

## Examples

Ex.  $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^3$   $a = 4, b = 2 \Rightarrow n^{\log_b a} = n^2; f(n) = n^3.$ Case 3:  $f(n) = \Omega(n^{2+\epsilon})$  for  $\epsilon = 1$ and  $4(n/2)^3 \le cn^3$  (reg. cond.) for c = 1/2.  $\therefore T(n) = \Theta(n^3).$