Perceptual Multistability in a Temporal Illusion

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Abstract

In this project, we model the cognitive conception of the reception of a visual field. Our model is a generative Bayesian one in which our uppermost variable represents the viewers conception of the visual field i.e. the background structure of what the viewer sees. Rather than seeing the visual field as a sum of components, the model attempts to express the cognitive phenomenon of interpreting a visual stimulus as a whole cognitive concept. In an illusion, for example, we see one set of components which comprise the entire visual field, but this same set of components can yield multiple interpretations. Viewing this interpretive practice as a Bayesian model, we place the interpretation of the scene at the first layer in the hierarchy. This interpretation then provides a probability distribution over the variables at the second layer, which correspond to the perceived characteristics of the observed components that make up the visual stimulus. Finally, the set of all possible visual stimuli make up the third and final layer.

1 Perceptual Multistability

Hi

Table 1: Sample table title

PART DESCRIPTION

Dendrite Input terminal Axon Output terminal

Soma Cell body (contains cell nucleus)

COOL LATEX 2ε STUFF!!! alright! LOL?

1.1 Footnotes

Indicate footnotes with a number¹ in the text. Place the footnotes at the bottom of the page on which they appear. Precede the footnote with a horizontal rule of 2 inches (12 picas).²

1.2 Figures

All artwork must be neat, clean, and legible. Lines should be dark enough for purposes of reproduction; art work should not be hand-drawn. The figure number and caption always appear after the figure. Place one line space before the figure caption, and one line space after the figure caption is lower case (except for first word and proper nouns); figures are numbered consecutively.

Make sure the figure caption does not get separated from the figure. Leave sufficient space to avoid splitting the figure and figure caption.

You may use color figures. However, it is best for the figure captions and the paper body to make sense if the paper is printed either in black/white or in color.

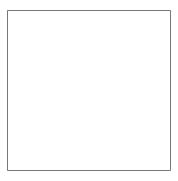


Figure 1: Sample figure caption.

1.3 Tables

All tables must be centered, neat, clean and legible. Do not use hand-drawn tables. The table number and title always appear before the table. See Table 1.

Place one line space before the table title, one line space after the table title, and one line space after the table. The table title must be lower case (except for first word and proper nouns); tables are numbered consecutively.

LaTeX users:

• Consider directly generating PDF files using pdflatex (especially if you are a MiKTeX user). PDF figures must be substituted for EPS figures, however.

¹Sample of the first footnote

²Sample of the second footnote

• Otherwise, please generate your PostScript and PDF files with the following commands:

```
dvips mypaper.dvi -t letter -Ppdf -G0 -o mypaper.ps
ps2pdf mypaper.ps mypaper.pdf
```

Check that the PDF files only contains Type 1 fonts.

- xfig "patterned" shapes are implemented with bitmap fonts. Use "solid" shapes instead.
- The \bbold package almost always uses bitmap fonts. You can try the equivalent AMS Fonts with command

```
\usepackage[psamsfonts]{amssymb}
```

or use the following workaround for reals, natural and complex:

• Sometimes the problematic fonts are used in figures included in LaTeX files. The ghostscript program eps2eps is the simplest way to clean such figures. For black and white figures, slightly better results can be achieved with program potrace.

Acknowledgments

Use unnumbered third level headings for the acknowledgments. All acknowledgments go at the end of the paper. Do not include acknowledgments in the anonymized submission, only in the final paper.

References

References follow the acknowledgments. Use unnumbered third level heading for the references. Any choice of citation style is acceptable as long as you are consistent. It is permissible to reduce the font size to 'small' (9-point) when listing the references. Remember that this year you can use a ninth page as long as it contains *only* cited references.

- [1] Alexander, J.A. & Mozer, M.C. (1995) Template-based algorithms for connectionist rule extraction. In G. Tesauro, D. S. Touretzky and T.K. Leen (eds.), *Advances in Neural Information Processing Systems* 7, pp. 609-616. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- [2] Bower, J.M. & Beeman, D. (1995) The Book of GENESIS: Exploring Realistic Neural Models with the GEneral NEural SImulation System. New York: TELOS/Springer-Verlag.
- [3] Hasselmo, M.E., Schnell, E. & Barkai, E. (1995) Dynamics of learning and recall at excitatory recurrent synapses and cholinergic modulation in rat hippocampal region CA3. *Journal of Neuroscience* **15**(7):5249-5262.