

1a)

Write the system

$$-f_{i,j} = -\frac{\sigma_{i+1/2,j}}{h^2} u_{i+2,j} - \frac{\sigma_{i-1/2,j}}{h^2} u_{i-2,j} - \frac{\sigma_{i,j+1/2}}{h^2} u_{i,j+2} - \frac{\sigma_{i,j-1/2}}{h^2} u_{i,j-2} + \frac{\sigma_{i+1/2,j} + \sigma_{i-1/2,j} + \sigma_{i,j+1/2} + \sigma_{i,j-1/2}}{h^2} u_{i,j}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{h^2} \begin{bmatrix} B_1 & C_{1+1/2} \\ C_{1+1/2} & B_2 & C_{2+1/2} \\ & C_{2+1/2} & B_3 & C_{3+1/2} \\ & & C_{3+1/2} & B_4 \end{bmatrix} \quad B_j = \begin{bmatrix} -k(i,j) & \sigma_{i+1/2,j} \\ \sigma_{i-1/2,j} & -k(i,j) \\ & \sigma_{i,j+1/2} \\ \sigma_{i,j-1/2} & -k(i,j) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_k = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{1,n} & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & \sigma_{n,n} \end{bmatrix}$$

1b)

(Core problem) In the template file finite.difference.cpp, implement the function

```
void createPorousMediaMatrix2D(SparseMatrix& A, FunctionPointer sigma, int N, double dx),
```

Set matrix a from one vector containing the matrices B and C

double k → sum of σ

special conditions to push-back in the right places around the diagonal

1c)

(Core problem) In the template file finite.difference.cpp, implement the function

```
void createRHS(Vector& rhs, FunctionPointer f, int N, double dx),
```

$F = dx^2 f(x,y) \rightarrow$ Serie 3

1d)

$$\frac{\sigma_{i-1/2,j} + \sigma_{i,j+1/2} + \sigma_{i,j-1/2} + \sigma_{i+1/2,j}}{h^2}$$

(Core problem) In the template file finite.difference.cpp, implement the function

```
Vector porousMediaSolve(FunctionPointer f, FunctionPointer sigma, int N),
```

Normal LU solve like in the series

Sparse matrix requires Eigen/SparseLU

1f)

(Core problem) In the template file finite.difference.cpp, implement the function

```
void convergeStudy(FunctionPointer F, FunctionPointer sigma),
```

$$e = \text{abs}(u - \text{exactS})$$

2a)

Write the variational formulation for (4)-(5).

Write an expression for the entries of \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{F} in (7).

$$A_{ij} = F_i$$

$$A_{ij} = \int_{\Omega} (\sigma(x) \nabla \varphi_j^N(x) \cdot \nabla \varphi_i^N(x) + r \varphi_i^N(x) \varphi_j^N(x)) dx$$

$$F_i = \int_{\Omega} f(x) \varphi_i^N(x) dx$$

2c)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `shape.hpp` implementing the function

```
inline double lambda(int i, double x, double y)
```

Implemented the 3 conditions given

2d)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `grad_shape.hpp` implementing the function

```
inline Eigen::Vector2d gradientLambda(const int i, double x, double y)
```

Switch to decide the shape functions starting from i

2e)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `stiffness_matrix.hpp` implementing the routine

```
template<class MatrixType, class Point>
void computeStiffnessMatrix(MatrixType& stiffnessMatrix,
```

Given: J_n , $\det J_n$, $(J_n^{-1})^T$, function
const T, val F, elem Map

Fill every cell of the matrix by the

integration:

$$A_{ij} = \int (\sigma(x) \nabla \varphi_j^N(x) \cdot \nabla \varphi_i^N(x) + r \varphi_i^N(x) \varphi_j^N(x))$$

2f)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `load_vector.hpp` implementing the routine

```
template<class Vector, class Point>
void computeLoadVector(Vector& loadVector, const Point& a, const Point& b,
```

Given: J_n , $\det J_n = dv$, function to integrate

Same as matrix but here we integrate

$$F_i = \int_{\Omega} f(x) \varphi_i^N(x) dx \quad \text{to get the load vector}$$

2g)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `stiffness_matrix_assembly.hpp` implementing the routine

```
template<class Matrix>
void assembleStiffnessMatrix(Matrix& A, const Eigen::MatrixXd& vertices,
```

→ Get indices of vertices

→ Build the 3x3 matrix

→ Push vertices and matrix as a triplet

Build the matrix

2h)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `load_vector_assembly.hpp` implementing the routine

```
void assembleLoadVector(Eigen::VectorXd& F, const Eigen::MatrixXd& vertices,
```

→ get triangle vertices

→ get load vector for that triangle

→ push everything in the bigger load vector

2i)

(Core problem) Complete the template file `fem_solve.hpp` with the implementation of the function

```
int solveFiniteElement(Vector& u, const Eigen::MatrixXd& vertices,
```

- Build A and F
- Set Boundaries
- Solve "interior" system, where there are no boundaries
- Combine boundary with internal solution

3a)

Denote by h the mesh width, that is $h = \frac{1}{N+1}$. Write down the matrix A and the vector $G(t)$ explicitly.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2a(x_1) & -a(x_1) & \dots & & \\ -a(x_1) & 2a(x_1) & -a(x_2) & & \\ & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \\ & & -a(x_N) & 2a(x_N) & \\ & & & -a(x_N) & 2a(x_N) \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{h^2} = A$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a(h)g_1(t) \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ a(1-h)g_N(t) \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{h^2} = G(t)$$

3b)

Apply the forward Euler scheme to (11), denoting by $u^k = \{u_i^k\}_{i=1}^N$ the approximate value of the vector u at time k , for $k = 0, \dots, K$, and by $\Delta t = \frac{T}{K}$ the time step. How does the update formula at each time step look like?

$$\frac{u^{k+1} - u^k}{\Delta t} + \underline{A} u^k = \underline{G}(t_k)$$

3c)

(Core problem) In the template file `create_poisson_matrix.cpp`, implement the function

```
SparseMatrix createPoissonMatrix(int N, const std::functional<double(double)>& a),
```

- prepare matrices at the right side
- Assign value of $a(x)$ on the "diagonals"
 - ↳ push right/left
- Build A
- Divide by h^2

3d)

(Core problem) In the template file `forward_euler.cpp`, implement the function

```
std::pair<Eigen::MatrixXd, Eigen::VectorXd> forwardEuler(
```

$$u^{k+1} = (\underline{I} - \underline{A} \Delta t) u^k + \Delta t \underline{G}(t_k)$$

\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow
 $u.col(n-1)$ B $u.col(n)$ G

$$\begin{bmatrix} a(h)g_1(t) \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ a(1-h)g_N(t) \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{h^2} = G(t) = G$$

3i)

(Core problem) In the template file `crank_nicolson.cpp`, implement the function

`std::pair<Eigen::MatrixXd, Eigen::VectorXd> crankNicolson(`

$$\left(I + \frac{\Delta t}{2} A\right) u^{n+1} = A u^{n+1} + B u^n = \left(I - \frac{\Delta t}{2} A\right) u^n$$