



Performance

Metrics			
 First Contentful Paint 	2.3 s	Time to Interactive	3.1 s
Speed Index	2.9 s	■ Total Blocking Time	580 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	2.9 s	 Cumulative Layout Shift 	0.002

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator</u>.



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly</u> <u>affect</u> the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

	✓ Show 3rd-party resources (3)	
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	11.2 KB	930 ms
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	18.1 KB	1,080 ms
css/style.css (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	1.8 KB	180 ms
/icon?family=Material+Icons (fonts.googleapis.com)	1.4 KB	780 ms
Remove unused JavaScript	_	0.3 s ^
Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed	by network activity. <u>Lear</u>	n more.
	Show 3rd-party res	ources (2)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings

Diagnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Reduce the impact of third-party code — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 510 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Third-Party

Transfer Size

Main-Thread Blocking Time

37.1 KB

30.6 KB

30 KB

22 KB

1.27 s ^

...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)

/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Cloudflare CDN	146 KB	479 ms
<u>jQuery CDN</u>	31 KB	26 ms
Google Fonts	1 KB	0 ms

▲ Does not use passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL Location

...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) line: 5

■ Minimize main-thread work - 2.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	741 ms
Style & Layout	544 ms
Other	432 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	362 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	32 ms
Rendering	26 ms

Avoid chaining critical requests — 7 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn more</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 1,030 ms

Initial Navigation

https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com

...css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)

...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 30 ms, 79.5 KB

/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com) - 90 ms, 30.65 KB

...js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com) - 410 ms, 7.77 KB

...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 90 ms, 37.09 KB

/icon?family=Material+lcons (fonts.googleapis.com) - 90 ms, 1.4 KB

...css/style.css (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com) - 180 ms, 1.85 KB

...css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 90 ms, 18.13 KB

■ Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small - 10 requests • 218 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. <u>Learn</u> more.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	10	217.9 KB
Font	1	79.5 KB
Script	3	75.5 KB
Stylesheet	4	32.6 KB
Image	1	25.5 KB
Document	1	4.9 KB
Media	0	0 KB
Other	0	0 KB
Third-party	6	178 KB

■ Largest Contentful Paint element − 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn More

Element

Element

Welcome to Workout Roulette

<h3 class="white-text center-align">

■ Avoid large layout shifts - 2 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.

Element CLS Contribution

<pre>::before <::before></pre>	0.0018026567229993973
i <i class="fas fa-bars"></i>	0.00012066277569851962

Avoid long main-thread tasks - 5 long tasks found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn more</u>

	✓ Show 3rd-party res	sources (2)
URL	Start Time	Duration
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	2,460 ms	408 ms
js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	2,868 ms	350 ms
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2,010 ms	302 ms
Unattributable	1,071 ms	270 ms
https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com	802 ms	269 ms

Passed audits (24)

● Properly size images — Potential savings of 20 KiB

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. <u>Learn more</u>.

		Show 3r	d-party reso	ources (0)
	URL		Resource Size	Potential Savings
	images/workout_roulette_logo.jpg (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)		25.1 KB	20.4 KB
•	Defer offscreen images			^
	Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn more</u>		esources ha	ave
•	Minify CSS			^
	Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. L	<u>earn more</u> .		
•	Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 2 KiB			^
	Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and	l script parse	time. <u>Learn</u>	more.
		Show 3r	d-party reso	ources (0)
	URL		Transfer Size	Potential Savings
	js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)		7.8 KB	2.3 KB
•	Remove unused CSS — Potential savings of 28 KiB			^
	Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loads the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed	_		
		Show 3r	d-party reso	ources (2)
	URL		Transfer	Potential

	Eighthouse Report			
	URL		Transfer Size	Potential Savings
	css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)		18.1 KB	17.3 KB
	css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)		11.2 KB	11.1 KB
•	Efficiently encode images			^
	Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data	. <u>Learn</u>	more.	
•	Serve images in next-gen formats — Potential savings of 1	l KiB		^
	Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data of more.			
		Show 3r	d-party res c	ources (0)
	URL		Resource Size	Potential Savings
	images/workout_roulette_logo.jpg (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)		25.1 KB	11.4 KB
•	Enable text compression — Potential savings of 9 KiB			^
	Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzi minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn more</u> .	ip, defla	te or brotli)	to
		Show 3r	d-party resc	ources (0)
	URL		Transfer Size	Potential Savings
	js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)		7.4 KB	5.4 KB
	https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com		4.7 KB	3.2 KB
•	Preconnect to required origins			^

Consider adding `preconnect` or `dns-prefetch` resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>Learn more</u>.

