

Edge-disjoint path in directed graph

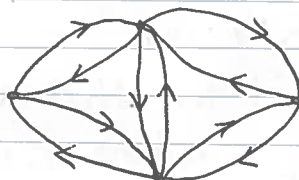
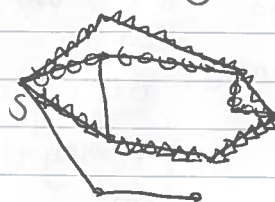
max flow  $\geq$  # paths (easy) use the path to direct flow

max flow  $\leq$  # paths: we start from the flow and trace one path and remove all edges of this path

Can we solve the same problem on undirected graph?

Goal: Find the maximum number of edge-disjoint  $s$ - $t$  path.

We can replace every edge with two directed edges going opposite direction



Now we can try to find max number of edge disjoint path in this directed graph using f-f.

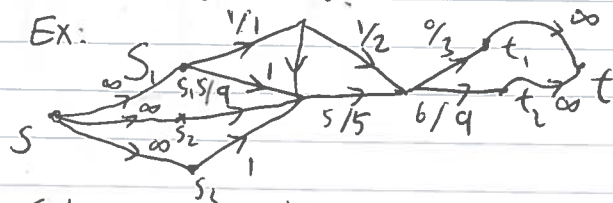
- After running f-f if we have  $v_1 \rightarrow v_2$ , we remove them.

This does not change the value of flow, and so we will still have max-flow. Using this flow will avoid using shared edges in the undirected graph.

Multi-Source - Multi-sink flow:

Similar to the original max-flow problem, except we now have several sources.

Ex:



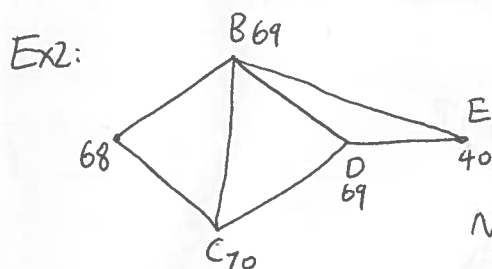
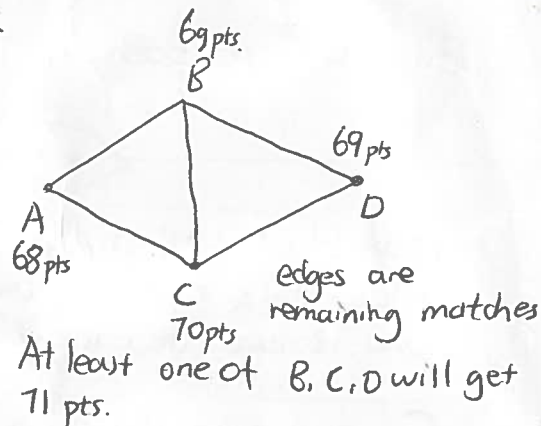
We want to generate maximum # of unit flow at the sources.

Solution: add one source  $S$  and one sink  $t$ . Connect  $S$  to  $S_i$  and  $t_i$  to  $t$ . and connect the original sinks to  $t$  with  $\infty$ -cap edges.

## Baseball Elimination Problem

- We have a tournament
- Currently, we are in the middle and each team has some points and some remaining matches.
- We are interested in specific team, A, and we want to know does A have a chance of getting first place.

Ex1: The final point between B, C, D is at least  $69 + 69 + 70 + 3$ . So one of them will have at least 70 pts.



Again one of B, C, D will get more than 70.

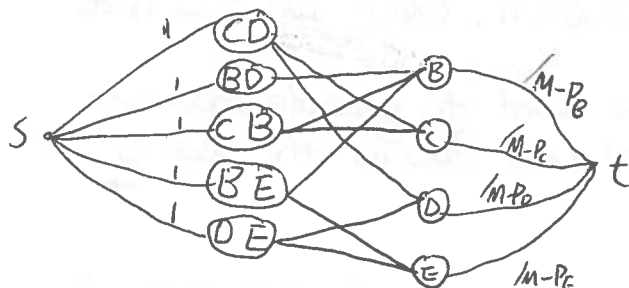
Note:  $\frac{B+D+E+C+5}{4} < 70$  and you may think A might win.

Let  $M$  be total points A will have if A wins all its remaining point. If A is eliminated, is it true that we can find a set  $T$  of teams  $S$ , t  $\frac{(\sum_{x \in T} P_x + k)}{|T|} > M$ ? where  $k$  is the number of remaining matches between teams in  $T$  and  $P_x$  is the points of  $x$ .

How can we decide weather A is eliminated?

Step1: Let  $M := P_A + \text{degree of A}$ , remove A.

Step2: Construct the following flow-network: For every edge  $uv$ , put a vertex  $V_{uv}$  in the network. Also for every team except A add a node.



Step3: Add a source. Connect it to all  $uv$  with cap 1 edges. add edges  $uv - V$  and  $uv, -V$  with  $\infty$  cap. add edges  $U - t$  with cap  $M - P_u$ .

Step 4: Solve max-flow, if its value equals to the outgoing capacity then  $A$  is not eliminated. Otherwise it is.