

CVS through SSH

1.0

This How-To describes the steps necessary to configure an SSH enabled CVS connection. It is recommended to configure an SSH enabled CVS connection to work with Apache code repositories.

Table of contents

1 Intended audience.....	2
2 Purpose.....	2
3 Prerequisites.....	2
4 Steps.....	2
4.1 Terms.....	2
4.2 Setting up domain users.....	2
4.3 Setting up SSH access.....	3
4.4 Setting up passphrase access.....	3
4.5 Getting the project from CVS.....	4
4.6 How to setup WinCVS.....	4
4.7 References.....	4

1 Intended audience

This How-to is aimed at developers who have been granted committer access to CVS repositories for particular projects.

2 Purpose

Using SSH to access CVS repositories is recommended for security reasons. By configuring CVS to work with remote repository using private/public SSH keys you'll be able to run CVS commands without a need to enter your password every time you need access to CVS through SSH.

3 Prerequisites

- Account on the local machine.
- Committer access to the project(s). *This also imply having account on the CVS host machine.*
- Cygwin - a Unix environment for Windows systems. You can get it [here](#). *Not required for Linux/*nix users.*
- A CVS GUI application (for Windows users only), e.g. WinCVS. *It is not required, but can be very useful.*

Note:

If you are behind a firewall check that you can communicate through the 22 port. For anonymous access you will need 2401 one.

4 Steps

How to proceed.

4.1 Terms

SSH

Secure Shell. See [OpenSSH](#)

CVS

Concurrent Version System See [CVS Home Page](#)

Note:

\$ represents local, % remote machine.

4.2 Setting up domain users

Note:

This step is necessary only for Windows users. Linux users can happily skip this section and pass to [Setting up SSH access](#) section

If you are a domain user then you should be added to Cygwin users list (See [cygwin-dir]/etc/passwd).

- Start Cygwin, then enter following commands:

```
$ whoami
administrator
$ mkgroup -d > /etc/group
```

```
$ mkpasswd -d | grep 'userxxx' >> /etc/passwd
$ exit
```

Note:

Replace 'userxxx' by your account name

- Start Cygwin/shell again and check that everything's Ok:

```
$ whoami
userxxx
```

4.3 Setting up SSH access

Start Cygwin/shell, then enter:

```
$ ssh-user-config
Shall I create an SSH1 RSA identity file for you? (yes/no) no
Shall I create an SSH2 RSA identity file for you? (yes/no) (yes/no) no
Shall I create an SSH2 DSA identity file for you? (yes/no) (yes/no) yes
Generating /home/userxxx/.ssh/id_dsa
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Do you want to use this identity to login to this machine? (yes/no) yes
Adding to /home/userxxx/.ssh/authorized_keys2

Configuration finished. Have fun!
```

Now you have configured SSH on your machine. Next you have to setup access to the CVS machine.

Warning:

Having an empty passphrase isn't recommended for security reasons. See `ssh-agent` documentation on how to configure automatic passphrase retaining.

4.4 Setting up passphrase access

Perform the following:

```
$ scp ~/.ssh/id_dsa.pub userxxx@cvs.apache.org:
$ ssh -l userxxx -L 2401:localhost:2401 cvs.apache.org
% mkdir ~/.ssh
% chmod 700 ~/.ssh
% cat ~/id_dsa.pub >> ~/.ssh/authorized_keys2
% rm ~/id_dsa.pub
% chmod 600 ~/.ssh/*
% exit
```

Note:

Note, that the account name on CVS machine can differ from your local account name.

Check that your configuration is correct:

```
$ ssh userxxx@cvs.apache.org
```

Note:

If this command doesn't work then it can mean that you have an old version of SSH. In this case try `ssh -l userxxx cvs.apache.org`. Run `ssh --help` to get all available options.

If now you are logged in to the to the CVS machine without entering the password then everything's Ok.

4.5 Getting the project from CVS

Now you are ready to get a project from CVS using SSH connection.

E.g. how it is done using Cygwin/shell

```
$ export CVS_RSH=/bin/ssh
$ cvs -d :ext:userxxx@cvs.apache.org:/home/cvs co xml-cocoon2
```

4.6 How to setup WinCVS

- Add ssh.exe directory to your system PATH environment variable. Say:
`C:\>set PATH=%PATH%;C:\cygwin\bin`
- Add CVS_RSH=ssh environment variable

Start WinCVS, then:

- From the main menu select **Admin**
- Then select **Preferences**
- In the dialog that comes up:
Set the CVSROOT to `userxxx@cvs.apache.org:/home/cvs`
- Set the Authentication to SSH Server
- Click Ok

4.7 References

You can find more on CVS, SSH and WinCVS here:

- [CVS Home Page](#)
- [OpenSSH](#)
- [Cygwin Home Page](#)
- [WinCVS over SSH](#)