

Two ways to Cauchy-Schwarz inequality

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This document only serves as informal personal thoughts.

Cauchy-Schwarz inequality is a very important inequality in linear algebra, especially for the inner-product space (which can be thought of as a vector space with inner-product operation allowed). It states the connectivity between the inner product (which maps vector to scalar) and the norm (which is the length of the vector).

$$|\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}| \leq \|\vec{u}\| \|\vec{v}\|$$

There are many ways to prove this inequality. Here I give two proofs I have seen for the proof.

Proof. 1. Construct two related inequalities.

$$0 \leq \| \|\vec{u}\|\vec{v} + \|\vec{v}\|\vec{u} \|^2 = 2\|\vec{u}\|^2\|\vec{v}\|^2 + 2\|\vec{u}\|\|\vec{v}\|\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} \quad (1)$$

$$0 \leq \| \|\vec{u}\|\vec{v} - \|\vec{v}\|\vec{u} \|^2 = 2\|\vec{u}\|^2\|\vec{v}\|^2 - 2\|\vec{u}\|\|\vec{v}\|\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} \quad (2)$$

Then move the terms properly to show Cauchy-Schwarz inequality. [1]

2. This one comes from orthogonality, which says $\|proj_{\vec{v}}\vec{u}\| \leq \|\vec{u}\|$.

$$proj_{\vec{v}}\vec{u} = c\vec{v} \quad (3)$$

$$proj_{\vec{v}}\vec{u} \cdot (\vec{u} - proj_{\vec{v}}\vec{u}) = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$c\vec{v} \cdot (\vec{u} - c\vec{v}) = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$c = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\|\vec{v}\|\|\vec{v}\|} \quad (6)$$

$$\|proj_{\vec{v}}\vec{u}\| = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{\|\vec{v}\|\|\vec{v}\|} \|\vec{v}\| \leq \|\vec{u}\| \quad (7)$$

Then move the terms properly to show Cauchy-Schwarz inequality.[2]

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References

- [1] Carlos Fernandez-Granda. *Probability and Statistics for Data Science*.
- [2] David C Lay. *Linear algebra and its applications, 2012*. Addison Wesley, Boston.