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RLI Corp. NYSE:RLI

FQ4 2010 Earnings Call Transcripts

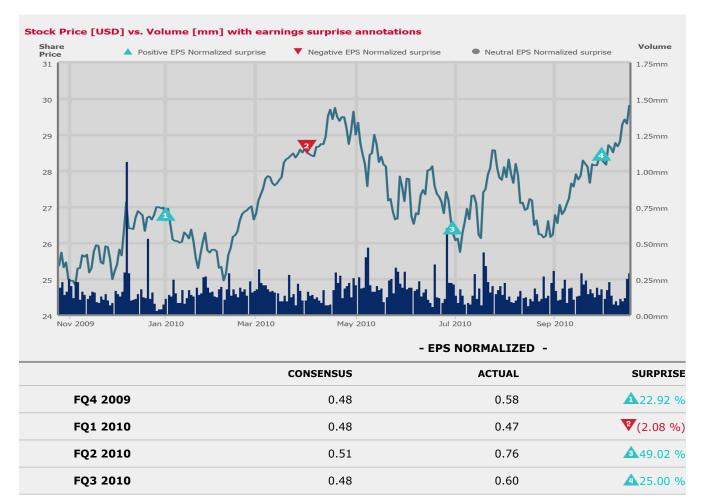
Tuesday, January 25, 2011 4:00 PM GMT

S&P Capital IQ Estimates

	-FQ4 2010-			-FQ1 2011-	-FY 2010-		
	CONSENSUS	ACTUAL	SURPRISE	CONSENSUS	CONSENSUS	ACTUAL	
EPS Normalized	0.49	0.83	△ 69.39	0.46	2.31	2.64	
Revenue (mm)	138.69	151.66	A 9.35	135.52	562.30	583.42	

Currency: USD

Consensus as of Jan-25-2011 2:02 PM GMT



Call Participants

EXECUTIVES

John E. Robison

Former Chief Investment Officer and Treasurer

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Michael J. Stone

Director

ANALYSTS

Bijan Moazami

FBR Capital Markets & Co., Research Division

Dean Evans

Keefe, Bruyette, & Woods, Inc., Research Division

John Helfst

Kenneth G. Billingsley

BGB Securities, Inc., Research Division

Matthew John Carletti

JMP Securities LLC, Research Division

Meyer Shields

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, Research Division

Michael Fitzgerald Grasher

Piper Jaffray Companies, Research Division

Presentation

Operator

Good morning, and welcome, ladies and gentlemen, to the RLI Corp. Fourth Quarter Earnings Teleconference. [Operator Instructions].

Before we get started, let me remind everyone that through the course of the teleconference, RLI management may make comments that reflect their intentions, beliefs and expectations for the future. As always, these forward-looking statements are subject to certain risk factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially. These risk factors are listed in the company's various SEC filings, including in the annual Form 10-K, which should be reviewed carefully. The company has filed a Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission that contains the press release announcing fourth quarter results.

RLI management may make reference during the call to operating earnings and earnings per share from operations, which are non-GAAP measures of financial results. RLI's operating earnings and earnings per share from operation costs consist of net earnings after the elimination of after-tax realized investment gains or losses. RLI's management believes this measure is useful in gauging core operating performance across reporting periods, but may not be comparable to other companies' definition of operating earnings. The Form 8-K contains reconciliation between operating earnings and net earnings. The Form 8-K and press release are available at the company's website at www.rlicorp.com.

At the request of the company, we will open the conference up for questions and answers following the presentation. I will now turn the conference over to RLI's Treasurer and Chief Investment Officer, Mr. John Robison. Please go ahead, sir.

John E. Robison

Former Chief Investment Officer and Treasurer

Thank you. Good morning to everyone. Welcome to the RLI earnings teleconference for the fourth quarter of 2010. Joining me for today's call are Jon Michael, President and CEO of RLI Corp.; Joe Dondanville, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer; and Mike Stone, President and Chief Operating Officer of RLI Insurance Company.

The format for the call is as follows: I'll give a brief review of the financial highlights and discuss the investment portfolio. Mike Stone will talk about the quarter's operations. Then we'll open the call up to questions, and Jon Michael will finish up with some closing comments.

Our fourth quarter operating earnings were \$1.66 per share, which on a per-share basis is a record for the fourth quarter. Included in this quarter's earnings are \$18.4 million in pretax favorable development and prior year's loss reserves, which came from all our segments. For the full year, our operating earnings were \$5.29 per share, an increase of 13% versus last year. The combined ratio for the fourth quarter was 76.3 and 80.7 for the full year.

