Authorizers

by Lenya community

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1. Introduction

An Authorizer checks if an *Identity* is authorized to invoke a certain request.

The *DelegatingAuthorizerAction* tries to resolve an *AccessController* for the URL. If an *AccessController* could be resolved, its authorize (Request) method is used to authorize the request. If no AccessController could be found, the access to the request is granted for free.

The *DefaultAccessController* delegates the authorization to its *Authorizers*. Only when all *Authorizers* return true, the request is authorized.

2. PolicyAuthorizer

A *PolicyAuthorizer* uses *Policies* for authorizing. It returns true, when the current *Identity* has at least one *Role* for the requested URL.

3. UsecaseAuthorizer

This Authorizer looks for the lenya. usecase request parameter and checks the usecase policy file for the Roles that are allowed to execute this usecase. The location of this file is defined using the configuration parameter which points to a URL:

```
<authorizer type="usecase">
   <parameter name="configuration"
     value="context:///lenya/pubs/mypub/config/ac/usecase-policies.xml"/>
</authorizer>
```

The usecase policy file might look as follows:

4. WorkflowAuthorizer

The WorkflowAuthorizer is responsible for protecting workflow transitions. Therefore it

- looks for the lenya.event request parameter,
- determines the current state of the workflow instance, and
- checks if the event may be invoked by one of the current *Roles* in this state.

The WorkflowAuthorizer has no configuration options:

```
<authorizer type="workflow"/>
```