1 Apache OpenWhisk Package Specification

- Version 0.9, Working Draft 03, Revision 1
- 3 Notational Conventions
- 4 The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT",
- 5 "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this
- 6 document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119.
- 7 The OpenWhisk Package Specification is licensed under The Apache License, Version 2.0.

8 Introduction

- 9 Apache OpenWhiskTM is an open source, distributed Serverless computing project.
- Specifically, it is able to execute application logic (*Actions*) in response to events (*Triggers*)
- from external sources (*Feeds*) governed by simple conditional logic (*Rules*) around the event
- 12 data.

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- 14 It provides a programming model for registering and managing *Actions*, *Triggers* and *Rules*
- supported by a REST-based Command Line Interface (CLI) along with tooling to support
- 16 packaging and catalog services.

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- The project includes a catalog of built-in system and utility *Actions* and *Feeds*, along with a
- 19 robust set of samples that demonstrate how to integrate OpenWhisk with various external service
- providers (e.g., GitHub, Slack, etc.) along with several platform and run-time Software
- 21 Development Kits (SDKs).

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- 23 The code for the Actions, along with any support services implementing *Feeds*, are packaged
- 24 according to this specification to be compatible with the OpenWhisk catalog and its tooling. It
- 25 also serves as a means for architects and developers to model OpenWhisk package Actions as
- part of full, event-driven services and applications providing the necessary information for
- artifact and data type validation along with package management operations.

28 Compatibility

- 29 This specification is intended to be compatible with the following specifications:
 - OpenWhisk API which is defined as an OpenAPI document:
 - https://github.com/apache/openwhisk/blob/master/core/controller/src/main/resources/apiv1swagger.ison

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- OpenAPI Specification when defining REST APIs and parameters:
 - https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md

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Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
0.8.1	2016-11-03	Initial public point draft
0.8.2	2016-12-12	Begin adding use cases, examples to all sections
0.8.3	2017-02-02	Add more use cases, examplesAdd description of \$ (dollar) notation
0.8.4	2017-04-18	 Support JSON parameter type; Clarify use of Parameter single-line grammar and inferred types. Add support for API Gateway mappings. Add support for Web Actions
0.8.5	2017-04-21	Add support for "dependencies", that is allow automatic deployment of other OpenWhisk packages (from GitHub) that the current package declares as a dependency.
0.8.6	2017-07-25	Clarified requirements for \$ dollar notation.Updated conceptual Manifest/Deployment File processing images.
0.8.7	2017-08-24	 Added explicit Application entity and grammar. Added API listing to Package entity. Cleaned up pseudo-grammar which contained various uses of credentials in places not intended. Fixed Polygon Tracking example (indentation incorrect).
0.8.8	2017-08-29	 Created a simplified API entity (i.e., "api") grammar that allows multiple sets of named APIs for the same basepath. Acknowledge PHP as supported runtime (kind). Added "sequences" entity as a convenient way to declare action sequences in the manifest. Updated supported runtime values.
0.8.9, 0.8.9.1	2017-09-22 2017-09-29	 Clarified "version" key requirements for Package (required) and Action (optional); removed from shared entity schema. Made "license" key optional for package. keyword "package" (singular) and "packages" (plural) both allowed. Adjusted use case examples to reflect these changes. Rework of schema use cases into full, step-by-step examples. Spellcheck, fixed bugs, update examples to match web-based version.
0.8.9.1	2017-10-06	Added grammar and example for concatenating string values on input parameters using environment variables.
0.9.0, 0.9.1	2017-11-23, 2017-11-30	 Identified new user scenarios including: clean, refresh, sync, pre/post processing Clarified "runtime" field on Action is equivalent to "kind" parameter used on the Apache OpenWhisk CLI for Actions. Added "project" key as an synonym name for "application"." key, moving application to become deprecated. Project name made required. Support "public" (i.e., publish) key on Package. Documented support for the "raw-http" annotation under Action. Documented support for the "final" annotation under Action. Documented support for the "main" field under Action. Dollar Notation section becomes Interpolation / updates: Supported beyond Parameter values Package names can be interpolated Annotations values can be interpolated Multiple replacements supported in same value Usage scenarios 6-8 added, i.e., Clean, Project Sync, Tool chain support.
0.9.2	2018-02-05	 Fixed and clarified the allowed values for "web-export" on Action. Clarified use of "final" on Action.

		 Added support (planned) for "web-custom-options" and "require-whisk-auth." flags on Actions (annotations) Deprecate 'application' and 'package' completely (no longer supported).
0.9.2.2	2018-04-04	 Allow "web" key as an overload for "web-export" key for to indicate Web Actions. Added Web Sequences, specify a sequence is a Web Action. Added support for Conductor Actions, to align with OpenWhisk CLI support. Added "docker" and "native" binary support under Action. Added in-line "code" support under Action. Support \$\$, double-dollar notation for string literals on parameter values. Added support for "default" package (allowing all entities to be assigned directly under the user's default namespace), that is not requiring a package name to be created.
0.9.3	2018-06-01	 Added comprehensive list of schema keys and values that support interpolation (from environment). Made "code" a deprecated field for Action. Fix web web-export grammar under Action schema. Promote Web Action to its own top-level section. Correct "plain" Credential properties.

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103	Programming model
104	OpenWhisk Entities
105	OpenWhisk uses the following entities to describe its programming model:
106	Action
107 108	A stateless, relatively short-running function (on the order of seconds or even milliseconds) invoked as an event handler.
109	Trigger
110 111	The name for a class of events. Triggers represent the events (and their data) themselves without any concept of how they were generated.
112	Rule
113 114 115	A mapping from a Trigger to an Action which may contain simple conditional logic. OpenWhisk evaluates incoming events (that belong to a Trigger) and invokes the assigned Action (event handler).
116	Event Source
117 118	An Event Source is the descriptor (edge) for an Event Producer (or provider). It describes the Event Format(s) produced, as well as any configuration and subscription capabilities.
119	Feed
120 121 122 123	A Feed is an optional service that represents and controls the stream which all belong to a Trigger. A feed provides operations called feed actions which handle creating, deleting, pausing, and resuming the stream of events. The feed action typically interacts with external services which produce the events
124	Package
125 126 127	A named, shared collection of Actions and Feeds. The goal of this specification is to describe OpenWhisk packages and their component entities and resources to enable an open-ecosystem.
128 129 130	Packages are designed to be first-class entities within the OpenWhisk platform to be used by tooling such as catalogs (repositories), associated package managers, installers, etc.
131	Note: Not all actions must belong to packages, but can exist under a namespace.
132	Composition
133	Action Sequence
134 135	An Action that is a sequenced composition of 2 or more existing Actions. The Action Sequence can be viewed as a named pipe where OpenWhisk can automatically take the output of a first

- Action 'A' in a declared sequence and provides it as input to the next Action 'B' in the sequence
- and so on until the sequence completes.

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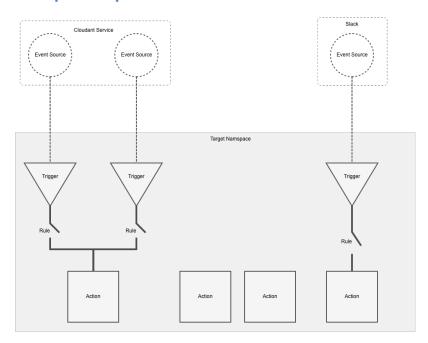
- Note: This composition technique allows the reuse of existing action implementations treating
- them as "building blocks" for other Actions.

141 **Cardinality**

142 Trigger to Action

- 143 With the appropriate set of Rules, it's possible for a single Trigger (event) to invoke multiple
- 144 Actions, or for an Action to be invoked as a response to events from multiple Triggers.

145 Conceptual representation



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Package processing

- This document defines two file artifacts that are used to deploy Packages to a target OpenWhisk platform; these include:
 - Package Manifest file: Contains the Package definition along with any included Action, Trigger or Rule definitions that comprise the package. This file includes the schema of input and output data to each entity for validation purposes.
 - <u>Deployment file</u> (optional): Contains the values and bindings used configure a Package to a target OpenWhisk platform provider's environment and supply input parameter values for Packages, Actions and Triggers. This can include Namespace bindings, security and policy information.

156 Notes

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• Deployment files are optional. Deployment can be fully accomplished with simply a Manifest File.

Conceptual Package creation and publishing

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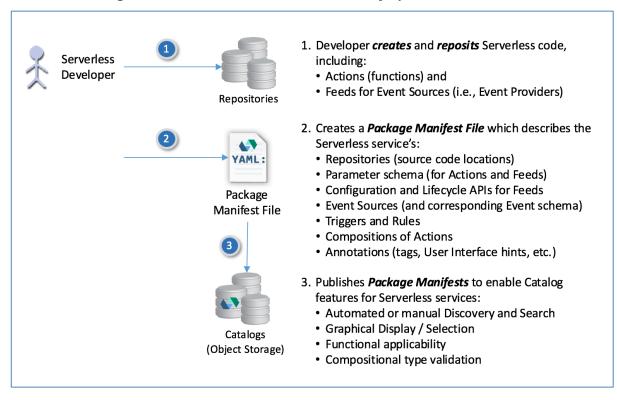
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159 The following diagram illustrates how a developer would create OpenWhisk code artifacts and

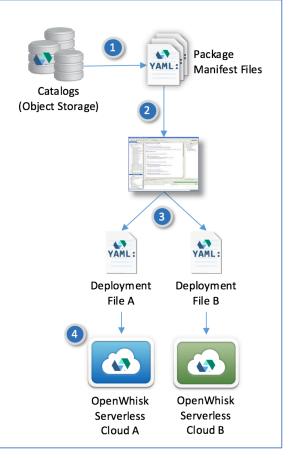
associate a Package Manifest file that describes them for deployment and reuse.



Conceptual tooling integration and deployment

The following diagram illustrates how Package manifests can be leveraged by developer tooling to integrate OpenWhisk Serverless functions.

- Developer searches and discovers OpenWhisk packages described by the Package Manifest in one or more Catalogs, that can:
 - Help analyze, augment and annotate application information and data.
 - Add value added functionality to a base application or workflow.
- Imports Open *Package Manifest Files* and related code and artifacts into development tooling, including:
 - Project and Application (source code) Repositories
 - Integrated Development Environments (IDEs)
 - Cloud-based design, workflow and application workspaces.
- 3. Creates OpenWhisk *Deployment Files* for one or more target OpenWhisk enabled Clouds, with
 - Parameter values for desired target environment
 - Appropriate Credentials and configurations for chosen Event Sources and Feeds.
- Deploys *Packages* (i.e., Actions, Triggers, Feeds, etc.) to OpenWhisk enabled Clouds, using,
 - Package Manifest and Deployment File(s).



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Namespacing

- 167 Every OpenWhisk entity (i.e., Actions, Feeds, Triggers), including packages, belongs in a
- 168 namespace.
- 169 The fully qualified name of any entity has the format:

/<namespaceName>[/<packageName>]/<entityName>

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- The namespace is typically provided at bind-time by the user deploying the package to their
- 172 chosen OpenWhisk platform provider.

173 Requirements

- The "/whisk.system" namespace is reserved for entities that are distributed with the OpenWhisk system.
- 176 Entity Names
- The names of all entities, including actions, triggers, rules, packages, and namespaces, are a sequence of characters that follow the following format:
 - The first character SHALL be an alphanumeric character, a digit, or an underscore.
 - The subsequent characters MAY be alphanumeric, digits, spaces, or any of the following:

- _, @, ., -
- The last character SHALL NOT be a space.
- The maximum name length of any entity name is 256 characters (i.e., ENTITY_NAME_MAX_LENGTH = 256).
- Valid entity names are described with the following regular expression (Java metacharacter
- 186 syntax):

```
\A([\w][\w].-]{0,${ENTITY NAME MAX LENGTH - 2}}[\w@.-])\z"
```

187 **Definitions**

- 188 Activation
- An invocation or "run" of an action results in an activation record that is identified by a unique
- activation ID. The term Activation is short-hand for the creation of this record and its
- 191 information.
- 192 Repository
- 193 A location that provides storage for sets of files, as well as the history of changes made to those
- 194 files.
- 195 **Project**
- 196 A description of a software application which enables management of its design,
- implementation, source control, monitoring and testing.
- 198 Application
- 199 A computer program designed to perform a group of coordinated functions, tasks, or activities
- 200 to achieve some result or user benefit.
- 201 [Cloud] Service
- Any resource, including a functional task, that is provided over the Internet. This includes
- 203 delivery models such as *Platform as a Service* (PaaS), *Infrastructure as a* Service (IaaS), as well
- as Serverless.

Specification

- This specification utilizes the YAML language, a superset of JSON, which supports key features
- for packaging descriptors and configuration information such as built-in data types, complex data
- 208 types, anchors (relational information), files, comments and can embed other data formats such
- as JSON and XML easily.
- 210 YAML Types
- 211 Many of the types we use in this profile are *built-in* types from the YAML 1.2 specification (i.e.,
- those identified by the "tag:yaml.org,2002" version tag).
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Type Name	Type URI	Notes	
string	tag:yaml.org,2002:str (default)	Default type if no type provided	
integer	tag:yaml.org,2002:int	Signed. Includes large integers (i.e., long type)	
float	tag:yaml.org,2002:float	Signed. Includes large floating point values (i.e., double type)	
boolean	tag:yaml.org,2002:bool	This specification uses lowercase 'true' and lowercase 'false'	
timestamp	tag:yaml.org,2002:timestamp	ISO 8601 compatible timestamp. See YAML-TS-1.1	
null	tag:yaml.org,2002:null	Different meaning than an empty string, map, list, etc.	

217 Requirements

- The 'string' type SHALL be the default type when not specified on a parameter or property declaration.
- All 'boolean' values SHALL be lowercased (i.e., 'true' or 'false').

221 OpenWhisk Types

In addition to the YAML built-in types, OpenWhisk supports the types listed in the table below. A complete description of each of these types is provided below.

Type Name Description		Notes	
version	string comprised of a version number of the format <major>.<minor>.<patch>[- <build> or keywords acknowledged in this specification.</build></patch></minor></major>	Aligns with Maven format principles, but is a simplification of Maven spec. considerations. Note: found in modern tooling (i.e., "package@version" or "package:version" format). Note: the keyword "latest" is also used as a valid version in this specification.	
string256	long length strings (e.g., descriptions)	A string type limited to 256 characters.	
string64	medium length strings (e.g., abstracts, hover text)	A string type limited to 64 characters.	
string16	short length strings (e.g., small form-factor list displays)	A string type limited to 16 characters.	
json	The parameter value represents a JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) data object.	The deploy tool will validate the corresponding parameter value against JSON schema. Note: The implied schema for JSON the JSON Schema (see http://json-schema.org/).	
Scalar-unit Convenience type for declaring common scalars that have an associated unit. For example, "10 msec.", "2 Gb", etc.)		Currently, the following scalar-unit subtypes are supported:	

schema	The parameter itself is an OpenAPI Specification v2.0 Schema Object (in YAML format) with self-defining schema.	The schema declaration follows the OpenAPI v2.0 specification for Schema Objects (YAML format). Specifically, see https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md#schemaObject
object	The parameter itself is an object with the associated defined Parameters (schemas).	Parameters of this type would include a declaration of its constituting Parameter schema.

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scalar-unit types

- 227 Scalar-unit types can be used to define scalar values along with a unit from the list of recognized
- units (a subset of GNU units) provided below. 228
- 229 Grammar

```
<scalar> <unit>
```

- 230 In the above grammar, the pseudo values that appear in angle brackets have the following meaning:
- 231 scalar: is a <u>required</u> scalar value (e.g., integer).
- 232 unit: is a required unit value. The unit value MUST be type-compatible with the scalar value.

233 Example

inputs: max storage_size: type: scalar-unit.size default: 10 GB archive period: type: scalar-unit.time

default: 30 d

234 Requirements

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- Whitespace: any number of spaces (including zero or none) SHALL be allowed between the scalar value and the unit value.
- It SHALL be considered an error if either the scalar or unit portion is missing on a property or attribute declaration derived from any scalar-unit type.
- The case (lower, upper) of the Unit's value is considered significant and SHALL be preserved. For example, the Unit value "kB" is not the same as "KB" or "kb".

241 Recognized units for sizes (i.e., scalar-unit.size)

Unit	Description		
В	byte		
kB	kilobyte (1000 bytes)		
MB	megabyte (1000000 bytes)		
GB	gigabyte (1000000000 bytes)		

Unit	Description	
ТВ	terabyte (100000000000 bytes)	

242 Example

inputs:
 memory_size:

type: scalar-unit.size

value: 256 MB

243 Recognized units for times (i.e., scalar-unit.time)

Unit	Description		
d	days		
h	hours		
m	minutes		
S	seconds		
ms	milliseconds		
us	microseconds		

244 Example

inputs:

max_execution_time:
 type: scalar-unit.time

value: 600 s

245 Object type example

The Object type allows for complex objects to be declared as parameters with an optional

validateable schema.

```
inputs:
   person:
    type: object
   parameters:
      <Parameter schema>
```

248 Schema

This section defines all the essential schema used to describe OpenWhisk packages and

programming model entities within a manifest.

General Requirements

• All key and field names in this specification SHALL be case sensitive.

253 map schema

The Map schema is used to define maps of key values within OpenWhisk entities.

255 Single-line grammar

```
{ <key_1>: <value_1>, ..., <key_n>: <value_n> }
```

256 Multi-line grammar

- 257 Examples
- 258 Single-line

```
alert_levels: { "high": "red", "medium": "yellow", "low": green }
```

259 Multi-line

```
alert_levels:
    "high": "red"
    "medium": "yellow"
    "low": green
```

- 260
- 261 Parameter schema
- The Parameter schema is used to define input and/or output data to be used by OpenWhisk
- 263 entities for the purposes of validation.
- 264 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
type	no	<any></any>	string	Optional valid type name or the parameter's value for validation purposes. By default, the type is string.
description	no	string256	N/A	Optional description of the Parameter.
value	no	<any></any>	N/A	The optional user supplied value for the parameter. Note: this is not the default value, but an explicit declaration which allows simple usage of the Manifest file without a Deployment file.
required	no	boolean	true	Optional indicator to declare the parameter as required (i.e., true) or optional (i.e., false).
default	no	<any></any>	N/A	Optional default value for the optional parameters. This value MUST be type compatible with the value declared on the parameter's type field.
status	no	string	supported	Optional status of the parameter (e.g., deprecated, experimental). By default a parameter is without a declared status is considered supported.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
schema	no	<schema></schema>	N/A	The optional schema if the 'type' key has the value 'schema'. The value would include a Schema Object (in YAML) as defined by the OpenAPI Specification v2.0. This object is based upon the JSON Schema Specification.
properties	no	<list of="" parameter=""></list>	N/A	The optional properties if the 'type' key has the value 'object'. Its value is a listing of Parameter schema from this specification.

265 Requirements

• The "schema" key's value MUST be compatible with the value provided on both the "type" and "value" keys; otherwise, it is considered an error.

268 Notes

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• The "type" key acknowledges some popular schema (e.g., JSON) to use when validating the value of the parameter. In the future additional (schema) types may be added for convenience.

271 Grammar

272 Single-line

```
<parameterName>: <YAML type> | scalar-unit | json
```

- Where <YAML type> is inferred to be a YAML type as shown in the YAML Types section above (e.g., string, integer, float, boolean, etc.).
 - If you wish the parser to validate against a different schema, then the multi-line grammar MUST be used where the value would be supplied on the keyname "value" and the type (e.g., 'json') and/or schema (e.g., OpenAPI) can be supplied.

278 Multi-line

<parameterName>: type: <any>

description: <string>
required: <boolean>
default: <any>
status: <string>

schema: <OpenAPI Schema Object>

279 Status values

Status Value	Description
supported (default)	Indicates the parameter is supported. This is the implied default status value for all parameters.
experimental	Indicates the parameter MAY be removed or changed in future versions.
deprecated	Indicates the parameter is no longer supported in the current version and MAY be ignored.

280 Shared Entity Schema

- The Entity Schema contains fields that are common (shared) to all OpenWhisk entities (e.g.,
- 282 Actions, Triggers, Rules, etc.).

283 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
description	no	string256	N/A	The optional description for the Entity.
displayName	no	string16	N/A	This is the optional name that will be displayed on small form-factor devices.
annotations	no	map of <string></string>	N/A	The optional annotations for the Entity.

284 Grammar

description: <string256>
displayName: <string16>

annotations: <map of <string>>

285 Requirements

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- Non-required fields MAY be stored as "annotations" within the OpenWhisk framework after they have been used for processing.
- "description" string values SHALL be limited to 256 characters.
- "displayName" string values SHALL be limited to 16 characters.
- "annotations" MAY be ignored by target consumers of the Manifest file as they are considered data non-essential to the deployment of management of OpenWhisk entities themselves.
 - Target consumers MAY preserve (persist) these values, but are not required to.
- For any OpenWhisk Entity, the maximum size of all "annotations" (values) SHALL be 256 characters.

294 Notes

• Several, non-normative "annotation" keynames and allowed values (principally for User Interface (UI) design and tooling information) may be defined in this specification for optional usage.

297 Action entity

The Action entity schema contains the necessary information to deploy an OpenWhisk function and define its deployment configurations, inputs and outputs.

300 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
version	no	version	N/A	The optional user-controlled version for the Action.
function	yes	string	N/A	Required source location (path inclusive) of the Action code either • Relative to the Package manifest file. • Relative to the specified Repository.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
code	no	string	N/A	This optional field is now replaced by the "function" field.
runtime	maybe	string	N/A	The required runtime name (and optional version) that the Action code requires for an execution environment.
				Note May be optional if tooling is allowed to make assumptions about file extensions or infer from functional code
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional ordered list inputs to the Action.
outputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional outputs from the Action.
limits	no	map of limit keys and	N/A	Optional map of limit keys and their values.
		values		See section "Valid limit keys" below for a listing of recognized keys and values.
feed	no	boolean	false	Optional indicator that the Action supports the required parameters (and operations) to be run as a Feed Action.
web web- export	no	<boolean> yes no raw</boolean>	false	The optional flag (annotation) that makes the action accessible to REST calls without authentication.
				For details on all types of Web Actions, see: https://github.com/apache/incubator- openwhisk/blob/master/docs/webactions.md
raw-http	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) to indicate if a Web Action is able to consume the raw contents within the body of an HTTP request.
				Note : this option is ONLY valid if "web" or "web-export" field is set to 'true'.
docker	no	string	N/A	The optional key that references a Docker image (e.g., openwhisk/skeleton).
native	no	boolean	false	The optional key (flag) that indicates the Action is should use the Docker skeleton image for OpenWhisk (i.e., short-form for docker: openwhisk/skeleton).
final	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) which makes all of the action parameters that are already defined immutable.
				Note : this option is ONLY valid if "web" or "web-export" is set to 'true'.
web-custom- options	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) enables a web action to respond to OPTIONS requests with customized headers, otherwise a default CORS response applies.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
require- whisk-auth	no	boolean	false	The optional flag (annotation) protects the web action so that it is only accessible to an authenticated subject.
main	no	string	N/A	The optional name of the function to be aliased as a function named "main".
				Note : by convention, Action functions are required to be called "main"; this field allows existing functions not named "main" to be aliased and accessed as if they were named "main".

301 Requirements

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- The Action name (i.e., <actionName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Action entity schema includes all general Entity Schema fields in addition to any fields declared above
- Supplying a runtime name without a version indicates that OpenWhisk SHOULD use the most current version.
- Supplying a runtime *major version* without a *minor version* (et al.) indicates OpenWhisk SHOULD use the most current *minor version*.
- Unrecognized limit keys (and their values) SHALL be ignored.
- Invalid values for known limit keys SHALL result in an error.
- If the Feed is a Feed Action (i.e., the feed key's value is set to true), it MUST support the following parameters:
 - lifecycleEvent: one of 'CREATE', 'DELETE', 'PAUSE', or 'UNPAUSE'
 - o These operation names MAY be supplied in lowercase (i.e., 'create', 'delete', 'pause', etc.).
 - **triggerName**: the fully-qualified name of the trigger which contains events produced from this feed.
 - authKey: the Basic auth. credentials of the OpenWhisk user who owns the trigger.
- The keyname 'kind' is currently supported as a synonym for the key named 'runtime'; in the future it MAY be deprecated.
- When a code is specified, runtime SHALL be a required field.

321 Notes

- Input and output parameters are implemented as JSON Objects within the OpenWhisk framework.
- The maximum code size for an Action currently must be less than 48 MB.
- The maximum payload size for an Action (i.e., POST content length or size) currently must be less than 1 MB.
- The maximum parameter size for an Action currently must be less than 1 MB.
- if no value for runtime is supplied, the value 'language: default' will be assumed.

328 Grammar

329 Example

```
my_awesome_action:
 version: 1.0
 description: An awesome action written for node.js
 function: src/js/action.js
 runtime: nodejs@>0.12<6.0
 inputs:
    not awesome input value:
      description: Some input string that is boring
      type: string
 outputs:
    awesome_output_value:
      description: Impressive output string
      type: string
 limits:
    memorySize: 512 kB
    logSize: 5 MB
```

330 Valid Runtime names

The following runtime values are currently supported by the OpenWhisk platform.

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Each of these runtimes also include additional built-in packages (or libraries) that have been determined be useful for Actions surveyed and tested by the OpenWhisk platform.

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These packages may vary by OpenWhisk release; examples of supported runtimes as of this specification version include:

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Runtime value	OpenWhisk kind	Docker image name	Description
nodejs	nodejs	nodejsaction:latest	Latest NodeJS runtime
nodejs@6	nodejs:6	nodejs6action:latest	Latest NodeJS 6 runtime
java, java@8	java	java8action:latest	Latest Java language runtime
python, python@2	python:2	python2action:latest	Latest Python 2 language runtime
python@3	python:3	python3action:latest	Latest Python 3 language runtime
swift, swift@2	swift	swiftaction:latest	Latest Swift 2 language runtime

Runtime value	OpenWhisk kind	Docker image name	Description
swift@3	swift:3	swift3action:latest	Latest Swift 3 language runtime
swift@3.1.1	swift:3.1.1	action-swift- v3.1.1:latest	Latest Swift 3.1.1 language runtime
php	php:7.1	action-php-v7.1:latest	Latest PHP language runtime
language:default	N/A	N/A	Permit the OpenWhisk platform to select the correct default language runtime.

339 Recognized File extensions

Although it is best practice to provide a runtime value when declaring an Action, it is not required. In those cases, that a runtime is not provided, the package tooling will attempt to derive the correct runtime based upon the the file extension for the Action's function (source code file). The following file extensions are recognized and will be run on the latest version of corresponding Runtime listed below:

File extension	Runtime used	Description
.js	nodejs	Latest Node.js runtime.
.java	java	Latest Java language runtime.
•ру	python	Latest Python language runtime.
.swift	swift	Latest Swift language runtime.
.php	php	Latest PHP language runtime.

346 Valid Limit keys

Limit Keyname	Allowed values	Default value	Valid Range	Description
timeout	scalar- unit.time	60000 ms	[100 ms, 300000 ms]	The per-invocation Action timeout. Default unit is assumed to be milliseconds (ms).
memorySize	scalar- unit.size	256 MB	[128 MB, 512 MB]	The per-Action memory. Default unit is assumed to be in megabytes (MB).
logSize	scalar- unit.size	10 MB	[0 MB, 10 MB]	The action log size. Default unit is assumed to be in megabytes (MB).
concurrentActivations	integer	1000	See description	The maximum number of concurrent Action activations allowed (pernamespace). Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.
userInvocationRate	integer	5000	See description	The maximum number of Action invocations allowed per user, per minute. Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.

Limit Keyname	Allowed values	Default value	Valid Range	Description
codeSize	scalar- unit.size	48 MB	See description	The maximum size of the Action code. Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.
parameterSize	scalar- unit.size	1 MB	See description	The maximum size Note: This value is not changeable via APIs at this time.

- 347 Notes
- The default values and ranges for limit configurations reflect the defaults for the OpenWhisk
- platform (open source code). These values may be changed over time to reflect the open source
- 350 community consensus.
- 351 Web (Web-export)
- The following values are recognized values for the 'web' (or 'web-export') key:

Value	Alias	Description
true	yes	A value of true (or yes) enables an Action to be accessible via REST interface without the need for credentials.
false	no	A value of false (or no) disables an Action as an accessible REST.
raw	N/A	Implies a value of true and indicates that the Web Action is able to consume "raw" contents within the body of an HTTP request. Specifically, this means that theow_body content is encoded in Base64 when the request Content-Type is binary.

353 Notes

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- The default Content-Type for an HTTP response is application/json, and the body can be any allowed JSON value. If your action produces JSON output, then the HTTP header "Content-Type" can be omitted.
- The alias "web" is also support for the full annotation key of "web-export". If a manifest has an Action that contains both a "web" and "web-export" key, the values supplied for the 'web' key takes precedence.
- <boolean> is either 'true' | 'false' string values where 'false' is equivalent to 'no' and 'true' is equivalent to 'yes'.
- If "code" and "function" are both specified, then it is considered an error.

364 Web Actions

- OpenWhisk can turn any Action into a "web action" causing it to return HTTP content without
- use of an API Gateway. Simply supply a supported "type" extension to indicate which content
- type is to be returned and identified in the HTTP header (e.g., .json, .html, .text or .http).

- Return values from the Action's function are used to construct the HTTP response. The
- 369 following response parameters are supported in the response object.
- headers: a JSON object where the keys are header-names and the values are string values for those headers (default is no headers).
 - code: a valid HTTP status code (default is 200 OK).
 - body: a string which is either plain text or a base64 encoded string (for binary data).

374 Trigger entity

- The Trigger entity schema contains the necessary information to describe the stream of events
- that it represents. For more information, see the document "Creating Triggers and Rules".

377 Fields

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Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
feed	no	string	N/A	The optional name of the Feed associated with the Trigger.
credential	no	Credential	N/A	The optional credential used to access the feed service.
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional ordered list inputs to the feed.
events	no	list of Event	N/A	The optional list of valid Event schema the trigger supports. OpenWhisk would validate incoming Event data for conformance against any Event schema declared under this key.
				Note : This feature is <u>not supported at this time</u> . This is viewed as a possible feature that may be implemented along with configurable options for handling of invalid events.

378 Requirements

- The Trigger name (i.e., <triggerName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Trigger entity schema includes all general Entity Schema fields in addition to any fields declared above.

382 Notes

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- The 'events' key name is not supported at this time.
- The Trigger entity within the OpenWhisk programming model is considered outside the scope of the Package (although there are discussions about changing this in the future). This means that Trigger and API information will not be returned when using the OpenWhisk Package API:
 - wsk package list <package name>
- However, it may be obtained using the Trigger API:
 - wsk trigger list -v

390 Grammar

```
credential: <Credential>
inputs:
  of parameter>
```

391 Example

```
triggers:
   everyhour:
    feed: /whisk.system/alarms/alarm
```

392 Rule entity

- The Rule entity schema contains the information necessary to associates one trigger with one action, with every firing of the trigger causing the corresponding action to be invoked with the
- trigger event as input. For more information see the document "Creating Triggers and Rules".

396 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
trigger	yes	string	N/A	Required name of the Trigger the Rule applies to.
action	yes	string	N/A	Required name of the Action the Rule applies to.
rule	no	regex	true	The optional regular expression that determines if the Action is fired.
				Note: In this version of the specification, only the expression "true" is currently supported.

397 Requirements

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- The Rule name (i.e., <ruleName>) MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Rule entity schema includes all general Entity Schema fields in addition to any fields declared above.

401 Requirements

• OpenWhisk only supports a value of 'true' for the 'rule' key's value at this time.

403 Grammar

```
<ruleName>:
  description: <string>
  trigger: <string>
  action: <string>
  rule: <regex>
```

404 Example

```
my_rule:
    description: Enable events for my Action
    trigger: my_trigger
    action: my_action
```

405 Feed entity

The OpenWhisk Feed entity schema contains the information necessary to describe a configurable service (that may work with an existing network accessible service) to produce events on its behalf thereby acting as an Event Source.

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At this time, the Package Manifest simply provides the information to describe a Feed (service), its Action, lifecycle operations (along with their parameters) and the associated service it works with. In the future, we intend to allow more granular ability to manage Feeds directly using their operations.

414 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
location	no	string	N/A	The URL for the Feed service which can be used by the OpenWhisk platform for registration and configuration.
credential	no	string	N/A	Contains either: • A credential string. • The optional name of a credential (e.g., token) that must be used to access the Feed service. Note: this would be defined elsewhere, perhaps as an input parameter to the Package.
operations	no	list of operations	N/A	The list of operations (i.e., APIs) the Feed supports on the URL provided described, by default, using the OpenAPI (f.k.a. "Swagger") specification schema.
operation_type	no	openwhisk openapi@ <version></version>	openwhisk	The specification format for the operation definitions.
action	no	string	N/A	The optional name of the Action if this is a Feed Action, that is, the Feed service implementation is an OpenWhisk Action.

415 Requirements

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- The Feed name (i.e., <feedName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Feed entity schema includes all general Entity Schema fields in addition to any fields declared above.
- If the action field is set, the corresponding Action definition and function (code) MUST be a valid Feed Action.
- The location and credential SHOULD be supplied if the Feed is not a Feed action using a Deployment File.
- Operation names in manifests MAY be lower or upper cased (e.g., "create" or "CREATE").

424 Grammar

<feedName>:

location: <string>
credential: <string>

operations:

```
t of operations>
action: <string>
```

425 Example

The following example shows the mandatory operations for Feed Actions.

426 427

```
my feed:
 description: A simple event feed
 location: https://my.company.com/services/eventHub
 # Reference to a credential defined elsewhere in manifest
 credential: my_credential
 operations:
    # Note: operation names in manifests MAY be lower or upper cased.
    create | CREATE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    delete | DELETE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    pause | PAUSE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    unpause | UNPAUSE:
      inputs:
        <parameters>
    # Additional, optional operations
```

- 428 Discussion
- For a description of types of Feeds and why they exist, please see:
- https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/feeds.md.
- 431 Feed Actions
- OpenWhisk supports an open API, where any user can expose an event producer service as a
- 433 **feed** in a **package**. This section describes architectural and implementation options for providing
- 434 your own feed.
- 435 Feed actions and Lifecycle Operations
- The *feed action* is a normal OpenWhisk *action*, but it should accept the following parameters:
- **lifecycleEvent**: one of 'CREATE', 'DELETE', 'PAUSE', or 'UNPAUSE'
- **triggerName**: the fully-qualified name of the trigger which contains events produced from this feed.
 - authKey: the Basic auth. credentials of the OpenWhisk user who owns the trigger just mentioned
- The feed action can also accept any other parameters it needs to manage the feed. For example,
- the Cloudant changes feed action expects to receive parameters including 'dbname', 'username',
- 442 etc.

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444 Sequence entity

- Actions can be composed into sequences to, in effect, form a new Action. The Sequence entity
- allows for a simple, convenient way to describe them in the Package Manifest.

447 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
actions	yes	list of Action	N/A	The required list of two or more actions
web	no	<boolean> yes no raw</boolean>	false	The optional flag (annotation) that makes the action accessible to REST calls without authentication.
				For details on all Action annotations, see: https://github.com/apache/incubator- openwhisk/blob/master/docs/annotations.md

448 *Web*

The following values are recognized values for the 'web' key:

Value	Alias	Description
true	yes	A value of true (or yes) enables an Action to be accessible via REST interface without the need for credentials.
false	no	A value of false (or no) disables an Action as an accessible REST.
raw	N/A	Implies a value of true and indicates that the Web Action is able to consume "raw" contents within the body of an HTTP request. Specifically, this means that theow_body content is encoded in Base64 when the request Content-Type is binary.

450 Requirements

- The comma separated list of Actions on the actions key SHALL imply the order of the sequence (from left, to right).
- There MUST be two (2) or more actions declared in the sequence.
- Annotations MAY be ignored by target consumers of the Manifest file as they are considered data non-essential to the deployment of management of OpenWhisk entities themselves.
- <boolean> is either 'true' | 'false' string values where 'false' is equivalent to 'no' and 'true' is equivalent to 'yes'.

458 Notes

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• The sequences key exists for convenience; however, it is just one possible instance of a composition of Actions. The composition entity is provided for not only describing sequences, but also for other (future) compositions and additional information needed to compose them. For example, the composition entity allows for more complex mappings of input and output parameters between Actions.

464 Grammar

sequences: <sequence name>:

```
<Entity schema>
actions: <ordered list of action names>
...
```

465 Example

```
sequences:
  newbot:
  actions: oauth/login, newbot-setup, newbot-greeting
```

- 466 API entity
- This entity allows manifests to link Actions to be made available as HTTP-based API endpoints
- as supported by the API Gateway service of OpenWhisk.
- This entity declaration is intended to provide grammar for the experimental API (see
- 470 https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/apigateway.md and shown
- 471 using a "book club" example:
- 472 *CLI Example*

```
$ wsk api create -n "Book Club" /club /books get getBooks
$ wsk api create /club /books post postBooks
$ wsk api create /club /books put putBooks
$ wsk api create /club /books delete deleteBooks
```

- 473 the above would translate to the following grammars in the pkg. spec. to a new-top level
- keyname "apis" in the manifest:
- 475 Grammar

- 476 *Note*
- There can be more than one set of named <path> actions under the same <basepath>.
- 478 Example

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- 479 A somewhat simplified grammar is also supported that allows single-line definition of Actions
- 480 (names) along with their HTTP verbs.

```
apis:
book-club:
```

```
club:
  books:
    getBooks: get
    postBooks: post
    putBooks: put
    deleteBooks: delete
  members:
    listMembers: get
```

482 Requirements

• The API entity's name (i.e., <API Name>) MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.

484 Notes

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- The API entity within the OpenWhisk programming model is considered outside the scope of the Package. This means that API information will not be returned when using the OpenWhisk Package API:
 - wsk package list <package name>
- However, it may be obtained using the Trigger API:
 - wsk api list -v

491 Package entity

The Package entity schema is used to define an OpenWhisk package within a manifest.

493 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
version	yes	version	N/A	The required user-controlled version for the Package.
license	no	string	N/A	The required value that indicates the type of license the Package is governed by. The value is required to be a valid Linux-SPDX value. See https://spdx.org/licenses/ .
credential	no	string	N/A	The optional Credential used for all entities within the Package. The value is either: Contains either: A credential string. The optional name of a credential (e.g., token) that is defined elsewhere.
dependencies	no	list of Dependency	N/A	The optional list of external OpenWhisk packages the manifest needs deployed before it can be deployed.
repositories	no	list of Repository	N/A	The optional list of external repositories that contain functions and other artifacts that can be found by tooling.
actions	no	list of Action	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Action entity definitions.
sequences	no	list of Sequence	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Sequence entity definitions.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
triggers	no	list of Trigger	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Trigger entity definitions.
rules	no	list of Rule	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Rule entity definitions.
feeds	no	list of Feed	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Feed entity definitions.
apis	no	list of API	N/A	Optional list of API entity definitions.
compositions (Not yet supported)	no	list of Composition	N/A	Optional list of OpenWhisk Composition entity definitions.
public	no	boolean	false	Optional indicator to deploy the package as a "public" package (requiring no access credentials).

494 Requirements

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- The Package name MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Package entity schema includes all general Entity Schema fields in addition to any fields declared above.
- A valid Package license value MUST be one of the Linux SPDX license values; for example: Apache-2.0 or GPL-2.0+, or the value 'unlicensed'.
- Multiple (mixed) licenses MAY be described using using NPM SPDX license syntax.
- A valid Package entity MUST have one or more valid Actions defined.
- The key "default" is a reserved Package name that indicates that the entities (e.g., Actions, Rules, etc.) should be registered under the user's default namespace.

Notes

- Currently, the 'version' value is not stored in Apache OpenWhisk, but there are plans to support it in the future.
- Currently, the 'license' value is not stored in Apache OpenWhisk, but there are plans to support it in the future.
- The Trigger and API entities within the OpenWhisk programming model are considered outside the scope of the Package. This means that Trigger and API information will not be returned when using the OpenWhisk Package API:
 - wsk package list <package name>
- However, their information may be retrieved using respectively:
 - wsk trigger list -v
 - wsk api list -v

516 Grammar

<packageName>:

```
<Entity schema>
version: <version>
license: <string>
repositories: <list of Repository>
```

actions: <list of Action>

```
sequences: <list of Sequence>
triggers: <list of Trigger>
rules: <list of Rule>
feeds: <list of Feed>
apis: <list of API>
compositions: <list of Composition> # Not yet supported
```

517 Example

```
my_whisk_package:
    description: A complete package for my awesome action to be deployed
    version: 1.2.0
    license: Apache-2.0
    actions:
        my_awsome_action:
        <Action schema>
    triggers:
        trigger_for_awesome_action:
        <Trigger schema>
    rules:
        rule_for_awesome_action>
        <Rule schema>
```

- 518 Interpolation of values using Environment Variables
- 519 Dollar Notation (\$) schema for values
- In a Manifest or Deployment file, certain values may be set from the local execution
- environment by using dollar (\$) notation to denote names of local environment variables which
- supply value, or portions of values, to be inserted at execution time.
- 523 Syntax

```
<some_key>: $<local_environment_variable_name>
```

524 Example

```
...
inputs:
   userName: $DEFAULT_USERNAME
```

- 525 Requirements
 - Processors or tooling that encounter (\$) Dollar notation and are unable to locate the value in the execution environment SHOULD resolve the value to be the default value for the type (e.g., an empty string ("") for type 'string').
 - A value binding provided on the 'value' key takes precedence over a value binding on the 'default' key.
- Multiple interpolations SHOULD be supported on parameter values.
 - String literals MAY be declared using double-dollar notation (\$\$).
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534 Notes

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- Processors or tooling that encounter (\$) Dollar notation for values should attempt to locate the corresponding named variables set into the local execution environment (e.g., where the tool was invoked) and assign its value to the named input parameter for the OpenWhisk entity.
 - This specification does not currently consider using this notation for other than simple data types (i.e., we support this mechanism for values such as strings, integers, floats, etc.) at this time.

540 Using environment variables in a string concatenation

- If you wish to use the value of an environment variable as part of a string parameter's value,
- wskdeploy supports a modified Dollar notation in conjunction with curly brackets to indicate a
- string concatenation.

544 Example

```
inputs:
   company_email: ${MY_EMAIL_SHORTNAME}.middleearth.travel
```

545 Where

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• if the value "MY_EMAIL_SHORTNAME" was set in the execution environment of wskdeploy to "frodo", the parameter 'company_email' would be set (bound) to "frodo.middleearth.travel".

549 **Composition entity** (Not yet supported)

- The Composition entity schema contains information to declare compositions of OpenWhisk
- Actions. Currently, this includes Action Sequences where Actions can be composed of two or
- more existing Actions.

553 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type Default		Description	
type	no	string	sequence	The optional type of Action composition. Note: currently only 'sequence' is supported.	
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional list of parameters for the Action composition (e.g., Action Sequence).	
outputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional outputs from the Entity.	
sequence	no	ordered list of Action (names)	N/A	The optional expression that describes the connections between the Actions that comprise the Action sequence composition.	

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
parameterMappings	no	TBD	N/A	The optional expression that describes the mappings of parameter (names and values) between the outputs of one Action to the inputs of another Action. Note: Currently, mappings are not supported and JSON objects are passed between each Action in a sequence. At this time, it is assumed that the Actions in a sequence are designed to work together with no output to input mappings being performed by the OpenWhisk platform.

554 Requirements

- The Composition name (i.e., <compositionName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- The Composition entity schema includes all general Entity Schema fields in addition to any fields
 declared above.

558 Grammar

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559 Example: multi-line sequence

```
my_action_sequence:
   type: sequence
   sequence:
    actions: action_1, action_2, action_3
   inputs:
       simple_input_string: string
   outputs:
       annotated_output_string: string
```

560 Extended Schema

561 **Dependencies**

- The dependencies section allows you to declare other OpenWhisk packages that your application
- or project (manifest) are dependent on. A Dependency is used to declare these other packages
- which deployment tools can use to automate installation of these pre-requisites.

565 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
location	yes	string	N/A	The required location of the dependent package.
version	yes	version	N/A	The required version of the dependent package.
inputs	no	list of parameter	N/A	The optional Inputs to the dependent package.

566 Requirements

• No additional requirements.

568 Notes

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- The <package_name> is a local alias for the actual package name as described in the referenced package. The referenced package would have its own Manifest file that would include its actual Package name (and the one that would be used by the wskdeploy tool to replace the local alias).
- The 'version' parameter is currently used to specify a branch in GitHub and defaults to "master", this behavior may change in upcoming releases of the specification.
- The experimental key name 'name' is only valid when the deprecated 'package' keyword has been used instead of the favored key 'packages'. If it is used within the 'packages' structure, it will cause a warning and be ignored as it is redundant to the packageName>.

577 Grammar

578 Example

```
dependencies:
    status_update:
    location: github.com/myrepo/statusupdate
    version: 1.0

database pkg:
    location: /whisk.system/couchdb
    inputs:
        dbname: MyAppsDB
```

580 Repository

579

A repository defines a named external repository which contains (Action) code or other artifacts package processors can access during deployment.

583 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
description	no	string256	N/A	Optional description for the Repository.
url	yes	string	N/A	Required URL for the Repository.
credential	no	Credential	N/A	Optional name of a Credential defined in the Package that can be used to access the Repository.

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Requirements

- The Repository name (i.e., <repositoryName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- Description string values SHALL be limited to 256 characters.
- 588 Grammar
- 589 Single-line (no credential)

```
<repositoryName>: <repository_address>
```

590 Multi-line

```
<repositoryName>:
```

description: <string256>

url: <string>

credential: <Credential>

591 Example

```
my_code_repo:
```

description: My project's code repository in GitHub
url: https://github.com/openwhisk/openwhisk-package-rss

592

593 Credential

A Credential is used to define credentials used to access network accessible resources. Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
protocol	no	string	N/A	Optional protocol name used to indicate the authorization protocol to be used with the Credential's token and other values.
tokenType	yes	string	password	Required token type used to indicate the type (format) of the token string within the supported types allowed by the protocol.
token	yes	string	N/A	Required token used as a credential for authorization or access to a networked resource. Note: This string would be base64 encoded where
				necessary by protocol.
description	no	string256	N/A	Optional description for the Credential.

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
keys	no	map of string	N/A	Optional list of protocol-specific keys or assertions.

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Requirements

- The Credential name (i.e., <credentialName> MUST be less than or equal to 256 characters.
- Description string values SHALL be limited to 256 characters.

599 Valid protocol values

Protocol Value	Valid Token Type Values	Description
plain	N/A	Basic (plain text) username-password (no standard).
http	basic_auth	HTTP Basic Authentication Protocol.
xauth	X-Auth-Token	HTTP Extended Authentication Protocol (base-64 encoded Tokens).
oauth	bearer	Oauth 2.0 Protocol
ssh	identifier	SSH Keypair protocol (e.g., as used in OpenStack)

600

601 Grammar

```
Credential:
 type: Object
 properties:
    protocol:
      type: string
      required: false
    tokenType:
      type: string
      default: password
    token:
      type: string
    keys:
      type: map
      required: false
      entry_schema:
       type: string
    user:
      type: string
      required: false
```

602 Notes

603

• The use of transparent user names (IDs) or passwords are not considered best practice.

604 Examples

605 Plain username-password (no standardized protocol)

```
inputs:
    my_credential:
    type: Credential
    properties:
        protocol: http
        token_type: plain
        token: myusername:mypassword
```

606 HTTP Basic access authentication

```
inputs:
    my_credential:
    type: Credential
    description: Basic auth. where <username>:<password> are a single string
    properties:
        protocol: http
        token_type: basic_auth
        token: myusername:mypassword
```

607 X-Auth-Token

```
inputs:
    my_credential:
    type: Credential
    description: X-Auth-Token, encoded in Base64
    properties:
        protocol: xauth
        token_type: X-Auth-Token
        token: 604bbe45ac7143a79e14f3158df67091
```

608 OAuth begrer token

```
inputs:
    my_credential:
      type: Credential
    properties:
      protocol: oauth2
      token_type: bearer
      token: 8ao9nE2DEjr1zCsicWMpBC
```

609 SSH Keypair

```
inputs:
    my_ssh_keypair:
    type: Credential
    properties:
        protocol: ssh
        token_type: identifier
        # token is a reference (ID) to an existing keypair (already installed)
        token: <keypair_id>
```

611 **Project Artifacts**

- The manifest and Deployment files are comprised of the following entities:
- 613 Package Manifest File
- The Package Manifest file is the primary OpenWhisk Entity used to describe an OpenWhisk
- Package and all necessary schema and file information needed for deployment. It contains the
- Package entity schema described above.
- 617 **Deployment File**
- The Deployment file is used in conjunction with a corresponding Package Manifest file to
- provide configuration information (e.g., input parameters, authorization credentials, etc.) needed
- 620 to deploy, configure and run an OpenWhisk Package for a target Cloud environment.
- 621 **Project**
- An optional, top-level key that describes a set of related Packages that together comprise a
- higher-order project (or application) that incorporates one or more packages with external
- 624 services.
- 625 Fields

Key Name	Required	Value Type	Default	Description
version	no	version	N/A	The optional user-controlled version for the Application.
name	yes	string256	N/A	The optional name of the application. Note: This key is only valid in the singular 'package' grammar.
namespace	no	string	N/A	The optional namespace for the application (and default namespace for its packages where not specified).
credential	no	string	N/A	The optional credential for the application (and default credential for its packages where not specified).
package	maybe	package (singular)	N/A	The required package definition when the key name 'packages' (plural) is not present.
packages	maybe	list of package (plural)	N/A	The required list of <u>one or more</u> package definitions when the key name 'package' (singular) is not present.

627 Grammar (singular)

626

project:

version: <version>
name: <string256>
namespace: <string>
credential: <string>

```
package:
  <package definition>
```

628 Grammar (plural)

```
project:
  version: <version>
  name: <string256>
  namespace: <string>
  credential: <string>
  packages:
     < of package definitions>
```

629 Requirements

- The keys under the project (or application) key (e.g., name, namespace, credential and packages) are only used in a manifest or deployment file if the optional application key is used.
 - Either the key name 'package' (singular) or the key name 'packages' (plural) MUST be provided but not both.
 - o If the 'package' key name is provided, its value must be a valid package definition.
 - o If the 'packages' key name is provided, its value must be one or more valid package definitions.

637 Notes

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- Currently, the OpenWhisk platform does not recognize the Project (or Application) entity as part of the programming model; it exists as a higher order grouping concept only in this specification.

 Therefore, there is no data stored within OpenWhisk for the Application entity.
- The keyword 'package' and its singular grammar for declaring packages MAY be deprecated in future versions of the specification.
- The keyword 'application' MAY be deprecated in future versions of the specification.

644 Example using the "project" keyword

```
project:
   name: greetings
   namespace: /mycompany/greetings/
   credential: 1234-5678-90abcdef-0000
   packages:
    helloworld:
        inputs:
            city: Boston
        actions:
        hello:
            inputs: # input bindings
            personName: Paul
        ...
```

Example using the synonymous "application" keyword

```
application:
```

```
name: greetings
namespace: /mycompany/greetings/
credential: 1234-5678-90abcdef-0000
packages:
  helloworld:
    inputs:
      city: Boston
    actions:
      hello:
      inputs: # input bindings
      personName: Paul
...
```

646 Example Notes

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- A common use would be to associate a namespace (i.e., a target namespace binding) or credential to an application and all included packages automatically inherit that namespace (if applied at that level) unless otherwise provided (similar to style inheritance in CSS).
- The project (or application) name would be treated as metadata, perhaps stored in the annotations for the contained entities.

Normative References

Tag	Description	
RFC2119	S. Bradner, Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt, IETF RFC 2119, March 1997.	
YAML-1.2	YAML, Version 1.2, 3rd Edition, Patched at 2009-10-01, Oren Ben-Kiki, Clark Evans, Ingy döt Net http://www.yaml.org/spec/1.2/spec.html	
YAML-TS-1.1	Timestamp Language-Independent Type for YAML Version 1.1, Working Draft 2005-01-18, http://yaml.org/type/timestamp.html	
SemVer	A simple set of rules and requirements that dictate how version numbers are assigned and incremented http://semver.org/	
OpenAPI-2.0	The OpenAPI (f.k.a. "Swagger") specification for defining REST APIs as JSON. https://github.com/OAI/OpenAPI-Specification/blob/master/versions/2.0.md	
Linux-SPDX	Linux Foundation, SPDX License list https://spdx.org/licenses/	
NPM-SPDX-Syntax	Node Package Manager (NPM) SPDX License Expression Syntax https://www.npmjs.com/package/spdx	

Non-normative References

Tag	Description	
OpenWhisk-API	OpenWhisk REST API which is defined as an OpenAPI document. https://raw.githubusercontent.com/openwhisk/openwhisk/master/core/controller/src/main/resources/whiskswagger.json	
GNU-units	Size-type units are based upon a subset of those defined by GNU at http://www.gnu.org/software/parted/manual/html_node/unit.html	
RFC 6838	Mime Type definitions in compliance with RFC 6838.	
RFC 7231	HTTP 1.1. status codes are described in compliance with RFC 7231.	
IANA-Status-Codes	HTTP Status codes as defined in the IANA Status Code Registry.	
JSON Schema Specification	The built-in parameter type "json" references this specification. http://json-schema.org/	

657	Scenarios and Use cases					
658	Usage Scenarios					
659	User background					
660						
661	The following assumptions about the users referenced in the usage scenarios:					
662	 Experienced developer; knows Java, Node, SQL, REST principles and basic DevOps processes; uses 					
663	IDEs to develop code locally.					
664	 Limited exposure to Serverless, but interested in trying new technologies that might improve 					
665	productivity.					
666	Scenario 1: Clone and Create					
667	Deploy an OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities, package,) discovered on github. The developer					
668	1. discovers an interesting git repo containing an OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities,					
669	package,)					
670	2. clones the repo to local disk.					
671	3. He pushes (deploys) it into one of his OpenWhisk namespaces					
672	4. He checks out the app's behavior using OpenWhisk CLI or OpenWhisk UI					
673	Notes					
674	• while this scenario allows to use the manifest file as a "black box" the manifest format					
675	can influence the user experience of a developer trying to read it and understand what i					
676	does					
677	Scenario 2: Pushing Updates with versioning					
678	Change a cloned repo that he previously pushed into one of his namespaces. The developer					
679	1. changes the local repo by editing code and adding and changing entity specifications					
680	using local tools (editors, IDEs,).					
681	2. bumps version number for package.					
682	3. pushes his updates into the namespace so that the existing entities are changed					
683	accordingly.					
684	Scenario 3: Start New Repo with Manifest					
685	Start a new OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities) from scratch. The developer					
686	1. code files for the actions (e.g. action1.js, action2.js, action3.js)					
687	2. creates a LICENSE.txt file					

- 3. Creates a **Manifest File** that specifies the set of OpenWhisk entities and their relations (e.g. *manifest.yml*). It also references the LICENSE.txt file.
 - 4. initializes and uploads the set of files as a new git repo.