Gross written premium were slightly higher year-over-year at \$636 million. While the premiums in our general liability book of business declined in 2010, we were able to offset this decline by new product initiatives, like crop and our geographical footprint expansions in surety. Comprehensive earnings were \$31 million for the quarter and \$146 million for the year. We had operating cash flows of \$12 million for the quarter and \$100 million for the year.

During the quarter, we announced and paid our first ever special dividend of \$7 per share. This was in addition to our regular dividend of \$0.29 per share. Our successful results translated into more capital than we could effectively use in the current insurance environment. However, effectively managing capital also means having the ability to act on opportunities for future growth, like the acquisition of CBIC announced in the fourth quarter as well.

We are in the early stages of the acquisition and expect the transaction to close at the end of the first quarter. We are excited to welcome the associates of CBIC into RLI, and believe the cultural fit will enable to combined organizations to succeed and create shareholder value.

Turning to the investment portfolio. As of December 31, our overall allocation was 80% in fixed income, 18% in equities and 2% in short-term investments. The total return on our investment portfolio for the fourth quarter was 0.2% and 7% for the full year.

For the quarter, our equity portfolio was up 9.2% and 13.9% for the full year. The bond portfolio had a negative return of 1.5% in the quarter and posted a 5.6% return for the full year. We had no OTTI charges for the quarter or the year. Investment income was basically flat year-over-year at \$67 million, and our tax equivalent book yield on the portfolio is roughly 4.7% with a duration of 4.6%. The overall bond portfolio quality is AA.

The U.S. equity market strengthened again in 2010 with solid returns in the fourth quarter. The fourth quarter rally was driven by stronger corporate earnings, improving economic data, optimism over the Fed's QE2 program and the passage of the tax cut extensions.

As we enter 2011, we are more confident on the recovery than we were a year ago and are slowly moving our equity allocation to our long-term target of 20%. We are maintaining a diversified, high-quality, dividend-oriented equity portfolio as we navigate through the year.

We anticipate that 2011 will have volatility, but believe that equities over the long term are a good investment to enhance shareholder value through diversification and book value growth. What the equity markets considered bullish, the bond market viewed as bearish. During the fourth quarter, intermediate and long-term interest rates increased as the bond market weighed the impact of rising federal debt levels and the potential for inflation down the road as the economy strengthens. Our portfolio remains positioned more defensively as we believe interest rates will continue to move higher.

During the year, we sold municipal securities at levels higher than what we are currently seeing in the marketplace today. While many could [ph] look attractive on a relative basis, we are cautiously reviewing opportunities and believe there may be a potential problem still yet to surface. While we anticipate interest rates moving higher over the next 18 months, we remain asset-liability matched and will continue to consider defensive measures such as shorter durations, coupons to step up over time and floating rate instruments, to name a few.

As always, our primary objective is preservation of capital to support insurance operations. During the quarter, we received a \$7.9 million dividend from Maui Jim. While Maui Jim does not have a formal dividend policy and future dividends cannot be effectively planned for, we continue to be very pleased with their performance.

Turning to capital management. No shares were repurchased during the fourth quarter as we opted to pay a special dividend of \$7 to our shareholders. We have roughly \$94 million remaining on our share repurchase authorization. As always, our priority is to find opportunities to enhance shareholder value. When we cannot use the excess capital, we return it to shareholders.

For the operations highlights, I will now turn the call over to Mike Stone. Mike?

Michael J. Stone

Director

Thanks, John. Good morning, everybody. Another excellent underwriting quarter and year in a very difficult economy and a soft insurance marketplace. Overall, combined ratio of 76 in the quarter and 80 for the year is excellent by any standard.

Look at our Casualty business, rates off on our Casualty products some 5%. But we've posted a combined ratio of 74% for the quarter, 83% for the year. In our general liability, our primary liability product, our biggest product over the last six or seven years is off some 15% gross written premium in the quarter and 15% year-to-date.

So our general liability, gross written premium is off some 50% off from its zenith in 2005. We've worked hard to fill in that gap, and I'll talk a little bit about that as we go on.

I want to switch to our executive products. That market is for some reason getting softer, and we saw renewed softening in the fourth quarter in that space. There's more markets, more competition, and we're being very careful as we underwrite in that space.

Also transportation, which I view as the industry's canary, still off. No signs of that moving up in the fourth quarter as rates are off some 3% in our transportation and our premiums off some 10% for the year. So we're letting business go. We believe that rates there are even softer than what we're seeing. We're willing to let business go that we believe holds little opportunity for our profit.

