# **Access Controllers**

# **Table of contents**

|   | 2 |
|---|---|
| 2 Defining the Role in lenya.roles              | 2 |
| 3 Declaring an AccessController in cocoon.xconf |   |
| 4 Default Access Controller                     |   |
| 5 Bypassable Access Controller                  |   |
| 6 Customizing Access Control.                   |   |

#### 1. Introduction

An AccessController has the responsibility to authenticate clients and to authorize requests.

## 2. Defining the Role in lenya.roles

```
<role name="org.apache.lenya.ac.AccessController"
    shorthand="access-controller"
    default-class="org.apache.lenya.ac.impl.BypassableAccessController"/>
```

## 3. Declaring an AccessController in cocoon.xconf

Each *AccessController* component needs a type that is attached to the role attribute, separated with a slash (/). This allows you to choose an *AccessController* in your publication in combination with the Publication AccessControllerResolver (accesscontrollerresolvers.html). The following example shows the declaration of an *AccessController* with the type *bypassable*:

```
<component logger="lenya.ac.accesscontroller.bypassable"
    class="org.apache.lenya.ac.impl.BypassableAccessController"
    role="org.apache.lenya.ac.AccessController/bypassable">
        ...
</component>
```

#### 4. Default Access Controller

The *DefaultAccessController* combines an <u>Authenticator</u> (authenticators.html), a set of <u>Authorizers</u> (authorizers.html), an <u>AccreditableManager</u> (accreditablemanagers.html) and a <u>PolicyManager</u> (policymanagers.html) to perform these tasks.

```
<component logger="lenya.ac.accesscontroller.default"
   class="org.apache.lenya.ac.impl.DefaultAccessController"
   role="org.apache.lenya.ac.AccessController/default"/>
```

# 5. Bypassable Access Controller

The *BypassableAccessController* is a *DefaultAccessController* that can be bypassed for certain URL patterns. For URLs that match those patterns (regular expressions), access is granted for free.

The *BypassableAccessController* allows the definition of a regular expression for the public URL patterns:

## 6. Customizing Access Control

How can I store my users in a database?

You have to implement a *UserManager* wich accesses the database to obtain the user information. Additionally, you have to implement an *AccreditableManager* which uses this *UserManager*. This *AccreditableManager* has to be declared in cocoon.xconf and assigned to your *AccessController* in lenya/pubs/mypub/config/ac/ac.xconf.