# <u>Proposal: Asynchronous Sending for RemoteSyslogAppender in log4net</u>

#### **Summary:**

This document proposes an enhancement to the RemoteSyslogAppender in Apache log4net to resolve severe performance degradation observed under high load conditions due to synchronous network I/O.

#### **Problem Statement:**

When using RemoteSyslogAppender in log4net version **3.1.0.0**, we observed **significant performance degradation** under load, particularly during high throughput API requests in a production-scale ASP.NET application.

#### **Symptoms:**

- API response time increases drastically with RemoteSyslogAppender enabled.
- When the appender is disabled, APIs perform consistently faster.
- The bottleneck was traced to the following line in the Append() method:
   Client.SendAsync(buffer, buffer.Length, RemoteEndPoint).Wait();

#### **Root Cause:**

- This line blocks the thread by waiting on an asynchronous UDP send operation.
- In high-load scenarios, this creates thread contention, as logging becomes I/Obound and synchronous.
- UDP is inherently unreliable and fast; blocking to wait for its completion defeats the purpose and affects overall throughput.

#### **Proposed Solution:**

Refactor the RemoteSyslogAppender to **decouple** the UDP send operation from the calling thread by using a **producer-consumer pattern** backed by BlockingCollection<br/>
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#### **Key Enhancements:**

- Asynchronous Background Worker: A background task consumes queued log messages and sends them via UDP.
- 2. **Non-blocking Logging Path**: Append() only queues the message—does not wait for UDP transmission.

3. **Graceful Shutdown**: Ensures buffered logs are flushed before shutdown.

#### **Code Changes:**

```
private readonly BlockingCollection<byte[]> sendQueue = new();
private CancellationTokenSource? cts;
private Task? _pumpTask;
public override void ActivateOptions()
{
  base.ActivateOptions();
  _cts = new CancellationTokenSource();
  _pumpTask = Task.Run(() => ProcessQueueAsync(_cts.Token), CancellationToken.None);
}
protected override void OnClose()
{
  _cts?.Cancel();
  _pumpTask?.Wait(TimeSpan.FromSeconds(5));
  base.OnClose();
}
protected override void Append(LoggingEvent loggingEvent)
  var buffer = FormatMessage(loggingEvent); // Assuming your existing logic
  _sendQueue.Add(buffer);
}
private async Task ProcessQueueAsync(CancellationToken token)
{
  using (var udp = new UdpClient())
```

```
{
    udp.Connect(RemoteAddress?.ToString(), RemotePort);
    try
      while (!token.IsCancellationRequested)
      {
        var datagram = _sendQueue.Take(token);
        try
        {
           await udp.SendAsync(datagram, datagram.Length);
        }
        catch (Exception ex) when (!ex.IsFatal())
        {
           ErrorHandler.Error("RemoteSyslogAppender: send failed", ex,
ErrorCode.WriteFailure);
        }
      }
    }
    catch (OperationCanceledException)
    {
      while (_sendQueue.TryTake(out var leftover))
      {
        try { await udp.SendAsync(leftover, leftover.Length); } catch { }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

#### **Technical Justification:**

- BlockingCollection<T> with a dedicated task ensures high throughput and thread safety.
- UdpClient.SendAsync() is naturally asynchronous and works well in an async context.
- This pattern avoids .Wait() and prevents thread pool starvation under high loads.
- Maintains the contract of RemoteSyslogAppender without changing external behavior.

#### **Performance Evidence:**

#### **Environment:**

- .NET framework 4.7.2 application
- log4net 3.1.0.0
- Remote syslog server running on a separate host
- Load test using Apache JMeter with 200 concurrent users

## **Test Configuration**

• Tool: Apache JMeter

• API Endpoint: High-throughput production endpoint

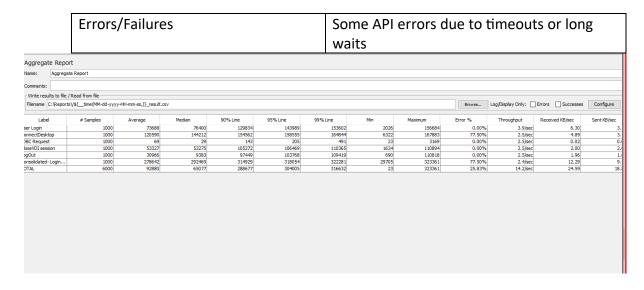
• Threads: 1000

• Ramp-Up Period: 100 seconds

Request Rate: 10 requests/second

# Scenario 1: **Default log4net with RemoteSyslogAppender Enabled** (Synchronous.Wait())

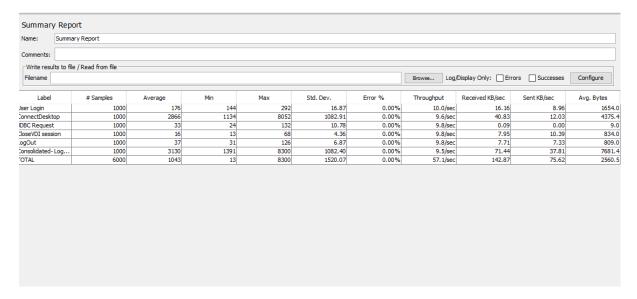
Metric	Value
Average Response Time	120590
Minimum Response Time	6322
Maximum Response Time	167883



Issues Observed: RemoteSyslogAppender causes the API thread to block due to .Wait(), resulting in slow responses.

Scenario 2: log4net with Asynchronous RemoteSyslogAppender (Proposed Change)

Metric (for major api	Value
ConnectDesktop call)	
Average Response Time	2866
Minimum Response Time	1134
Maximum Response Time	8052
Errors/Failures	Some API errors due to long waits



Observation:

Avg, min max time taken is improved and less with With Async Queueing 10req/sec (thread 1000, ramp up 100sec) as compare to results with the Default log4net (sync .Wait())

### **Summary:**

The proposed update improves the performance and responsiveness of applications using RemoteSyslogAppender, especially under load. By adopting an asynchronous, queue-based architecture, we eliminate the unnecessary blocking behavior caused by .Wait(), aligning better with modern asynchronous .NET patterns.

#### **Next Steps:**

We respectfully request the following actions from the log4net maintainers:

- Review the proposed enhancement for performance improvement in RemoteSyslogAppender.
- Verify compatibility with existing appender behavior.
- Incorporate the fix in the next official release of log4net.