

Assembly Language

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Working with Integers

Unsigned integers (which are non-negative) are represented in a very straightforward binary manner. The number 200 as an one byte unsigned integer would be represented as by 11001000 (or C8 in hex);

if it is sign?

imul

The source is either a register or a memory reference;

It can not be an immediate value.

Exactly what multiplication is performed depends on the size of the source operand;

If the operand is byte sized, it is multiplied by the byte in the AL register and the result is stored in the 16 bits of AX;

If the source is 16-bit, it is multiplied by the word in AX and the 32-bit result is stored in DX:AX

imul

The IMUL instruction has the same formats as MUL, but also adds some other instruction formats.

There are two and three operand formats

```
imul    dest, source1
```

```
imul    dest, source1, source2
```

imul

dest	source1	source2	Action
	reg/mem8		AX = AL*source1
	reg/mem16		DX:AX = AX*source1
	reg/mem32		EDX:EAX = EAX*source1
reg16	reg/mem16		dest *= source1
reg32	reg/mem32		dest *= source1
reg16	immed8		dest *= immed8
reg32	immed8		dest *= immed8
reg16	immed16		dest *= immed16
reg32	immed32		dest *= immed32
reg16	reg/mem16	immed8	dest = source1*source2
reg32	reg/mem32	immed8	dest = source1*source2
reg16	reg/mem16	immed16	dest = source1*source2
reg32	reg/mem32	immed32	dest = source1*source2

idiv – div

If the source is 8-bit, then AX is divided by the operand. The quotient is stored in AL and the remainder in AH;

If the source is 16-bit, then DX:AX is divided by the operand. The quotient is stored into AX and remainder into DX;

If the source is 32-bit, then EDX:EAX is divided by the operand and the quotient is stored into EAX and the remainder into EDX.

idiv – div

Instruction	Description
IDIV $r/m8$	Signed divide AX by $r/m8$, with result stored in: AL \leftarrow Quotient, AH \leftarrow Remainder.
IDIV $r/m8^*$	Signed divide AX by $r/m8$, with result stored in AL \leftarrow Quotient, AH \leftarrow Remainder.
IDIV $r/m16$	Signed divide DX:AX by $r/m16$, with result stored in AX \leftarrow Quotient, DX \leftarrow Remainder.
IDIV $r/m32$	Signed divide EDX:EAX by $r/m32$, with result stored in EAX \leftarrow Quotient, EDX \leftarrow Remainder.
IDIV $r/m64$	Signed divide RDX:RAX by $r/m64$, with result stored in RAX \leftarrow Quotient, RDX \leftarrow Remainder.

idiv – div

Operand Size	Dividend	Divisor	Quotient	Remainder	Quotient Range
Word/byte Doubleword/word Quadword/doubleword Doublequadword/ quadword	AX DX:AX EDX:EAX RDX:RAX	r/m8 r/m16 r/m32 r/m64	AL AX EAX RAX	AH DX EDX RDX	-128 to +127 -32,768 to +32,767 -2^{31} to $2^{31} - 1$ -2^{63} to $2^{63} - 1$

Bibliografia

CARTER, Paul A. **PC Assembly Language**. Github, 2004.

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