Modules

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1. Introduction

Modules are packages providing a certain set of resources or functionality.

Examples:

- a resource type (e.g., docbook module)
- a repository implementation (e.g., jdbc module)
- a collection of XSLTs (e.g., content2svg module)

Some modules are included in the Lenya distribution:

- **lucene** search functionality
- **sitetree** manage documents in a tree-like structure
- jcr store content in a <u>JCR</u> (http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=170) repository
- **xhtml** XHTML-based resource type
- **links** resource type to manage link lists
- lenyadoc adds the lenyadoc://protocol

2. Implementing a module

All resources of a module are located in a single directory. The following is an example directory structure, all files are optional and depend on the nature of the module.

```
nymodule/
config/ configuration files
  cocoon-xconf/ patches for cocoon.xconf
  components.xconf
usecases/
  mymodule.jx usecase view
java/
  src/ Java source files
  lib/ Java libraries
  xslt/ XSLT stylesheets
  sitemap ymap
  main module sitemap
```

To add a module to your Lenya installation, declare it in local.build.properties:

modules.root.dirs=src/modules:src/webapp/lenya/pubs/default/modules:/home/john/modules/mymodule

When the module is deployed, the following steps are executed:

- the module files are copied to context://lenya/modules
- Java sources are compiled, libraries are installed
- cocoon.xconf is patched

3. Implementing Usecases in Modules

3.1. Declaring the Usecase

For example, imagine you implement a newsletter module, containing a send usecase. To declare usecases, add a patch file for cocoon.xconf, for instance newsletter/config/cocoon-xconf/usecases.xconf:

</xconf>

As you can see in the view declaration, the JX templates are typically stored in the <module>/usecases directory. The Java source files go into the <module>/java/src directory, they are compiled automatically by the Lenya build process.

3.2. Calling the Module Sitemap

The following URL syntax is used to make a call to a module sitemap:

```
cocoon://modules/<module>/**
```

The module sitemap is located at newsletter/sitemap.xmap. To request the latest newsletter and display it on the confirmation screen using the CInclude approach (for more information, see documentation about the usecase framework), you could for instance use the URI cocoon://modules/newsletter/latestNewsletter.xml:

Another useful option is to use a module URL as the usecase view, e.g. to export some XML. Note that the attribute uri is used instead of template. The usecase class DummyUsecase can be used because no Java code shall be executed.

3.3. Adding Menu Items

A module can provide menu items which are added to the publication menu. To insert the menu items of a module, you have to add the module declaration to publication.xconf:

```
<publication>
   ...
   <module name="newsletter"/>
   ...
</publication>
```

If there is a menus.xmap sitemap in the module's root directory, a request of the form <area>.xml is sent into this sitemap. The matching pipeline could look like this:

```
<map:match pattern="**">
    <map:generate type="serverpages" src="config/menu.xsp"/>
    <map:serialize type="xml"/>
</map:match>
```

The server page <module>/config/menu.xsp delivers a menu XML which includes the items to be inserted: