



```

/*****
Semana 3: Problem Set 2

Universidad de San Andrés
Economía Aplicada

2022

>
*****/

* Source: https://www.aeaweb.org/articles?id=10.1257/app.20200204

/*****
Este archivo sigue la siguiente estructura:

0) Set up environment and globals

1) Regressions

*****/

* 0) Set up environment
*=====

clear all
    version 16                // Set Version number for backward compatibility
    set more off              // Disable partitioned output
    clear all                 // Start with a clean slate
    set linesize 80          // Line size limit to make output more readable

gl main "C:\Users\Anzony\Documents\GitHub\Applied_Econometrics\PS2"
gl input "$main/input"
gl output "$main/output"

* Open data set

use "$input/measures.dta", clear

* Global with control variables

global covs_eva "male i.eva_fu"
global covs_ent "male i.ent_fu"

* 1) Regressions
*=====

*****/
* PANEL A (Child's cognitive skills at follow up)
*****/

    local bayley "b_tot_cog b_tot_lr b_tot_le b_tot_mf"
    local i = 1
    foreach y of local bayley{
        local append append
        if "`y'"=="b_tot_cog" local append replace
        cap drop V*
        reg `y'1_st treat `y'0_st $covs_eva , cluster(cod_dane)
        est sto panel_A_`i'
        local i = `i'+1
        estadd scalar N1 = e(N)
    }

```

```

local macarthur "mac_words mac_phrases"
foreach y of local macarthur{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat mac_words0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    est sto panel_A`i'
    local i = `i'+1
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)
}

*****
* PANEL B (Child's socio-emotional skills at follow up)
*****

local bates "bates_difficult bates_unsociable bates_unstoppable"
local i = 1
foreach y of local bates{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat `y'0_st $covs_ent, cl(cod_dane)
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)
    est sto panel_B`i'
    local i = `i'+1
}

local roth "roth_inhibit roth_attention"
foreach y of local roth{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat bates_difficult0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)
    est sto panel_B`i'
    local i = `i'+1
}
reg home_name1_st
estadd scalar N1 = .
est sto panel_B_6

*****
* PANEL C (Material investments)
*****

> " local fcimat "fci_play_mat_type Npaintbooks Nthingsmove Ntoysshape Ntoysbought
local i = 1
foreach y of local fcimat{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat fci_play_mat_type0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)
    est sto panel_C`i'
    local i = `i'+1
}
reg home_name1_st
estadd scalar N1 = .
est sto panel_C_6

*****
* PANEL D (Time investments)
*****
local fcitime "fci_play_act home_stories home_read home_toys home_name"
local i = 1
foreach y of local fcitime{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat fci_play_act0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)
    est sto panel_D`i'
    local i = `i'+1
}