On a more positive note, our new endeavors are beginning to provide significant impact. Our design professionals provided some \$14 million worth of gross written premium as we build out that product. And late in the year, we initiated a package policy in that space and are now writing in some five states as we continue to grow this product.

In addition, our environmental and our REIT liability have contributed about \$4 million in gross written premium in the Casualty space. In Property, gross written premium up 13% for the year, combined ratio of 77% for the quarter, 81% for the year. Our E&S, our excess in surplus lines property had a very good year, helped by a benign CAT [ph] environment. Rates are off about 5% and gross written premium down about 5%.

In marine, gross written premiums off about 8% as we continue to re-underwrite this book, and we're starting to see some favorable trends but way too early to declare victory. We continue to manage this book carefully and conservatively as we drive towards underwriting profitability. New endeavors, crop provided some \$27 million worth of written premium for the year. And our facultative re [ph] provided some 15% in gross written premium for the year.

Surety, gross written premium flat for the quarter, up about 1% for the year. And we are seeing growth in our contract book, some 13% for the year, as we build out our geographic footprint in '09. We started seeing the benefit of that this year. We're watching this business very carefully as we know that in weak economies you can see loss trends move up. We haven't seen that yet, but we're watching this very carefully and watching our underwriters in our claim environment there.

Our account base commercial surety is up 17% for the year, as we've seen more opportunities through our geographic expansion, and that business is helped by our A+ rating from A.M. Best. We are going to see with the acquisition of CBIC continued growth in the surety space, and the addition of CBIC will make us a top 10 surety in the U.S.

Two final points. New products contributed some \$75 million worth of gross written premium for the year and continued to aid our top line as the year progressed. Our mix between Property, Casualty and Surety is now 50% Casualty, 35% Property and 15% Surety. A few years back, about 2005, Casualty represented some 70% of our business.

We move towards product areas where the market allows us to make an underwriting profit. Certainly, we'd like to get back to a 70% Casualty at some point in time if the market hardens the way it did back in early 2000s.

Our results are a testament to our field underwriters, who produce business every day with an eye toward future results and profitability. I congratulate them for this quarter and for the year. With that, turn it back to John.

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Thank you, Mike, for the update. We'd now like to open the call up to questions.

Question and Answer

Operator

[Operator Instructions] Our first question comes from Matt Carletti with JMP.

Matthew John Carletti

JMP Securities LLC, Research Division

My question's on the casualty accident year loss ratio. I'm just wondering if you could give a little bit more color. If I'm doing the math right, it looks like it went on kind of a year-to-date basis. You raised it a couple of points for the year last quarter and then brought it down by a point this quarter. So could you just give a little color on what you saw, what either transpired or didn't transpire that led you to bring it back down a little bit?

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Matt, this is Joe Dondanville. That lifted [ph] in the third quarter and a little bit of improvement came from the habitational growth in our GL, where we reacted in the third quarter, and we're seeing some changes in the underwriting that has taken place to moderate it a little bit.

Matthew John Carletti

JMP Securities LLC, Research Division

And then maybe taking that forward, thinking about where we should think about setting a pick for 2011. It was kind of where the year closed out. A decent starting point or do expect to see a tick up given that pricing is still down and you're trying to anticipate the forward year and what might transpire?

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Matt, I wish I could give you some specific guidance, but I can't. We're cautiously optimistic that things will improve in that particular segment. But we're not anticipating anything significant at this point.

Operator

Our next question comes from Bijan Moazami with FBR Capital Markets.

Bijan Moazami

FBR Capital Markets & Co., Research Division

First of all, could you guys talk about the CBIC acquisition and give us a little bit of guidance in terms of what we should be expecting in terms of top line and why this company? Why an acquisition in the Surety line?

Michael J. Stone

Director

Bijan, it's Mike Stone. I think we've talked about trying to bulk up, scale up our Surety business if an opportunity came along. We've had communication with CBIC over the, I don't know, past five years or so, culminating in this deal. We believe Surety is a great third leg to our stool. It's a bit countercyclical to the Property Casualty. It's typically more steady if you know what you're doing and underwrite it correctly. We think we got the right recipe in that space now. We've been through some bumps. We think we've learned our lessons, and we got great leadership. And this will help western expansion. They've got a significant footprint in miscellaneous Surety, which we believe's a great business. And they also provide us entree with a package policy into the contracting marketplace, something that we've looked at for some time, and this gives us a, quite a boost into that space. So we think, all in all, it's a great underwriting company. It's not something we have to go and fix. They've actually outperformed RLI, I believe, from a combined ratio

standpoint over a long period of time. And we just think it's a great opportunity for us as we try to build out our Surety and provide a package policy in the marketplace.

