Access Controllers

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1. Introduction

An access controller can be used to authenticate entities and to authorize requests.

2. Defining the Role in lenya.roles

```
<role name="org.apache.lenya.cms.ac2.AccessController"
 shorthand="access-controller"
 default-class="org.apache.lenya.cms.ac2.BypassableAccessController"/>
```

3. Declaring an AccessController in cocoon.xconf

Each AccessController component needs a type that is attached to the role attribute, separated with a slash (/). This allows you to choose an AccessController in your publication in combination with the PublicationAccessControllerResolver. The following example shows the declaration of an AccessController with the type global:

4. Default Access Controller

The DefaultAccessController combines an <u>Authenticator</u>, a set of <u>Authorizers</u>, an <u>AccreditableManager</u> and a <u>PolicyManager</u> to perform these tasks.

4.1. Declaring an DefaultAccessController in cocoon.xconf

The DefaultAccessController configuration includes the configuration of its sub-components, as you see in the following example:

```
<component logger="lenya.ac.accesscontroller.global"
class="org.apache.lenya.cms.ac2.DefaultAccessController"
role="org.apache.lenya.cms.ac2.AccessController/global">
```

5. Bypassable Access Controller

The BypassableAccessController is a DefaultAccessController that can be bypassed for certain URL patterns. For URLs that match those patterns (regular expressions), access is granted for free.

5.1. Declaring an DefaultAccessController in cocoon.xconf

In addition to the DefaultAccessController, the BypassableAccessController allows the definition of a regular expresssion for the public URL patterns: