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## NOAA/AOML PCR Protocol 16S rRNA V4-V5 (Parada)

### 1 PROTOCOL INFORMATION

#### 1.1 Minimum Information about an Omics Protocol (MIOP)

- MIOP terms are listed in the YAML frontmatter of this page.
- See <https://github.com/BeBOP-OBON/miop/blob/main/model/schema/terms.yaml> for list and definitions.

#### 1.2 Making eDNA FAIR (FAIRe)

- FAIRe terms are listed in the YAML frontmatter of this page.
- See <https://fair-edna.github.io/download.html> for the FAIRe checklist and more information.
- See <https://fair-edna.github.io/guidelines.html#missing-values> for guidelines on missing values that can be used for missing FAIRe or MIOP terms.

#### 1.3 Authors

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## 2 RELATED PROTOCOLS

PROTOCOL NAME	LINK	VERSION	RELEASE DATE
NOAA/AOML Water Sampling Protocol using Sterivex with Zirconia Beads	<a href="https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_sampling_sterivex_beads.md">https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_sampling_sterivex_beads.md</a>	1.2.0	2025-01-08
NOAA/AOML DNA Extraction Protocol for Sterivex using KingFisher	<a href="https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_extractdna_sterivex_kingfisher.md">https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_extractdna_sterivex_kingfisher.md</a>	1.1.0	2024-11-16
NOAA/AOML PCR Protocol 12S rRNA V5-V6 (MiFish)	<a href="https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_pcr_ssul2sv5v6_mifish.md">https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_pcr_ssul2sv5v6_mifish.md</a>	1.1.0	2024-11-16
NOAA/AOML PCR Protocol 18S rRNA V9 (EMP)	<a href="https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_pcr_ssul18sv9_emp.md">https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_pcr_ssul18sv9_emp.md</a>	1.1.0	2024-11-16
NOAA/AOML Metagenome Library Prep Protocol (Illumina DNA Prep)	<a href="https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_libprep_metag_illumina.md">https://github.com/amlomics/protocols/blob/main/markdown/protocol_libprep_metag_illumina.md</a>	1.1.0	2024-11-16

## 3 RELATED EXTERNAL PROTOCOLS

PROTOCOL NAME	LINK	ISSUER / AUTHOR	ACCESS DATE
Fuhrman Lab 515F-926R 16s and 18S rRNA gene sequencing protocol	<a href="dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocol.0017457">dx.doi.org/10.17504/protocol.0017457</a>	Hanlon et al.	2025-02-05
AMPure XP Bead-Based Reagent Protocol for PCR Purification	<a href="https://www.beckman.com/Beagments/Gentamic/cleanup-2025-02-05-and-size-selection/pcr/ampure-xp-protocol">https://www.beckman.com/Beagments/Gentamic/cleanup-2025-02-05-and-size-selection/pcr/ampure-xp-protocol</a>		
Invitrogen Qubit 1X dsDNA HS Assay Kits User Guide	<a href="https://assets.thermofisher.com/THERMOFISHER_Scientific_Assets/LSG/manuals/MAN0017455_Qubit_1X_dsdNA_HS_Assay_Kit_UG.pdf">https://assets.thermofisher.com/THERMOFISHER_Scientific_Assets/LSG/manuals/MAN0017455_Qubit_1X_dsdNA_HS_Assay_Kit_UG.pdf</a>	Thermo Fisher Scientific	2025-02-05

### 3.1 Protocol Revision Record

VERSION	RELEASE DATE	DESCRIPTION OF REVISIONS
1.0.0	2021-02-28	Initial release
1.0.1	2024-10-23	Formatting edits

VERSION	RELEASE DATE	DESCRIPTION OF REVISIONS
1.1.0	2024-11-16	Addition of FAIR eDNA terms in YAML frontmatter
1.2.0	2025-09-18	Addition of sequencing preparation and Illumina sequencing facility information
1.2.1	2025-12-15	Update YAML front matter

### 3.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

ACRONYM / ABBREVIATION	DEFINITION
NOAA	National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration
AOML	Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory
MSU	Mississippi State University
NGI	Northern Gulf Institute
PCR	Polymerase chain reaction
eDNA	environmental DNA
NTC	No template control
EtOH	Ethanol

### 3.3 Glossary

SPECIALISED TERM	DEFINITION
Extraction Blank	A type of negative control to confirm there is no contamination during DNA extractions. Normally an empty filter extracted and PCR amplified alongside other samples.
No Template Control	A type of negative control during PCR to confirm there is no contamination during the PCR process. Normally nuclease-free water run in place of DNA on a PCR.