Bijan Moazami

FBR Capital Markets & Co., Research Division

In terms of reserve releases, could you point out what action is here and what specific products those reserve releases are coming from? And how's the 2008 and 2009 action in TRIA shaping up as compared to '05 to '07 period?

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Bijan, it's Joe Dondanville. 2009's kind of holding its own. We have not made any significant changes there. The releases are coming from 2008 and prior all the way back to 2000. And we had some assumed reinsurance prior to that 2000 in that later years that developed favorably. The lines include PUP, GL, transportation and our Executive Products Group.

Bijan Moazami

FBR Capital Markets & Co., Research Division

Have you guys seen any increase in litigation cost, especially bump of lawsuits on the D&O side?

Michael J. Stone

Director

I'm sorry, Bijan, did you say bump-up lawsuits in the EPG?

Bijan Moazami

FBR Capital Markets & Co., Research Division

In the D&O and also generally an increase in litigation cost.

Michael J. Stone

Director

Yes. We've seen a bit of increase in litigation costs. And I think the industry is starting to remark on that. We write a significant amount of Side A, where there's not a lot of litigation, not a lot of lawsuits [ph]. So our experience is a little thin, but we are seeing a little bit of that.

Bijan Moazami

FBR Capital Markets & Co., Research Division

And generally, the overall liability environment, is frequency and severity holding? Or is it deteriorating?

Michael J. Stone

Director

I'd say it's holding. We haven't seen anything that causes us an alarm on either the frequency or severity side.

Operator

[Operator Instructions] Our next question comes from Dean Evans with KBW.

Dean Evans

Keefe, Bruyette, & Woods, Inc., Research Division

I guess I was first wondering if we could touch a bit on capital management. Obviously, with the \$7 special dividend in the quarter, you did take some significant steps to address it. I guess I was just wondering if we could get a feel for going forward really what your thoughts are on the subject? How do you think about share repurchases, given where the current valuation of stock's trading at? I know John mentioned

you had about \$94 million remaining. Maybe if you have any color on how you think you'd be using that authorization.

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Jon Michael. We've said in the past that our preference is to use the capital. If we can't use it, we'll give it back. While we -- on the share repurchase program, on the margins, we may be more or less aggressive, depending on where the stock is valued. We don't really see it that way. We think if we are over-capitalized and can't use the capital, we should give it back. So that would be our first inclination there. As to special dividend, that's what they are. It was a onetime special dividend, and I can't predict that we'll do that again.

Dean Evans

Keefe, Bruyette, & Woods, Inc., Research Division

I guess my second question, kind of in a total different arena, but to touch back on the CBIC deal, can you sort of explain where that's going to be included in your segmentation and kind of how the -- you sort of mentioned briefly that they had as good as result as RLI going forward. But I guess within the segments, how are their loss ratios and expense ratios compare to what's already, there so we can think about modeling going forward?

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Yes, Dean, it's Joe Dondanville. The business is going to be split between the Surety segment, and their surety products will be included in ours and where they write the Commercial Package business, will be included in our Casualty lines. And as I think we mentioned before, we're not in a position where we're going to be telling you exactly what we think the results are going to be. But certainly, we think that it's an attractive acquisition.

Dean Evans

Keefe, Bruyette, & Woods, Inc., Research Division

So is it fair, I guess, for us to assume roughly in line with RLI's profitability when we model out?

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

I don't think that it's going deviate significantly versus our results.

Dean Evans

Keefe, Bruyette, & Woods, Inc., Research Division

Can you give reserve development numbers by segment? I'm not sure if I missed that or not.

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Yes, I've got those. For the quarter, it's \$23 million in total. About \$3 million in Property, which is favorable, which is marine driven. \$1.8 million in Surety and \$18 million in Casualty. And for the year, it's about \$77 million, of which \$5.5 million is Property, \$12 million is Surety and \$60 million is Casualty.

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Dean, this is Jon Michael. While we can't give you forward-looking advice on CBIC's results, remember what Mike said. Their results were better than or equal to our RLI's over a long period of time.

Operator

Our next question comes from Meyer Shields with Stifel, Nicolaus.

Meyer Shields

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, Research Division

Are CBIC's fourth quarter results available? Is that something you can share with us?

