

Gebze Technical University  
Computer Engineering Department  
CSE443 - Object Oriented Analysis and Design  
Fall 2020-2021  
Final project – v1

**Rule 1:** Detected cases of plagiarism will lead to an immediate failure of this course and administrative penalties.

**Rule 2:** no late submissions! Even if it is late by one minute, it will be ignored. Learning to plan your schedule according to deadlines is part of your education and an invaluable professional asset.

**Rule 3:** I reserve my right to hold an oral examination if I deem it necessary.

**Rule 4:** I will not answer questions when their answer is already in this document.

**What to submit:**

- a) the source code of your project fully documented (with javadoc),
- b) a pdf report of your **design decision explanations, class diagrams** and **screenshots** of all of your applications' operations.
- c) an executable demo as a jar archive.

**Java version >= 8**

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**Question 1:** You will design and implement a visual simulation of an epidemic within a human society. You can use either Java Swing or FX.

**Context**

The society will be modeled as an empty 2D canvas of size 1000x600 pixels. Each individual in this society of population  $P$  will be modeled as a square of size 5x5 pixels on this canvas, positioned randomly.

Each individual will move on this 2D canvas along an initially random direction, at a constant speed of  $S$  pixels/second, and when s/he collides with another individual s/he will spend  $C$  seconds with her/him at the collision spot to simulate social interaction with a social distance  $D$  and then both will continue moving at once again randomized directions. Nobody can escape the canvas, if an individual reaches the edge of the map, her/his movement direction should be once again randomized.

At the beginning there will be one random infected individual in the population.

Each individual will possess a numerical value indicating whether they wear a mask ( $M=0.2$ ) or not ( $M=1.0$ ), their speed  $S \in [1,5]$  of movement in pixels/second, the social distance  $D \in [0,9]$  (in pixels) that they practice when they collide with other individuals, and how social they are in terms of  $C$  seconds  $\in [1,5]$  they spend with every individual they collide with.

The disease will have a constant spreading factor  $R \in [0.5,1.0]$  and a constant mortality rate  $Z \in [0.1, 0.9]$ .

When two individuals with coefficients  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  collide they stay together (at collision position) for time  $C = \max\{C_1, C_2\}$  to simulate interaction and then continue their randomized courses. If another individual is in collision course with either of them in the meantime, s/he cannot interact with them and ignores them as if they weren't there.

Let two individuals  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  collide, with mask statuses  $M_1$  and  $M_2$ , and social distances  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  respectively. Let  $I_1$  be infected and  $I_2$  be healthy. They stay together for a duration  $C = \max\{C_1, C_2\}$  before parting, and the social distance between them is  $D = \min\{D_1, D_2\}$ . The probability of  $I_1$  infecting  $I_2$  is  $P = R * (1 + C/10) * M_1 * M_2 * (1 - D/10)$

- An infected individual will die after  $100 * (1 - Z)$  seconds and disappear from the canvas.
- Update the canvas every second or less; provide a timer, and show the total count of infected, healthy, hospitalized and dead.
- Every infected individual, 25 seconds after her/his initial infection will be assumed to be at the hospital and will be removed temporarily from the canvas. The hospital however is assumed to have only  $B = P/100$  ventilators. After staying at the hospital for 10 seconds s/he will return to the society at a random position as healthy. If the hospital ventilators are all full the individual will remain and continue moving/infecting in the society, until a ventilator becomes available or...s/he dies. The hospital is assumed to be able to cure all cases.

### Goals

- 1) Create the individuals using some design pattern. Choose wisely and justify your decision. Some are more appropriate than others. Strive for maintenance cost reduction, and flexibility. The user should be able to add them in bulk as well as one by one. **(20 points)**
- 2) Model and implement the interaction between individuals using the Mediator design pattern. **(25 points)**
- 3) Make sure your GUI is multi-threaded, always responsive. Allow the user to pause and continue the simulation. **(25 points)**
- 4) Use the producer/consumer paradigm to implement the hospital functionality and pay attention to synchronization. **(10 points)**
- 4) Produce graphical plots of how the infected and dead count is affected across time depending on various chosen values of  $R$ ,  $Z$ , percentage of mask use and average social distance  $D$  in the population. How do these outcomes relate to the population  $P$ ? Linearly? Exponentially? Something else? **(10 points)**
- 5) Evaluation of your submitted report in terms of clarity, comprehensiveness and presentation. **(10 points)**

Good luck.