```

```
// aux reg for extra column
reg home_name1 st
estadd scalar N1 = .
est sto panel_D_6
```

```
*****
* Replicated Table
*****
```

```

* Making table for mortality
#delimit ;

global note "Notes: All scores have been internally standardiz
> ed nonparametrically
                                for age and are expressed in standard deviatio
> n
                                units (see online Appendix B for details about
>
                                the measures and the standardization procedure
> ).
                                Measures followed by (-) have been reversed so
> that a higher
                                score refers to better behavior. The effects r
> elating
                                to the latent factors are in log points. Coeff
> icients and
                                standard errors clustered at the municipality
> level (in
                                parentheses) are from a regression of the depe
> ndent variable
                                measured at follow-up on an indicator for whet
> her
                                the child received any psychosocial stimulatio
> n and controlling
                                for the child's sex, tester effects, and basel
> ine
                                level of the outcome." ;

#delimit cr

# delimit ;

esttab panel_A 1 panel_A 2 panel_A 3
panel_A_4 panel_A_5 panel_A_6 using "${output}/table2_replicat
> ion.tex", replace
cells(b(label(coef.) star fmt(%8.3f) ) se(label((z)) par fmt(%
> 6.3f)))
starlevels(* 0.10 ** 0.05 *** 0.01)
s(N1 , label( "N" ) fmt(%9.0gc) )
collabels(none) nostar noobs nonote
nonumbers eqlabels( none )
nonote
keep( treat )
varlabels( treat "Treatment" )
mtitle(
"\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Cognitive}"
"\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Receptive language}"
"\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Expressive language}"
"\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Fine motor}"
"\shortstack{ \\ MacArthur: \\ Words the child can say
> }"
"\shortstack{ \\ MacArthur: \\ Complex phrases \\ the
> child can say}" )
mgroups( "\underline{ Panel A.} \textbf{ Child's cognitive ski
> lls at follow-up }"
, pattern( 1 0 0 0 0 0
> ) prefix(\multicolumn{@span}{c}{}) suffix{)} span end(\hline) )
prehead("\begin{table} \small \centering
\protect \captionsetup{justification=centering})
```

```

\caption{\label{tab:table1} Treatment Impacts on Raw M
> easures and Latent Factors }"
\begin{table}
\begin{tabular}{lcccccc} \toprule
posthead(\hline) prefoot(\midrule) postfoot( \midrule) ;

esttab panel_B_1 panel_B_2 panel_B_3
panel_B_4 panel_B_5 panel_B_6 using "${output}/table2_replica
> tion.tex", append
cells(b(label(coef.) star fmt(%8.3f) ) se(label((z)) par fmt(%
> 6.3f)))
starlevels(* 0.10 ** 0.05 *** 0.01)
s(N1 , label( "N" ) fmt(%9.0gc) )
collabels( none )
nostar noobs nonote
nonumbers eqlabels( none )
keep( treat )
mgroups( "
\underline{ Panel B.}
\textbf{ Child's socio-emotional skills at follow-up }
> "
, pattern( 1 0 0 0 0 0 )
prefix(\multicolumn{@span}{c}{}) suffix{}
span end(\hline) )
mtitle(
"\shortstack{ \ ICQ: \ Difficult (-)}"
"\shortstack{ \ ICQ: \ Unsociable (-)}"
"\shortstack{ \ ICQ: \ Unstoppable (-)}"
"\shortstack{ \ ECBQ: \ Inhibitory control}"
"\shortstack{ \ ECBQ: \ Attentional focusing}" )
nonote
varlabels( treat "Treatment" )
prehead( "" )
posthead( \hline )
prefoot(\midrule)
postfoot("")
delim("&") nonumbers
;

esttab panel_C_1 panel_C_2 panel_C_3
panel_C_4 panel_C_5 panel_C_6 using "${output}/table2_replica
> tion.tex", append
cells(b(label(coef.) star fmt(%8.3f) ) se(label((z)) par fmt(%
> 6.3f)))
starlevels(* 0.10 ** 0.05 *** 0.01)
s(N1 , label( "N" ) fmt(%9.0gc) )
collabels(none) nostar noobs
nonumbers eqlabels( none )
mgroups( "
\underline{ Panel C.}
\textbf{ Material investments at follow-up }"
, pattern( 1 0 0 0 0 0 )
prefix(\multicolumn{@span}{c}{}) suffix{}
span end(\hline) )
mtitle(
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of types\ \ of play mat
> erials}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of coloring \ \ and dra
> wing books}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of toys \ \ to learn mo
> vement}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of toys \ \ to learn sh
> apes}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of \ \ shop-bought toys
> }"
"" )
nonote keep( treat )
varlabels( treat "Treatment" )

