## SQLite on the command line, via Hillary Clinton's emails

Hillary Clinton emails, 2015, 50MB, .sqlite database

- <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/kaggle/hillary-clinton-emails">https://www.kaggle.com/kaggle/hillary-clinton-emails</a>
- <a href="http://graphics.wsj.com/hillary-clinton-email-documents/">http://graphics.wsj.com/hillary-clinton-email-documents/</a>
- <a href="https://www.wikileaks.org/clinton-emails/">https://www.wikileaks.org/clinton-emails/</a>

## The commands below assume

- You have sqlite installed
- You are in the same directory as the clinton.sqlite

WRITE	GET
sqlite3	Start running sqlite 3
.open clinton.sqlite	Open a connection to the database
sqlite3 clinton.sqlite	Start running sqlite3 and open connection to db
.help	List all the .commands
.database(s)	Show the database(s) we have open
.tables	Show the tables in the db
.schema Persons	Show the cols & data type in Persons table
.mode column	Display data prettily, in columns
.mode table	Display data prettily, in a table
.mode box	Display data prettily, in a box <sup>1</sup>
.headers on	Display column names
.exit	Close and exit
.quit	Close and exit
.show	Show all the display options

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> markdown, line and quote are also available for .mode

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From here we are writing SQL syntax and need to finish our queries with a semicolon;		
CAPITALS are not required here, but it's good practice to respect them		
PRAGMA table_info (some_table);	Show cols & data type for the table	
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table	Count the rows in the table	
SELECT * FROM table LIMIT 5;	Show table, only first 5 rows	
SELECT column FROM table WHERE	Filter a column, returning only that column	
column = "some text"		
SELECT column_one, column_two FROM	Filter a column returning it and another column	
table WHERE column = 'some text'		
SELECT * FROM table WHERE column	Filter a column for words beginning W	
LIKE 'W%';		
SELECT COUNT(*) FROM table WHERE	Count rows, having filtered column for words	
column LIKE '%are%';	containing -are-	
SELECT COUNT (DISTINCT column)	Count unique rows in column	
FROM table;		
	1	

## Questions

How many tables are there in this database?

What shape is each table? (rows, columns)

Who is the 13th person listed in the *persons* table?

Which of the two Milibands appears in the *persons* table?

How many email subjects mention "Benghazi" in the *Emails* table?

What's in the text of the email (*Emails*) that has "New York Times" as MetaDataFrom?

(Select just one column)

Who sent it? (Select just two columns)

How many different email recipients are there?

## **Answers** .schema SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM Emails; SELECT \* FROM Persons LIMIT 15; SELECT \* FROM Persons WHERE Name LIKE 'D%'; SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM Emails WHERE ExtractedSubject LIKE '%Benghazi%'; SELECT ExtractedFrom, ExtractedBodyText FROM Emails WHERE MetaDataFrom = 'New York Times' SELECT ExtractedBodyText FROM Emails WHERE MetaDataFrom = 'New York Times' SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM Emails WHERE ExtractedSubject LIKE '%Benghazi%';

SELECT COUNT (DISTINCT ExtractedTo) FROM Emails;