Configuration Properties

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Chapter 1. Configuration Properties

Apache Isis' own configuration properties are simple key-value pairs, typically held in the WEBINF/isis.properties file and other related files. This guide describes how to configure an Apache Isis application.



Configuration properties for the viewers can be found in the Wicket Viewer guide and the RestfulObjects viewer guide. Likewise[details of configuring security (Apache Shiro) can be found in the Security guide.

Also, note that by default the configuration values are part of the built WAR file. Details on how to override these configuration properties externally for different environments can be found in the Beyond the Basics guide, (deployment chapter).

1.1. Other Guides

Apache Isis documentation is broken out into a number of user, reference and "supporting procedures" guides.

The user guides available are:

- Fundamentals
- · Wicket viewer
- Restful Objects viewer
- Security
- Testing
- Beyond the Basics

The reference guides are:

- Annotations
- Domain Services
- Configuration Properties (this guide)
- Classes, Methods and Schema
- Apache Isis Maven plugin
- Framework Internal Services

The remaining guides are:

- Developers' Guide (how to set up a development environment for Apache Isis and contribute back to the project)
- Committers' Guide (release procedures and related practices)

Chapter 2. Deployment Types

Apache Isis distinguishes between the application being run in development mode vs running in production mode. The framework calls this the "deployment type" (corresponding internally to the DeploymentType class).

(For mostly historical reasons) development mode is actually called SERVER_PROTOTYPE, while production mode is called just SERVER. (There is also a deprecated mode called SERVER_EXPLORATION; for all intents and purposes this can considered as an alias of SERVER_PROTOTYPE).

When running in development/prototyping mode, certain capabilities are enabled; most notably any actions restricted to prototyping mode (using <code>@Action#restrictTo()</code>) will be available.

2.1. Using the Wicket Viewer

Most of the you're likely to run Apache Isis using the Wicket viewer. In this case Apache Isis' "deployment type" concept maps to Wicket's "configuration" concept:

Table 1. Apache Isis' deployment type corresponds to Apache Wicket's configuration

Apache Isis (Deployment Type)	Apache Wicket (Configuration)	Notes
SERVER_PROTOTYPE	development	running in development/prototyping mode
SERVER	deployment	running in production mode

Wicket's mechanism for specifying the "configuration" is to use a context parameter in web.xml; Apache Isis automatically infers its own deployment type from this. In other words:

• to specify SERVER (production) mode, use:

web.xml

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>configuration</param-name>
  <param-value>deployment</param-value>
  </context-param>
```

• to specify SERVER_PROTOTYPING (development) mode, use:

web.xml

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>configuration</param-name>
  <param-value>deployment</param-value>
</context-param>
```

2.2. Restful Objects viewer only

Most Apache Isis applications will consist of at least the Wicket viewer and optionally the RestfulObjects viewer. When both viewers are deployed in the same app, then the bootstrapping is performed by Wicket, and so the deployment type is configured as described in the previous section.

In some cases though you may be using Apache Isis to provide a REST API only, that is, you won't have deployed the Wicket viewer. In these cases your app will be bootstrapped using Apache Isis' IsisWebAppBootstrapper.

In this case the deployment type is specified through an Apache Isis-specific context parameter, called isis.deploymentType:

• to specify SERVER (production) mode, use:

```
web.xml
```

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>isis.deploymentType</param-name>
  <param-value>server</param-value>
  </context-param>
```

• to specify SERVER_PROTOTYPE (development) mode, use:

```
web.xml
```

```
<context-param>
    <param-name>isis.deploymentType</param-name>
    <param-value>server-prototype</param-value>
</context-param>
```

2.3. Overriding the deployment type

If bootstrapping the application using Apache Isis' org.apache.isis.WebServer then it is possible to override the deployment type using the -t (or --type) flag.

For example:

