

Examples

Ex.
$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$$

 $a = 4, b = 2 \Rightarrow n^{\log_b a} = n^2; f(n) = n.$
Case 1: $f(n) = O(n^{2-\epsilon})$ for $\epsilon = 1$.
 $\therefore T(n) = \Theta(n^2).$

Ex.
$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$$

 $a = 4, b = 2 \Rightarrow n^{\log_b a} = n^2; f(n) = n^2.$
Case 2: $f(n) = \Theta(n^2 \lg^0 n)$, that is, $k = 0$.
 $\therefore T(n) = \Theta(n^2 \lg n)$.