

The Usecase Framework

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1. Introduction

The *usecase framework* in Lenya 1.4 is a simple framework to implement usecases using JX templates and Java. This approach is an "85% solution". It enables the user to implement a big range of common usecases.

Note:

Some special complex usecases might require a custom flowscript, in this case you can't use this framework.

2. Directory Structure

2.1. The Lenya Core

\$LENYA_WEBAPP		
/lenya/usecases		usecase-related files
/usecase.xmap		usecase dispatching sitemap
/usecases.js		flowscript for usecase control flow
/admin		Lenya admin usecases
/addUser.jx		JX templates for usecase views
...		more Lenya core usecases

2.2. Your Publication

\$PUB_HOME		
/lenya/usecases		usecase-related files
/editHeadline.jx		JX templates for usecase views
/java/src/...		usecase handler classes

3. Architecture

A usecase request - denoted by the request parameter *lenya.usecase* - is dispatched by

`$LENYA_WEBAPP/lenya/usecases/usecase.xmap`. All usecases are handled by a single flowscript

`$LENYA_WEBAPP/lenya/usecases/usecases.js`. This keeps javascript maintenance costs at a minimum.

The flowscript `usecases.js` determines the usecase handler class using the

`org.apache.lenya.cms.usecase.UsecaseResolver`. All business code operations are delegated to the usecase handler class.

Usecase framework architecture

4. The Contract Between Flowscript And Usecase Handler

The usecase handler class has to implement the interface `org.apache.lenya.cms.usecase.Usecase`. The methods of this interface are called in a certain order when the usecase is invoked:

1. `setup(String sourceUrl, Situation situation);` Initializes the handler.
2. `isInteractive()` Asks if the usecase is interactive, i.e. if a confirmation screen should be presented to the user.
3. `checkPreconditions()` This allows the handler to check if the usecase may be invoked in this situation.

5. Implementing a Custom Usecase

5.1. Prerequisites

1. Choose a name to identify the usecase, e.g. `editHeadline`. It is possible to group usecases using "." as delimiter, for instance *article.editHeadline*.

5.2. Add a Menu Item

Note:

This step is necessary if you want to call the usecase from the Lenya menubar.

1. Add the corresponding menu item:

```
<item uc:usecase="article.editHeadline">Edit Headline</item>
```

5.3. Implement the Usecase Handler Class

1. Choose a name for your business logic class, e.g. `org.myproject.lenya.usecases.EditHeadline`.
2. The class must implement the interface `org.apache.lenya.cms.usecase.Usecase`.
3. To simplify development, you can extend one of the following classes:
 - `org.apache.lenya.cms.usecase.AbstractUsecase`
 - `org.apache.lenya.cms.usecase.DocumentUsecase` (only for usecases invoked on document pages)
 - `org.apache.lenya.cms.usecase.SiteUsecase`

They have built-in support for the unit-of-work pattern (which will evolve into an ACID transaction someday) as well as functionality specific to the area they are supposed to be used with, e.g. the site area.

4. Add the usecase handler class declaration to an XPatch file, e.g. `$PUB_HOME/config/usecases.xconf`:

```
<xconf xpath="/cocoon/usecases" unless="/cocoon/usecases/component-instance[@name =
'article.editHeadline']">
  <component-instance name="article.editHeadline"
                      logger="lenya.usecases.editHeadline"
                      class="org.myproject.lenya.usecases.EditHeadline"/>
</xconf>
```

5.4. Implement the View

1. The view for a usecase is implemented using a JX template.
2. The output of the view has to be a Lenya page:

```
<page:page
  xmlns:jx="http://apache.org/cocoon/templates/jx/1.0"
  xmlns:page="http://apache.org/cocoon/lenya/cms-page/1.0"
  xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
  xmlns:il8n="http://apache.org/cocoon/il8n/2.1"
>

  <page:title><il8n:text>Edit Headline</il8n:text></page:title>
  <page:body>

    <form>
      <input type="hidden" name="lenya.continuation" value="{continuation.id}"/>
      <input type="hidden" name="lenya.usecase"
value="{request.getParameter('lenya.usecase')}" />

      ...

    </form>

  </page:body>
</page:page>
```

3. Take care of adding the hidden `lenya.usecase` and `lenya.continuation` fields as shown above.
4. The template has to be located at `$PUB_HOME/lenya/usecases/<usecase>.jx` (replace `.` with `/`), for instance

6. Overriding Core Usecases in Publications

6.1. Overriding Usecase Handler Classes

The usecase resolver, which is responsible for obtaining the handler class for a usecase, looks first if the current publication

overrides the core usecase handler. This can be done by declaring a usecase called `<pub-id>/<usecase-name>`, for instance `mypub/admin.addUser`. To implement a core usecase using a custom handler class, you need to

1. Implement the handler class and put it in `$PUB_HOME/java/src`. In most cases, you will extend the core usecase handler class to inherit the basic functionality.

2. Declare it in an *xpatch* file, for instance `$PUB_HOME/config/usecases.xconf`:

```
<xconf xpath="/cocoon/usecases" unless="/cocoon/usecases/component-instance[@name =
'mypub/admin.addUser']">
  <component-instance name="mypub/admin.addUser"
                      logger="lenya.usecases.editHeadline"
                      class="org.myproject.lenya.usecases.AddUser"/>
</xconf>
```

Now, when the usecase is invoked from inside the publication `mypub`, the custom handler class will be used.

6.2. Overriding JX Templates

Overriding the JX template of a usecase follows the [publication templating](#) (`../publication-templating/index.html`) principle. You just have to put a JX template with the same name in `$PUB_HOME/lenya/usecases`, for instance `$PUB_HOME/lenya/usecases/admin/addUser.jx`.