

Near Field Communication(NFC)



enables short-range wireless communication between compatible devices

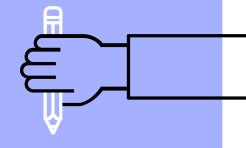


requires at least one transmitting device, and another to receive the signal

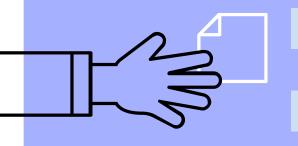


detects and then enables technology in close proximity to communicate to each other without the need of internet.





TYPES





ACTIVE DEVICE



PASSIVE DEVICE

Active Device

- Active devices can both send and receive data and can communicate with each other as well as with passive devices.
- Smartphones are by far the most common form of active NFC device.
- Public transport card readers and touch payment terminals are also good examples of the technology.



NFC Phone active device NFC Chip passive device NFC Phone active device

NFC Reader active device

Passive Device

- Passive NFC devices include tags and other small transmitters that can send information to other NFC devices without the need for a power source of their own.
- They don't process any information sent from other sources and can't connect to other passive components.
- These often take the form of interactive signs on walls or advertisements.



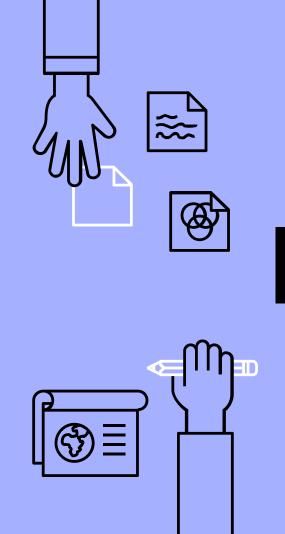
NFC Phone active device

NFC Chip assive device NFC Phone active device

NFC Reader active device

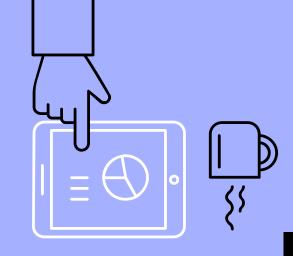
HOW DOES NFC WORKS?

- NFC works on the principle of sending information over radio waves
- Technology used in NFC is based on older RFID (Radio-frequency identification) ideas, which used electromagnetic induction in order to transmit information
- NFC chip operates as one part of a wireless link.
 Once it's activated by another chip, small amounts of data between the two devices can be transferred when held a few centimeters from each other.



Uses Of NFC







Security Protocols Used

- Hash Function
- AES

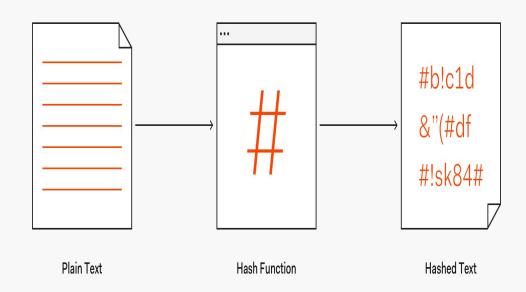


Hash Function

SHA - 256

- SHA-256 stands for Secure Hash
 Algorithm 256 bit and is a type of hash function
- SHA-256 is a one-way function that converts a text of any length into a string of 256 bits.
- It is a cryptographically secure hashing function, in that knowing the output tells you very little about the input.

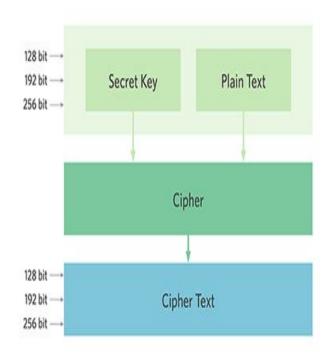
Hashing Algorithm



AES

- AES or Advanced Encryption
 Standards is one of the most widely used methods for encrypting and decrypting sensitive information.
- This encryption method uses a block cipher algorithm to ensure that data can be stored securely.
- AES algorithm is symmetric, the same key is used for both encryption and decryption.

AES Design



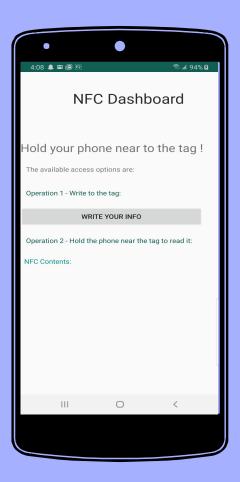


To create this Android application, I used Android studio to develop and test the application.

Functions Of NFC Dashboard

- Detect NFC tags/cards
- Write data to the NFC tags/cards.
- Read data from the NFC tags/cards



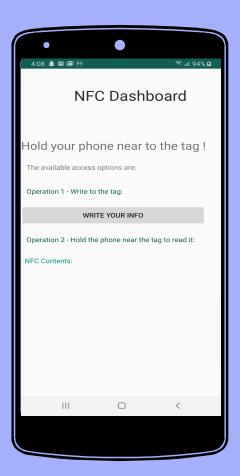


Detect NFC tags/cards

This is the Dashboard of the Application.

