

Jumping into a Documentation Journey with Sphinx and Jupyter

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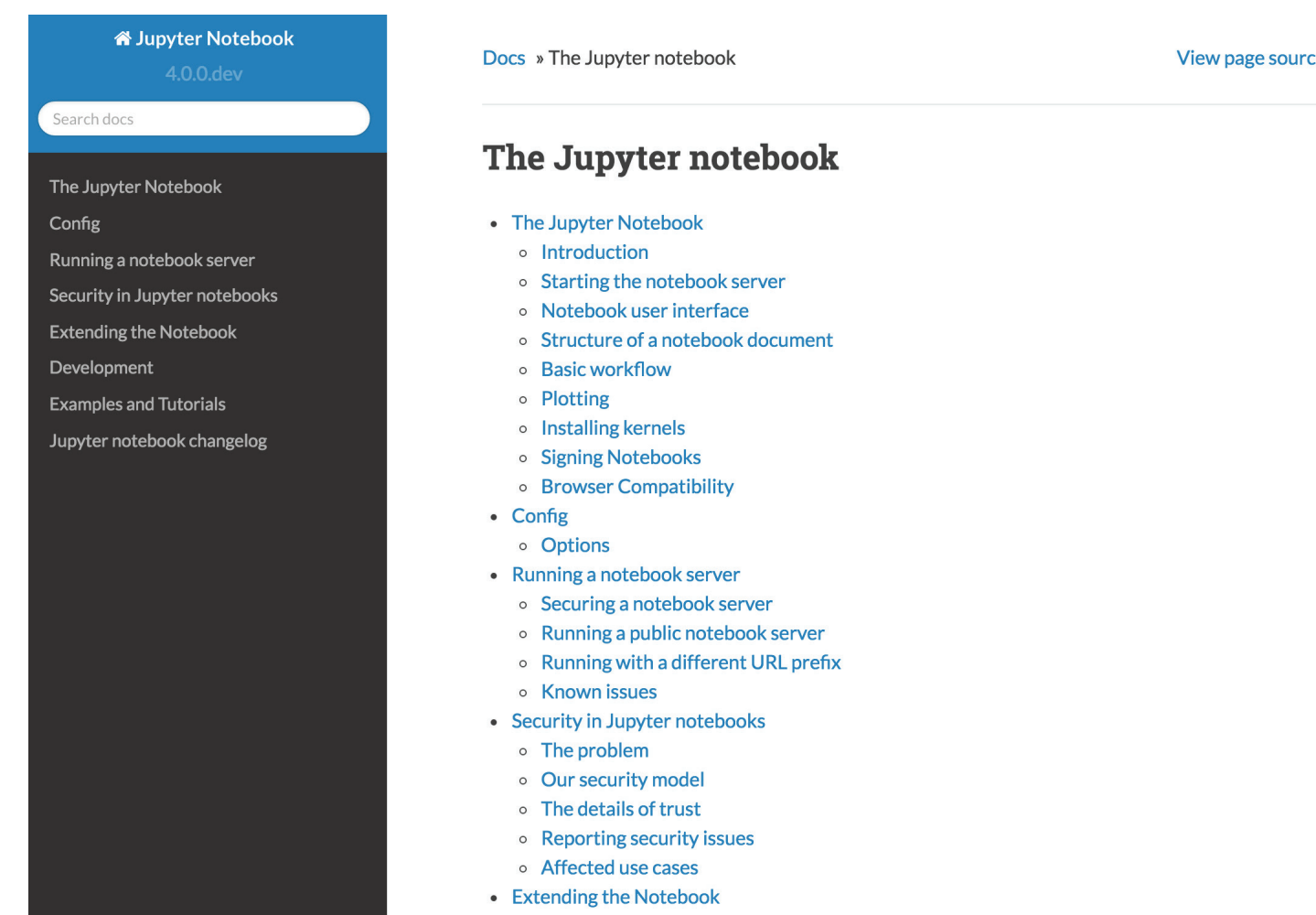
Project Jupyter at Cal Poly San Luis Obispo



What is Jupyter?

Project Jupyter was born out of the IPython Project in 2014 as it evolved to support interactive data science and scientific computing across all programming languages.

