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PCA
   · Objective. Encode high dimensional data into a lower dimensional space for amongs is and/or whitechion
  [x] = date set of N-dimensional rectors
   -> Subtract the mean from the dataset to get [m]
          M: = X: + mean ([x)
   - diagonalize covariance matrix (note that cov({m}) = cov({x}))
             u cov({x)) u = 1
                                              Note the book uses 2'= cov ( {x)
                                            diagonal Muticx
                          a eigenvectors of eigenvalue
   - form dataset [r] with
            r = UTmi = UT (x; - mean({x}))
   - mean of [r] is O, covariance is diagonal
          many or most of the diagonal entries
          in the covariance matrix are small
  Calculating the error:
    -> Clatapoint f; has of components, choose an S S+ S4d
           to represent 1; in lower (5) dimensions, our this P:
          enor: ~ [(v;-P;) (r;-P;))
                Pi = ri in components 0-3
               Pi=0 in components StI-d
           So enor = 1 51 51 (r; (i)) }
                      =\sum_{j=j+1}^{j+d}\left[\frac{1}{N}\sum_{i}\left(r_{i}^{(j)}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}\right]=\sum_{j=j+1}^{j+d}\operatorname{Var}\left(\left\{r_{i}^{(j)}\right\}\right)
                     j= δ
= Σ λ;
J= S+1
     Representing Data on Principal components
              x; = Up; + mean ( { x3)
        weigned sum of flist s columns of U
              \hat{\chi}_i = \sum_{j=1}^{3} W_{ij} U_{ij} + mean( \{x\})
              Wij= ri() = (x; - mean((x))) U;
        \hat{x}_{i} = mean({x3}) + \sum [u_{j}^{T}(x_{i} - mean(xx_{i}))] u_{j}
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