## 4 BACKGROUND

### 4.1 Summary

This protocol describes steps for performing PCR for 16S rRNA V4-V5 marker gene regions using eDNA extracted from Sterivex at NOAA's AOML. There are several optional steps towards the end of the protocol including using AMPure beads to clean up PCR products. The PCR protocol only includes a primary PCR step as the secondary PCR, library preparation and Illumina sequencing is completed by Michigan State University's RTSF Genomics Core. Steps related to preparing samples for sequencing and the Genomics Core's procedure are included. Some steps (e.g. PCR plate preparation) have been or can be optimized for use with the Opentrons OT2 robot. This protocol closely aligns with the following 16S protocol: <https://www.protocols.io/view/fuhrman-lab-515f-926r-16s-and-18s-rRNA-gene-sequen-j8nlkpd1g5r7/v2?step=102>.

### 4.2 Method description and rationale

This protocol is used for PCR amplifying the 16S rRNA V4-V5 marker gene regions of environmental DNA. Fluidigm adapter are already present on the primers described in the following protocol. It is highly reproducible and can easily be adapted for any number of samples (i.e. a full 96-well plate or a few samples).

#### **4.3 Spatial coverage and environment(s) of relevance**

This protocol can be used to amplify the 16S rRNA marker gene region of any eDNA sample.

### **5 PERSONNEL REQUIRED**

One person with molecular biology experience.

#### **5.1 Safety**

There are no hazardous chemicals or materials involved in this protocol. Standard lab safety techniques should still be used such as wearing PPE to avoid skin or eye contact.

#### **5.2 Training requirements**

Basic molecular biology training is sufficient for this protocol including sterile technique, pipetting small volumes and programming/running PCR thermal cyclers.

#### **5.3 Time needed to execute the procedure**

Protocol takes about 4 hours (240 minutes) including thermal cycler run time.

### **6 EQUIPMENT**

For 96-well Plate:

DESCRIPTION	PRODUCT NAME AND MODEL	MANUFACTURER	QUANTITY	REMARK
<b>Durable equipment</b>				
100-1000 ul Pipette	Eppendorf Research Plus Adjustable-Volume Pipette	Eppendorf	1	Can be substituted with any accurate pipette
10-100 ul Pipette	Eppendorf Research Plus Adjustable-Volume Pipette	Eppendorf	1	Can be substituted with any accurate pipette
0.1-2.5 ul Pipette	Eppendorf Research Plus Adjustable-Volume Pipette	Eppendorf	1	Can be substituted with any accurate pipette
10-100 ul 8-Channel Pipette	Eppendorf Research Plus 8 Channel Pipette	Eppendorf	1	Can be substituted with any accurate pipette
0.5-10 uL 8-Channel Pipette	Eppendorf Research Plus 8 Channel Pipette	Eppendorf	1	Can be substituted with any accurate pipette

DESCRIPTION	PRODUCT NAME AND MODEL	MANUFACTURER	QUANTITY	REMARK
Thermal cycler	Mastercycler Nexus Thermal Cycler	Eppendorf	1	Can be substituted with generic
Microwave	Generic Microwave	Generic Brand	1	
Flask	500 mL Flask	Generic Brand	1	Used for mixing agarose gel solution
1-L Glass Container	1 L Glass Container	Generic Brand	1	Used for storing 1x TBE buffer
Gel Tray & Box	Gel Electrophoresis Box and Tray	Generic Brand	1	Can be substituted with generic
Gel Combs	Gel Electrophoresis Combs	Generic Brand	2	Can be substituted with generic
<b>Consumable equipment</b>				
Gloves	Nitrile Gloves, Exam Grade, Powder-free	ULINE	1	(box) Can be substituted with generic
Kim Wipes	KimWipe Delicate Task Wipers	KimTech	1	(box) Can be substituted with generic
96-well PCR Plate		Armadillo PCR Plate, 96-well, clear, clear wells	ThermoFisher	3
PCR Plate Seal	AlumaSeal II Sealing Foils for PCR and Cold Storage	VWR	2	Can be substituted with generic, can use tightly-fitted strip caps in place of seal
1000µL Filter Tips	OT-2 Filter Tips, 1000µL	Opentrons	1	(box) Can be substituted with generic
200µL Filter Tips	OT-2 Filter Tips, 200µL	Opentrons	2	(boxes) Can be substituted with generic
10 ul Filter tips	TipOne Pipette Tips, 10 uL	TipOne	2	(boxes) Can be substituted with generic
AmpliTaq Gold PCR Mix	AmpliTaq Gold DNA Polymerase 5 mL	ThermoFisher	1.2	(mL)
Molecular water	Invitrogen RT-PCR Grade Water	Fisher Scientific	0.912	(mL)

DESCRIPTION	PRODUCT NAME AND MODEL	MANUFACTURER	QUANTITY	REMARK
Forward Primer - 515 F	16S 515F Fluidigm Primer	IDT	105	(ul (10uM)) Primer must be diluted from 100uM stocks to 10uM
Reverse Primer - 926 R	16S 926R Fluidigm Primer	IDT	105	(ul (10uM)) Primer must be diluted from 100uM stocks to 10uM
TBE Buffer (10x)	TBE Buffer 10X Solution, Molecular Biology Grade, UltraPure	Thermo Scientific	100	(uL)
Agarose	Agarose LE, Molecular Biology Grade, UltraPure	Thermo Scientific	4	(g)
SYBR Safe	SYBR Safe DNA Gel Stain	Invitrogen	20	(uL) Light sensitive - do not expose to light
Gel stain loading dye	DNA Gel Loading Dye (6x)	Thermo Scientific	480	(ul per plate)
100bp DNA Ladder	Generuler 100 bp DNA Ladder	Thermo Scientific	6	(ul per lane on gel)
Parafilm	Parafilm M Lab Film	Generic	1	(roll) Can substitute with generic brand
<b>Chemicals</b>				
RNase AWAY	RNase AWAY Surface Decontaminant	ThermoFisher Scientific	1	(bottle) Used to sterilize lab surfaces and equipment
EtOH	Ethanol	Generic Brand	1	(wash bottle) Must be molecular grade ethanol
DI water	Deionized water	Generic	900	(mL)
<b>(OPTIONAL) Clean-Up Protocol</b>				
AMPure XP Beads	AMPure XP Bead-Based Reagent	Beckman Coulter	1	(kit)
96-well magnetic plate	MagDTR 96-Well Magnetic Separator	Edge Biosystems Inc	1	Can be substituted with generic brand
<b>(OPTIONAL) Qubit</b>				
Qubit Reagents	Qubit dsDNA Quantification Assay Kit	Invitrogen	1	(kit)

DESCRIPTION	PRODUCT NAME AND MODEL	MANUFACTURER	QUANTITY	REMARK
Clear Qubit Assay tubes	0.5 mL thin-walled, polypropylene tubes	Invitrogen	98	Must be correct tubes to allow for fluorometer to read concentration

- Description: E.g., “filter”.
- Product Name and Model: Provide the official name of the product.
- Manufacturer: Provide the name of the manufacturer of the product.
- Quantity: Provide quantities necessary for one application of the standard operating procedure (e.g., number of filters).
- Remark: For example, some of the consumable may need to be sterilized, some commercial solution may need to be diluted or shielded from light during the operating procedure.

## 7 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE

### 7.1 Protocol

#### 7.1.1 Preparation

1. Dilute primers from 100 uM to 10 uM if not already at 10 uM.
2. Set up PCR under hood by wiping off all surfaces, pipettes, and racks with RNase AWAY and UV sterilizing for 5-10 mins.
3. Map out order of samples on 96-well PCR plate. Make sure to leave a space for a no template control (NTC) and positive control.

#### 7.1.2 PCR

1. Make PCR master mix and add 24 ul to each well of PCR plate - possible use on Opentrons OT2 Pipetting Robot.
  - 12.5 ul AmpliTaq Gold 360 Master Mix
  - 9.5 ul molecular water
  - 1 ul Fwd primer (10 M) - 515 F-Y
  - 1 ul Rev primer (10 M) - 926 R

PCR Primer Name	Direction	Sequence (5' -> 3') with Fluidigm Adapters	Fluidigm Adapter
515 F-Y	forward	GTGTCAGCMGCC <b>A</b> C <b>A</b> T <b>T</b> AACGACAT <b>C</b> T <b>T</b> GTACA xxx GT- GYCAGCMGC- CGCGGTAA	
926 R	reverse	CCGYCAATTYMT <b>T</b> A <b>E</b> <b>A</b> <b>G</b> T <b>A</b> C <b>C</b> G <b>A</b> <b>C</b> <b>2</b> <b>T</b> <b>S</b> <b>G</b> TCT xxx CCGYCAAT- TYMTT- TRAGTT	

2. Add 1.0 ul of sample DNA (or molecular water for NTC) to respective wells for a total reaction volume of 25 ul per well. Pipette up and down or vortex to fully distribute DNA into master mix.
3. Seal plate with PCR plate seal or strip caps.

4. Load plate onto thermal cycler and select program to run the following steps:

PCR step	Temperature	Duration	Repetition
Initial Denaturation	95°C	180s	1x
Denaturation	95°C	45s	30x
Annealing	50°C	45s	30x
Extension	72°C	90s	30x
Final Extension	72°C	10min	1x
Hold	4°C	∞	

**7.1.3 Quality Control and PCR Clean-Up** 2% Agarose Gel Following PCR amplification, run products through 2% agarose gel to confirm presence of target bands: 1. Make stock solution of TBE buffer (1x) in a 1-L glass container by adding 100 ml of stock TBE buffer (10x) to 900 ml DI water. 2. For a 5.5in x 5.5in gel tray, mix 200 ml of TBE buffer (1x) and 4 g of agarose in a flask. Use scale to weigh agarose. 3. Microwave mixture for 1 minute, followed by 15-30 second intervals. Watch carefully after 1 minute - mixture can bubble out of flask! The agarose should be fully dissolved so that the solution is mostly clear. Wear a protective glove when handling flask as the mixture will be hot. 4. Allow for gel mixture to cool in flask for 5-10 min. While cooling, set up gel tray (5.5in x 5.5in) in gel box. Make sure the tray is oriented properly and sealed tight for gel pouring. Add two gel combs for 20 wells each lane - total of 40 wells. 5. Once cooled to 50°C, add 20 ul of SYBR safe to the mixture and swirl the flask gently to mix (don't create bubbles!). SYBR safe is light sensitive so after adding to mixture, immediately close the vial and store in the dark. 6. Pour the gel mixture and remove any bubbles using a pipette tip. 7. Allow gel to set for 30-45 min. 8. Cut large strips of parafilm or use 8-strip tubes and label each sample as a position on the parafilm/tubes. 9. Pipette 1 ul of blue loading dye onto each sample position or into each tube. 10. Pipette 5 ul of DNA sample into loading dye and pipette to mix 2-3 times. 11. Once the gel is set, fill the gel box with enough TBE buffer (1x) to fully submerge the gel beneath ~1cm of buffer. 12. Carefully add samples (6 ul each) to gel and write down their positions. 13. Add 6 ul of ladder dye (green) to gel. 14. Run gel at 100 V for 40-50 min then visualize on gel reader machine.

(OPTIONAL) Purify PCR products using AMPure beads protocol 1. Follow along with AMPure XP beads manufacturer protocol (begins on page 5 of manual - <https://www.beckmancoulter.com/wsrportal/techdocs?docname=B37419>). 2. Will need magnetic plate and fresh 70% ethanol. 3. Adjust bead ratio - 0.8x beads to sample volume for 16S. 4. End product will be ~40 ul of cleaned DNA eluted in molecular grade water.

