# **Authorizers**

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### 1. Introduction

An Authorizer checks if an *Identity* is authorized to invoke a certain request.

The *DelegatingAuthorizerAction* tries to resolve an *AccessController* for the URL. If an *AccessController* could be resolved, its authorize (Request) method is used to authorize the request. If no AccessController could be found, the access to the request is granted for free.

The *DefaultAccessController* delegates the authorization to its *Authorizers*. Only when all *Authorizers* return true, the request is authorized.

## 2. PolicyAuthorizer

A *PolicyAuthorizer* uses *Policies* for authorizing. It returns true, when the current *Identity* has at least one *Role* for the requested URL.

#### 3. UsecaseAuthorizer

This *Authorizer* looks for the lenya.usecase request parameter and checks the usecase policy file for the *Role*s that are allowed to execute this usecase. The location of this file is defined using the configuration parameter which points to a URL:

```
<authorizer type="usecase">
   <parameter name="configuration"
     value="context://lenya/pubs/mypub/config/ac/usecase-policies.xml"/>
</authorizer>
```

The usecase policy file might look as follows:

## 4. WorkflowAuthorizer

The WorkflowAuthorizer is responsible for protecting workflow transitions. Therefore it

- looks for the lenya.event request parameter,
- determines the current state of the workflow instance, and
- checks if the event may be invoked by one of the current *Roles* in this state.

The WorkflowAuthorizer has no configuration options:

```
<authorizer type="workflow"/>
```