December 2015



Challenges

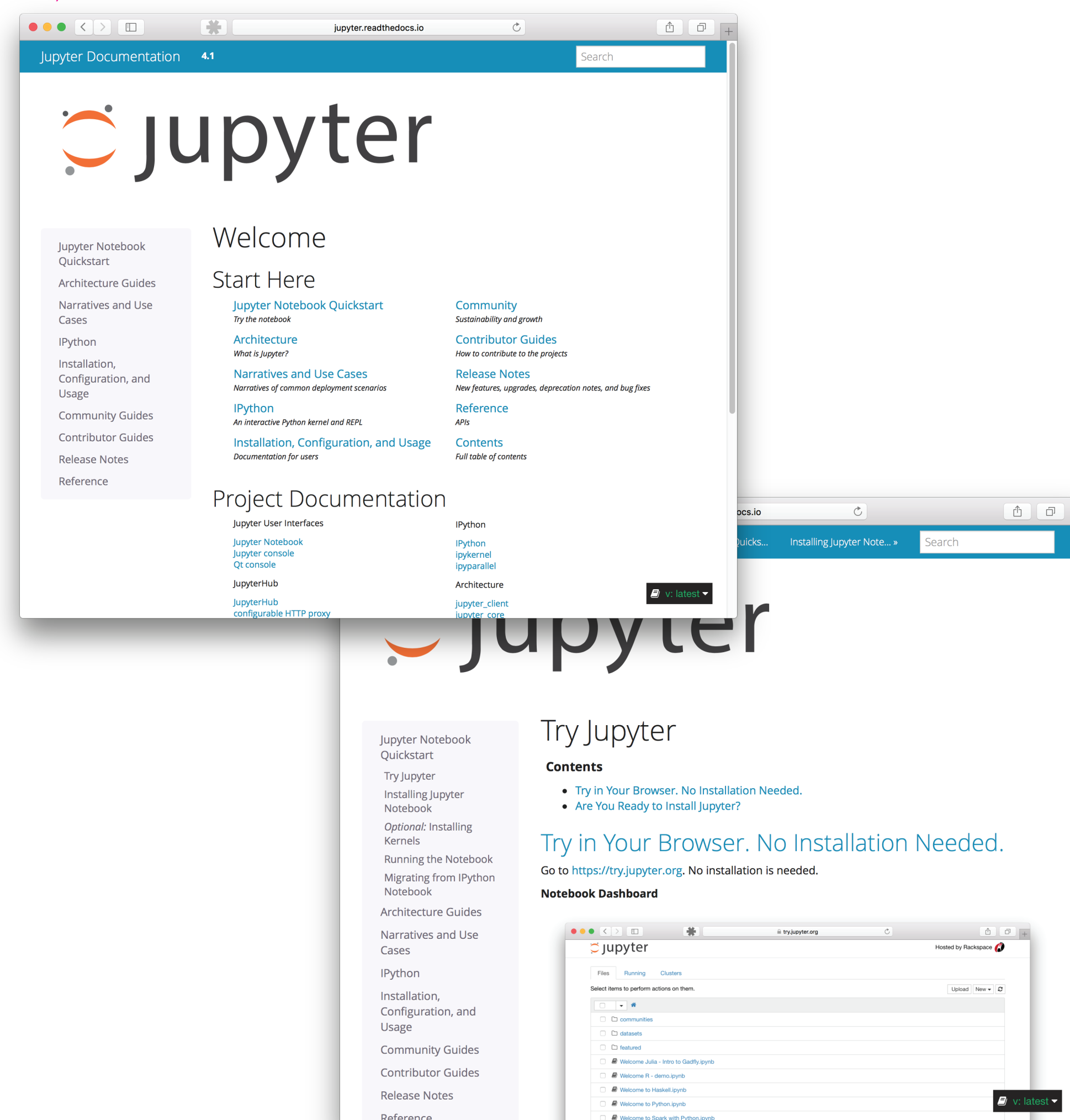
- No dedicated documentarian
- 40+ repos
- Project complexity
- Many user personas
- Name rebranding

I. Start with the basics

- README, README, README
- Add structure across the docs' repos
- Link to the docs, website, and help
- Test the links
- Build without warnings

2. Make a user landing spot jupyter.readthedocs.io

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3. Automate the things

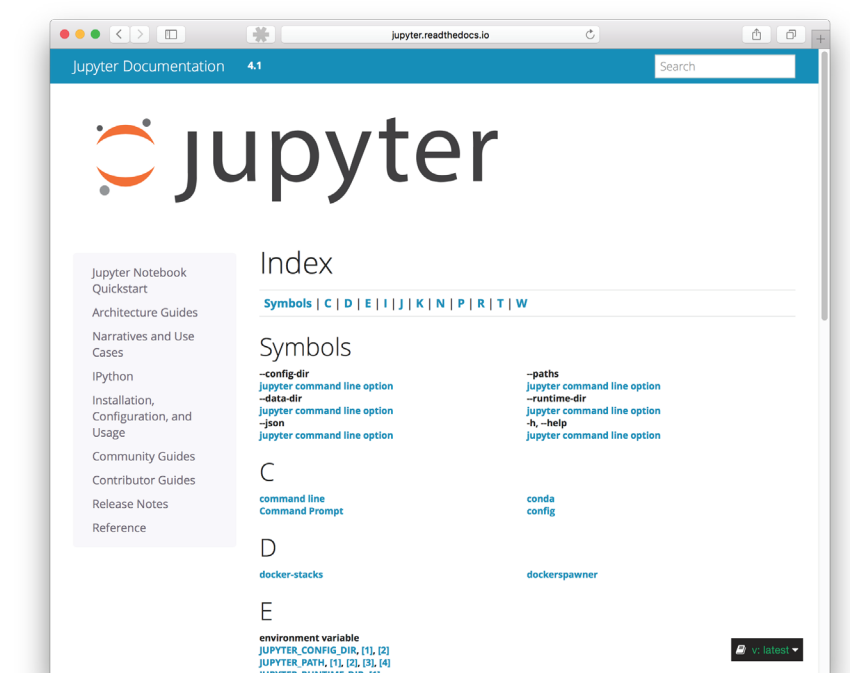
- Create a docs workflow
- Build the docs using Sphinx
- Check spelling and grammar
- Test the docs using Sphinx and Travis
- Deploy to ReadTheDocs on commits

4. Use the sources

- reStructuredText (.rst)
- Markdown (.md)
- Notebook files (.ipynb)
- Combine all source types in one document using recommonmark and nbsphinx

5. Extend Sphinx extensions

- intersphinx
- mathjax
- autodoc
- autosummary
- napoleon
- recommonmark
- nbsphinx



Custom theme

- override a template
- use a base theme and update layout and style

6. Analyze and user test

Love the docs

1. Read the docs
2. Try the docs
3. Write the docs
4. Repeat