Predicate Logic Formalisation

1. Assuming the following relations

term(C,T) course C is taught in term T compulsory(C) course C is compulsory

prereq(C1,C2) course C1 is a prerequisite for course C2

lecturer(X) X is a lecturer teaches(L,C) L teaches course C express the following in predicate logic.

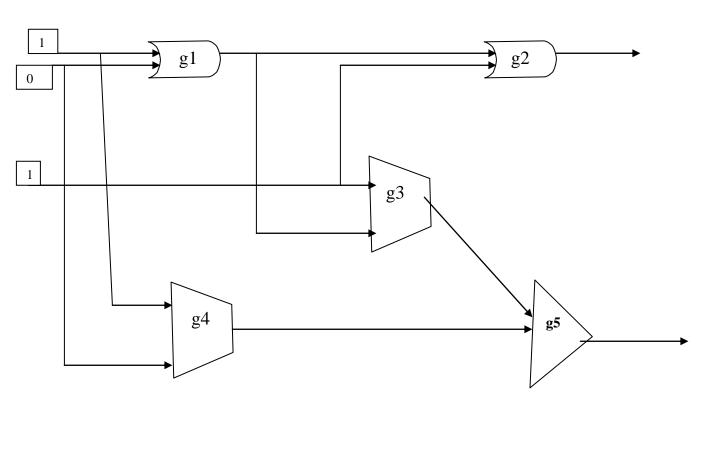
- a. Logic is taught in term 1.
- b. All term 1 courses are compulsory.
- c. There is a course taught in term 2 which is compulsory.
- d. Term 2 courses either have no prerequisites or have prerequisites that are taught in term 1.
- e. All prerequisites of term 2 courses are taught in term 1.
- f. Every term 1 and term 2 course has a lecturer teaching it.
- g. There is a lecturer who teaches every term 1 and term 2 course.

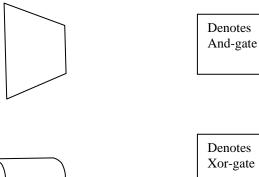
2. Using the predicates:

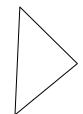
input1(G,I) input 1 of gate G is I
input2(G,I) input 2 of gate G is I
output(G,O) output of gate G is O
andgate(G) G is an and-gate
orgate(G) G is an or-gate
xorgate(G) G is an exclusive-or-gate
and any others you want

formalise in predicate logic, the following configuration of gates and the output of the whole system.

An and-gate produces 1 if both of its inputs are 1, otherwise it produces 0. An or-gate produces 0 if both of its inputs are 0, otherwise it produces 1. An exclusive-or-gate produces 1 if its two inputs are different, otherwise it produces 0.







Denotes or-gate