690 691

- 692 Notes:
- Creating the initial manifest file should be supported by providing an empty template with syntax examples and other helpful comments
- 695 Scenario 4: Export into Repository
- 696 Share an existing OpenWhisk app (project, set of entities) with others
- so that they can deploy and change it for their purposes. The developer...
- 1. exports a defined set of entities (a whole namespace?) into a set of files that includes code files, and generated manifest, LICENSE.txt and README files.
 - 2. initializes and uploads the set of files as a new git repo.
- 701 Example: git init ... etc.
- 702 Scenario 5: Discovery and Import from object store
- 703 Discover an OpenWhisk package (manifest) co-located with data in an Object storage service.
- This package would include a description of the Actions, Triggers, Rules and Event Sources (or
- Feeds) necessary to interact with data it is associated with directly from the Object storage
- repository; thus allowing anyone with access to the data an immediate way to interact and use the
- data via the OpenWhisk Serverless platform.
- 708 Scenario 6: Clean
- The user has deployed entities in a namespace. He/she wants to delete all entities, regardless of
- how they were deployed (wsk, wskdeploy, etc..), in order to start from a clean slate.
- 711 Scenario 7: Project Sync
- 712 Sync remote project from local
- The user has already started a project (manifest) and deployed it. They have modified the
- 714 manifest by adding, removing or updating existing entities and wants to re-deploy the project.
- The local addition, deletion or update of these affected entities should be reflected in the remote
- 716 OpenWhisk platform.
- 717 Sync local project from remote
- The user has already deployed a project (manifest) and to a remote OpenWhisk platform. They
- have modified (i.e., added, updated or deleted entities) in the remotely deployed project (perhaps
- using the remote platforms UI or the command line interface (CLI). The remote addition,

721 deletion or update of these affected entities should be reflected in the remote OpenWhisk 722 platform. 723 724 Clean deployed (non-shared) entities 725 The user has already started a project (manifest) and deployed it in a shared namespace. They 726 want to clean the deployed entities from a given project, while leaving the entities belonging to 727 the other projects untouched. 728 Create (refresh) project from remote 729 The user has deployed entities in a namespace in an ad hoc manner (e.g. by using a UI or the wsk command line interface or CLI). They want to create a local project (manifest) from the entities 730 731 already deployed. A tool/command should help him/her in accomplishing this task. 732 Add entities to project from local 733 The user has already started a project (manifest) and are locally modifying files to add and/or 734 remove OpenWhisk entities (e.g., actions). They want to include these files into the deployment 735 manifest. A tool/command could help him/her to do this automatically. 736 Scenario 8: Tool Chain Support (pre-processor / post-processor) "plugins" 737 Support tool chain pipelines for pre/post processing deploy/undeploy commands. Also need to consider Inputs/Outputs (parameters) these "tools" may need for configuration. 738

739 Guided examples

- 740 This packaging specification grammar places an emphasis on simplicity for the casual developer
- who may wish to hand-code a Manifest File; however, it also provides a robust optional schema
- that can be advantaged when integrating with larger application projects using design and
- 743 development tooling such as IDEs.

744

- 745 This guide will use examples to incrementally show how to use the OpenWhisk Packaging
- Specification to author increasingly more interesting Package Manifest and Deployment files
- taking full advantage of the specification's schema.

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- 749 Please note that the Apache 'wskdeploy' utility will be used to demonstrate output results.
- 750 Package Examples
- 751 Example 1: Minimal valid Package Manifest
- 752 This use case shows a minimal valid package manifest file.

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- 754 including:
- shows how to declare a Package named 'hello_world_package'.
- 756 Manifest Files
- 757 Example 1: Minimum valid Package manifest file

package:

name: hello_world_package

version: 1.0

license: Apache-2.0

- 758 Notes
- Currently, the 'version' and 'license' key values are not stored in Apache OpenWhisk, but there are plans to support it in the future.
- 761 Actions Examples
- 762 Example 1: The "Hello world" Action
- As with most language introductions, in this first example we encode a simple "hello world"
- action, written in JavaScript, using an OpenWhisk Package Manifest YAML file.

765

768

- 766 It shows how to:
- declare a single Action named 'hello_world' within the 'hello_world_package' Package.
 - associate the JavaScript function's source code, stored in the file 'src/hello.js', to the 'hello_world' Action.

770 Manifest File

771 Example: "Hello world" using a NodeJS (JavaScript) action

```
package:
  name: hello_world_package
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2.0
  actions:
    hello_world:
      function: src/hello.js
```

772

where "hello.js", within the package-relative subdirectory named 'src', contains the following JavaScript code:

```
function main(params) {
   msg = "Hello, " + params.name + " from " + params.place;
   return { greeting: msg };
}
```

775 **Deploying**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world.yaml
```

776 Invoking

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world --blocking
```

777 Result

The invocation should return an 'ok' with a response that includes this result:

```
"result": {
    "greeting": "Hello, undefined from undefined"
},
```

- 779 The output parameter 'greeting' contains "undefined" values for the 'name' and 'place' input
- parameters as they were not provided in the manifest.
- 781 Discussion
- This "hello world" example represents the minimum valid Manifest file which includes only the required parts of the Package and Action descriptors.

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- 785 In the above example,
 - The Package and its Action were deployed to the user's default namespace using the 'package' name.
 - /<default namespace>/hello_world_package/hello_world
 - The NodeJS default runtime (i.e., runtime: nodejs) was automatically selected based upon the '.js' extension on the Action function's source file 'hello.js'.

790 Example 2: Adding fixed Input values to an Action

- 791 This example builds upon the previous "hello world" example and shows how fixed values can
- be supplied to the input parameters of an Action.

793

- 794 It shows how to:
- declare input parameters on the action 'hello world' using a single-line grammar.
- add 'name' and 'place' as input parameters with the fixed values "Sam" and "the Shire" respectively.

797 Manifest File

798 Example: "Hello world" with fixed input values for 'name' and 'place'

```
package:
   name: hello_world_package
   version: 1.0
   license: Apache-2.0
   actions:
    hello_world_fixed_parms:
      function: src/hello.js
      inputs:
        name: Sam
      place: the Shire
```

799 **Deployment**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest hello world fixed parms.yaml
```

800 Invoking

```
$ wsk action invoke hello world package/hello world fixed parms --blocking
```

- 801 Result
- The invocation should return an 'ok' with a response that includes this result:

```
"result": {
   "greeting": "Hello, Sam from the Shire"
},
```

803 Discussion

805

- 804 In this example:
 - The value for the 'name' input parameter would be set to "Sam".
 - The value for the 'place' input parameter would be set to "the Shire".
- The wskdeploy utility would infer that both 'name' and 'place' input parameters to be of type 'string'.
- 809 Example 3: "Hello world" with typed input and output parameters
- This example shows the "Hello world" example with typed input and output Parameters.

- 811 812 It shows how to:
- declare input and output parameters on the action 'hello_world' using a simple, single-line
 grammar.
- add two input parameters, 'name' and 'place', both of type 'string' to the 'hello_world' action.
- add an 'integer' parameter, 'age', to the action.
- add a 'float' parameter, 'height', to the action.
 - add two output parameters, 'greeting' and 'details', both of type 'string', to the action.

819 Manifest File

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820 Example: "Hello world" with typed input and output parameter declarations

```
package:
   name: hello_world_package
   ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
actions:
   hello_world_typed_parms:
     function: src/hello_plus.js
     inputs:
        name: string
        place: string
        children: integer
        height: float
        outputs:
        greeting: string
        details: string
```

where the function 'hello_plus.js', within the package-relative subdirectory named 'src', is

updated to use the new parameters:

```
function main(params) {
   msg = "Hello, " + params.name + " from " + params.place;
   family = "You have " + params.children + " children ";
   stats = "and are " + params.height + " m. tall.";
   return { greeting: msg, details: family + stats };
}
```

823 **Deployment**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_typed_parms.yaml
```

824 Invoking

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world_typed_parms --blocking
```

825 Result

The invocation should return an 'ok' with a response that includes this result:

```
"result": {
```

```
"details": "You have 0 children and are 0 m. tall.",
   "greeting": "Hello, from "
},
```

- 827 Discussion
- 828 In this example:
 - The default value for the 'string' type is the empty string (i.e., ""); it was assigned to the 'name' and 'place' input parameters.
- The default value for the 'integer' type is zero (0); it was assigned to the 'age' input parameter.
 - The default value for the 'float' type is zero (0.0f); it was assigned to the 'height' input parameter.

833 Example 4: "Hello world" with advanced parameters

- This example builds on the previous "Hello world" with typed input and output parameters'
- example with more robust input and output parameter declarations by using a multi-line format for declaration.
- 837

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- 838 This example:
 - shows how to declare input and output parameters on the action 'hello_world' using a multi-line grammar.
- 841 *Manifest file*
- If we want to do more than declare the type (i.e., 'string', 'integer', 'float', etc.) of the input
- parameter, we can use specifications the multi-line grammar for Parameters.
- 844 Example: input and output parameters with advanced fields

```
package:
 name: hello world package
 ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
 actions:
    hello_world_advanced_parms:
      function: src/hello.js
      inputs:
        name:
          type: string
          description: name of person
          default: unknown person
          type: string
          description: location of person
          value: the Shire
        children:
          type: integer
          description: Number of children
          default: 0
        height:
          type: float
          description: height in meters
          default: 0.0
```

```
outputs:
    greeting:
    type: string
    description: greeting string
    details:
    type: string
    description: detailed information about the person
```

845 **Deployment**

```
$ ./wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest hello world advanced parms.yaml
```

846 Invoking

```
$ wsk action invoke hello_world_package/hello_world_advanced_parms --
blocking
```

Invoking the action would result in the following response:

```
"result":
   "details": "You have 0 children and are 0 m. tall.",
   "greeting": "Hello, unknown person from the Shire"
},
```

848 Discussion

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- Describing the input and output parameter types, descriptions, defaults and other data:
 - enables tooling to validate values users may input and prompt for missing values using the descriptions provided.
 - o allows verification that outputs of an Action are compatible with the expected inputs of another Action so that they can be composed in a sequence.
- The 'name' input parameter was assigned the 'default' key's value "unknown person".
- The 'place' input parameter was assigned the 'value' key's value "the Shire".
- 856 Example 5: Adding a Trigger and Rule to "hello world"
- This example will demonstrate how to define a Trigger that is compatible with the basic
- 658 'hello world' Action and associate it using a Rule.
- 859 Manifest File
- 860 Example: "Hello world" Action with a compatible Trigger and Rule

```
package:
    name: hello_world_package
    ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
actions:
    hello_world_triggerrule:
        function: src/hello_plus.js
        inputs:
            name: string
            place: string
```

```
children: integer
      height: float
    outputs:
      greeting: string
      details: string
triggers:
  meetPerson:
    inputs:
      name: Sam
      place: the Shire
      children: 13
      height: 1.2
rules:
  myPersonRule:
    trigger: meetPerson
    action: hello_world_triggerrule
```

- 861 **Deployment**
- without the Deployment file:
 - \$ wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_triggerrule.yaml
- 863 Invoking
- First, let's try "invoking" the 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action directly without the Trigger.
 - \$ wsk action invoke hello world package/hello world triggerrule --blocking
- Invoking the action would result in the following response:

```
"result": {
   "details": "You have <code>0</code> children and are <code>0</code> m. tall.",
   "greeting": "Hello, from "
},
```

- As you can see, the results verify that the default values (i.e., empty strings and zeros) for the input parameters on the 'hello world triggerrule' Action were used to compose the 'greeting' and
- details' output parameters. This result is expected since we did not bind any values or provide
- any defaults when we defined the 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action in the manifest file.
- 870 Triggering
- Instead of invoking the Action, here try "firing" the 'meetPerson' Trigger:

```
$ wsk trigger fire meetPerson
```

- 872 Result
- which results in an Activation ID:

```
ok: triggered / /meetPerson with id a8e9246777a7499b85c4790280318404
```

- The 'meetPerson' Trigger is associated with 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action the via the
- 875 'meetPersonRule' Rule. We can verify that firing the Trigger indeed cause the Rule to be activated
- which in turn causes the Action to be invoked:

```
$ wsk activation list

d03ee729428d4f31bd7f61d8d3ecc043 hello_world_triggerrule
3e10a54cb6914b37a8abcab53596dcc9 meetPersonRule
5ff4804336254bfba045ceaa1eeb4182 meetPerson
```

we can then use the 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action's Activation ID to see the result:

```
$ wsk activation get d03ee729428d4f31bd7f61d8d3ecc043
```

878 to view the actual results from the action:

```
"result": {
    "details": "You have 13 children and are 1.2 m. tall.",
    "greeting": "Hello, Sam from the Shire"
}
```

- which verifies that the parameters bindings of the values (i.e., "Sam" (name), "the Shire" (place),
- 13' (age) and '1.2' (height)) on the Trigger were passed to the Action's corresponding input
- parameters correctly.
- 882 Discussion
- Firing the 'meetPerson' Trigger correctly causes a series of non-blocking "activations" of the associated 'meetPersonRule' Rule and subsequently the 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action.
- The Trigger's parameter bindings were correctly passed to the corresponding input parameters on the 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action when "firing" the Trigger.
- 887 Example 6: Using a Deployment file to bind Trigger parameters
- This example builds on the previous Trigger-Rule example and will demonstrate how to use a
- Deployment File to bind values for a Trigger's input parameters when applied against a
- 890 compatible Manifest File
- 891 Manifest File
- Let's use a variant of the Manifest file from the previous example; however, we will leave the
- parameters on the 'meetPerson' Trigger unbound and having only Type declarations for
- 894 each.
- 895 Example: "Hello world" Action, Trigger and Rule with no Parameter bindings

```
package:
   name: hello_world_package
   ... # Package keys omitted for brevity
actions:
   hello_world_triggerrule:
     function: src/hello_plus.js
     runtime: nodejs
     inputs:
```

```
name: string
      place: string
      children: integer
      height: float
    outputs:
      greeting: string
      details: string
triggers:
  meetPerson:
    inputs:
      name: string
      place: string
      children: integer
      height: float
rules:
  meetPersonRule:
    trigger: meetPerson
    action: hello_world_triggerrule
```

896 **Deployment File**

900 901

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- Let's create a Deployment file that is designed to be applied to the Manifest file (above) which will contain the parameter bindings (i.e., the values) for the 'meetPerson' Trigger.
- 899 Example: Deployment file that binds parameters to the 'meetPerson' Trigger

```
application:
   package:
    hello_world_package:
     triggers:
     meetPerson:
        inputs:
        name: Elrond
        place: Rivendell
        children: 3
        height: 1.88
```

As you can see, the package name 'hello_world_package' and the trigger name 'meetPerson' both match the names in the corresponding Manifest file.

904 **Deploying**

Provide the Manifest file and the Deployment file to the wskdeploy utility:

```
$ wskdeploy -m docs/examples/manifest_hello_world_triggerrule_unbound.yaml
-d docs/examples/deployment_hello_world_triggerrule_bindings.yaml
```

906 Triggering

907 Fire the 'meetPerson' Trigger:

```
$ wsk trigger fire meetPerson
```

908 Result

Find the activation ID for the "hello_world_triggerrule' Action that firing the Trigger initiated and get the results from the activation record:

```
$ wsk activation list

3a7c92468b4e4170bc92468b4eb170f1 hello_world_triggerrule
afb2c02bb686484cb2c02bb686084cab meetPersonRule
9dc9324c601a4ebf89324c601a1ebf4b meetPerson

$ wsk activation get 3a7c92468b4e4170bc92468b4eb170f1

"result": {
    "details": "You have 3 children and are 1.88 m. tall.",
    "greeting": "Hello, Elrond from Rivendell"
}
```

911 Discussion

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- The 'hello_world_triggerrule' Action and the 'meetPerson' Trigger in the Manifest file both had input parameter declarations that had no values assigned to them (only Types).
 - The matching 'meetPerson' Trigger in the Deployment file had values bound its parameters.
 - The wskdeploy utility applied the parameter values (after checking for Type compatibility) from the Deployment file to the matching (by name) parameters within the Manifest file.

917 Github feed

- This example will install a feed to fire a trigger when there is activity in a specified GitHub
- 919 repository.

920 Manifest File

```
git_webhook:
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2.0
  feeds:
    webhook_feed:
    version: 1.0
    function: github/webhook.js
```

```
runtime: nodejs@6
    inputs:
      username:
        type: string
        description: github username
      repository:
        type: string
        description: url of github repository
      accessToken:
        type: string
        description: GitHub personal access token
      events:
        type: string
        description: the github event type
triggers:
   webhook_trigger:
    action: webhook_feed
```

921 Deployment File

```
packages:
    git_webhook:
    triggers:
        webhook_trigger:
        inputs:
        username: daisy
        repository: https://github.com/openwhisk/wsktool.git
        accessToken:
        events:push
```

923 Advanced examples

Github feed advanced

This use case uses the Github feed to create a trigger. When there is any push event, it will send a notification email.

927 Manifest File

922

```
git_webhook:
    version: 1.0
    license: Apache-2.0
    action:
        emailNotifier:
        version: 1.0
        function: src/sendemail.js
        runtime: nodejs
        inputs:
        email: string
        title: string
rules:
```

```
githubNotifier:
trigger: webhook_trigger
action: emailNotifier
```

928 **Deployment File**

```
packages:
    git_webhook:
    feeds:
        webhook_feed:
        inputs:
        email: daisy@company.com
        title: Github Push Notification
```

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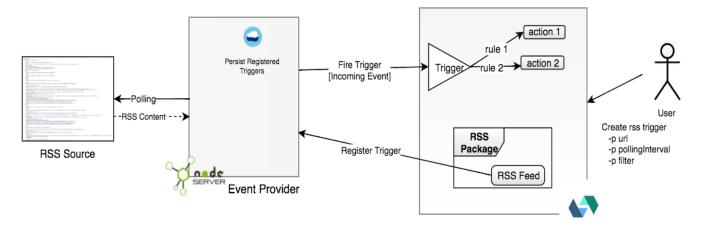
930

RSS Package

The RSS package provides RSS/ATOM feeds which can receive events when a new feed item is available. It also defines a trigger to listen to a specific RSS feed. It describes the OpenWhisk package reposited here:

https://github.com/openwhisk/openwhisk-package-rss.

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Manifest File

with inline values (no Deployment File)

This example makes use of in-line "values" where the developer does not intend to use a separate Deployment file:

```
rss:
  version: 1.0
  license: Apache-2
  description: RSS Feed package
  inputs:
    provider_endpoint:
      value: http://localhost:8080/rss
      type: string
```

```
description: Feed provider endpoint
feeds:
  rss_feed:
    version: 1.0
    function: feeds/feed.js
    runtime: nodejs@6
    inputs:
      url:
        type: string
        description: url to RSS feed
        value: http://rss.nytimes.com/services/xml/rss/nyt/HomePage.xml
      pollingInterval:
        type: string
        description: Interval at which polling is performed
        value: 2h
      filter:
        type: string
        description: Comma separated list of keywords to filter on
triggers:
  rss trigger:
    action: rss_feed
```

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942 **Deployment File**

Alternatively, a Deployment File could have provided the same values (bindings) in this way:

```
packages:
    rss:
    inputs:
        provider_endpoint: http://localhost:8080/rss

feeds:
    rss_feed:
        inputs:
        url: http://rss.nytimes.com/services/xml/rss/nyt/HomePage.xml
        pollingInterval: 2h
```

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Using such a deployment file, allows for more flexibility and the resulting Manifest file would not have needed any 'value' fields.

Polygon Tracking

This use case describes a microservice composition using Cloudant and a Push Notification service to enable location tracking for a mobile application. The composition uses Cloudant to store polygons that describe regions of interests, and the latest known location of a mobile user. When either the polygon set or location set gets updated, we use the Cloudant Geo capabilities to quickly determine if the new item satisfies a geo query like "is covered by" or "is contained in".

953 If so, a push notification is sent to the user.

```
application:
  name: PolygonTracking
  namespace: polytrack
  packages:
    polytrack:
      triggers:
        pointUpdate:
          <feed>
        polygonUpdate:
          <feed>
      actions:
        superpush:
          inputs:
            appId: string
            appSecret: string
        pointGeoQuery:
          inputs:
            username: string
            password: string
            host: string
            dbName: string
            ddoc: string
            iName: string
            relation: string
          outputs:
            cloudantResp: json
        createPushParamsFromPointUpdate:
          <mapper>
        polygonGeoQuery:
          inputs:
            username: string
            password: string
            host: string
            dbName: string
            ddoc: string
            iName: string
            relation: string
          outputs:
            cloudantResp: json
        createPushParamsFromPolygonUpdate:
          <mapper>
      Rules:
        whenPointUpdate:
          trigger:
```

```
pointUpdate
    action:
    handlePointUpdate
whenPointUpdate:
    trigger:
    polygonUpdate
    action:
    handlePolygonUpdate

Composition:
    handlePolygonUpdate:
    sequence:
    createGeoQueryFromPolygonUpdate,polygonGeoQuery,createPushParamsFromPolygonUpdate,superpush
```

955 **Deployment File:**

```
application:
  name: PolygonTracking
  namespace: polytrack
  packages:
   myCloudant:
      <bind to Cloudant at whisk.system/Cloudant>
    polytrack:
      credential: ABDCF
      inputs:
        PUSHAPPID=12345
        PUSHAPPSECRET=987654
        COVEREDBY='covered by'
        COVERS='covers'
        DESIGNDOC='geodd'
        GEOIDX='geoidx'
        CLOUDANT_username=myname
        CLOUDANT_password=mypassword
        CLOUDANT host=myhost.cloudant.com
        POLYDB=weatherpolygons
        USERLOCDB=userlocation
      triggers:
        pointUpdate:
          <feed>
          inputs:
            dbname: $USERLOCALDB
            includeDoc: true
        polygonUpdate:
          <feed>
```

```
inputs:
      dbname: $USERLOCDB
      includeDoc: true
actions:
  superpush:
    inputs:
      appId: $PUSHAPPID
      appSecret: $PUSHAPPSECRET
  pointGeoQuery:
    inputs:
      designDoc: $DESIGNDOC
      indexName: $GEOIDX
      relation: $COVEREDBY
      username: $CLOUDANT_username
      password: $CLOUDANT_password
      host: $CLOUDANT host
      dbName: $POLYDB
  polygonGeoQuery:
    inputs:
      designDoc: $DESIGNDOC
      indexName: $GEOIDX
      relation: $COVERS
      username: $CLOUDANT_username
      password: $CLOUDANT_password
      host: $CLOUDANT host
      dbName: $POLYDB
```

MQTT Package (tailored for Watson IoT)

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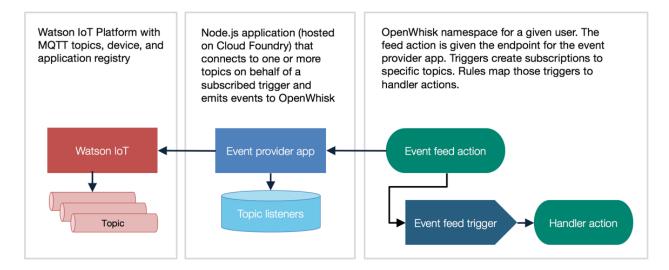
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The MQTT package that integrates with Watson IoT provides message topic feeds which can receive events when a message is published. It also defines a trigger to listen to a specific MQTT topic It describes the OpenWhisk package reposited here: https://github.com/krook/openwhisk-package-mqtt-watson.



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Manifest File

with inline values (no Deployment File)

This example makes use of in-line "values" where the developer does not intend to use a separate Deployment file:

```
mqtt watson:
 version: 1.0
 license: Apache-2
 description: MQTT Feed package for Watson IoT
 inputs:
    provider_endpoint:
      value: http://localhost:8080/mqtt-watson
      type: string
      description: Feed provider endpoint
 feeds:
    mqtt_watson_feed:
      version: 1.0
      function: feeds/feed-action.js
      runtime: nodejs@6
      inputs:
        url:
          type: string
          description: URL to Watson IoT MQTT feed
          value: ssl://a-123xyz.messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com:8883
        topic:
          type: string
          description: Topic subscription
          value: iot-2/type/+/id/+/evt/+/fmt/json
        apiKey:
          type: string
          description: Watson IoT API key
          value: a-123xyz
        apiToken:
          type: string
```