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 590 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) **URL** Time Spent https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com 590 ms Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. <u>Learn more</u>. Preload key requests Consider using `k rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn more. Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to

reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn More

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL Potential Savings

...js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) 0 KB

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 218 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn more.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (6)

URL	Transfer Size
webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	79.5 KB
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	37.1 KB
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	30.6 KB
images/workout_roulette_logo.jpg (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	25.5 KB
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	18.1 KB
css/all.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	11.2 KB
js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	7.8 KB
https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com	4.9 KB
css/style.css (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	1.8 KB
/icon?family=Material+Icons (fonts.googleapis.com)	1.4 KB

● Uses efficient cache policy on static assets - 3 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more.

□ Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
images/workout_roulette_logo.jpg (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	12 h	25 KB
js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	12 h	8 KB
css/style.css (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	12 h	2 KB

■ Avoids an excessive DOM size — 63 elements

1/6/2021

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn more</u>.

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		63
Maximum DOM Depth		7
Maximum Child Elements	<body></body>	9

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more</u>.

■ JavaScript execution time — 0.8 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn more</u>.

	✓ S	how 3rd-party r	esources (3)
URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com	668 ms	14 ms	4 ms
Unattributable	370 ms	4 ms	1 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	320 ms	316 ms	3 ms
js/materialize.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	313 ms	297 ms	16 ms
css/materialize.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	302 ms	0 ms	0 ms
/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (code.jquery.com)	126 ms	110 ms	8 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids document.write()

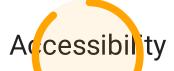
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn more

Avoids large JavaScript libraries with smaller alternatives — 0 large libraries found

Large JavaScript libraries can lead to poor performance. Prefer smaller, functionally equivalent libraries to reduce your bundle size. <u>Learn more</u>.



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

▲ Background and foreground colors do not have a sufficient contrast ratio.

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more.

Failing Elements

```
REGISTER
```

Register

This website is for educational purposes only

<div class="col s12 m12"> This website is for educational purposes only
</div>

Names and labels — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

▲ Links do not have a discernible name

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

Failing Elements

a
<i
class="fas fa-bars"></i>

automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessibility review</u>.

	The page has a logical tab order	/
	Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	/
	Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Lea more</u> .	<u>rn</u>
	Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	/
	Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	/
	If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
	Hear fears in not assidentally transact in a region	
	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	/
	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	/
•	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their	
•	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more.	
•	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-	
•	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more.	
•	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. Custom controls have ARIA roles	
•	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more.	

Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more.

HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. <u>Learn more</u>.

Passed audits (10)

[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body>

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true" is set on the document `<body>`. <u>Learn more</u>.

The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. <u>Learn more</u>.

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn more</u>.

● List items (<1i>) are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (`') to be contained within a parent `' or `' to be announced properly. Learn more.

[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (29)

[accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-*] attributes match their roles

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn more.

[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents

Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers.

<u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more.

Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role]s are contained by their required parent element

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u>.

[role] values are valid

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA toggle fields have accessible names

When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

[aria-*] attributes have valid values

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more.

[aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more.

Buttons have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more</u>.

<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or
<div> elements.

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more.

Definition list items are wrapped in <d1> elements

Definition list items (`<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. <u>Learn more</u>.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique

All focusable elements must have a unique `id` to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

ARIA IDs are unique

The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

No form fields have multiple labels

Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn more</u>.

<frame> or <iframe> elements have a title

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more.

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. <u>Learn more</u>.

Form elements have associated labels

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more.

Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute.

A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the th or caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn</u> more.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data
cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users.

Learn more.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn more</u>.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. <u>Learn more</u>.