```

```

prehead( \hline )
posthead( \hline )
prefoot( \midrule )
postfoot( "" )
delim("&") nonumbers
;

esttab panel_D_1 panel_D_2 panel_D_3
panel_D_4 panel_D_5 panel_D_6 using "${output}/table2_replica
> tion.tex", append
> 6.3f)))

starlevels(* 0.10 ** 0.05 *** 0.01)
s(N1 , label( "N" ) fmt(%9.0gc) )
collabels(none) nostar noobs nonote
nonumbers eqlabels( none ) keep( treat )
mgroups( "
    \underline{ Panel D.}
    \textbf{ Time investments at follow-up }"
    , pattern( 1 0 0 0 0 )
    prefix(\multicolumn{@span}{c}{}) suffix({})
    span end(\hline) )
mtitle(
> ivities \\\ in last 3 days}"
> ry to child \\\ in last 3 days}"
> ild \\\ in last 3 days}"
> h toys \\\ in last 3 days}"
> gs to child \\\ in last 3 days}"
    "" )
varlabels( treat "Treatment" )
prehead( \hline )
posthead( \hline )
prefoot( \midrule )
delim("&") nonumbers
postfoot( \hline \end{tabular}
    \begin{tablenotes}
    \begin{footnotesize}
    ${note}
    \end{footnotesize}
    "\end{tablenotes} \end{threeparttable} } \end{table}")
> ;

#delimit cr

* 2) Modification
*=====

* 2) P-Values Correction
*=====

*****
* PANEL A (Child's cognitive skills at follow up)
*****

* Define number of hypothesis
scalar hyp = 6
* Define level of significance
scalar signif = 0.05

```

```

local bayley "b_tot_cog b_tot_lr b_tot_le b_tot_mf"
local i = 1
local group_regressions = ""
mat p_values = J(hyp,1,.)
foreach y of local bayley{
  local append append
  if "`y'"=="b_tot_cog" local append replace
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat `y'0_st $covs_eva , cluster(cod_dane)
    eststo panel_A `i': test treat = 0
    mat p_values[`i',1]=r(p)
    scalar p_value = r(p)
    scalar corr_p_value = min(1,r(p)*hyp)
    estadd scalar bonferroni = corr_p_value
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)

    local est_name panel_A `i'
    local group_regressions `group_regressions' `est_name'

    local i = `i' + 1
}

local macarthur "mac_words mac_phrases"
foreach y of local macarthur{
  cap drop V*
  reg `y'l_st treat mac_words0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
  eststo panel_A `i': test treat = 0
  mat p_values[`i',1]=r(p)
  scalar p_value = r(p)
  scalar corr_p_value = min(1,r(p)*hyp)
  estadd scalar bonferroni = corr_p_value
  estadd scalar N1 = e(N)

  local est_name panel_A `i'
  local group_regressions `group_regressions' `est_name'

  local i = `i' + 1
}

// Modification of p-val
preserve

// * Define number of hypothesis
// scalar hyp = hyp
// * Define level of significance
// scalar signif = signif
* Holm Correction
  clear
  // Bring the p_values matrix as column dta
  svmat p_values
  // Identify the original variable outcome
  gen outcome_order_var = _n

  // Sort values
  sort p_values1
  // Indicate the rank of the variable
  gen rank = _n
  // Identify if its significant or not
  gen alpha_corr = signif/(hyp+1-rank)
  gen significant_Holm = (p_values1<alpha_corr)
  replace significant_Holm = 0 if significant_Holm[_n-1]

  // Sort again based on outcome order
  sort outcome_order_var
  // Export the result as a matrix
  mkmatrix significant_Holm, matrix(holm_cor)
  keep p_values1 outcome_order_var

```

> ==0

```

* Benjamini et al.
  rename (p_values1 outcome_order_var) (pval outcome)
  quietly sum pval
  local totalpvals = r(N)

  * Sort the p-values in ascending order and generate a
> variable that codes each p-value's rank
  quietly gen int original_sorting_order = _n
  quietly sort pval
  quietly gen int rank = _n if pval~=.

  * Set the initial counter to 1
  local qval = 1

  * Generate the variable that will contain the BKJ (200
> 6) sharpened q-values
  gen bky06_qval = 1 if pval~=.

  * Set up a loop that begins by checking which hypotheses
> es are rejected at q = 1.000, then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.999
> , then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.998, etc. The loop ends by che
> cking which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.001.

  local totalpvals = ${totalpvals}
  local qval = 1
  while `qval' > 0 {
    * First Stage
    * Generate the adjusted first stage q level we
> are testing: q' = q/1+q
    local qval_adj = `qval'/(1+`qval')
    * Generate value q'*r/M
    gen fdr_temp1 = `qval_adj'*rank/`totalpvals'
    * Generate binary variable checking condition
> p(r) <= q'*r/M
    gen reject_temp1 = (fdr_temp1>=pval) if pval~=
> .
    * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
> or all p-values that meet above condition
    gen reject_rank1 = reject_temp1*rank
    * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
> meets above condition
    egen total_rejected1 = max(reject_rank1)

    * Second Stage
    * Generate the second stage q level that accou
> nts for hypotheses rejected in first stage: q_2st = q'*(M/m0)
    local qval_2st = `qval_adj'*(`totalpvals'/(`to
> talpvals'-total_rejected1[1]))
    * Generate value q_2st*r/M
    gen fdr_temp2 = `qval_2st'*rank/`totalpvals'
    * Generate binary variable checking condition
> p(r) <= q_2st*r/M
    gen reject_temp2 = (fdr_temp2>=pval) if pval~=
> .
    * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
> or all p-values that meet above condition
    gen reject_rank2 = reject_temp2*rank
    * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
> meets above condition
    egen total_rejected2 = max(reject_rank2)