(OPTIONAL) Run Qubit on final PCR Products 1. Follow manufacturer protocol for running Qubit: [https://tools.thermofisher.com/content/sfs/manuals/Qubit\\_dsDNA\\_HS\\_Assay\\_UG.pdf](https://tools.thermofisher.com/content/sfs/manuals/Qubit_dsDNA_HS_Assay_UG.pdf).

(OPTIONAL) Run Second 2% Agarose Gel on Purified PCR Products 1. Follow along with previous gel instructions.

#### 7.1.4 Sequencing Preparation

- After performing a gel on the PCR products, pipette 10 uL of each sample into their respective wells of a new 96-well PCR plate.
  - Leave well H12 empty for Michigan State's sequencing negative control
- Seal plate, label with ID and place in freezer till day of shipping.
- Fill out Illumina Sample Submission form with sample information and 96-well plate format.
  - Can be found online at: LIMS Project Submission
- Login to LabLink and create a project for the sequencing run.
- Upload project and run information, sample submission form and gel images (annotated) to the project.
- Prepare plates for shipping by obtaining dry ice (5-10lbs depending on quantity of plates), a styrofoam cooler and fitted cardboard box.
- Place 1-2 inches of dry ice on bottom of styrofoam cooler followed by sequencing plates then the remainder of dry ice.

8. Place lid on cooler (do not tape shut) and place cooler into cardboard box.
9. Tape the cardboard box shut and attach a shipping label.

### 7.1.5 Sequencing Facility Protocol

Information on sequencing is provided by Michigan State University's Genomics Core Facility:

The Genomics Core performs a secondary PCR using dual-indexed, Illumina compatible primers which target the Fluidigm CS1/CS2 oligomers at the ends of the primary PCR products. Amplicons are batch normalized using the Charm Biotech PCR Normalization and Purification kit and the recovered product is pooled. The pool is QC'd and quantified using a combination of Biotium AccuGreen High Sensitivity dsDNA, Agilent 4200 TapeStation HS DNA1000 and Invitrogen Collibri Library Quantification qPCR assays.

Each pool is loaded onto one (1) Illumina MiSeq v2 Standard flow cell. Sequencing is carried out in a 2x250bp paired end format using a MiSeq v2 500 cycle reagent cartridge. Custom sequencing and index primers complementary to the Fluidigm CS1 and CS2 oligomers are added to appropriate wells of the reagent cartridge. Base calling is done by Illumina Real Time Analysis (RTA) v1.18.54 and output of RTA is demultiplexed and converted to FastQ format with Illumina Bcl2fastq v2.20.0. A summary of the run output is provided by MSU and basic QC information about sequence data is provided by the accompanying FastQC reports. For information regarding interpretation of these reports, please see the FastQC Tutorial and FAQ from MSU's website.

Data is downloaded using an account on the Genomics FTP server. See the Genomics FAQ for general instructions. Sequence data typically remains available on the FTP server for 60 days. It is the responsibility of the researcher to download and store data long term. The RTSF Genomics Core only guarantees retention of sequence data for one year from the date of availability.

## 7.2 Basic troubleshooting guide

### Low Volume Post-PCR

- If using strip-caps, ensure they are tightly fitting on wells. Any gap in the lid will allow for some volume to evaporate during the PCR process on the thermal cycler. If using PCR plate seals, spin down the plate after taking it off the thermal cycler to ensure all condensation is drawn back into the well.

### Contamination

- If there are contamination bands appearing on the gel, run another PCR ensuring full sterilization of work spaces and equipment under the hood and use new vials of AmpliTaq Gold 360 Master Mix and molecular water. If diluted primers are contaminated, use freshly-made aliquot of primers.

### Weak Amplification

- If you are seeing weak amplification bands on the gel, ensure the master mix and DNA is being fully mixed. You can also increase the concentration of primers or tweak the PCR process on the thermal cycler (increasing # of cycles of PCR or optimize annealing temperature). The addition of Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) to master mix is also useful in some cases.

## 8 REFERENCES

1. Miya, M. et al. (2025). MiFish, a set of universal PCR primers for metabarcoding environmental DNA from fishes: detection of more than 230 subtropical marine species. R Soc Open Sci. 2015 Jul 22;2(7):150088. doi: 10.1098/rsos.150088.

## 9 APPENDIX A: DATASHEETS

Not applicable.