UIMA-based Annotation Type System for a Text Mining Architecture

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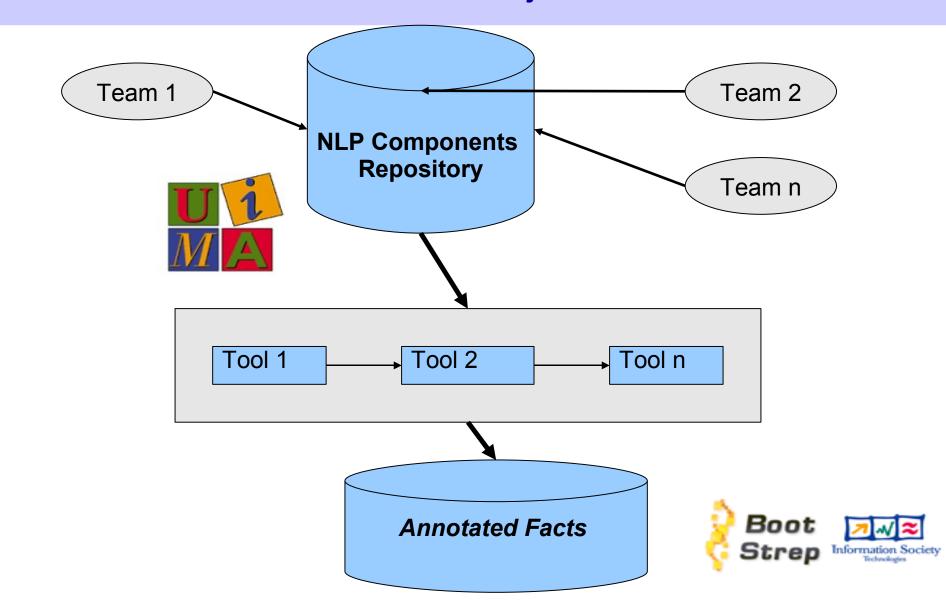




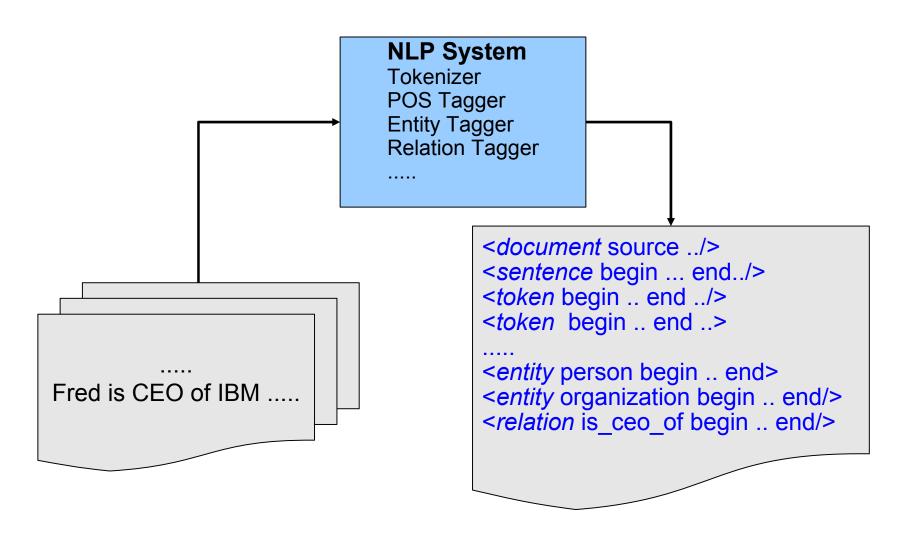


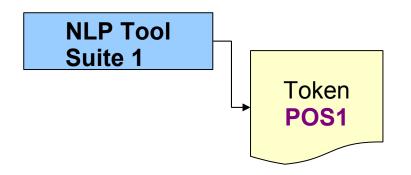
BOOTStrep NLP Infrastructure

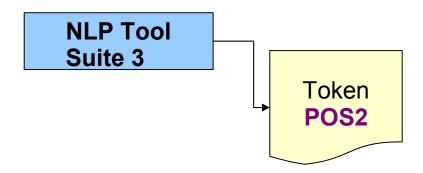
Bootstrapping Of Ontologies and Terminologies STrategic REsearch Project

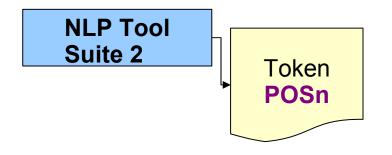


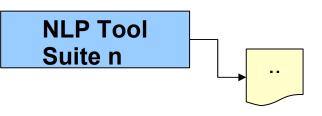
Annotation in Natural Language Processing (NLP)

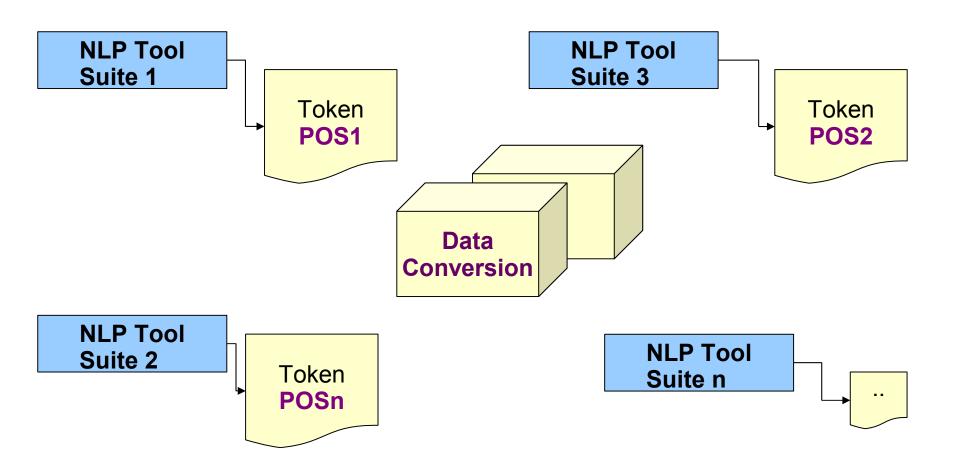










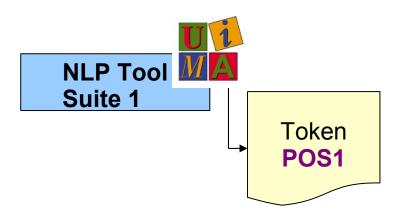


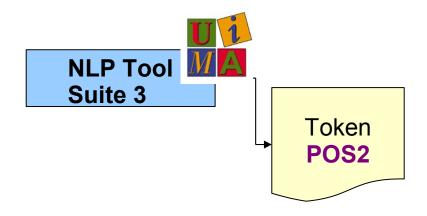
Advantages of the UIMA Framework

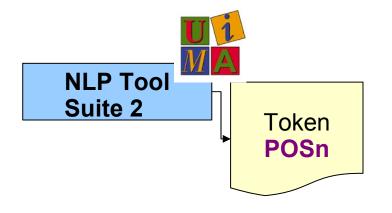
Interoperability between NLP systems

