

Chapter 8

Lists for Multi-dimensional Data



Motivations

Distance Table (in miles)

	Chicago	Boston	New York	Atlanta	Miami	Dallas	Houston
Chicago	0	983	787	714	1375	967	1087
Boston	983	0	214	1102	1763	1723	1842
New York	787	214	0	888	1549	1548	1627
Atlanta	714	1102	888	0	661	781	810
Miami	1375	1763	1549	661	0	1426	1187
Dallas	967	1723	1548	781	1426	0	239
Houston	1087	1842	1627	810	1187	239	0

distances = [

[0, 983, 787, 714, 1375, 967, 1087],

[983, 0, 214, 1102, 1763, 1723, 1842],

[787, 214, 0, 888, 1549, 1548, 1627],

[714, 1102, 888, 0, 661, 781, 810],

[1375, 1763, 1549, 661, 0, 1426, 1187],

[967, 1723, 1548, 781, 1426, 0, 239],

[1087, 1842, 1627, 810, 1187, 239, 0]

Objectives

- To give examples of representing data using two-dimensional lists (§8.1).
- To access elements in a two-dimensional list using row and column indexes (§8.2).
- To program common operations for two-dimensional lists (displaying lists, summing all elements, finding min and max elements, and random shuffling) (§8.2).



Processing Two-Dimensional lists

You can view a two-dimensional list as a list that consists of rows. Each row is a list that contains the values. The rows can be accessed using the index, conveniently called a *row index*. The values in each row can be accessed through another index, conveniently called a *column index*.

```
matrix = [  
    [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],  
    [6, 7, 0, 0, 0],  
    [0, 1, 0, 0, 0],  
    [1, 0, 0, 0, 8],  
    [0, 0, 9, 0, 3],  
]
```

	[0]	[1]	[2]	[3]	[4]
[0]	1	2	3	4	5
[1]	6	7	0	0	0
[2]	0	1	0	0	0
[3]	1	0	0	0	8
[4]	0	0	9	0	3

```
matrix[0] is [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
matrix[1] is [6, 7, 0, 0, 0]  
matrix[2] is [0, 1, 0, 0, 0]  
matrix[3] is [1, 0, 0, 0, 8]  
matrix[4] is [0, 0, 9, 0, 3]  
  
matrix[0][0] is 1  
matrix[4][4] is 3
```

Processing Two-Dimensional lists

See the examples in the text.

1. (Initializing lists with input values)
2. (Initializing lists with random values)
3. (Printing lists)
4. (Summing all elements)
5. (Summing all elements by column)
6. (Which row has the largest sum)
7. (*Random shuffling*)



Initializing lists with input values

```
matrix = [] # Create an empty list
numberOfRows = eval(input("Enter the number of rows: "))
numberOfColumns = eval(input("Enter the number of columns: "))

for row in range(0, numberOfRows):
    matrix.append([]) # Add an empty new row
    for column in range(0, numberOfColumns):
        value = eval(input("Enter an element and press Enter: "))
        matrix[row].append(value)

print(matrix)
```



Initializing lists with random values

```
import random  
matrix = [] # Create an empty list  
  
numberOfRows = eval(input("Enter the number of rows: "))  
numberOfColumns = eval(input("Enter the number of columns: "))  
for row in range(0, numberOfRows):  
    matrix.append([]) # Add an empty new row  
    for column in range(0, numberOfColumns):  
        matrix[row].append(random.randrange(0, 100))  
  
print(matrix)
```



Printing lists

```
matrix = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]] # Assume a list is given
for row in range(0, len(matrix)):
    for column in range(0, len(matrix[row])):
        print(matrix[row][column], end = " ")
    print() # Print a newline
```



Summing all elements

```
matrix = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]] # Assume a list is given  
total = 0
```

```
for row in range(0, len(matrix)):  
    for column in range(0, len(matrix[row])):  
        total += matrix[row][column]
```

```
print("Total is " + str(total)) # Print the total
```



Summing elements by column

```
matrix = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]] # Assume a list is given  
total = 0
```

```
for column in range(0, len(matrix[0])):  
    for row in range(0, len(matrix)):  
        total += matrix[row][column]  
    print("Sum for column " + str(column) + " is " + str(total))
```



Summing elements by column

```
matrix = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]] # Assume a list is given  
maxRow = sum(matrix[0]) # Get sum of the first row in maxRow
```

```
indexOfMaxRow = 0  
for row in range(1, len(matrix)):  
    if sum(matrix[row]) > maxRow:  
        maxRow = sum(matrix[row])  
        indexOfMaxRow = row  
  
print("Row " + str(indexOfMaxRow))
```



Random shuffling

```
import random
matrix = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]] # Assume a list is given

for row in range(0, len(matrix)):
    for column in range(0, len(matrix[row])):
        i = random.randrange(0, len(matrix))
        j = random.randrange(0, len(matrix[row]))
        # Swap matrix[row][column] with matrix[i][j]
        matrix[row][column], matrix[i][j] = \
            matrix[i][j], matrix[row][column]

print(matrix)
```