```
java -jar ... org.apache.isis.WebServer -t SERVER
```

where "..." is the (usually rather long) list of JAR files and class directories that will make up your application.

This works for both the Wicket viewer and the RestfulObjects viewer.

Chapter 3. Configuration Files

When running an Apache Isis webapp, configuration properties are read from configuration files held in the WEB-INF directory.

The WEBINF/isis.properties file is always read and must exist.

In addition, the following other properties are searched for and if present also read:

- viewer_wicket.properties if the Wicket viewer is in use
- viewer_restfulobjects.properties if the RestfulObjects viewer is in use
- viewer.properties for any other viewer configuration (but there are none currently)
- persistor_datanucleus.properties assuming the JDO/DataNucleus objectstore is in use
- persistor.properties for any other objectstore configuration.

This typically is used to hold JDBC URLs, which is arguably a slight violation of the file (because there's nothing in Apache Isis to say that persistors have to use JDBC. However, it is generally convenient to put these JDBC settings into a single location. If you want, they could reside inin any of persistor_datanucleus.properties, persistor.properties or (even) isis.properties

• authentication_shiro.properties, authorization_shiro.properties

assuming the Shiro Security is in use (but there are no security-related config properties currently; use shiro.ini for Shiro config)

• authentication.properties, authorization.properties

for any other security-related config properties (but there are none currently).

You can if you wish simply store all properties in the isis.properties file; but we think that breaking properties out into sections is preferable.

Chapter 4. Specifying components

Bootstrapping an Apache Isis application involves identifying both:

- the major components (authentication, persistence mechanisms, viewers) of Apache Isis, and also
- specifying the domain services and persistent entities that make up the application itself.

As of 1.9.0 there are two different ways to perform this bootstrapping. The recommended (newer) approach is to use an AppManifest, specified either programmatically or through the configuration properties. This allows the components, services and entities to be specified from a single class. The alternative (and older, pre 1.9.0) approach is to specify this information individually, through configuration properties.

To specify the AppManifest as a configuration property, use:

Table 2. Core Configuration Properties (ignored if isis.appManifest is present)

Property	Value (default value)	Implements
isis.appManifest	FQCN	o.a.i.applib.AppManifest By convention this implementation resides in an myapp-app Maven module (as opposed to myapp-dom or myapp-fixture). See the SimpleApp archetype for details.

From this the framework can determine the domain services, persistent entities and security (authentication and authorization) mechanisms to use. Other configuration (including fixtures) can also be specified this way.

If the AppManifest approach is *not* being used, then the following configuration properties are used to specify the major components of Apache Isis to use:

Table 3. Core Configuration Properties (ignored if isis.appManifest is present)

Property	Value (default value)	Implements
isis.authentication	shiro, bypass, FQCN (shiro)	o.a.i.core.runtime.authentication. AuthenticationManagerInstaller This property is IGNORED if the isis.appManifest configuration property is specified, or if an AppManifest is provided programmatically.
isis.authorization	shiro, bypass, FQCN (shiro)	o.a.i.core.runtime.authorization. AuthorizationManagerInstaller This property is IGNORED if the isis.appManifest configuration property is specified, or if an AppManifest is provided programmatically.

Property	Value (default value)	Implements
isis.persistor	datanucleus (datanucleus)	o.a.i.core.runtime.installerregistry.installer api. PersistenceMechanismInstaller This property is IGNORED completely in 1.9.0+; the datanucleus implementation is always used.
isis.services-installer	configuration, configuration-and-annotation, FQCN (configuration)	org.apache.isis.core.runtime.services. ServicesInstaller The mechanism to discover and load domain services: * configuration-and-annotation will search for @DomainService-annotated classes and also read from isis.services configuration property * configuration will only read from the isis.services configuration property. * Otherwise an alternative implementation of the o.a.i.core.runtime.services.ServicesInstaller internal API can be provided. This property is IGNORED if the isis.appManifest configuration property is specified, or if an AppManifest is provided programmatically. This property is also IGNORED completely in 1.13.0+; the configuration-and-annotation implementation is always used.



The values "shiro", "bypass" etc are actually aliases for concrete implementations. It is also possible to specify a fully qualified class name to replace either of the two security components, implementing the appropriate interface.

If the AppManifest is *not* being used then there are number of other configuration properties that also must be specified: isis.services, isis.services.ServicesInstallerFromAnnotation.packagePrefix and isis.persistor.datanucleus.RegisterEntities.packagePrefix and isis.fixtures; these are listed in the sections below.

4.1. Viewer Configuration

Viewers are specified by way of the filters and servlets in the web.xml file; these are not bootstrapped by the framework, rather it is the other way around. However, we can also hint to the framework as to which viewers are in use by way of a context parameter:

```
<context-param>
  <param-name>isis.viewers</param-name>
  <param-value>wicket,restfulobjects</param-value>
</context-param>
```

As of 1.13.0-SNAPSHOT, this configuration property has no effect: the viewer_wicket.properties an viewer_restulobjects.properties are always checked. In previous versions, this context param was used to indicate which of the two config files should be read.		

Chapter 5. Configuring Core

This section lists the core/runtime configuration properties recognized by Apache Isis.



Configuration properties for the JDO/DataNucleus objectstore can be found in the Configuring DataNucleus section later in this chapter, while configuration properties for the viewers can be found in the their respective chapters, here for Wicket viewer, and here for the Restful Objects viewer.

5.1. Domain Events

Table 4. Core Configuration Properties for Domain Events

Property	Value (default value)	Description
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. actionAnnotation. domainEvent.postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if @Action#domainEvent() is not specified (is set to ActionDomainEvent.Default).
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. collectionAnnotation. domainEvent.postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@Collection#domainEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>CollectionDomainEvent.Default)</code> .
isis.reflector.facet. propertyAnnotation. domainEvent.postForDefault	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if @Property#domainEvent() is not specified (is set to PropertyDomainEvent.Default).

5.2. Lifecycle Events

Table 5. Core Configuration Properties for Lifecycle Events

Property	Value (default value)	Description
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. createdLifecycleEvent. postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#createdLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectCreatedEvent.Default)</code> .
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. loadedLifecycleEvent. postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#loadedLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectLoadedEvent.Default)</code> .
isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. persistingLifecycleEvent. postForDefault	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#persistingLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectPersistingEvent.Default)</code> .

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. persistedLifecycleEvent. postForDefault	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#persistedLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectPersistedEvent.Default)</code> .
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. removingLifecycleEvent. postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#removingLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectRemovingEvent.Default)</code> .
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. updatingLifecycleEvent. postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#updatingLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectUpdatingEvent.Default)</code> .
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectAnnotation. updatedLifecycleEvent. postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if <code>@DomainObject#updatedLifecycleEvent()</code> is not specified (is set to <code>ObjectUpdatedEvent.Default)</code> .

5.3. UI Events

Table 6. Core Configuration Properties for UI Events

Property	Value (default value)	Description
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectLayoutAnnotation. cssClassUiEvent.postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if @DomainObjectLayout#cssClassUiEvent() is not specified (is set to CssClassUiEvent.Default).
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectLayoutAnnotation. iconUiEvent.postForDefault</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if @DomainObjectLayout#iconUiEvent() is not specified (is set to IconUiEvent.Default).
isis.reflector.facet. domainObjectLayoutAnnotation. titleUiEvent.postForDefault	true,false (true)	Whether an event should be posted if @DomainObjectLayout#titleUiEvent() is not specified (is set to TitleUiEvent.Default).

5.4. Services

Table 7. Core Configuration Properties for Services

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.services	FQCN,FQCN2,	Fully qualified class names of classes to be instantiated as domain services. Each entry can be optionally prefixed by "n:" specifying the relative order on the menu (corresponds to <code>@DomainServiceLayout#menuOrder())</code> . This property is IGNORED if the <code>isis.appManifest</code> configuration property is specified, or if an <code>AppManifest</code> is provided programmatically.