- Portability of components
- Flexible exchange of components

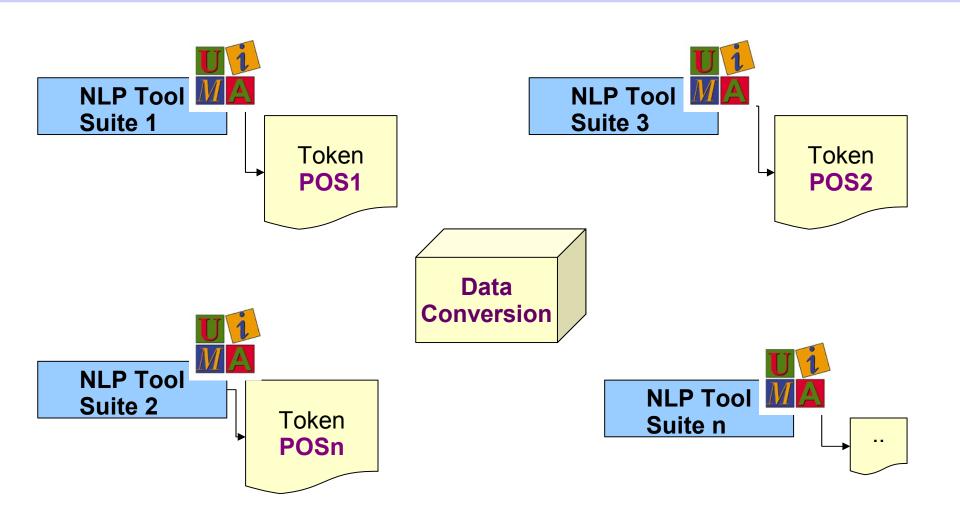


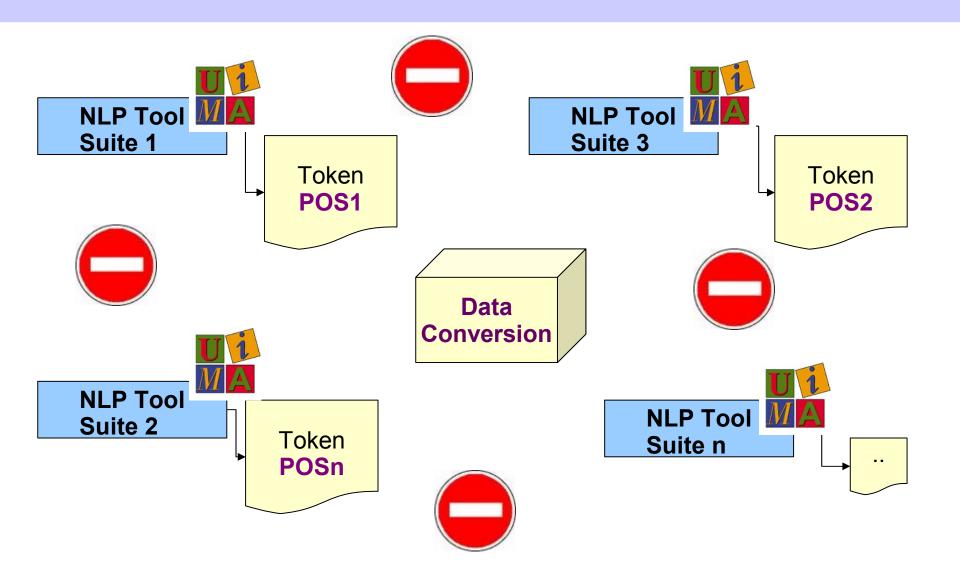












Advantages of the UIMA Framework

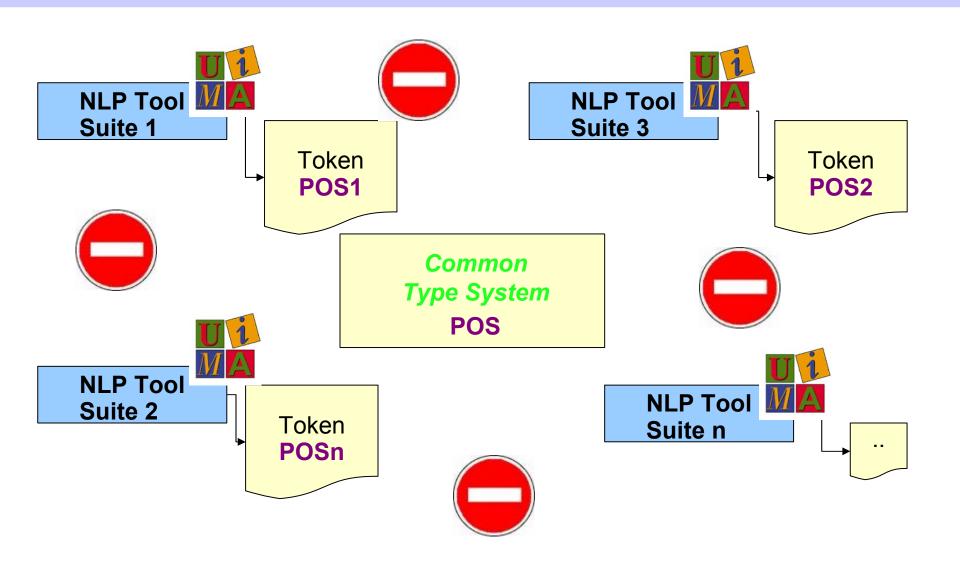
Interoperability between NLP systems

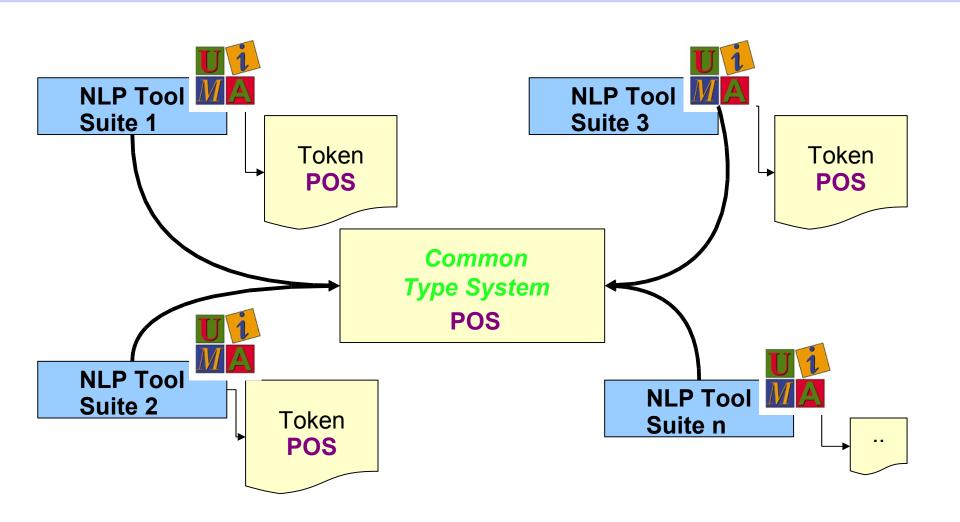
- Portability of components
- Flexible exchange of components

Exchange of components in UIMA

- Adaptation Efforts
 - Over-write Wrappers
 - Create Matching Files

Define a Common Annotation Type
 System in advance





Advantages of the UIMA Framework

Interoperability between NLP systems

- Portability of components
- Flexible exchange of components

Design of an Annotation Type System

Requirements from various NLP teams

Annotation guidelines and schemata

Requirements for an Annotation Type System

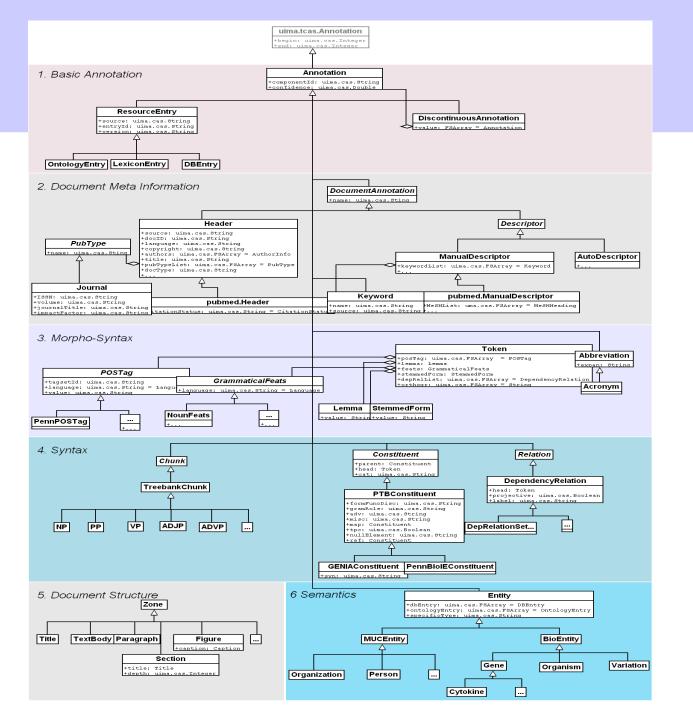
- Broad coverage for the information extraction
- Compatible to "standard" NLP annotation schemata
- Definition of the core type system which is extensible
- Using UIMA specific features
 - Multiple annotation of the same type
 - Annotation control through the restriction of values

Annotation Guidelines & Schemata Corpus Annotation

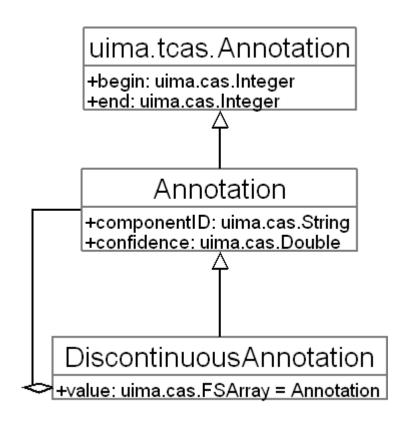
- Annotation languages (e.g. XML (in-line, stand-off))
- Annotation levels:
 - Document Meta (e.g. Dublin Core Metadata Initiative)
 - Linguistic Analysis (e.g. TEI, XCES (EAGLES), Penn Treebank)
 - Semantic Analysis (e.g. MUC, ACE, GENIA)
- NLP system annotation guidelines?

Coverage Multi-Layered Annotation Type System

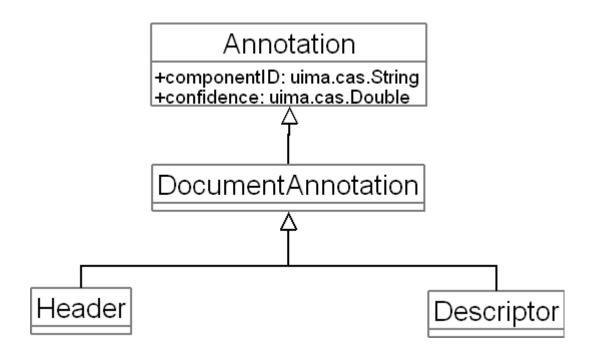
- 1. Document Meta: author, publication data, source
- 2. Document Structure & Style: title, sections, text bold
- 3. Morpho-Syntax: token, part-of speech, lemma
- 4. Syntax: chunks, constituents, dependency relations
- 5. Semantics: entities, relations, events
- 6. Discourse: anaphora



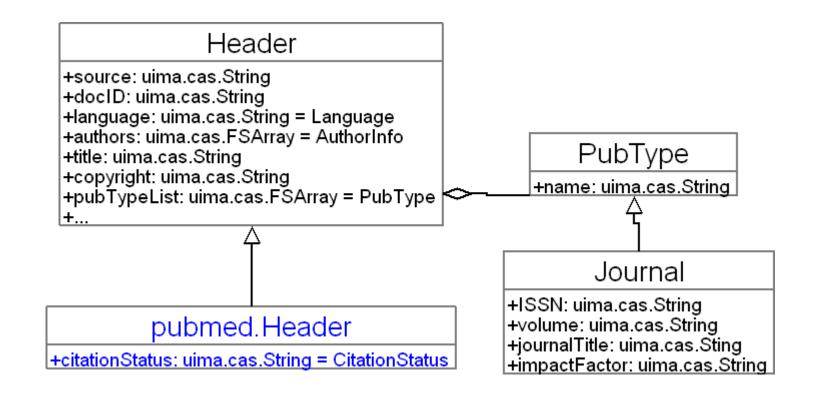
Basic Annotation Type



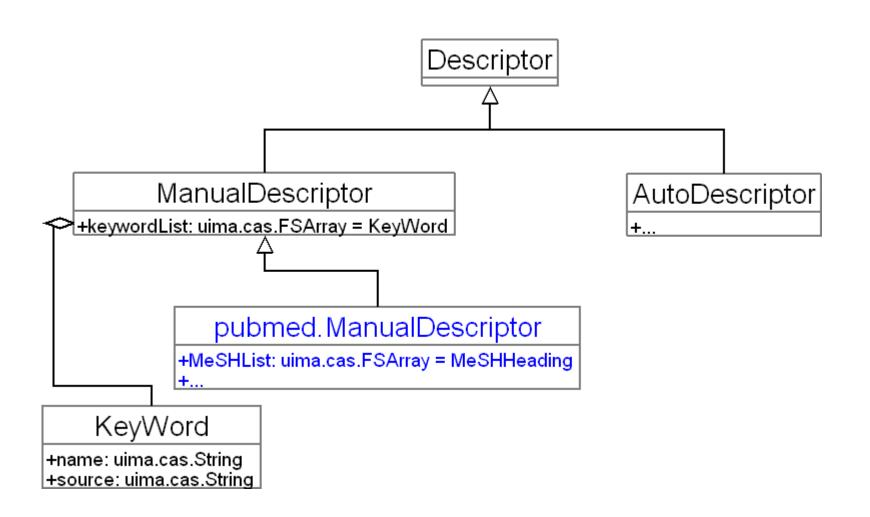
Document Meta



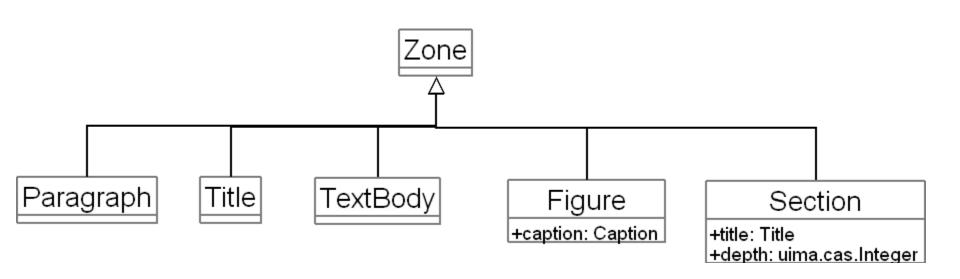
Document Meta Information I



Document Meta Information II



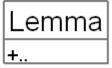
Document Structure



Morpho-Syntax









GrammaticalFeats +.. StemmedForm +.. Acronym +..