```
description: Watson IoT API token
    value: +-derpbog
    client:
        type: string
        description: Application client id
        value: a:12e45g:mqttapp

triggers:
    mqtt_watson_trigger:
    action: mqtt_watson_feed
```

Deployment File

Alternatively, a Deployment File could have provided the same values (bindings) in this way:

```
packages:
    mqtt_watson:
    inputs:
        provider_endpoint: http://localhost:8080/mqtt-watson

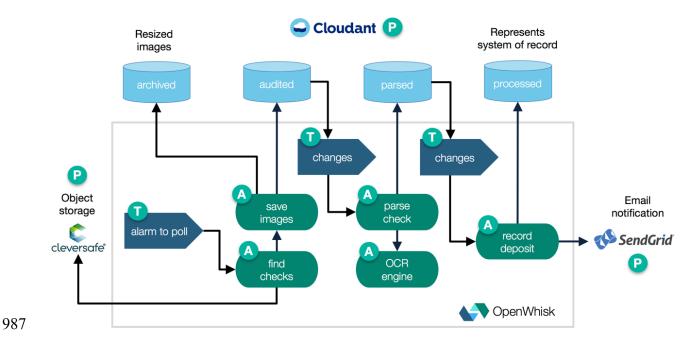
feeds:
    mqtt_watson_feed:
        inputs:
        url: ssl://a-123xyz.messaging.internetofthings.ibmcloud.com:8883
        topic: iot-2/type/+/id/+/evt/+/fmt/json
        apiKey: a-123xyz
        apiToken: +-derpbog
        client: a:12e45g:mqttapp
```

Using such a deployment file, allows for more flexibility and the resulting Manifest file would not have needed any 'value' fields.

Check deposit processing with optical character recognition

This use case demonstrates an event-driven architecture that processes the deposit of checks to a bank account using optical character recognition. It relies on Cloudant and SoftLayer Object Storage. On premises, it could use CouchDB and OpenStack Swift. Other storage services could include FileNet or Cleversafe. Tesseract provides the OCR library.

This application uses a set of actions and triggers linked by rules to process images that are added to an object storage service. When new checks are detected a workflow downloads, resizes, archives, and reads the checks then it invokes an external system to handle the transaction.



988 *Manifest File:*

```
application:
 name: OpenChecks
 namespace: openchecks
 packages:
    openchecks:
    triggers:
      poll-for-incoming-checks:
        inputs:
          cron: string
          maxTriggers: integer
      check-ready-to-scan:
        inputs:
          dbname: string
          includDocs: boolean
      check-ready-for-deposit:
        inputs:
          dbname: string
          includDocs: boolean
    actions:
      find-new-checks:
        inputs:
          CLOUDANT_USER: string
          CLOUDANT PASS: string
          SWIFT_USER_ID: string
          SWIFT_PASSWORD: string
          SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: string
```

```
SWIFT REGION NAME: string
      SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: string
      CURRENT_NAMESPACE: string
  save-check-images:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: string
      CLOUDANT PASS: string
      CLOUDANT_ARCHIVED_DATABASE: string
      CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: string
      SWIFT_USER_ID: string
      SWIFT PASSWORD: string
      SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: string
      SWIFT_REGION_NAME: string
      SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: string
  parse-check-data:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: string
      CLOUDANT PASS: string
      CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: string
      CLOUDANT PARSED DATABASE: string
      CURRENT_NAMESPACE: string
  record-check-deposit:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT USER: string
      CLOUDANT_PASS: string
      CLOUDANT PARSED DATABASE: string
      CLOUDANT PROCESSED DATABASE: string
      CURRENT NAMESPACE: string
      SENDGRID_API_KEY: string
      SENDGRID_FROM_ADDRESS: string
  parse-check-with-ocr:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT USER: string
      CLOUDANT PASS: string
      CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: string
      id: string
    outputs:
      result: JSON
rules:
  fetch-checks:
    trigger:
      poll-for-incoming-checks
    action:
      find-new-checks
  scan-checks:
   trigger:
      check-ready-to-scan
    action:
      parse-check-data
```

```
deposit-checks:
   trigger:
        check-ready-for-deposit
   action:
        record-check-deposit
```

989 **Deployment File:**

```
application:
  name: OpenChecks
  namespace: openchecks
  packages:
   myCloudant:
      <bind to Cloudant at whisk.system/Cloudant>
   openchecks:
    credential: ABDCF
    inputs:
     XXX=YYY
   triggers:
      poll-for-incoming-checks:
        <feed>
        inputs:
          cron: */20 * * * * *
          maxTriggers: 90
```

```
check-ready-to-scan:
    <feed>
    inputs:
      dbname: audit
      includeDoc: true
 check-ready-for-deposit:
    <feed>
    inputs:
      dbname: parsed
      includeDoc: true
actions:
 find-new-checks:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc
      SWIFT USER ID: 123abc
      SWIFT PASSWORD: 123abc
      SWIFT_PROJECT_ID: 123abc
      SWIFT REGION NAME: northeast
      SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: incoming
      CURRENT NAMESPACE: user dev
  save-check-images:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT PASS: 123abc
      CLOUDANT_ARCHIVED_DATABASE: archived
      CLOUDANT AUDITED DATABASE: audited
      SWIFT USER ID: 123abc
      SWIFT PASSWORD: 123abc
      SWIFT PROJECT ID: 123abc
      SWIFT_REGION_NAME: northeast
      SWIFT_INCOMING_CONTAINER_NAME: container_name
  parse-check-data:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT PASS: 123abc
      CLOUDANT AUDITED DATABASE: audited
      CLOUDANT_PARSED_DATABASE: parsed
      CURRENT NAMESPACE: user dev
 record-check-deposit:
    inputs:
      CLOUDANT USER: 123abc
      CLOUDANT PASS: 123abc
      CLOUDANT PARSED DATABASE: parsed
      CLOUDANT PROCESSED DATABASE: processed
      CURRENT_NAMESPACE: user_dev
      SENDGRID_API_KEY: 123abc
      SENDGRID_FROM_ADDRESS: user@example.org
```

parse-check-with-ocr:

inputs:

CLOUDANT_USER: 123abc CLOUDANT_PASS: 123abc

CLOUDANT_AUDITED_DATABASE: audited

id: 123abc

991 **Event Sources**

- OpenWhisk is designed to work with any Event Source, either directly via published APIs from
- the Event Source's service or indirectly through Feed services that act as an Event Source on
- behalf of a service. This section documents some of these Event Sources and/or Feeds using this
- specification's schema.

Curated Feeds

- The following Feeds are supported by the Apache OpenWhisk platform. They are considered
- 998 "curated" since they are maintained alongside the Apache OpenWhisk open source code to
- 999 guarantee compatibility. More information on curated feeds can be found here:
- 1000 https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk/blob/master/docs/feeds.md.

1001 Alarms

- The /whisk.system/alarms package can be used to fire a trigger at a specified frequency. This
- 1003 is useful for setting up recurring jobs or tasks, such as invoking a system backup action every
- 1004 hour.

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1005 Package Manifest

1006 The "alarms" Package Manifest would appear as follows:

```
# shared system package providing the alarms feed action
alarms:
 version: 1.0
 license: Apache-2
 description: Alarms and periodic utility
 actions:
    alarm:
      function: action/alarm.js
      description: Fire trigger when alarm occurs
      feed: true
      inputs:
        package_endpoint:
          type: string
          description: The alarm provider endpoint with port
          type: string
          description: UNIX crontab syntax for firing trigger in
Coordinated Universal Time (UTC).
          required: true
        trigger payload:
          type: object
          description: The payload to pass to the Trigger, varies
          required: false
        maxTriggers:
          type: integer
          default: 1000
          required: false
```

feeds: location: TBD credential: TBD operations: CREATE: TBD **DELETE:** TBD action: alarm **Cloudant** The /whisk.system/cloudant package enables you to work with a Cloudant database. It includes the following actions and feeds. **Package Manifest** The "cloudant" Package Manifest would appear as follows: TBD **Public Sources** The following examples are Event Sources that can provide event data to OpenWhisk. We describe them here using this specification's schema. **GitHub WebHook** Note: the GitHub WebHook is documented here: https://developer.github.com/webhooks/. A sample description of the GitHub Event Source and its "create hook" API would appear as follows: TBD

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1023	Other Considerations
1024	Tooling interaction
1025	Using package manifest directly from GitHub
1026 1027 1028 1029	GitHub is an acknowledged as a popular repository for open source projects which may include OpenWhisk Packages along with code for Actions and Feeds. It is easily envisioned that the Package Manifest will commonly reference GitHub as a source for these artifacts; this specification will consider Github as being covered by the general Catalog use case.
1030	Using package manifest in archive (e.g., ZIP) file
1031 1032 1033 1034	Compressed packaging, including popular ZIP tools, is a common occurrence for popular distribution of code which we envision will work well with OpenWhisk Packages; however, at this time, there is no formal description of its use or interaction. We leave this for future consideration.
1035	Simplification of WebHook Integration
1036	Using RESTify
1037 1038 1039 1040 1041	One possible instance of a lightweight framework to build REST APIs in Nodejs to export WebHook functionality. See https://www.npmjs.com/package/restify RESTify (over Express) provides help in the areas of versioning, error handling (retry, abort) and content-negotiation. It also provides built in DTrace probes that identify application performance problems.
1042	Enablement of Debugging for DevOps
1043	Isolating and debugging "bad" Actions using (local) Docker
1044 1045 1046	Simulate Inputs at time of an Action failure/error condition, isolate it and run it in a "debug" mode.
1047 1048 1049 1050 1051 1052 1053	Considerations include, but are not limited to: Isolation on separate "debug" container Recreates "inputs" at time of failure Possibly recreates message queue state Provides additional stacktrace output Provides means to enable "debug" trace output Connectivity to "other" debug tooling
1054	Using software debugging (LLDB) frameworks
1055 1056 1057	This is a topic for future use cases and integrations. Specifically, working with LLDB frameworks will be considered. See http://lldb.llvm.org/ .

Named Errors

The following error types are supported by this specification:

Name	Error Type	Notes
CommandError	ERROR_COMMAND_FAILED	Only used in wskdeploy.go,
		RunCommand(),
		Which in turn is called by:
		• Deploy
		DeployWithCredentials
		 DeployProjectPathOnly
		 DeployManifestPathOnly
		 Undeploy
		 UndeplyWithCredentials
		 UndeployProjectPathOnly
		 UndeployManifestPathOnly
		which are all called directly by various
		integration tests (i.e.,
		sec/tests/integration
ErrorManifestFileNotFound	ERROR_MANIFEST_FILE_NOT_FOUND	Unable to locate the Manifest file at
		location provided.
YAMLFileReadError	ERROR_YAML_FILE_READ_ERROR	Unable to read the general YAML file (but
		file found at path provided).
YAMLFormatError	ROR_YAML_FORMAT_ERROR	YAML parser detected an error.
YAMLParserError	ERROR_YAML_PARSER_ERROR	The YAML Parser detected an error with
		more detailed line information.
WhiskClientError	ERROR_WHISK_CLIENT_ERROR	Error detected using the OpenWhisk
		Client (CLI)
Whisk Client Invalid Config Error	ERROR_WHISK_CLIENT_INVALID_CONFIG	One or more configuration values is
		missing or invalid:
		Auth key
		API Host
		 Namespace
ParameterTypeMismatchError	ERROR_YAML_PARAMETER_TYPE_MISMATCH	

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