isis.services. audit.objects	all, none (all)	Whether the changed properties of objects should be automatically audited (for objects annotated with <code>@DomainObject(auditing=Auditing.AS_CONFIGURED)</code> .
isis.services. command.actions	all, ignoreSafe, none (all)	Whether action invocations should be automatically reified into commands (for actions annotated with <code>@Action(command=CommandReification.AS_CONFIGURED)</code> . ignoreQueryOnly is an alias for ignoreSafe.
isis.services. command.properties	all, none (all)	(1.13.0-SNAPSHOT) Whether property edits should be automatically reified into commands (for properties annotated with @Property(command=CommandReification.AS_CONFIGURED).
isis.services. container.disableAutoFlush	true,false (false)	Whether the DomainObjectContainer should automatically flush pending changes prior to querying (via allMatches(), firstMatch() and so on).
isis.services. container.disableAutoFlush	true,false (false)	Whether the DomainObjectContainer should automatically flush pending changes prior to querying (via allMatches(), firstMatch() and so on).
isis.services. ContentNegotiation- ServiceXRoDomainType .prettyPrint	true,false (depends)	If a domain object has been mapped to the specified JAXB x-ro-domain-type, then determines whether the result is pretty-printed or not. + If no configuration property is available, then the defaults is determined by the deployment type: production mode disables pretty printing, while prototype mode enables it.

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.service. email.tls.enabled	true,false (true)	Whether to enable TLS for the email SMTP connection (used by EmailService). NB: note that the key is mis-spelt, (isis.service.email rather than isis.services.email)
isis.service. email.sender.hostname	<pre>host (smtp.gmail.com)</pre>	The hostname of the external SMTP provider (used by EmailService). NB: note that the key is mis-spelt, (isis.service.email rather than isis.services.email)
isis.service. email.port	port number (587)	The port number for the SMTP service on the the external SMTP host (used by EmailService). NB: note that the key is mis-spelt, (isis.service.email rather than isis.services.email)
isis.service. email.sender.address	email address	The email address to use for sending out email (used by EmailService). Mandatory. NB: note that the key is mis-spelt, (isis.service.email rather than isis.services.email)
isis.service. email.sender.password	email password	The corresponding password for the email address to use for sending out email (used by EmailService). Mandatory. NB: note that the key is mis-spelt, (isis.service.email rather than isis.services.email)
isis.services. eventbus.implementation	guava, axon, FQCN (guava)	which implementation to use by the EventBusService as the underlying event bus.
isis.services. eventbus.allowLateRegistration	true,false (false)	whether a domain service can register with the EventBusService after any events have posted. Since this almost certainly constitutes a bug in application code, by default this is disallowed.
isis.services. exceprecog.logRecognizedExcept ions	true,false (false)	whether recognized exceptions should also be logged. Generally a recognized exception is one that is expected (for example a uniqueness constraint violated in the database) and which does not represent an error condition. This property logs the exception anyway, useful for debugging.

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.services. ExceptionRecognizerComposite- ForJdoObjectStore.disable	true,false (false)	whether to disable the default recognizers registered by ExceptionRecognizerCompositeForJdoObjectStore. This implementation provides a default set of recognizers to convert RDBMS constraints into user-friendly messages. In the (probably remote) chance that this functionality isn't required, they can be disabled through this flag.
isis.services. publish.objects	all, none (all)	Whether changed objects should be automatically published (for objects annotated with <code>@DomainObject(publishing=Publishing.AS_CONFIGURED)</code> .
isis.services. publish.actions	all, ignoreSafe, none (none)	Whether actions should be automatically published (for actions annotated with @Action(publishing=Publishing.AS_CONFIGURED).
isis.services. publish.properties	all, none (none)	(1.13.0-SNAPSHOT) Whether properties should be automatically published (for properties annotated with @Property(publishing=Publishing.AS_CONFIGURED) .
<pre>isis.services. ServicesInstallerFromAnnotatio n. packagePrefix</pre>	fully qualified package names (CSV)	to search for domain services (including all subpackages). This property is IGNORED if the isis.appManifest configuration property is specified, or if an AppManifest is provided programmatically.