User Experience

Displays images with incorrect aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more.

☐ Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Aspect Ratio (Displayed)

Aspect Ratio (Actual)

Workaut Roulette

URL

...images/workout_roulette_logo.jpg (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)

93 x 73 (1.27)

500 x 500

(1.00)

General

▲ Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more</u>

☐ Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Description
js/script.js (workout-roulette.herokuapp.com)	TypeError: Cannot read property 'getContext' of null at drawRouletteWheel (https://workout- roulette.herokuapp.com/static/js/script.js:102 :14) at https://workout- roulette.herokuapp.com/static/js/script.js:244 :1

Passed audits (14)

Uses HTTPS

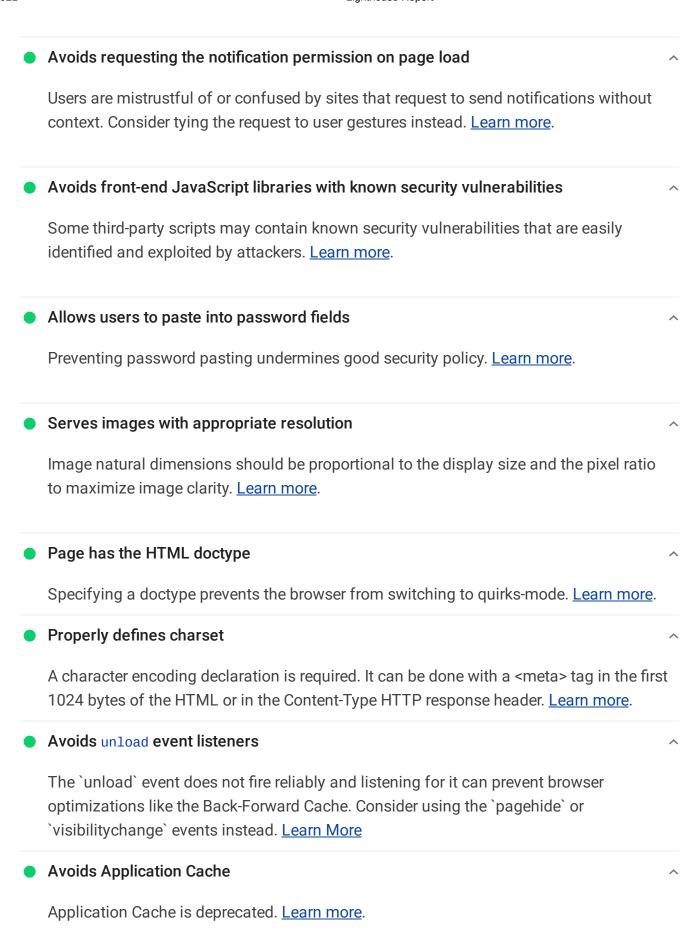
All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being servedover HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more</u>.

Links to cross-origin destinations are safe

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. <u>Learn more</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more</u>.



Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more.

Name	Version

jQuery 3.5.1

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more</u>.

Not applicable (1)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload `optional` fonts so first-time visitors may use them. <u>Learn More</u>



These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. Learn more.

Content Best Practices — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Structured data is valid

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (11)

● Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. <u>Learn</u> <u>more</u>.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u>.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.

Links have descriptive text

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more.

Links are crawlable

Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. <u>Learn More</u>

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u>.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more</u>.

■ Document uses legible font sizes - 100% legible text

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u>.

☐ Show 3rd-party resources (0)

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
Legible text		100.00%	≥ 12px

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. Learn more.

■ Tap targets are sized appropriately — 100% appropriately sized tap targets

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more.

Not applicable (2)

robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more</u>.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.

Runtime Settings

URL	https://workout-roulette.herokuapp.com/
Fetch Time	Jan 6, 2021, 8:12 PM GMT
Device	Emulated Moto G4
Network throttling	Unknown
CPU throttling	Unknown
Channel	lr

User agent (host)	Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) HeadlessChrome/85.0.4183.140 Safari/537.36
User agent (network)	Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 7.0; Moto G (4)) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse
CPU/Memory Power	663

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