```

```

> s rank is less than or
> ets the above condition
> ejected2 & rank~=.
> _rejected*

* A p-value has been rejected at level q if it
* equal to the rank of the max p-value that me
replace bky06_qval = `qval' if rank <= total_r
* Reduce q by 0.001 and repeat loop
drop fdr_temp* reject_temp* reject_rank* total
local qval = `qval' - .001
}

quietly sort original_sorting_order
pause off

mkmat bky06_qval, matrix(pval_bky06)

scalar i = 1
foreach reg_store of local group_regressions{

    scalar holm_cor_val = holm_cor[i, 1]
    scalar pval_bky06_val = pval_bky06[i, 1]

    if holm_cor_val == 1 {
        est restore `reg_store'
        estadd local pholm "Significant"
        estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
    }
    if holm_cor_val == 0 {
        est restore `reg_store'
        estadd local pholm "No Significant"
        estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
    }
}

restore

*****
* PANEL B (Child's socio-emotional skills at follow up)
*****

* Define number of hypothesis
scalar hyp = 5
* Define level of significance
scalar signif = 0.05
local bates "bates_difficult bates_unsociable bates_unstoppable"
local i = 1
local group_regressions = ""
mat p_values = J(hyp,1,.)
foreach y of local bates{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'l_st treat `y'0_st $covs_ent, cl(cod_dane)
    eststo panel_B `i': test treat = 0
    mat p_values[`i',1]=r(p)
    scalar p_value = r(p)
    scalar corr_p_value = min(1,r(p)*hyp)
    estadd scalar bonferroni = corr_p_value
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)

    local est_name panel_B `i'
    local group_regressions `group_regressions' `est_name'

    local i = `i' + 1
}

```



```

local roth "roth_inhibit roth_attention"
foreach y of local roth{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'1_st treat bates_difficult0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    eststo panel_B`i': test treat = 0
    mat p_values[`i',1]=r(p)
    scalar p_value = r(p)
    scalar corr_p_value = min(1,r(p)*hyp)
    estadd scalar bonferroni = corr_p_value
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)

    local est_name panel_B`i'
    local group_regressions `group_regressions' `est_name'

    local i = `i' + 1
}
reg home_name1_st
estadd scalar N1 = .
est sto panel_B_6

// Modification of p-vals
preserve

// * Define number of hypothesis
// scalar hyp = hyp
// * Define level of significance
// scalar signif = signif
* Holm Correction
clear
// Bring the p_values matrix as column dta
svmat p_values
// Identify the original variable outcome
gen outcome_order_var = _n

// Sort values
sort p_values1
// Indicate the rank of the variable
gen rank = _n
// Identify if its significant or not
gen alpha_corr = signif/(hyp+1-rank)
gen significant_Holm = (p_values1<alpha_corr)
replace significant_Holm = 0 if significant_Holm[_n-1]

> ==0

// Sort again based on outcome order
sort outcome_order_var
// Export the result as a matrix
mkmat significant_Holm, matrix(holm_cor)
keep p_values1 outcome_order_var

* Benjamini et al.
rename (p_values1 outcome_order_var) (pval outcome)
quietly sum pval
local totalpvals = r(N)

* Sort the p-values in ascending order and generate a
> variable that codes each p-value's rank
quietly gen int original_sorting_order = _n
quietly sort pval
quietly gen int rank = _n if pval~=.

* Set the initial counter to 1
local qval = 1

* Generate the variable that will contain the BKY (200
> 6) sharpened q-values
gen bky06_qval = 1 if pval~=.