If NFC tag is brought near the device, it displays the information written in the NFC tag.





Detect NFC tags/cards

- When "WRITE YOUR INFO" button is clicked, this screen is displayed.

When we press the SAVE button and there is no NFC tag/card nearby then it pop display **No NFC tag detected!** message.

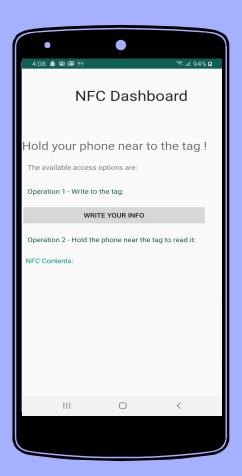




Write data to NFC tags/cards

This is the main page(Dashboard) of the application.





Write data to NFC tags/cards

This screen is opened when "WRITE YOUR INFO" button is clicked.





Write data to NFC tags/cards

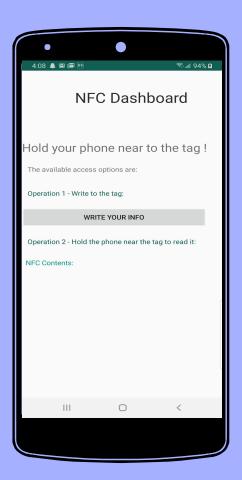
After filling the information, bring the NFC tag near the android device and click the **SAVE** button. If the NFC tag is detected nearby, it saves the information to the tag and "**Text** written to the NFC tag successfully!" message is displayed.





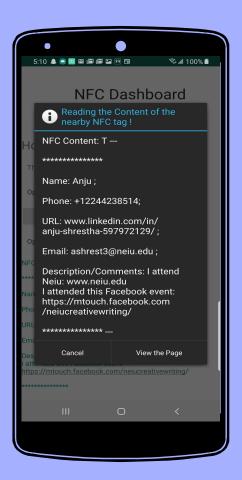
This is the main page(Dashboard) of the application.





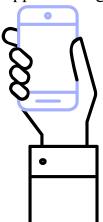
When NFC tag is brought near to the android device, it reads the information written in the NFC tag.

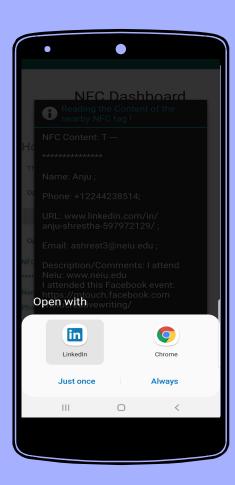




After displaying the dialog box, app looks for the URL link. If it finds the URL, it will automatically redirect to the browser and opens the first link provided.

If Application for the link (like Facebook, LinkedIn,Twitter) is already installed on the cellphone, it asks whether you want to open link through the app or through the browser.





If we choose to open it through application, it opens the application installed to the phone and open the page provided on the URL, else it opens through the browser.





Then when we come back we can see the dialog box with the information.

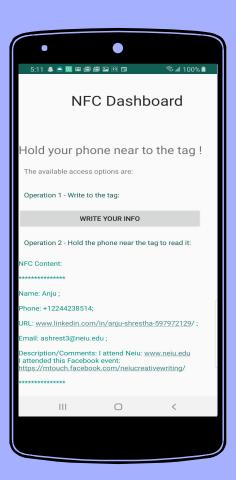




When we press cancel, we can see NFC contents written in the tag.

If there are more links written in the NFC tag, then those links are underlined and are viewed as clickable URL links.

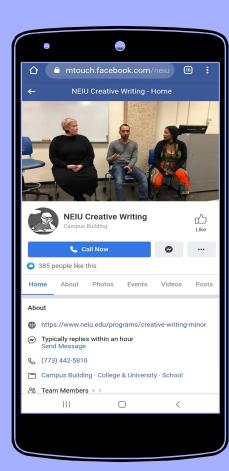




All the links written in the NFC tag can be clicked. It will redirect to the respective browser.



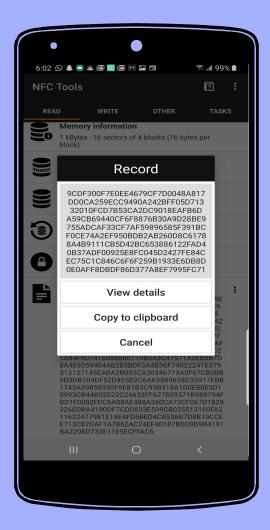




Security

- All these information is secured and no one can view it unless the master key is provided.
- If same NFC tag with all the information is read from different applications, then encrypted message is displayed.





THANK YOU!

Any questions?

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CREDITS

Special thanks to Professor Ahmed Khaled who helped me complete this project.

Thank You

Professor Francisco Iacobelli

Professor Mirza Baig

