

## Retry-Exam, Algebraic Geometry II

**Problem A.** (3 points)

Let  $X$  be the product  $\prod C_i$  of smooth projective curves  $C_i$  over a field  $k$ . Decide under which condition the canonical bundle  $\omega_{X/k}$  is trivial or ample. Is in the remaining cases  $\omega_{X/k}^*$  automatically ample?

**Problem B.** (6 points)

Discuss the notion of flatness for morphisms and its properties, give examples. Explain the relation of flatness to the Hilbert polynomial along the fibres of a projective morphism (with the idea of proof).

**Problem C.** (4 points)

Let  $X \subset \mathbb{P}_k^3$  be a smooth hypersurface of degree four. Compute the Hodge numbers  $h^{p,q}(X)$ .

**Problem D.** (3 points)

Let  $\sigma: X \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_k^2$  be the blow up in the two points  $p_1 := [0 : 0 : 1]$  and  $p_2 := [0 : 1 : 1]$  with the exceptional divisor  $E = E_1 \sqcup E_2$ . Compute the degree of  $\mathcal{O}(E)|_{\tilde{C}}$  for the strict transform  $\tilde{C}$  (i.e. the closure of  $\sigma^{-1}(C \setminus \{p_1, p_2\})$ ) of the three curves  $C = C_1, C_2$ , and  $C_3$ , where  $C_1$  is the line through  $p_1, p_2$ ,  $C_2 = Z(x_0 - x_1)$ , and  $C_3 = Z(x_0^2 - x_1^2)$ .

**Problem E.** (3 points)

Discuss the notion of smoothness for morphisms of schemes, give examples of smooth and non-smooth morphisms.

**Problem F.** (6 points)

Let  $f: C \rightarrow D$  be a morphism between smooth projective curves over a field  $k$  and let  $\mathcal{L}$  be an invertible sheaf on  $C$ .

- (i) Show that for  $f$  finite the direct image sheaf  $f_*\mathcal{L}$  is a locally free sheaf of rank  $\deg(f)$ .
- (ii) What can be said about the higher direct images  $R^i f_*\mathcal{L}$ ?
- (iii) Describe an example that shows that the smoothness of  $D$  is essential in (i). What about the smoothness of  $C$ ?

**Problem G.** (5 points)

Consider the morphism  $\varphi: \mathbb{P}_k^1 \rightarrow \mathbb{P}_k^2$ ,  $[x_0 : x_1] \mapsto [x_0^2 : x_0 x_1 : x_1^2]$ . Describe the normal bundle of its graph  $\Gamma_\varphi \subset \mathbb{P}_k^1 \times \mathbb{P}_k^2$  as a sum of line bundles.