```

```

> es are rejected at q = 1.000, then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.999
> , then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.998, etc. The loop ends by che
> cking which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.001.

```

```

local totalpvals = ${totalpvals}
local qval = 1
while `qval' > 0 {
    * First Stage
    * Generate the adjusted first stage q level we
    > are testing: q' = q/1+q
    local qval_adj = `qval'/(1+`qval')
    * Generate value q'*r/M
    gen fdr_temp1 = `qval_adj'*rank/`totalpvals'
    * Generate binary variable checking condition
    > p(r) <= q'*r/M
    gen reject_temp1 = (fdr_temp1>=pval) if pval~=
    > .
    * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
    > or all p-values that meet above condition
    gen reject_rank1 = reject_temp1*rank
    * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
    > meets above condition
    egen total_rejected1 = max(reject_rank1)

    * Second Stage
    * Generate the second stage q level that accou
    > nts for hypotheses rejected in first stage: q_2st = q'*(M/m0)
    local qval_2st = `qval_adj'*(`totalpvals'/(`to
    > talpvals'-total_rejected1[1]))
    * Generate value q_2st*r/M
    gen fdr_temp2 = `qval_2st'*rank/`totalpvals'
    * Generate binary variable checking condition
    > p(r) <= q_2st*r/M
    gen reject_temp2 = (fdr_temp2>=pval) if pval~=
    > .
    * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
    > or all p-values that meet above condition
    gen reject_rank2 = reject_temp2*rank
    * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
    > meets above condition
    egen total_rejected2 = max(reject_rank2)

    * A p-value has been rejected at level q if it
    * equal to the rank of the max p-value that me
    replace bky06_qval = `qval' if rank <= total_r
    > ejected2 & rank~=.
    * Reduce q by 0.001 and repeat loop
    drop fdr_temp* reject_temp* reject_rank* total
    > _rejected*
    local qval = `qval' - .001
}

```

```

quietly sort original_sorting_order
pause off

```

```

mkmat bky06_qval, matrix(pval_bky06)

```

```

scalar i = 1
foreach reg_store of local group_regressions{
    scalar holm_cor_val = holm_cor[i, 1]
    scalar pval_bky06_val = pval_bky06[i, 1]
}

```

```

        if holm_cor_val == 1 {
            est restore `reg_store'
            estadd local phoIm "Significant"
            estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
        }
        if holm_cor_val == 0 {
            est restore `reg_store'
            estadd local phoIm "No Significant"
            estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
        }
    }
    restore
}

*****
* PANEL C (Material investments)
*****

* Define number of hypothesis
scalar hyp = 5
* Define level of significance
scalar signif = 0.05
local fcimat "fci_play_mat_type Npaintbooks Nthingsmove Ntoysshape Ntoysbought
> "
local i = 1
local group_regressions = ""
mat p_values = J(hyp,1,.)
foreach y of local fcimat{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'1_st treat fci_play_mat_type0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    eststo panel_C`i': test treat = 0
    mat p_values[`i',1]=r(p)
    scalar p_value = r(p)
    scalar corr_p_value = min(1,r(p)*hyp)
    estadd scalar bonferroni = corr_p_value
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)

    local est_name panel_C`i'
    local group_regressions `group_regressions' `est_name'

    local i = `i' + 1
}
reg home_name1_st
estadd scalar N1 = .
est sto panel_C_6

// Modification of p-vals
preserve

// * Define number of hypothesis
// scalar hyp = hyp
// * Define level of significance
// scalar signif = signif
* Holm Correction
clear
// Bring the p_values matrix as column dta
svmat p_values
// Identify the original variable outcome
gen outcome_order_var = _n

// Sort values
sort p_values1
// Indicate the rank of the variable
gen rank = _n
// Identify if its significant or not
gen alpha_corr = signif/(hyp+1-rank)
gen significant_Holm = (p_values1<alpha_corr)
replace significant_Holm = 0 if significant_Holm[_n-1]

> ==0