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

No. Their statutory filings will be completed by the 1st of March.

Meyer Shields

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, Research Division

And when we look at the new business that's helping the -- offset the declines in rates in the Casualty segment, is the fundamental possibility expectation the same for the Legacy business and the new initiative?

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

I'm not sure I understand, Meyer, exactly what -- do we expect the results to be the same? Do we expect...

Meyer Shields

Stifel, Nicolaus & Company, Incorporated, Research Division

Yes. In other words, is there ramp-up time or penalty?

Michael J. Stone

Director

Yes, I actually think that certainly as we ramp up our design professionals, we're going to be conservative as we look at that, as we book that. We think the results there, we think, in that space have been good. We think our actual results have been pretty good. But it's awful early as we build that business. So I think over time, we'll probably be able to look at the professional liability a little different than we look at the rest of the Casualty. Maybe it'll have its own trend, its own cycle, if you will. And that's kind of one of the things that attracts us to that space. It'll be a little bit different than our E&S business, if you will.

Operator

Our next question comes from Michael Grasher with Piper Jaffray.

Michael Fitzgerald Grasher

Piper Jaffray Companies, Research Division

Question I had, I guess, was just more or less around Maui Jim. In terms of the total dividend payouts relative to your initial investment in the company, if you could share a little bit more light on that.

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Mike, it's Joe Dondanville. We don't have those cumulative dividend numbers. But we are cash ahead in the amount that our basis was at the time of the merger in 1996. We've received more dividends over that period of time than what our original basis was.

Michael Fitzgerald Grasher

Piper Jaffray Companies, Research Division

Is it something we could get offline or...

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mike, it's Jon Michael. It's probably double our original invest -- well, It's a little bit more than our original investment, that's for sure. I think the number is about \$18 million. That you could pull off old annual reports when they paid. And I don't have the number in hand what our original investment is. But I thought it was about \$9 million.

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

No, I think it's about \$15 million. And I think our dividends are probably \$30 million or more.

Michael Fitzgerald Grasher

Piper Jaffray Companies, Research Division

Toward an annualized yield off of that investment, if that's possible to get too.

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

Well, I think we look at it more in a total equity and earnings standpoint, not just from a cash flow, in that they've made significant contributions to our overall results.

Operator

[Operator Instructions] Our next question comes from Ken Billingsley with BGB Securities.

Kenneth G. Billingsley

BGB Securities, Inc., Research Division

Just following up on a little bit of Meyer's question from a few questions ago. Excluding new endeavors, existing lines that you're writing, have you seen any increased exposures with existing clients? Or is there any new customer generation coming out of that? Or is most of the growth coming from new endeavors?

Michael J. Stone

Director

This is Mike Stone. Yes, most of the growth is coming from new endeavors. We're actually shrinking. I think our policy count is basically flat, but either the receipts, the payroll, whatever the exposure basis, has shrunk over the last couple of years. And a significant portion of our E&S business is contractors, and the construction space is weak. So that business is shrinking, and we're filling it in with new products.

Kenneth G. Billingsley

BGB Securities, Inc., Research Division

And are you seeing the same trends regarding rates that while they're still down, they are down less than before?

Michael J. Stone

Director

Yes, we think our Casualty rate's down about 5%. Probably, again, as I said last quarter, I think we're bumping along the bottom. But it doesn't seem to improve. We might get a month where there looks like there's a little bit improvement, and then the next month it's down. So we're not seeing steep declines other than in D&O space. And the rest of it's fairly -- zero to 5%.

Kenneth G. Billingsley

BGB Securities, Inc., Research Division

And on the competition side, are you seeing dramatic change in the terms and conditions or what people, maybe competitors, are willing to offer and that's having the customers go somewhere else? Or are you guys adjusting your terms and conditions to keep customers on board?

Michael J. Stone

Director

Well, I mean, we try to keep customers. So on the edges, yes, our deductibles are moderate, more moderate than they were in the Property side, for example. On the Casualty side, yes, we'll alter some, where we think on the edges that we still have an excellent opportunity for a profit. But the market's not where it was. Certainly to the extent that there's more competition by the standard markets by the sheer dint that they are standard, their terms and conditions are broader than the surplus line space. So we certainly, from that perspective, see an expansion in the terms and conditions that we're against and why we see shrinkage in that space. I mean, the distribution that we rely on in this space doesn't see a lot of that business today that they saw a year ago or two years ago because it's just being written by the standard lines companies, which by, like I said by the dint of being standard, they have broader terms and conditions.

Kenneth G. Billingsley

BGB Securities, Inc., Research Division

Last question is on a -- from a capital standpoint. Even post the special dividend, the underwriting leverage is still relatively low even compared to peers. Where do you feel comfortable taking that in the existing market with rates the way they are? And then obviously, if you start to have a hard market, where do you feel comfortable taking that?

Michael J. Stone

Director

It's Mike Stone, again. I think, just talk about the latter part of your question, I think at the heighth of the hard market in early 2000, we were about little north of 1:1, started getting pressure from the rating agencies when we got a little north of 1:1. Certainly we would be comfortable there. And we're not going to get there overnight unless something happens. But as we manage our capital, I think we've demonstrated that we're not unmindful of where we are, and we'll take reasonable steps along the way. And CBIC'll use a little bit. We're looking at other opportunities, and hopefully, as John said, we're able to put this capital to work. But ultimately, we'd certainly like to get to somewhere around 1:1.

Joseph E. Dondanville

Former Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President and Principal Accounting Officer

This is Joe Dondanville. I'd like to take a moment to clear up or have Jon Michael clear up Maui Jim.

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Yes, I might be getting old, but I'm not so old that I don't remember things. Our original investment in Maui Jim was \$13 million. We have received \$36 million in dividends to date from Maui Jim, and we currently carry that investment on our balance sheet at \$43 million. So those are the numbers.

Operator

We'll take our next question. Our next question comes from John Helfst with Schroder.

John Helfst

When you're investing in the equities are you trying to match the yields with comparable bond yields? Or are you willing to take a little bit lower yield?

John E. Robison

Former Chief Investment Officer and Treasurer

Yes, this is John Robison. We do have a tilt towards higher dividend stocks. We think it provides a little more stability in a volatile market, provides us investment income. We have taken advantage of some securities that are out there that have dividend yields that are similar to their bond yields. We think that's a good buying opportunity when we see pretty strong organizations that have that phenomenon going on.

But our overall equity portfolio does not match our bond portfolio's yields. But it is higher than the S&P 500.

John Helfst

And how big could you envision making that in the future, the equity mix?

John E. Robison

Former Chief Investment Officer and Treasurer

We typically -- a long-term target for us is 20% of our invested assets. But we -- in a great market, as things run up, that'll rise. We'll try to control the risk in relation to our enterprise risk that we're taken on an underwriting side and a capital side to determine how high we want that to go. 25%, maybe. Right now, we're targeting a 20% long-term allocation to equities.

Operator

If there are no further questions, I will now turn the conference back to Mr. Jonathan Michael.

Jonathan E. Michael

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Thanks very much. And thanks for joining us this morning. For the markets, I think our summary is it was a benign CAT [ph] year. Good investment year, and that means higher capital basis for the industry overall and a continued soft market. That's offset by the reality that current accident years are at or approaching 100 combined, which means that companies will have to rely on their investment returns to make their ROEs, which we believe will not be good for the industry overall going forward. As to RLI, we had a terrific quarter and full year. This does remain a challenging environment with significant competition, and it's a challenging economic environment for our insurers, certainly. Mike pointed out payrolls and revenues are down for contractors, goods aren't being moved as much, although we are seeing a bottoming of that in our books of business. Many insurance companies claim to be underwriting companies. I think our track record of 15 straight years of underwriting profit is an indication that we truly are an underwriting company. Our results are a testament to the quality of our underwriters and our employee owners, who've made the last 15 years a success. Shareholders have also been rewarded over the last 15 years. RLI stock has had an annualized total return of 14.4%. That's compares with an S&P 500 return of 6.8% over that period. I also want to point out that over the last five years, we've returned over \$0.5 billion to our shareholders in the form of dividends and share repurchases. Even with this, we have more GAAP equity than we had at the beginning of the five-year period. As always, our priority is to find opportunities that enhance shareholder value. When we cannot use the excess capital, we'll return it to the shareholders. At the end of the year, we announced our acquisition of CBIC. We expect that deal to close around the end of the quarter. We remain financially strong and flexible to navigate through this challenging insurance environment while we invest to prepare for the next hard market. We don't try to time those markets by predicting when things will turn. Sound underwriting is RLI. Thanks again for joining us this morning, and we look forward to talking to you next quarter.

Operator

Thank you. Ladies and gentlemen, if you wish to access the replay for this call, you may do so by dialing 1 (888) 203-1112 with the ID number of 1028147. This concludes our conference for today. Thank you, all, for participating, and have a nice day. All parties may now disconnect.

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