isis.services. translation.po.mode	read,write	Whether to force the TranslationService into either read or write mode. See i18n support to learn more about the translation service.

5.5. Other Config Properties

 $Table\ 8.\ Other\ Core\ Configuration\ Properties$

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.objects. editing	true,false (true)	Whether objects' properties and collections can be edited directly (for objects annotated with <code>@DomainObject#editing())</code> ; see below for further discussion.

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.persistor. disableConcurrencyChecking	true,false (false)	Disables concurrency checking globally. Only intended for "emergency use" as a workaround while pending fix/patch to Apache Isis itself. (Note that there is no "datanucleus" in the property).
isis.reflector.facet. cssClass.patterns	regex:css1, regex2:css2,	Comma separated list of key:value pairs, where the key is a regex matching action names (eg delete.*) and the value is a Bootstrap CSS button class (eg btn-warning) to be applied (as per '@CssClass()) to all action members matching the regex. See UI hints for more details.
isis.reflector.facet. cssClassFa.patterns	regex:fa- icon,regex2:fa- icon2,	Comma separated list of key:value pairs, where the key is a regex matching action names (eg create.*) and the value is a font-awesome icon name (eg fa-plus) to be applied (as per @CssClassFa()) to all action members matching the regex. See UI hints for more details.
<pre>isis.reflector.facet. filterVisibility</pre>	true,false (true)	Whether objects should be filtered for visibility. See section below for further discussion.
isis.reflector.facets	FQCN	Fully qualified class names of a custom implementation of ProgrammingModel interface. See finetuning the programming model for more details.
isis.reflector.facets. exclude	FQCN,FQCN2,	Fully qualified class names of (existing, built-in) facet factory classes to be included to the programming model. See finetuning the programming model for more details.
isis.reflector.facets. include	FQCN,FQCN2,	Fully qualified class names of (new, custom) facet factory classes to be included to the programming model. See finetuning the programming model for more details.
isis.reflector. layoutMetadataReaders	FQCN,FQCN2,	Fully qualified class names of classes to be instantiated to read layout metadata, as used in for dynamic layouts. See Layout Metadata Reader for more information.

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.reflector.validator	FQCN	Custom implementation of MetaModelValidator (in the org.apache.isis.core.metamodel.specloader.validator package) See Custom Validator to learn more.
isis.reflector.validator. allowDeprecated	true,false (true)	Whether deprecated annotations or naming conventions are tolerated or not. If not, then a metamodel validation error will be triggered, meaning the app won't boot (fail-fast).
isis.viewers. paged.parented	positive integer (12)	Default page size for parented collections (as owned by an object, eg Customer#getOrders())
isis.viewers. paged.standalone	positive integer (25)	Default page size for standalone collections (as returned from an action invocation)
isis.viewers. propertyLayout.labelPosition	TOP, LEFT (LEFT)	Default for label position for all properties if not explicitly specified using <pre>@PropertyLayout#labelPosition()</pre>

5.6. Filtering visibility

The framework provides the isis.reflector.facet.filterVisibility configuration property that influences whether a returned object is visible to the end-user:

Action invocations:

If an action returns a collection that includes the object, then the object will be excluded from the list when rendered. If it returns a single object and the user does not have access to that object, then the action will seemingly return null

• Collections:

If a parent object has a collection references another object to which the user does not have access, then (as for actions) the object will not be rendered in the list

• Properties:

If an parent object has a (scalar) reference some other object to which the user does not have access, then the reference will be rendered as empty.

• Choices and autoComplete lists:

If an object is returned in a list of choices or within an auto-complete list, and the user does not have access, then it is excluded from the rendered list.

The original motivation for this feature was to transparently support such features as multitenancy (as per the (non-ASF) Isis addons' security module). That is, if an entity is logically "owned" by a user, then the multi-tenancy support can be arranged to prevent some other user from viewing that object.

By default this configuration property is enabled. To disable the visibility filtering, set the appropriate configuration property to false:

```
isis.reflector.facet.filterVisibility=false
```

Filtering is supported by the Wicket viewer and the Restful Objects viewer, and also by the WrapperFactory domain service (provided the wrapper's execution mode is *not* "skip rules").

In order for the framework to perform this filtering of collections, be aware that the framework takes a *copy* of the original collection, filters on the collection, and returns that filtered collection rather than the original.



There are no major side-effects from this algorithm, other than the fact that the referenced objects will (most likely) need to be resolved in order to determine if they are visible. This could conceivably have a performance impact in some cases.

5.7. objects.editing

This configuration property in effect allows editing to be disabled globally for an application:

```
isis.objects.editing=false
```

We recommend enabling this feature; it will help drive out the underlying business operations (processes and procedures) that require objects to change; these can then be captured as business actions.

5.8. propertyLayout.labelPosition

If you want a consistent look-n-feel throughout the app, eg all property labels to the top, then it'd be rather frustrating to have to annotate every property.

Instead, a default can be specified in isis.properties:

```
isis.viewers.propertyLayout.labelPosition=TOP
```

or

```
isis.viewers.propertyLayout.labelPosition=LEFT
```

If these are not present then Apache Isis will render according to internal defaults. At the time of

writing, this means labels are to the left for all datatypes except multiline strings.			

Chapter 6. Configuring DataNucleus

Apache Isis programmatically configures DataNucleus; any Apache Isis properties with the prefix isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl are passed through directly to the JDO/DataNucleus objectstore (with the prefix stripped off, of course).

DataNucleus will for itself also and read the META-INF/persistence.xml; at a minimum this defines the name of the "persistence unit". n theory it could also hold mappings, though in Apache Isis we tend to use annotations instead.

Furthermore, DataNucleus will search for various other XML mapping files, eg mappings.jdo. A full list can be found here. The metadata in these XML can be used to override the annotations of annotated entities; see Overriding JDO Annotatons for further discussion.

6.1. Configuration Properties

These configuration properties are typically stored in WEB-INF/persistor_datanucleus.properties. However, you can place all configuration properties into WEB-INF/isis.properties if you wish (the configuration properties from all config files are merged together).

6.1.1. Configuration Properties for Apache Isis itself

Table 9. JDO/DataNucleus Objectstore Configuration Properties

Property	Value (default value)	Description
isis.persistor. datanucleus. classMetadataLoadedListener	FQCN	The default (o.a.i.os.jdo.dn.CreateSchemaObjectFromClassMe tadata) creates a DB schema object
isis.persistor.datanucleus. RegisterEntities.packagePrefix	fully qualified package names (CSV)	that specifies the entities early rather than allow DataNucleus to find the entities lazily. Further discussion below. This property is IGNORED if the isis.appManifest configuration property is specified, or if an AppManifest is provided programmatically.
isis.persistor.datanucleus. PublishingService.serializedForm	zipped	

6.1.2. Configuration Properties passed through directly to DataNucleus.

Table 10. JDO/DataNucleus Objectstore Configuration Properties

Property	Value (default value)	Description
<pre>isis.persistor.datanucleus.imp l.*</pre>		Passed through directly to Datanucleus (with isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl prefix stripped)

Property	Value (default value)	Description
<pre>isis.persistor.datanucleus.imp l. datanucleus.persistenceByReach abilityAtCommit</pre>		We recommend this setting is disabled. Further discussion below.

6.2. persistence.xml



TODO

6.3. Eagerly Registering Entities

Both Apache Isis and DataNucleus have their own metamodels of the domain entities. Apache Isis builds its metamodel by walking the graph of types of the domain services. The JDO/DataNucleus objectstore then takes these types and registers them with DataNucleus.

In some cases, though, not every entity type is discoverable from the API of the service actions. This is especially the case if you have lots of subtypes (where the action method specifies only the supertype). In such cases the Isis and JDO metamodels is built lazily, when an instance of that (sub)type is first encountered.

Apache Isis is quite happy for the metamodel to be lazily created, and - to be fair - DataNucleus also works well in most cases. In some cases, though, we have found that the JDBC driver (eg HSQLDB) will deadlock if DataNucleus tries to submit some DDL (for a lazily discovered type) intermingled with DML (for updating). In any case, it's probably not good practice to have DataNucleus work this way.

The framework thus provide mechanisms to search for all <code>@PersistenceCapable</code> entities under specified package(s), and registers them all eagerly. In fact there are two:

- as of 1.9.0 the recommended (and simpler) approach is to specify an AppManifest, either as a isis.appManifest configuration property or programmatically.
- for earlier versions the isis.persistor.datanucleus.RegisterEntities.packagePrefix configuration property can be specified. To bootstrap as a webapp this is usually specified in persistor_datanucleus.properties. (This is also supported in 1.9.0 if no AppManifest is specified. For integration testing this can be specified programatically.

Further discussion on specifying the package(s) in integration testing (for either approach) can be found in the user guide.

6.4. Persistence by Reachability

By default, JDO/DataNucleus supports the concept of persistence-by-reachability. That is, if a non-persistent entity is associated with an already-persistent entity, then DataNucleus will detect this and will automatically persist the associated object. Put another way: there is no need to call Apache Isis' DomainObjectContainer#persist(.) or DomainObjectContainer#persistIfNotAlready(.)

methods.

However, convenient though this feature is, you may find that it causes performance issues.



DataNucleus' persistence-by-reachability may cause performance issues. We strongly recommend that you disable it.

One scenario in particular where this performance issues can arise is if your entities implement the <code>java.lang.Comparable</code> interface, and you have used Apache Isis' <code>ObjectContracts</code> utility class. The issue here is that <code>ObjectContracts</code> implementation can cause <code>DataNucleus</code> to recursively rehydrate a larger number of associated entities. (More detail below).

We therefore recommend that you disable persistence-by-reachability by adding the following to persistor_datanucleus.properties:

```
isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl.datanucleus.persistenceByReachabilityAtCommit=false
```

This change has been made to the SimpleApp archetype

If you do disable this feature, then you will (of course) need to ensure that you explicitly persist all entities using the DomainObjectContainer#persist(.) or DomainObjectContainer#persistIfNotAlready(.) methods.

6.4.1. The issue in more detail

Consider these entities (yuml.me/b8681268):



In the course of a transaction, the Agreement entity is loaded into memory (not necessarily modified), and then new AgreementRoles are associated to it.

All these entities implement Comparable using ObjectContracts, and the implementation of AgreementRole's (simplified) is:

```
public class AgreementRole {
    ...
    public int compareTo(AgreementRole other) {
        return ObjectContracts.compareTo(this, other, "agreement", "startDate",
        "party");
    }
}
```

while Agreement's is implemented as:

```
public class Agreement {
    ...
    public int compareTo(Agreement other) {
        return ObjectContracts.compareTo(this, other, "reference");
    }
}
```

and Party's is similarly implemented as:

```
public class Party {
    ...
    public int compareTo(Party other) {
        return ObjectContracts.compareTo(this, other, "reference");
    }
}
```

DataNucleus's persistence-by-reachability algorithm adds the AgreementRole instances into a SortedSet, which causes AgreementRole#compareTo() to fire:

- the evaluation of the "agreement" property delegates back to the Agreement, whose own Agreement#compareTo() uses the scalar reference property. As the Agreement is already in-memory, this does not trigger any further database queries
- the evaluation of the "startDate" property is just a scalar property of the AgreementRole, so will already in-memory
- the evaluation of the "party" property delegates back to the Party, whose own Party#compareTo() requires the uses the scalar reference property. However, since the Party is not yet in-memory, using the reference property triggers a database query to "rehydrate" the Party instance.

In other words, in figuring out whether AgreementRole requires the persistence-by-reachability algorithm to run, it causes the adjacent associated entity Party to also be retrieved.

6.5. Using JNDI DataSource

Isis' JDO objectstore can be configured either to connect to the database using its own connection pool, or by using a container-managed datasource.

6.5.1. Application managed

Using a connection pool managed directly by the application (that is, by Apache Isis' JDO objectstore and ultimately by DataNucleus) requires a single set of configuration properties to be specified.

In the WEB-INF\persistor_datanucleus.properties file, specify the connection driver, url, username and password.

For example:

```
isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl.javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName=net.sf.log4jdbc.
DriverSpy
isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl.javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL=jdbc:log4jdbc:hsqldb:me
m:test
isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl.javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName=sa
isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl.javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword=
```

Those configuration properties that start with the prefix isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl. are passed through directly to DataNucleus (with the prefix removed).

6.5.2. Container managed (INDI)

Using a datasource managed by the servlet container requires three separate bits of configuration.

Firstly, specify the name of the datasource in the WEB-INF\persistor_datanucleus.properties file. For example:

If connection pool settings are also present in this file, they will simply be ignored. Any other configuration properties that start with the prefix isis.persistor.datanucleus.impl. are passed through directly to DataNucleus (with the prefix removed).

Secondly, in the WEB-INF/web.xml, declare the resource reference:

```
<resource-ref>
     <description>db</description>
     <res-ref-name>jdbc/simpleapp</res-ref-name>
     <res-type>javax.sql.DataSource</res-type>
     <res-auth>Container</res-auth>
     </resource-ref>
```

Finally, declare the datasource as required by the servlet container. For example, if using Tomcat 7, the datasource can be specified by adding the following to \$TOMCAT_HOME/conf/context.xml:

```
<Resource name="jdbc/simpleapp"
  auth="Container"
  type="javax.sql.DataSource"
  maxActive="100"
  maxIdle="30"
  maxWait="10000"
  username="sa"
  password="p4ssword"
  driverClassName="com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver"
  url="jdbc:sqlserver://127.0.0.1:1433;instance=.;databaseName=simpleapp"/>
```

You will also need to make sure that the JDBC driver is on the servlet container's classpath. For Tomcat, this means copying the driver to \$TOMCAT_HOME/lib.



According to Tomcat's documentation, it is supposedly possible to copy the <code>conf/context.xml</code> to the name of the webapp, eg <code>conf/mywebapp.xml</code>, and scope the connection to that webapp only. I was unable to get this working, however.