```

```

// Sort again based on outcome order
sort outcome_order_var
// Export the result as a matrix
mkmat significant_Holm, matrix(holm_cor)
keep p_values1 outcome_order_var

* Benjamini et al.
rename (p_values1 outcome_order_var) (pval outcome)
quietly sum pval
local totalpvals = r(N)

* Sort the p-values in ascending order and generate a
> variable that codes each p-value's rank
quietly gen int original_sorting_order = _n
quietly sort pval
quietly gen int rank = _n if pval~=.

* Set the initial counter to 1
local qval = 1

* Generate the variable that will contain the BKY (200
> 6) sharpened q-values
gen bky06_qval = 1 if pval~=.

* Set up a loop that begins by checking which hypotheses
> es are rejected at q = 1.000, then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.999
> , then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.998, etc. The loop ends by che
> cking which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.001.

local totalpvals = ${totalpvals}
local qval = 1
while `qval' > 0 {
  * First Stage
  * Generate the adjusted first stage q level we
  > are testing: q' = q/(1+q)
  local qval_adj = `qval'/(1+`qval')
  * Generate value q'*r/M
  gen fdr_temp1 = `qval_adj'*rank/`totalpvals'
  * Generate binary variable checking condition
  > p(r) <= q'*r/M
  gen reject_temp1 = (fdr_temp1>=pval) if pval~=
  > .
  * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
  > or all p-values that meet above condition
  gen reject_rank1 = reject_temp1*rank
  * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
  > meets above condition
  egen total_rejected1 = max(reject_rank1)

  * Second Stage
  * Generate the second stage q level that accou
  > nts for hypotheses rejected in first stage: q_2st = q'*(M/m0)
  local qval_2st = `qval_adj'*(`totalpvals'/(`to
  > talpvals'-total_rejected1[1]))
  * Generate value q_2st*r/M
  gen fdr_temp2 = `qval_2st'*rank/`totalpvals'
  * Generate binary variable checking condition
  > p(r) <= q_2st*r/M
  gen reject_temp2 = (fdr_temp2>=pval) if pval~=
  > .
  * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
  > or all p-values that meet above condition
  gen reject_rank2 = reject_temp2*rank
  * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
  > meets above condition
  egen total_rejected2 = max(reject_rank2)

```

```

> s rank is less than or
> ets the above condition
> ejected2 & rank~=.
> _rejected*

* A p-value has been rejected at level q if it
* equal to the rank of the max p-value that me
replace bky06_qval = `qval' if rank <= total_r
* Reduce q by 0.001 and repeat loop
drop fdr_temp* reject_temp* reject_rank* total
local qval = `qval' - .001
}

quietly sort original_sorting_order
pause off

mkmat bky06_qval, matrix(pval_bky06)

scalar i = 1
foreach reg_store of local group_regressions{

    scalar holm_cor_val = holm_cor[i, 1]
    scalar pval_bky06_val = pval_bky06[i, 1]

    if holm_cor_val == 1 {
        est restore `reg_store'
        estadd local pholm "Significant"
        estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
    }
    if holm_cor_val == 0 {
        est restore `reg_store'
        estadd local pholm "No Significant"
        estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
    }
}

restore

*****
* PANEL D (Time investments)
*****

* Define number of hypothesis
scalar hyp = 5
* Define level of significance
scalar signif = 0.05
local fcitime "fci_play_act home_stories home_read home_toys home_name"
local i = 1
local group_regressions = ""
mat p_values = J(hyp,1,.)
foreach y of local fcitime{
    cap drop V*
    reg `y'1_st treat fci_play_act0_st $covs_ent , cluster(cod_dane)
    eststo panel_D`i': test treat = 0
    mat p_values[`i',1]=r(p)
    scalar p_value = r(p)
    scalar corr_p_value = min(1,r(p)*hyp)
    estadd scalar bonferroni = corr_p_value
    estadd scalar N1 = e(N)

    local est_name panel_D`i'
    local group_regressions `group_regressions' `est_name'

```

```

        local i = `i' + 1
    }
    // aux reg for extra column
    reg home_name1_st
    estadd scalar N1 = .
    est sto panel_D_6
    // Modification of p-values
    preserve

        // * Define number of hypothesis
        // scalar hyp = hyp
        // * Define level of significance
        // scalar signif = signif
        * Holm Correction
        clear
        // Bring the p_values matrix as column dta
        svmat p_values
        // Identify the original variable outcome
        gen outcome_order_var = _n

        // Sort values
        sort p_values1
        // Indicate the rank of the variable
        gen rank = _n
        // Identify if its significant or not
        gen alpha_corr = signif/(hyp+1-rank)
        gen significant_Holm = (p_values1<alpha_corr)
        replace significant_Holm = 0 if significant_Holm[_n-1]

> ==0

        // Sort again based on outcome order
        sort outcome_order_var
        // Export the result as a matrix
        mkmat significant_Holm, matrix(holm_cor)
        keep p_values1 outcome_order_var

        * Benjamini et al.
        rename (p_values1 outcome_order_var) (pval outcome)
        quietly sum pval
        local totalpvals = r(N)

        * Sort the p-values in ascending order and generate a
> variable that codes each p-value's rank
        quietly gen int original_sorting_order = _n
        quietly sort pval
        quietly gen int rank = _n if pval~=.

        * Set the initial counter to 1
        local qval = 1

        * Generate the variable that will contain the BKJ (200
> 6) sharpened q-values
        gen bkj06_qval = 1 if pval~=.

        * Set up a loop that begins by checking which hypotheses
> es are rejected at q = 1.000, then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.999
> , then checks which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.998, etc. The loop ends by che
> cking which hypotheses are rejected at q = 0.001.

```

```

local totalpvals = ${totalpvals}
local qval = 1
while `qval' > 0 {
    * First Stage
    * Generate the adjusted first stage q level we
    > are testing: q' = q/1+q
    local qval_adj = `qval'/(1+`qval')
    * Generate value q'*r/M
    gen fdr_temp1 = `qval_adj'*rank/`totalpvals'
    * Generate binary variable checking condition
    > p(r) <= q'*r/M
    gen reject_temp1 = (fdr_temp1>=pval) if pval~=
    > .
    * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
    > or all p-values that meet above condition
    gen reject_rank1 = reject_temp1*rank
    * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
    > meets above condition
    egen total_rejected1 = max(reject_rank1)
    * Second Stage
    * Generate the second stage q level that accou
    > nts for hypotheses rejected in first stage: q_2st = q'*(M/m0)
    local qval_2st = `qval_adj'*(`totalpvals'/(`to
    > talpvals'-total_rejected1[1]))
    * Generate value q_2st*r/M
    gen fdr_temp2 = `qval_2st'*rank/`totalpvals'
    * Generate binary variable checking condition
    > p(r) <= q_2st*r/M
    gen reject_temp2 = (fdr_temp2>=pval) if pval~=
    > .
    * Generate variable containing p-value ranks f
    > or all p-values that meet above condition
    gen reject_rank2 = reject_temp2*rank
    * Record the rank of the largest p-value that
    > meets above condition
    egen total_rejected2 = max(reject_rank2)
    * A p-value has been rejected at level q if it
    * equal to the rank of the max p-value that me
    replace bky06_qval = `qval' if rank <= total_r
    * Reduce q by 0.001 and repeat loop
    drop fdr_temp* reject_temp* reject_rank* total
    > _rejected*
    local qval = `qval' - .001
}

quietly sort original_sorting_order
pause off

mkmat bky06_qval, matrix(pval_bky06)

scalar i = 1
foreach reg_store of local group_regressions{
    scalar holm_cor_val = holm_cor[i, 1]
    scalar pval_bky06_val = pval_bky06[i, 1]