Morpho-Syntax I

Token

+posTag: uima.cas.FSArray = POSTag

+feats: GrammaticalFeats

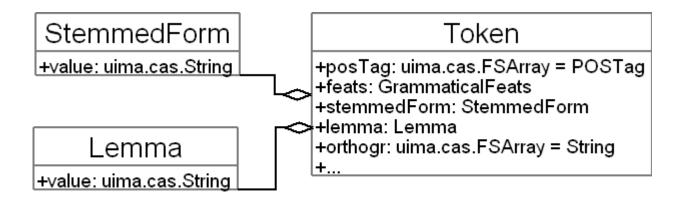
+stemmedForm: StemmedForm

+lemma: Lemma

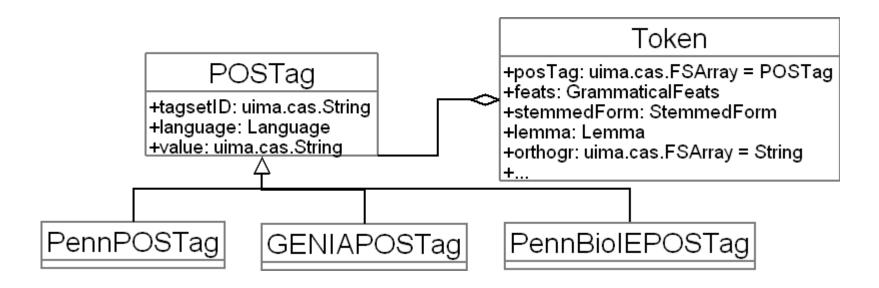
+orthogr: uima.cas.FSArray = String

+...

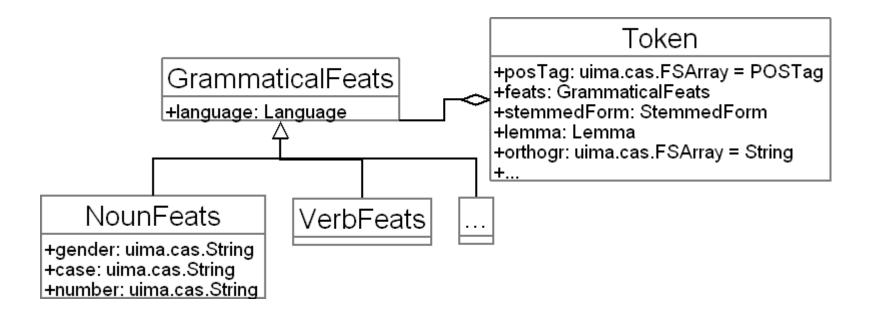
Morpho-Syntax II



Morpho-Syntax III



Morpho-Syntax IV



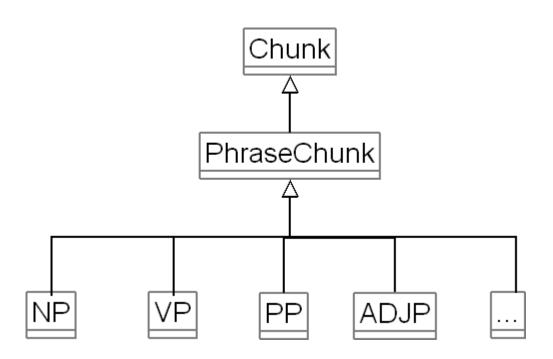
Syntax

Chunk

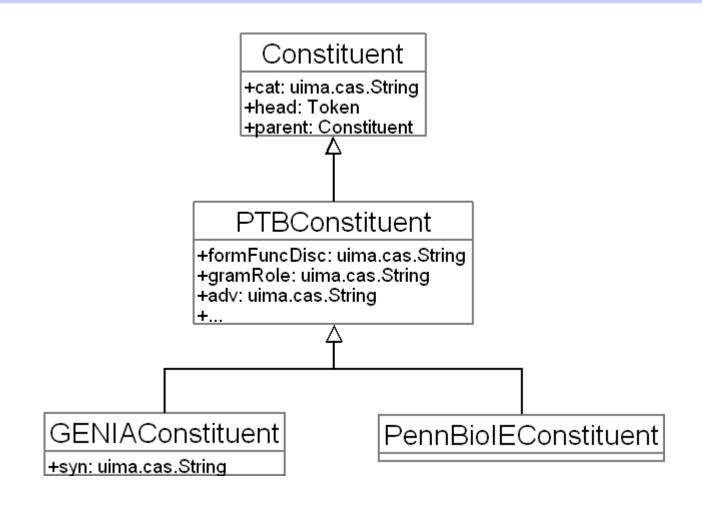
Constituent

DependencyRelation

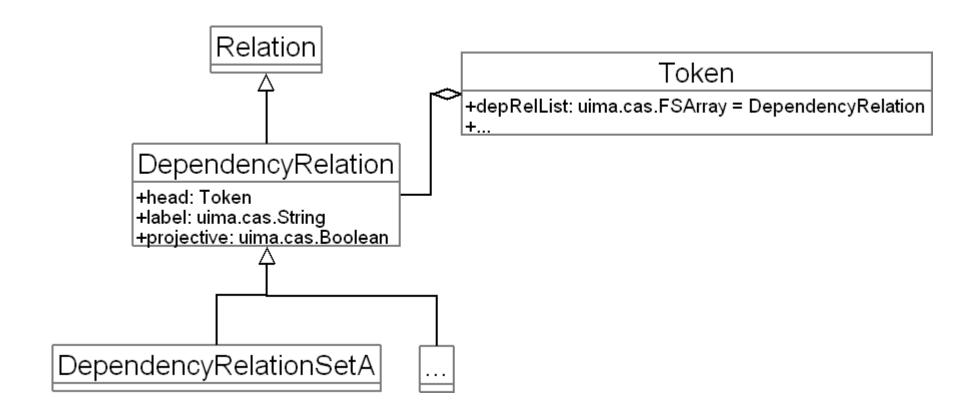
Shallow Parsing



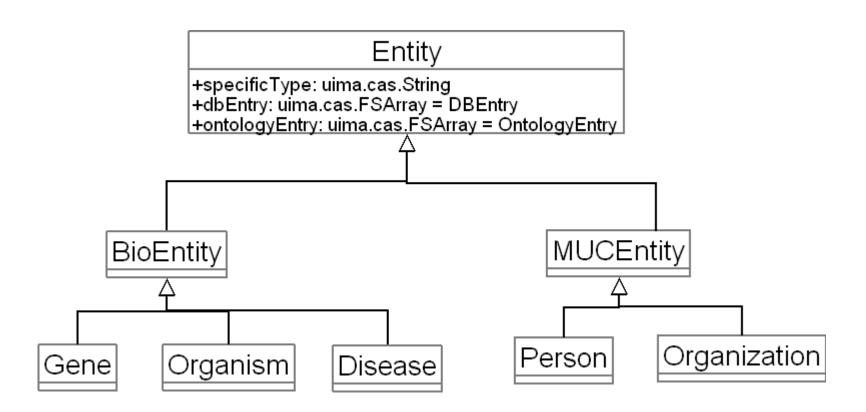
Full Parsing (constituent-based)



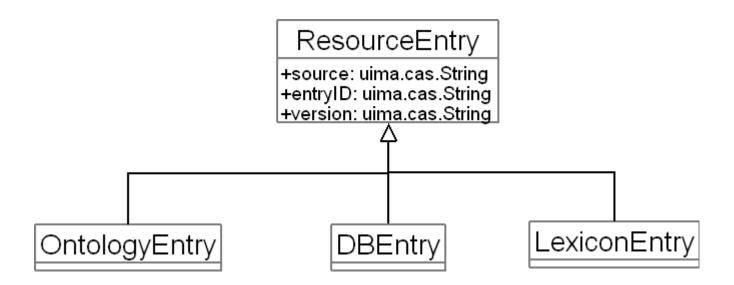
Full Parsing (dependency-based)



Semantics



Resource Connection



To wrap up ..

- Multi-layered annotation
- Core annotation type system
- Extended for the biomedical domain
- Can easily be extended for other domains
- Restriction of values for the annotation control
- Sub-Types for multiple annotation (e.g. POS, Chunk)
- Connection to external resources

Open Issues

- Performance measure of the type system
- Definitions:
 - Semantics (Relation, Event)
 - Discourse (Anaphora)

UIMA Annotation Type System Working Group?

Download: http://www.julielab.de/

Contact: buyko@coling-uni-jena.de





