

# Отчет по лабораторной работе №3.

Введение в работу с Octave

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## Прагматика выполнения

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Лабораторная работа выполняется для получения знаний о работе в Octave.

## Цель работы

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Целью данной работы является приобретение практических навыков работы в Octave

## Задачи выполнения

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## 1. Простейшие операции.

```
>> diary on
>> 2*6 + (7-4)^2
ans = 21
>> u = [1 -4 6]
u =

    1    -4     6

>> u = [1; -4; 6]
u =

     1
    -4
     6

>> A = [1 2 -3; 2 4 0; 1 1 1]
A =

     1     2    -3
     2     4     0
     1     1     1
```

## 2. Операции с векторами

```
>> u = [1; -4; 6]  
u =
```

```
1  
-4  
6
```

```
>> v = [2; 1; -1]  
v =
```

```
2  
1  
-1
```

```
>> 2*v + 3*u  
ans =
```

```
7  
-10  
16
```

```
>> dot(u, v)  
ans = -8
```

```
>> cross(u, v)  
ans =
```

```
-2  
13  
9
```

```
>> norm(u)  
ans = 7.2801
```



### 3. Вычисление проектора

```
>> u = [3 5]
u =
    3    5

>> v = [7 2]
v =
    7    2

>> proj = dot(u, v)/(norm(v))^2 * v
proj =
    4.0943    1.1698
```

## 4. Матричные операции

```
>> A = [1 2 -3; 2 4 0; 1 1 1]
```

```
A =
```

```
1 2 -3
2 4 0
1 1 1
```

```
>> B = [1 2 3 4; 0 -2 -4 6; 1 -1 0 0]
```

```
B =
```

```
1 2 3 4
0 -2 -4 6
1 -1 0 0
```

```
>> A * B
```

```
ans =
```

```
-2 1 -5 16
2 -4 -10 32
2 -1 -1 10
```

```
>> B' * A
```

```
ans =
```

```
2 3 -2
-3 -5 -7
-5 -10 -9
16 32 -12
```

```
>> 2 * A - 4 * eye(3)
```

```
ans =
```

```
-2 4 -6
4 4 0
2 2 -2
```

```
>> eye(3)
```

```
ans =
```

Diagonal Matrix

```
1 0 0
0 1 0
0 0 1
```

```
>> det(A)
```

## 5. Построение простейших графиков

```
>> x = linspace(0, 2*pi, 50)
x =
```

```
Columns 1 through 10:
```

```
    0    0.1282    0.2565    0.3847    0.5129    0.6411    0.7694    0.8976    1.0258    1.1541
```

```
Columns 11 through 20:
```

```
    1.2823    1.4105    1.5387    1.6670    1.7952    1.9234    2.0517    2.1799    2.3081    2.4363
```

```
Columns 21 through 30:
```

```
    2.5646    2.6928    2.8210    2.9493    3.0775    3.2057    3.3339    3.4622    3.5904    3.7186
```

```
Columns 31 through 40:
```

```
    3.8468    3.9751    4.1033    4.2315    4.3598    4.4880    4.6162    4.7444    4.8727    5.0009
```

```
Columns 41 through 50:
```

```
    5.1291    5.2574    5.3856    5.5138    5.6420    5.7703    5.8985    6.0267    6.1550    6.2832
```

```
>> y = sin(x)
y =
```

```
Columns 1 through 10:
```

```
    0    0.1279    0.2537    0.3753    0.4907    0.5981    0.6957    0.7818    0.8551    0.9144
```

```
Columns 11 through 20:
```

```
    0.9587    0.9872    0.9995    0.9954    0.9749    0.9385    0.8866    0.8202    0.7403    0.6482
```

```
Columns 21 through 30:
```

```
    0.5455    0.4339    0.3151    0.1912    0.0641   -0.0641   -0.1912   -0.3151   -0.4339   -0.5455
```

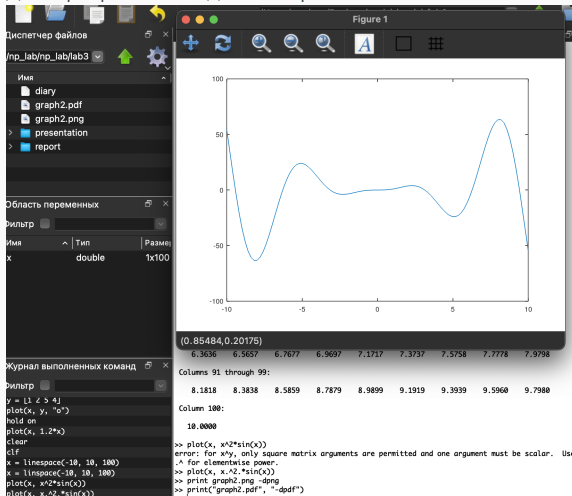
```
Columns 31 through 40:
```

```
   -0.6482   -0.7403   -0.8202   -0.8866   -0.9385   -0.9749   -0.9954   -0.9995   -0.9872   -0.9587
```

```
Columns 41 through 50:
```

```
   -0.9144   -0.8551   -0.7818   -0.6957   -0.5981   -0.4907   -0.3753   -0.2537   -0.1279   -0.0000
```

## 6. Два графика на одном чертеже



### 8. Сравнение циклов и операций с векторами

```
>> clear
>> loop_for
Elapsed time is 0.168865 seconds.
>> loop_vec
error: parse error near line 8 of file /Users/sandwor/Desktop/np_lab/np_lab/lab3/loop_vec.m

syntax error

>> loop_vec
Elapsed time is 0.00337195 seconds.
```

## Результаты выполнения

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В результате проделанной работы я приобрел практические навыки работы в Octave.