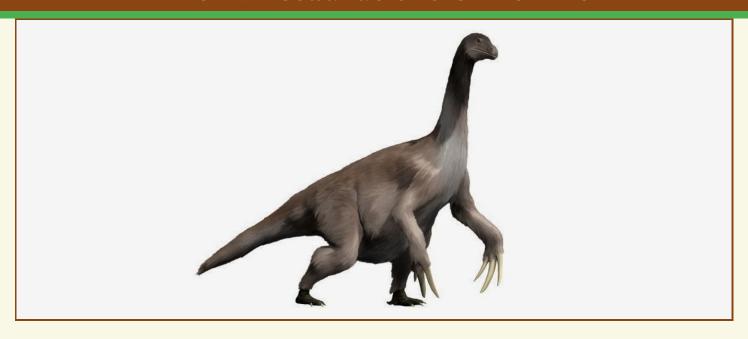
Therizinosaurus cheloniformis



Dinosaur Profile

Meaning of Name: Scythe lizard

► Temporal range : 70 MYA

► Height: 4 - 5 meters

Length: 9 - 10 meters

▶ Weight: 10 - 16 tons

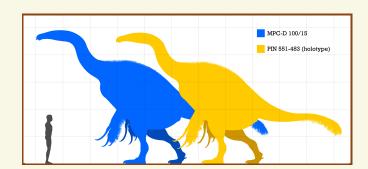
Speed: -

Diet: Herbivore (disputed Omnivore)

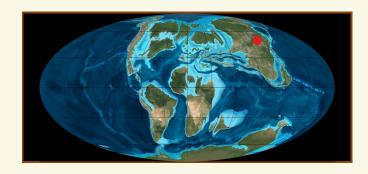
► Group Behavior : Primarily solitary

Fun fact: Longest claws of any known animal (up to 1 meter)

Comparative Size



Geolocation



General Information

Therizinosaurus, known as the "scythe lizard" due to its enormous claws, was a unique dinosaur that lived approximately 70 million years ago in Asia's Late Cretaceous period. The species, Therizinosaurus cheloniformis, was first unearthed in Mongolia's Gobi Desert in 1948, and since then, it has been recognized as a significant therizinosaurid. Characterized by extraordinary manual unguals, which are the largest known of any land animal, measuring over 50 cm in length, Therizinosaurus was a colossal creature. It could grow up to 9–10 meters long and weigh more than 5 metric tons, making it one of the most massive representatives of its group. Therizinosaurus had a long neck and a wide torso, adapted for a high-browsing lifestyle, similar to ancient ground sloths. Taxonomically, Therizinosaurus has been a puzzle due to incomplete fossil records. Originally thought to be akin to a giant turtle, it is now classified within the Theropoda clade, specifically as a maniraptoran, indicating its relation to birds.

252 MYA 201 MYA 145 MYA 66 MYA

Triassic Period Cretaceous Period Cretaceous Period