```

```

        if holm_cor_val == 1 {
            est restore `reg_store'
            estadd local phoIm "Significant"
            estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
        }
        if holm_cor_val == 0 {
            est restore `reg_store'
            estadd local phoIm "No Significant"
            estadd scalar bky_06 = pval_bky06_val
        }
    }
    restore
}

*****
* Replicated Table
*****

* Making table for mortality
#delimit ;

global note "Notes: All scores have been internally standardiz
> ed nonparametrically          for age and are expressed in standard deviatio
> n                               units (see online Appendix B for details about
>                                the measures and the standardization procedure
> ).                             Measures followed by (-) have been reversed so
> that a higher                  score refers to better behavior. The effects r
> elating                        to the latent factors are in log points. Coeff
> icients and                    standard errors clustered at the municipality
> level (in                      parentheses) are from a regression of the depe
> ndent variable                 measured at follow-up on an indicator for whet
> her                            the child received any psychosocial stimulatio
> n and controlling              for the child's sex, tester effects, and basel
> ine                            level of the outcome." ;

#delimit cr

# delimit ;

esttab panel_A 1 panel_A 2 panel_A 3
      panel_A_4 panel_A_5 panel_A_6 using "${output}/table2_replicat
> ion_newpval.tex", replace
      cells(b(label(coef.) star fmt(%8.3f) ) se(label((z)) par fmt(%
> 6.3f)))
      starlevels(* 0.10 ** 0.05 *** 0.01)
      s(N1 bonferroni phoIm bky_06, label( "N" "Bonferroni P-val" "
> Holm P-value" "BKY P-val") fmt(%9.0gc) )
      collabels(none) nostar noobs nonote
      nonumbers eqlabels( none )
      nonote
      keep( treat )
      varlabels( treat "Treatment" )
      mtitle(
          "\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Cognitive}"
          "\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Receptive language}"
          "\shortstack{ \\ Bayley: \\ Expressive language}"

```



```

\textbf{ Material investments at follow-up }"
, pattern( 1 0 0 0 0 0 )
prefix(\multicolumn{@span}{c}{}) suffix{}
span end(\hline) )
mtitle(
> erials}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of types\ of play mat
> wing books}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of coloring \ and dra
> vement}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of toys \ to learn mo
> apes}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of toys \ to learn sh
> }"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of \ shop-bought toys
"" )
nonote keep( treat )
varlabels( treat "Treatment" )
prehead( \hline )
posthead( \hline )
prefoot(\midrule)
postfoot("")
delim("&") nonumbers
;

esttab panel_D_1 panel_D_2 panel_D_3
panel_D_4 panel_D_5 panel_D_6 using "${output}/table2_replica
> tion_newpval.tex", append
cells(b(label(coef.) star fmt(%8.3f) ) se(label((z)) par fmt(%
> 6.3f)))
starlevels(* 0.10 ** 0.05 *** 0.01)
s( N1 bonferroni pholm bky_06,
label( "N" "Bonferroni P-val" "Holm P-value" "BKY P-va
> 1")
fmt(0 3 3 ) )
collabels(none) nostar noobs nonote
nonumbers eqlabels( none ) keep( treat )
mgroups( "
\underline{ Panel D.}
\textbf{ Time investments at follow-up }"
, pattern( 1 0 0 0 0 )
prefix(\multicolumn{@span}{c}{}) suffix{}
span end(\hline) )
mtitle(
> ivities \ in last 3 days}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of types\ of play act
> ry to child \ in last 3 days}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of times told \ a sto
> ild \ in last 3 days}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of times read \ to ch
> h toys \ in last 3 days}"
"\shortstack{ \ FCI: \ Number of times \ played wit
> gs to child \ in last 3 days}"
"" )
varlabels( treat "Treatment" )
prehead( \hline )
posthead( \hline )
prefoot(\midrule)
delim("&") nonumbers
postfoot( \hline \end{tabular}
\begin{tablenotes}
\begin{footnotesize}
${note}
\end{footnotesize}
\end{tablenotes} \end{threeparttable} } \end{table}")
> ;

#delimit cr

```