * Lua beats Python, surprising?

Installation

1. VirtualBox image (painless)

An OVA packed Virtual Machine image is available at http://data.neuflow.org/share/Torch7.ova, which was created by Clement Fafrabet, one of the co-author of Torch7. The image includes a Ubuntu 12.04 OS pre-installed with Torch7. Install VirtualBox on your machine, and double-click the OVA package, then it will be added to your VM list after a few minutes. Start the VM and have a taste of Torch7.

Notes:

The image is not good for these reasons:

- * The author didn't provide the password. You would need a live CD to reset the password if you want to gain the root privilege.
- * The VirtualBox Guest Additions software was not pre-installed.
- * Package management program 'torch-rocks' is not available.
- * You may not be able to use CUDA in a virtual machine environment.

2. Install Torch7 on your own machine

If you want to use Torch7 in your real big-data project, you may want to install Torch7 on a physical machine. Here're the instructions for Ubuntu. More installation methods for other OSes should be referred to the official documentation.

Note: The installation guideline in the official site torch.ch is not really helpful, at least for my Ubuntu 12.04.

Install dependency

curl -sk https://raw.github.com/torch/ezinstall/master/install-deps | bash

Build from source code

```
git clone git://github.com/mzweilin/torch7-distro.git cd torch; mkdir build; cd build
```

```
cmake ..
```

OR

cmake .. -DCMAKE_INSTALL_PREFIX=/my/install/path

make -j 8 sudo make install

Running

```
$ torch
Type help() for more info
Torch 7.0 Copyright (C) 2001-2011 Idiap, NEC Labs, NYU
Lua 5.1 Copyright (C) 1994-2008 Lua.org, PUC-Rio
t7>
t7> <Ctrl+D>
Really quit [y/N]? y
$
```

Note: Don't press <Ctrl+Z> to exit Torch7. It just makes torch7 run in the background and it won't free the memory.

Tutorial examples

* Simple example: training a Neural Network

The example and the online manual of Torch7 are available at: http://www.cs.virginia.edu/~wx4ed/cs6501/torch7/tutorial/index.html

* Summer school program on Deep Learning

http://code.cogbits.com/wiki/doku.php?id=start

Tutorial 1: Setup / Basics / Getting Started

Tutorial 2: Supervised Learning

Tutorial 3: Unsupervised Learning

Tutorial 4: Graphical Models

Tutorial 5: Creating New Modules

Tutorial 6: Using CUDA

* Official demos (modified by Weilin)

https://github.com/mzweilin/torch-demos

Tensors

Linear Regression

Train a digit classifier

...

Changes on Torch7

The evolution sequence of Torch is listed as below:

```
Torch3 -> Torch5 -> Torch7 -> Torch9
```

deprecated -> **best choice** -> beta

Torch7 is usually the best choice for your project, since Torch3 and Torch5 have been deprecated by the development team while Torch9 is still in the beta stage.

However, some recent projects may still use Torch5. It's important to understand the difference between Torch5 and Torch7, so as to update the project code to Torch7.

The significant changes in Torch7 include:

1. Startup

Torch7 has a more elegant startup method, just `\$ torch` rather than `\$ lua` and then `> require 'torch'`.

2. Package paths

The package paths in Torch7 have been changed a lot. For example, there's no package named

'lab' in the latest Torch7. Instead, the functions in 'lab' have been merged into the 'torch' package, which is loaded by default when starting Torch7.

Unfortunately, there's no complete documentation on such changes. Here's the changes that I met in several projects.

```
gfx -> plot -> gnuplot
lab => torch
sys.filep() -> paths.filep()
```

3. New support on Data Types

Torch7 could switch easily between floating types (float, doubles, or CUDA)

4. Parallelization capability

Torch7 has parallelization capabilities, both OpenMP and CUDA. Thanks to the good implementation in Torch7, it's almost transparent to users. You're not necessary to understand the details of OpenMP or CUDA, but you can definitely take advantage of them.

5. Luajit

Torch7 integrates Luajit rather than Lua, compared to Torch5. Fortunately, this change should not result in any code changes. According to the official site of Luajit, it has much better performance that gained by JIT (Just-In-Time) compilation technology. Such technology has been widely used in web browsers in order to improve the performance of JavaScript.

http://luajit.org/performance x86.html

| Perform | ance | : x86, | / x | 64 | | | | | |
|--|----------|------------|------------|-----|----|--|--|--|--|
| Intel | Core2 E8 | 400 3.0 GH | Z | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Interactive Performance Comparison Chart | | | |
| ▼ Click to compare | | | • | Mod | le | Select two VMs to compare. Click to the left for the 1s | | | |
| Lua 5.1.5 | | | | | | one and to the right for the 2nd one. Then take a look | | | |
| LuaJIT 1.1.6 -O | | | | x86 | 5 | at the results below. | | | |
| LuaJIT 2.0.0 (interpreter) | | | | 700 | 1 | E.g. a ratio of 49.71 means the 2nd VM runs that | | | |
| LuaJIT 2.0.0 | | | | | | benchmark almost fifty times faster. Please note the | | | |
| Lua 5.1.5 | | | | | | bar graph has <i>logarithmic</i> scale. | | | |
| LuaJIT 2.0.0 (interpreter) | | | 0 | x64 | 1 | Choose different VMs to compare or compare the same VM on x86 and x64. | | | |
| LuaJIT 2.0.0 | | | 0 | | | Click on the arrows next to Benchmark or Ratio to sort | | | |
| Benchmark▼ | N | Ratio▼ | 4x | 2 | x | 2x 4x 8x 16x 32x 64x | | | |
| md5 | 20000 | 112.09 | | | | | | | |
| array3d | 300 | 84.00 | | | | | | | |
| euler14-bit | 2e7 | 62.02 | | | | | | | |
| mandelbrot-bit | 5000 | 53.57 | | | | | | | |
| scimark-lu | 5000 | 45.66 | | | | | | | |
| scimark-fft | 50000 | 36.84 | | | | | | | |
| scimark-sor | 50000 | 35.66 | | | | | | | |
| nsieve-bit | 12 | 29.60 | | | | | | | |
| spectral-norm | 3000 | 21.09 | | | | | | | |
| fannkuch | 11 | 20.94 | | | | | | | |
| ray | 9 | 20.89 | | | | | | | |
| nbody | 5e6 | 20.43 | | | | | | | |
| mandelbrot | 5000 | 18.10 | | | | | | | |
| recursive-ack | 10 | 17.24 | | | | | | | |
| scimark-sparse | 15e4 | 15.97 | | | | | | | |
| recursive-fib | 40 | 14.60 | | | | | | | |
| pidigits-nogmp | 5000 | 10.02 | | | | | | | |
| nsieve-bit-fp | 12 | 9.56 | | | | | | | |
| k-nucleotide | 5e6 | 5.38 | | | | | | | |

Note: I don't know why the latest Torch7 still uses Lua 5.1 rather than Luajit. But the Torch9 beta does. The Torch7 development team hasn't given me a reply about that.

6. No SVM package.

Hopefully, there're not many Torch5 projects using SVM.

7. Advanced Package management

The program 'torch-rocks' makes it fairly easy to install or remove Torch7 packages on your machine.

Reference

- [1] Collobert, Ronan, Koray Kavukcuoglu, and Clément Farabet. "Torch7: A matlab-like environment for machine learning." BigLearn, NIPS Workshop. 2011.
- [2] Bergstra, James, et al. "Theano: a CPU and GPU math expression compiler." Proceedings of the Python for Scientific Computing Conference (SciPy). Vol. 4. 2010.