

What is ChoiRbot anyway?

Introduction



ChoiRbot origin

- Swarm robotics framework designed for the simulation and testing of swarm behavior in robotic systems.
- Purpose:
 - Facilitate distributed optimization, control, and communication among autonomous robotic agents.
- Developed by OPT4Smart lab in University of Bolognia





Source: A. Testa, A. Camisa, G. Notarstefano, ChoiRbot: A ROS 2 toolbox for cooperative robotics, IEEE Robotics and Automation Letters, 6(2), 2714-2720, 2021



Choir Bot Capabilities





ChoiRbot Framework overview

Distributed Optimization:

Encodes advanced algorithms for efficient task distribution.

Peer-to-Peer Communication simulation:

Supports seamless interactions among individual nodes.

Key Features:

- Formation Control: Maintaining specific formations.
- <u>Dynamic Task Assignment</u>: Adapting tasks based on real-time conditions.



ChoiRbot Formation control

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| The content of the
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Circle: 8 Turtlebots

Hexagon: 6 Turtlebots

Rectangle: 4 Turtlebots



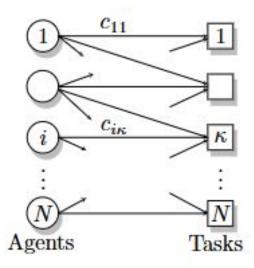
Dynamic Task assignment explained

Functionality:

 Robots dynamically allocate tasks to optimize performance and efficiency.

• Benefits:

 Enhances adaptability and robustness in changing environments, crucial for real-world applications.



Bürger, M., Notarstefano, G., Bullo, F., & Allgöwer, F. (2012). A distributed simplex algorithm for degenerate linear programs and multi-agent assignments. Automatica, 48(9), 2298-2304.

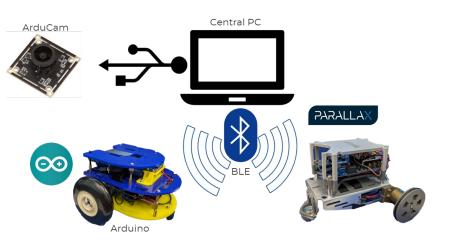


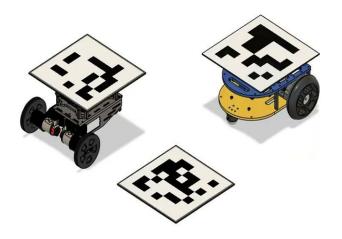
Our Implementation





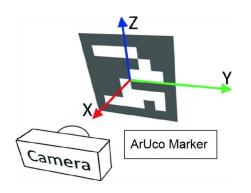
Robots HW description







Aruco Detector







BLE Bridge

Functionality:

Converts cmd_vel messages into BLE format for robot communication.

• Connection Management:

o Identifies each robot via BLE MAC and ensures persistent connections with auto-reconnect capabilities.

Message Pipeline:

Channels commands through a dedicated BLE service.



System tweaks

Tweaks Made

Launch System | Removed randomness; added ArUco, GUI, Gazebo.

ArUco Integration and GUI | Markers 4 & 5 publish /agent_X/odom.

Initialization | Robots use ArUco-based pose startup.

Control Logic | Upgraded to unicycle feedback control.

BLE Handling | ble_bridge.py sends /cmd_vel to real bots.



Changes overview

Aruco_detector.py:

 Utilizes camera inputs for accurate positioning through ArUco marker detection.

• Ble_bridge.py:

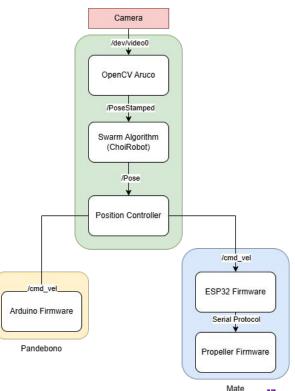
Converts cmd_vel messages into Bluetooth Low Energy
(BLE) signals for communication with the robots.

ROS2 Launcher:

o Integrates simulation and real-world operations seamlessly.

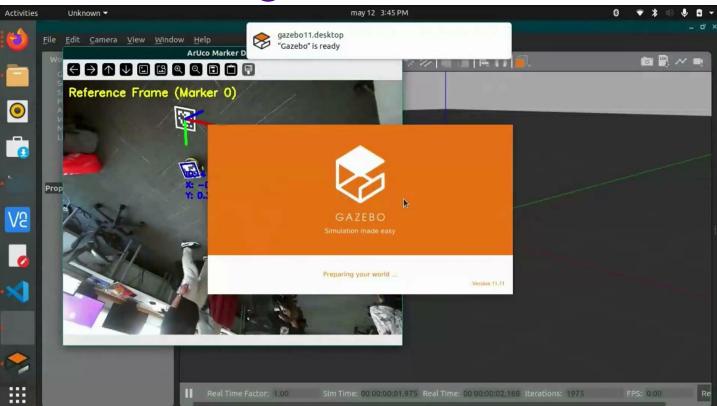
Robot Firmware:

 Translates velocity commands to motor speeds through BLE connections.





Video of the system





Conclusions



Conclusions

• Implementation Success:

• The project operated successfully despite numerous hotfixes.

Modularity Challenges:

○ The ChoiRbot framework's modularity was less than anticipated.($N \neq 6$).

Control Strategies:

- While complex controllers excel in simulations, simpler, more robust controllers are preferred for real-world applications due to ease of debugging and reliability.
- Lack of Peer review validation.



