## Imperial College London – Department of Computing

## MSc in Computing Science

## 580: Algorithms Tutorial 2

- 1. (Part of a 2015 exam question.)
  - (a) Using either Java or pseudocode, write a recursive procedure Pow(x, N) to compute  $x^N$ , where N is a positive integer. Use a divide and conquer strategy. *Hint:*

$$x^N = x^{N/2} \times x^{N/2}$$
 for even  $N$   
 $x^N = x^{(N-1)/2} \times x^{(N-1)/2} \times x$  for odd  $N$ .

(b) Write recurrence expressions for the time complexity T(N) of your Pow procedure in the following cases:

$$T(N) = \begin{cases} &, \text{ if } 0 < N \le c \\ &, \text{ if } N > c \end{cases}$$

What is c?

(c) Solve your expressions for T(N) using the master method. Show each step.

## Answer:

(a) 1: **procedure** Pow(x, n)if n == 1 then return x3: end if 4: tmp = Pow(x, n/2)5: if  $n \mod 2 == 0$  then 6: **return**  $tmp \times tmp$ 7: end if 8: **return**  $tmp \times tmp \times x$ 10: end procedure

▷ integer division

Key feature: Pow should be called recursively ONCE, in line 5. If it is called more than once then the complexity will be  $\Theta(N)$ .

(b) 
$$T(N) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \Theta(1) & \text{, if } N=1 \\ T(\lfloor N/2 \rfloor) + \Theta(1) & \text{, if } N>1 \end{array} \right.$$

- So, c=1. Symbols representing constants would be acceptable in place of the  $\Theta(1)$  terms. The second formula must include  $\lfloor N/2 \rfloor$ , not N/2. The expression is not correct for all N if it uses T(N/2).
- (c) To apply the master method you need to first substitute the recurrence into the expression T(N) = aT(N/b) + f(N), while ignoring any floors or ceilings. This gives us a = 1, b = 2 and  $f(N) = \Theta(1)$ . Then compute  $N^{\log_b a}$ , which in this case is  $N^0 = 1$ . So,  $N^{\log_b a} = \Theta(1)$  and  $f(N) = \Theta(1) = \Theta(N^{\log_b a} \log_2^0 N)$ . Therefore, Case 2 of the master method applies and  $T(N) = \Theta(N^{\log_b a} \log_2 N) = \Theta(\log_2 N)$ .