# **Basic Terms**

# **Table of contents**

1 Role	2	2
2 Identifiable		
3 Identity		
4 Accreditable		
5 Credential		
6 Policy		
J		

#### 1. Role

*Roles* are the connection between access control and CMS functionality. On the access control side, you assign *Roles* to users, IP address ranges and groups at certain URL spaces. On the CMS side, you define which *Roles* are needed to execute certain usecases and workflow transitions. If the client has a certain *Role*, this means he is allowed to do something.

Each Role has a unique name. Role names can be arbitrary strings. Examples are

- author
- reviewer
- admin

Another common approach and useful is to use verbs as role names:

- edit
- review
- administrate

### 2. Identifiable

An *Identifiable* is a characteristic of the client that can be identified. Every *Identifiable* is *Accreditable*. Lenya currently supports the following *Identifiables*:

- users
- machines
- the world (this idenitifiable is assigned to every client that tries to access the system)

## 3. Identity

An *Identity* is the collection of all *Identifiable*s that have access to the system in the current session. The *Identity* always contains the world and the machine that produced the request. If you logged in, the user is also contained in the *Identity*.

For instance, if you log in from the machine 192.168.0.16 as the user john, the *Identity* of the client contains

- the machine 192.168.0.16,
- the user john, and
- the world.

## 4. Accreditable

An *Accreditable* can be accredited with *Roles* in *Policies*. Lenya currently supports the following *Accreditables*:

- users
- machines (accredition not implemented, use IP ranges instead)
- IP address ranges
- the world
- groups

### 5. Credential

A Credential assigns a set of Roles to an Accreditable, e.g.:

 news\_editors: editor, reviewer means "The group news\_editors has the Roles editor and reviewer."

## 6. Policy

A *Policy* defines a set of *Credentials* for a certain URL. It has the responsibility to return all *Roles* of an *Accreditable* at a certain URL.

If for instance the *Policy* for the URL /tv/news contains the *Credentials* 

- news\_editors: editor, reviewer
- john: admin
- 192.168.0.72: visitor

and user john belongs to the group news\_editors and has logged in from the machine 192.168.0.72, the *Policy* returns the *Roles* editor, reviewer, admin, visitor for the *Accreditable* john.

A *Policy* may not contain invalid *Accreditables*. E.g., if a user is deleted and another user with the same ID is created, he may not get the same privileges as the former one.